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January 24, 2018

Project Number: AWS170073.01

Mr. David Browne Principal

ERIAS Group 22B Beulah Road Norwood SA 5067

Dear David,

RE: Hayes Creek Project groundwater investigations completion report

Please find attached our report that details the results and analysis for the recently completed groundwater investigation programs at the Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow deposits. In total, 11 monitoring bores and two test bores were completed at the Mt Bonnie deposit, and seven holes (five installed as monitoring bores) were completed at the Iron Blow deposit.

We trust the report meets your expectations. Please do not hesitate to contact Michael Short or Kate Holder if you require further information regarding the information presented in this report.

Sincerely,

Dr. Michael Short

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# **Table of Contents**

Section	n 1 Introduction	1
1.1	Background	1
1.2	Objectives	2
Section	n 2 Drilling and bore installation	3
2.1	Overview	3
2.2	Mt Bonnie	3
2.3	Iron Blow	8
Section	n 3 Hydraulic testing	12
3.1	Overview	12
3.2	Mt Bonnie	12
3.2.1	Slug tests	12
3.2.2	Airlift recovery tests	16
3.2.3	Summary	16
3.3	Iron Blow	18
3.3.1	Airlift recovery tests	18
3.3.2	Summary	19
Section	n 4 Water quality	20
4.1	Overview	20
4.2	Mt Bonnie	20
4.3	Iron Blow	26
Section	n 5 Conclusions and recommendations	30
5.1	Conclusions	30
5.2	Recommendations	30
Section	n 6 References	32
Appen	ndix A Composite bore logs	33
Appen	ndix B Drilling observation depth profiles	53
Appen	ndix C AQTESOLV outputs	73
Appen	ndix D Laboratory reports	93



# **Figures**

Figure 1	Hayes Creek Project location plan (source: PNX, 2017)	1
Figure 2	Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow deposit locality plan	4
Figure 3	Mt Bonnie drilling and water quality sampling site location plan	5
Figure 4	Iron Blow drilling site location plan	9
Figure 5	Normalised head response to slug submersion recorded at HCM-5	13
Figure 6	Normalised head response to slug removal recorded at HCM-9	13
Figure 7	Piper diagram of Mt Bonnie groundwater and surface water samples	25
Figure 8	Piper diagram of Iron Blow groundwater samples	29
Tables		
Table 1	Summary details of bores drilled at Mt Bonnie	6
Table 2	Drilling and construction details of bores drilled at Mt Bonnie	8
Table 3	Summary details of bores drilled at Iron Blow	10
Table 4	Drilling and construction details of bores drilled at Iron Blow	11
Table 5	Summary details of slug test analyses completed for the Mt Bonnie monitoring bores	14
Table 6	Summary details of Mt Bonnie airlift recovery test analyses	17
Table 7	Summary details of Iron Blow airlift recovery test analyses	18
Table 8	Mt Bonnie surface water sampling locations	21
Table 9	Mt Bonnie field water quality parameters	21
Table 10	Mt Bonnie laboratory water quality results	22
Table 11	Iron Blow field water quality parameters	26
Tahle 12	Iron Blow laboratory water quality results	27



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## **Section 1 Introduction**

## 1.1 Background

CDM Smith Australia Pty Ltd (CDM Smith) has been engaged by PNX Metals Limited (PNX), through ERIAS Group (ERIAS), to undertake hydrogeological field investigations for the Hayes Creek Project (the Project; Figure 1). The field investigations have been undertaken in support of the Definitive Feasibility Study (DFS) for the Project and the environmental approvals process following the completion of a Scoping Study in March 2016 (PNX, 2016) and a Pre-Feasibility Study (PFS) in June 2017 (PNX, 2017).

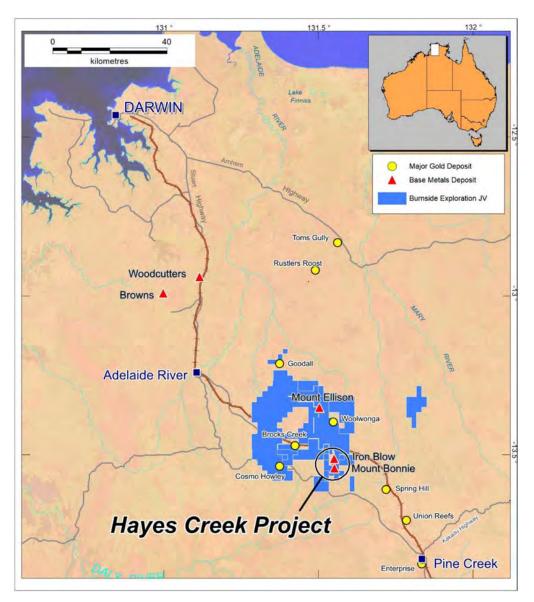


Figure 1 Hayes Creek Project location plan (source: PNX, 2017)

The Project is located approximately 170 km south of Darwin (Figure 1) within the Pine Creek region of the Northern Territory, and consists of the Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow zinc-gold-silver deposits. PNX proposes to use open pit mining methods at the Mt Bonnie deposit, which will be followed by underground mining methods at the Iron Blow deposit. The combined planned life-of-mine (LOM) is 6.5 years, commencing in 2019.



The Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow deposits were originally discovered in the late-1800s, at which point limited open pit and underground mining activities occurred. In the 1980s, gold and silver oxide and supergene ore was mined from small open pits at Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow.

The mineral resources for the Project is contained within largely sulfide ore bodies hosted within the Mt Bonnie Formation and South Alligator Group (PNX, 2017). Acid generation from tails and waste rock is likely to present water management issues for the Project, as there is evidence from earlier mining activity that this has been the case. Disposal of tailings and potentially acid generating (PAG) waste rock into decommissioned mine pits to mitigate the impact of possible acidic metalliferous drainage (AMD) leachate on local and regional water resources may be an important consideration for PNX during feasibility studies (CDM Smith, 2017a).

The Project will require a water supply for both construction and LOM operations, including ore processing, camp water supply and dust suppression. The water demand, which is still being assessed by PNX, has the potential to be partially supplied by water inflow to, and stored in, existing pits but this need to be supplemented by other water sources.

Detailed descriptions of the existing environment and hydrogeological setting are presented in CDM Smith (2017a).

## 1.2 Objectives

The objectives of this study were to:

- Design and supervise the installation of groundwater bores to be utilised in the future for water level monitoring, water quality sampling and aquifer testing.
- Collect observations on lithology and hydrogeology during drilling activities to provide a better understanding of the physical and hydraulic properties of the hydrostratigraphic units (HSUs) present in the vicinity of the Project.
- Conduct hydraulic tests on completed bores at Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow to estimate the hydraulic properties of the HSUs present in the vicinity of the Project.
- Collect water samples from surface water and groundwater sites for chemical analysis to assess the baseline
  water quality of the HSUs and surface water features (existing dams and pit lakes) in the vicinity of the Mt Bonnie
  and Iron Blow deposits.
- Document a detailed summary of the field program outcomes, including compilation and analysis of the data collected.



## **Section 2 Drilling and bore installation**

#### 2.1 Overview

Hydrogeological field investigations were undertaken during two phases, commencing on 11 October 2017 and completed on 10 December 2017. Drilling activities were undertaken by Geo Drilling Pty Ltd using the reverse circulation downhole hammer drilling method. The first phase was undertaken at the Mt Bonnie deposit and the second at the Iron Blow deposit (see Figure 2).

The field investigations consisted of drilling and bore construction, hydraulic testing, water level measurements and collection of samples for field and laboratory water quality analysis. Drilling locations were constrained to the Exploration Leases (ELs) and chosen to provide preliminary hydrogeological information for the lease areas that will be available for use in subsequent studies associated with Project approvals.

Composite bore logs for the Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow groundwater bores are presented in Appendix A and drilling observation depth profiles (penetration rate, water EC, airlift yield and water temperature) are presented in Appendix B.

#### 2.2 Mt Bonnie

A total of 16 groundwater bores have been drilled in the vicinity of the Mt Bonnie deposit (Figure 3). Drilling commenced on 12 October 2017 and was completed on 31 October 2017. Eleven of the Mt Bonnie bores were completed as monitoring bores with DN 50 mm Class 18 PVC casing (bores HCM-5 to HCM-16), two drillholes were constructed as test bores with DN 150 mm Class 9 PVC casing (HCT-1 and HCT-2), and one drillhole was abandoned ('HCT-2 (lost)') due to the driller attempting to install PVC casing with an outside diameter that was too large for the drillhole, which resulted in the casing getting lodged (and unable to be retrieved) at a shallow depth.

Observations during drilling suggest that groundwater in the Mt Bonnie area is typically hosted within fracture zones or areas of increased quartz/sulfide veining within the Mt Bonnie Formation. Maximum yields recorded during drilling range from 0.1 L/s at HCM-5 up to 13 L/s at HCM-10. These types of bore yields are typical of the aquifers hosted in the Mt Bonnie Formation (DLPE, 1994).

Distinct variations in groundwater quality (e.g. pH and electrical conductivity (EC)) and yield were observed with depth at two bores (e.g. HCM-14 and HCM-15; see Appendix B), suggesting that groundwater within fractures at different depths may be somewhat disconnected, or connected to the Mt Bonnie pit or other surface water features.

Summary details for the Mt Bonnie bores are presented in Table 1, and construction details of completed bores are presented in Table 2.



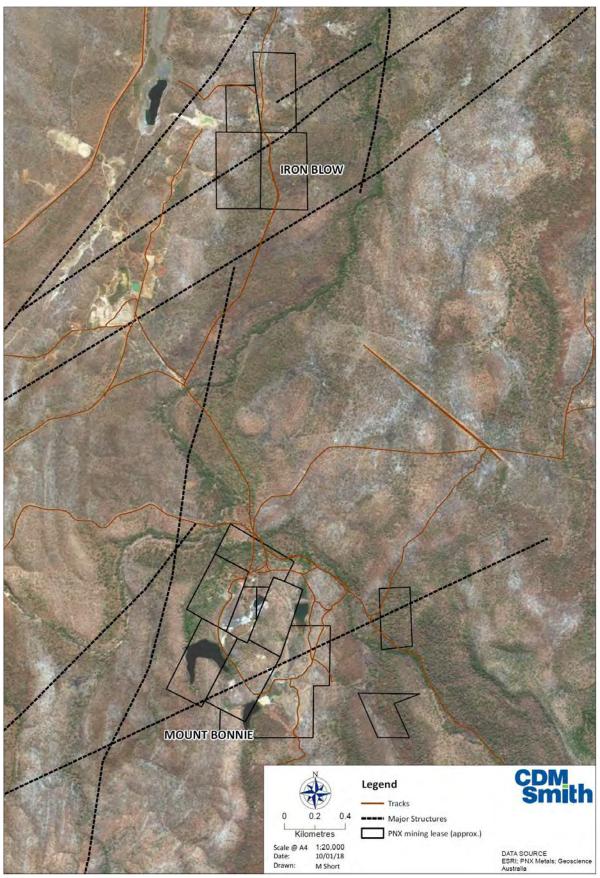


Figure 2 Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow deposit locality plan

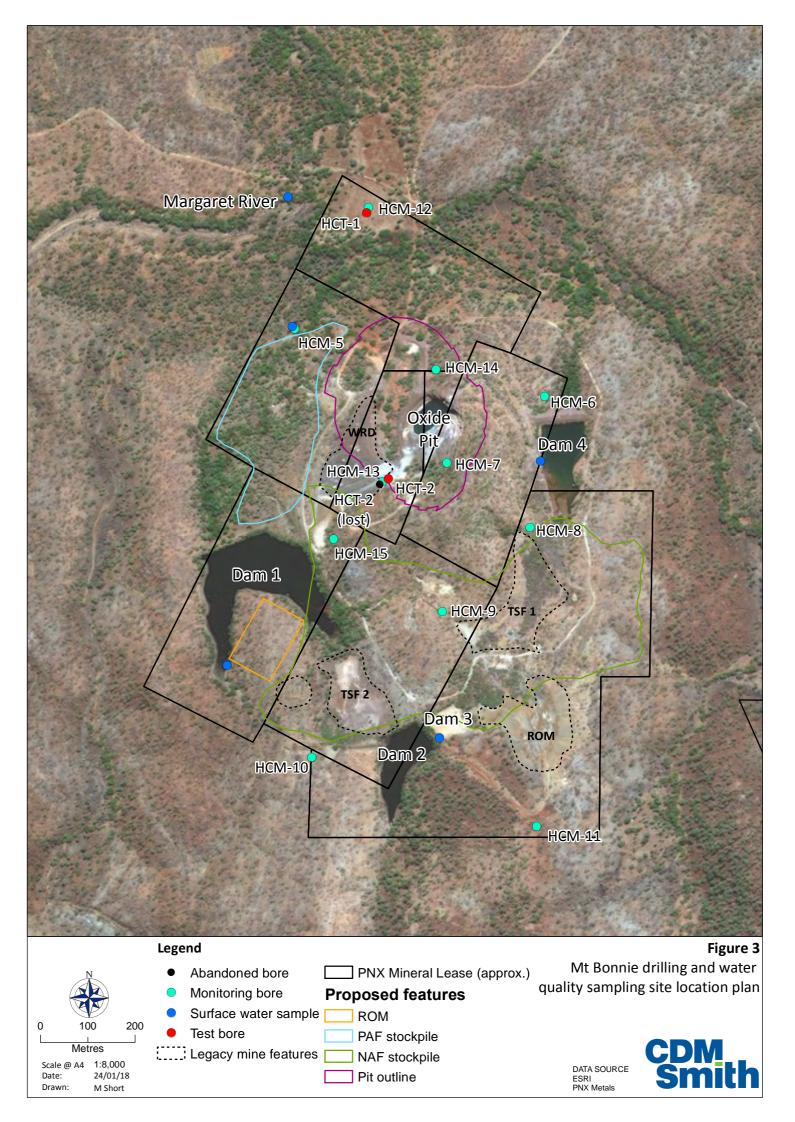


Table 1 Summary details of bores drilled at Mt Bonnie

Bore ID	Purpose	Easting <sup>[1]</sup>	Northing <sup>[1]</sup>	Date of SWL	SWL <sup>[2]</sup>	Drilled depth (m bgl)	Depth of first water strike (m bgl)	Max. airlift yield <sup>[3]</sup> (L/s)	Field EC (μS/cm)	Field pH	Notes
HCT-1	Test bore	776 006	8 501 784	1-Nov-17	4.26	25	14	1.2	440	7.85	North of the Mt Bonnie mine within close proximity to the Margaret River.
HCT-2		776 052	8 501 221	30-Oct-17	17.72	79	28	0.6	541	7.10	Located southwest of the Oxide Pit and
HCT-2 (lost)	Abandoned	776 034	8 501 209	28-Oct-17	18.52	55	39	5.6	258	6.79	adjacent to the disused waste rock dump.
HCM-5	Monitoring	775 854	8 501 538	25-Oct-17	2.26	18	12	0.1 [4]	318	7.56	Located northwest of the mine, north of the proposed potential acid forming (PAF) material stockpile, and adjacent to a tributary of Margaret River.
HCM-6		776 382	8 501 395	25-Oct-17	9.77	36	16	10.2	292	7.24	Located north of Dam 4, which is a disused tailings storage pond.
HCM-7		776 175	8 501 255	25-Oct-17	40.23	58	55	1.0	411	8.02	Located south of the Oxide Pit, within the footprint of the proposed Project's Mt Bonnie Pit.
НСМ-8		776 351	8 501 118	25-Oct-17	11.17	30	18	3.4	2,180	7.64	Located south of Dam 4, north of the disused tailings storage facility (TSF) 1 and north of the proposed non-acid forming (NAF) material stockpile.
нсм-9		776 166	8 500 940	25-Oct-17	20.97	49	41	0.5	2,142	7.43	Located in the central area of Mt Bonnie EL, between Dam 3 and Dam 4 and within the footprint of the proposed NAF material stockpile.
HCM-10		775 890	8 500 631	25-Oct-17	9.83	42	17	13.0	427	7.57	Located west of Dam 2, in the south area of Mt Bonnie EL.
HCM-11		776 365	8 500 485	25-Oct-17	18.13	42	22	7.0	796	7.49	Located southeast of the Mt Bonnie EL, on the southern boundary of the lease.



Table 1 Summary details of bores drilled at Mt Bonnie (cont.)

Bore ID	Purpose	Easting <sup>[1]</sup>	Northing <sup>[1]</sup>	Date of SWL	SWL <sup>[2]</sup>	Drilled depth (m bgl)	Depth of first water strike (m bgl)	Max. airlift yield <sup>[3]</sup> (L/s)	Field EC (μS/cm)	Field pH	Notes
HCM-12	Monitoring	776 010	8 501 795	25-Oct-17	3.55	25	7	2.0	431	7.28	Monitoring bore located adjacent to HCT-1 on the north boundary of EL within close proximity to the Margaret River.
HCM-13		776 040	8 501 215	27-Oct-17	18.60	67	21.5	0.6	279	7.57	Monitoring bore located adjacent to HCT-2, southwest of the Oxide Pit and adjacent to the disused waste rock dump.
HCM-14		776 152	8 501 452	26-Oct-17	18.76	72	50	4.0	504	6.15	Located north of the Oxide Pit and within the footprint of the proposed Mt Bonnie pit.
HCM-15		775 936	8 501 093	25-Oct-17	7.47	55	16	6.0	631	7.46	Located on the northern boundary of Dam 1, southwest of the disused waste rock dump.

Notes: 1. GDA 94 Zone 52

- 2. Standing water level (metres below top of casing)
- 3. As recorded during drilling
- 4. Observations during development and slug testing suggest introduction of air during RC drilling may be 'holding back' water during drilling.



Table 2 Drilling and construction details of bores drilled at Mt Bonnie

Bore ID	Drilled depth (m bgl)	Drilled diameter (mm)	Casing type	Casing DN (mm)	Cased depth (m bgl)	Casing stick-up (m agl)	Slotted interval (m bgl)
HCT-1	25	254	Class 9 PVC	150	25.0	1.17	13.0 - 25.0
HCT-2	79	254	Class 9 PVC	150	55.0	0.95	37.0 - 55.0
HCT-2 (lost)	55	200	-	-	-	0.05	-
HCM-5	18	133	Class 18 PVC	50	18.0	0.98	12.0 - 18.0
HCM-6	36	133	Class 18 PVC	50	36.0	0.84	18.0 - 36.0
HCM-7	58	133	Class 18 PVC	50	58.0	0.93	52.0 - 58.0
HCM-8	30	133	Class 18 PVC	50	30.0	0.91	18.0 - 30.0
HCM-9	49	133	Class 18 PVC	50	49.0	0.87	43.0 - 49.0
HCM-10	42	133	Class 18 PVC	50	42.0	0.96	18.0 - 39.0
HCM-11	42	133	Class 18 PVC	50	42.0	0.86	36.0 - 42.0
HCM-12	25	133	Class 18 PVC	50	24.3	0.80	6.3 - 24.3
HCM-13	67	133	Class 18 PVC	50	55.0	0.96	43.0 - 55.0
HCM-14	72	133	Class 18 PVC	50	60.5	0.76	39.5 - 60.5
HCM-15	55	133	Class 18 PVC	50	46.0	0.93	19.0 - 46.0

Notes: m bgl – metres below ground level

m agl – metres above ground level

DN - nominal diameter, varies according to class of casing

#### 2.3 Iron Blow

Six groundwater drilling sites were planned at Iron Blow. However due to difficult drilling conditions that resulted in two abandoned holes, a total of seven bores were drilled but only five completed as monitoring bores (HCM-16 to HCM-21) (Figure 4).

Observations during drilling suggest the weathering profile generally extends 30 to 40 m bgl, and groundwater is hosted by/in the upper weathered and fractured zone of the Mt Bonnie Formation. Unstable ground conditions were experienced in the weathering profile at most drillholes and casing installation at all but one of the sites (HCM-21) was unable to reach total depth due to collapsing ground. The first attempt at HCM-19 (designated as 'HCM-19x') was abandoned due to clastic material collapsing on the hammer and insufficient means to divert discharge water at the surface. Drilling at HCM-18 was abandoned due a large amount of clastic materials collapsing on the hammer.

First water strikes were encountered in the upper 25 m, within the weathered zone, and the main water inflows were observed in fractured intervals, typically around 50 to 60 m bgl. Drilling penetration rates and airlift yields generally declined with increasing depth into fresh bedrock.

Salinity (measured as EC during drilling) was observed to steadily increase with increasing depth at HCM-17 (fresh to fresh/brackish with increasing depth), HCM-19 (although water quality remained fresh), and HCM-20 (although water quality remained fresh).

Summary details for the Iron Blow bores are presented in Table 3, and construction details of completed bores are presented in Table 4.



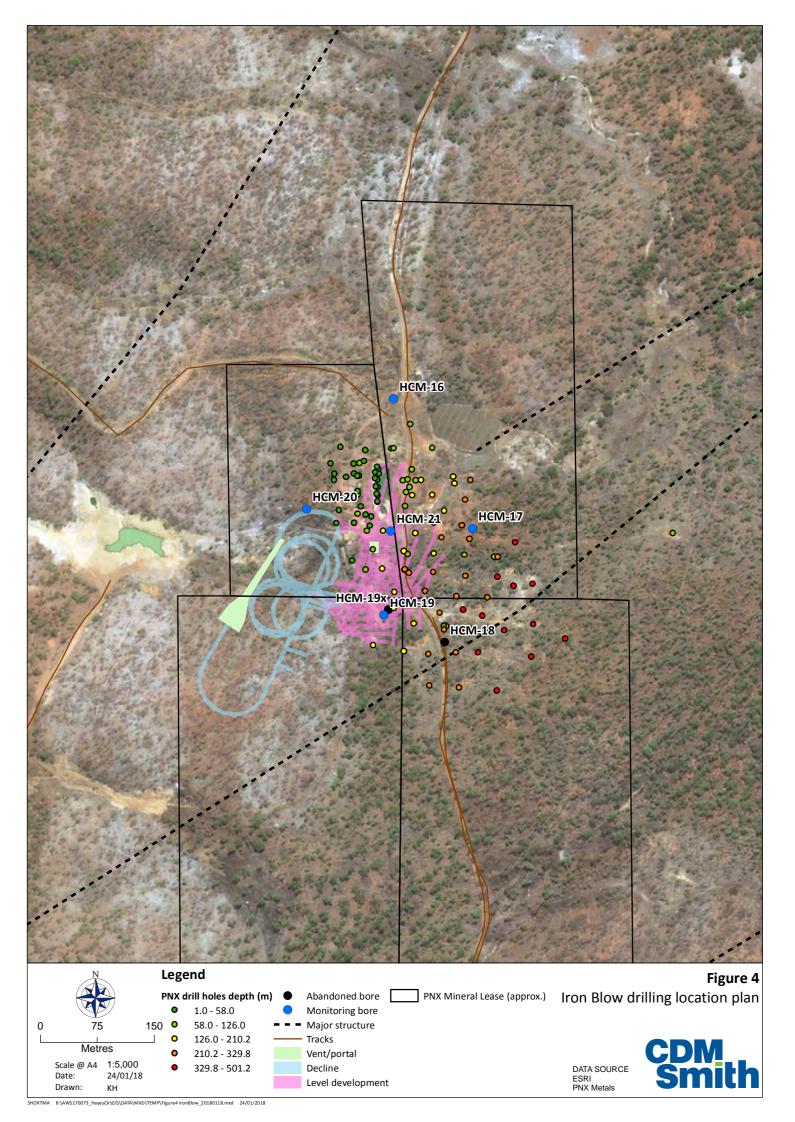


Table 3 Summary details of bores drilled at Iron Blow

Bore ID	Purpose	Easting <sup>[1]</sup>	Northing <sup>[1]</sup>	Date of SWL	SWL <sup>[2]</sup>	Drilled depth (m bgl)	Depth of first water strike (m bgl)	Max. airlift yield <sup>[3]</sup> (L/s)	Field EC (μS/cm)	Field pH	Notes			
HCM-16	Investigation / monitoring	776145	8504691	10-Dec-17	8.25	100.0	15	3.6	155	6.39	Located north of the proposed mine development. Only 16 m of slotted casing was installed due to the hole collapsing from 100 m bgl to 16 m bgl. HCM-16 may still be used for water table level monitoring in the future.			
HCM-17		776249	8504519	7-Dec-17	4.48	120.0	24	8.0	1,519	7.77	Located east of the proposed mine development. Only 36 of slotted and blank casing was installed due to the hole collapsing back to 36 m bgl. HCM-17 may still be used for water table level monitoring in the future.			
HCM-18	n/a (abandoned)	776212	8504369	-	-	24.0	18	1.3	199	6.96	Drilling targeted the mapped southwest-northeast oriented major structure, to assess if there is enhanced fracturing in this area. Due to unstable drilling conditions, the decision was made to abandon drilling at this location at a depth of 24 m bgl.			
HCM-19x	-	776138	8504412	-	-	30.0	18	2.5	248	7.82	Located to the south of the proposed mine development. The			
HCM-19	Investigation / monitoring	776132	8504405	8-Dec-17	5.40	100.0	15	4.1	633	7.56	first attempt at drilling was abandoned due to unstable drilling conditions. Only 9.5 m of slotted casing was installed due to the hole collapsing back to 9.5 m bgl from 100 m bgl. HCM-19 may still be used for water table level monitoring in the future.			
HCM-20		776030	8504545	4-Dec-17	7.36	114.0	18	3.5	210	7.65	Located west of the proposed mine development, at the edge of the proposed decline. Only 10 m of slotted casing was installed due to the hole collapsing back to 10 m bgl from 114 m bgl. HCM-20 may still be used for water table level monitoring in the future.			
HCM-21		776141	8504516	1-Dec-17	4.22	100.0	20	6.7	215	6.46	Located in the centre of the proposed mine development area.			

Notes: 1. GDA 94 Zone 52

2. Standing water level (metres below reference point)

3. As recorded during drilling



Table 4 Drilling and construction details of bores drilled at Iron Blow

Bore ID	Drilled depth (m bgl)	Drilled diameter (mm)	Casing type	Casing DN (mm)	Casing depth (m bgl)	Casing stick-up (m agl)	Slotted interval (m bgl)	Open hole interval (m bgl)	Comment
HCM-16	100.0	133	Class 18 PVC	50	16.0	0.96	0-16	-	Collapsed from 16 to 100 m bgl
HCM-17	120.0	133	Class 18 PVC	50	36.0	0.92	23-36	-	Collapsed back to 36 m bgl
HCM-18	24.0	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hole abandoned
HCM-19x	30.0	133	-	-	-	-	-	-	Hole abandoned
HCM-19	100.0	133	Class 18 PVC	50	9.5	1.06	0-9.5	-	Collapsed back to 9.5 m bgl
HCM-20	114.0	133	Class 18 PVC	50	10.0	0.98	0-10	-	Collapsed back to 10 m bgl
HCM-21	100.0	133	Class 18 PVC	50	36.0	1.03	24-36	36-100	

Notes: m bgl – metres below ground level m agl – metres above ground level

DN – nominal diameter, varies according to class of casing



## **Section 3 Hydraulic testing**

#### 3.1 Overview

Hydraulic tests (slug tests and airlift recovery tests) were conducted at selected groundwater bore locations on the Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow ELs. The purpose of the hydraulic testing is to obtain head response data for estimating the hydraulic properties of the screened lithology (described in this section). These estimates can later inform studies undertaken to assess potential mine water inflows during mining at Iron Blow, area of drawdown influence from pumping / mine dewatering, mine water supply potential, and potential effects of mine-water affecting activities on sensitive receptors (e.g. Margaret River aquatic ecosystems).

Slug tests consisted of rapidly lowering ('slug in') or raising ('slug out') a 'slug' (36 mm diameter x 2 m inert plastic cylinder) below/above the standing water level and recording the water level response using a submerged pressure transducer. Analysis of the test results provides an estimate of the hydraulic conductivity (K) of the strata directly adjacent to the bore.

Airlift recovery tests consisted of airlifting the bores / drillholes whilst recording the airlift pumping rates and then recording water level recovery using a pressure transducer. Analysis of the test data provides estimates of the transmissivity (T) of the pumped lithology. Pressure transducers were also installed within adjacent monitoring bores at Mt Bonnie during the airlifting to monitor water level response during the airlift 'pumping' and recovery stages of the tests, which allows estimates of aquifer storativity to be derived. Airlift recovery tests at Mt Bonnie were undertaken on cased bores, whereas test at Iron Blow were undertaken on open holes before bore completion.

All analyses of hydraulic test data have been undertaken using the industry standard aquifer test analysis software, AQTESOLV (Duffield, 2007).

#### 3.2 Mt Bonnie

#### 3.2.1 Slug tests

Slug testing was conducted at all 11 monitoring bores completed at Mt Bonnie.

All but one of the Mt Bonnie monitoring bores (HCM-9) produced water level responses typical of high-K aquifers (i.e. 'underdamped' or oscillating water levels). An example of the high-K response is shown in Figure 5, which presents the normalised head change (relative to the initial standing water level) measured during the falling head test (i.e. after the slug was submerged below the water level).

An example of the low-K water level response (i.e. 'overdamped') recorded at HCM-9 is presented in Figure 6, which presents the normalised head change (relative to the initial standing water level) measured in HCM-9 after the slug was raised from below the water level.

Summary details of the slug test analyses of Mt Bonnie monitoring bores are presented in Table 5 and graphical outputs are presented in Appendix C.



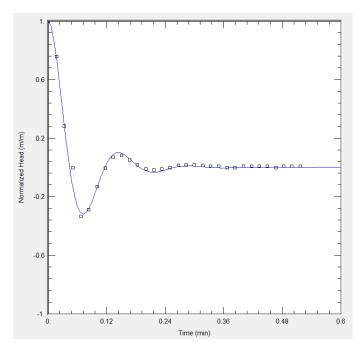


Figure 5 Normalised head response to slug submersion recorded at HCM-5

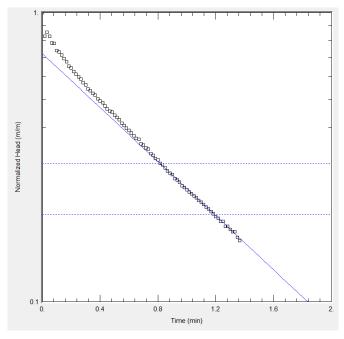


Figure 6 Normalised head response to slug removal recorded at HCM-9

 Table 5
 Summary details of slug test analyses completed for the Mt Bonnie monitoring bores

Bore ID	Lithology / aquifer	Aquifer	interval (b)	Airlift yield (L/s)	Water level	Analysis	Test phase	Estimated K	Adopted K <sup>[2]</sup>	
		(m)	Explanation		response type	method		(m/day)	(m/day)	
HCM-5	Mt Bonnie	6.0	First water strike (12 m bgl)	0.1 [1]	High-K (oscillatory)	Butler et al	Slug in 1	13.2	13.1	
	Formation (siltstone)		to end of hole (18 m bgl)			(2003)	Slug in 2	12.3		
							Slug out 1	12.6		
							Slug out 2	14.6		
нсм-6	Mt Bonnie	20.0	First water strike (16 m bgl)	10.2	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	20.9	22.3	
	Formation (graphitic shale)		to end of hole (36 m bgl)		(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug out 1	19.2		
.0	,						Slug out 2	27.5		
HCM-7	Gerowie Tuff	3.0	First water strike (55 m bgl)	1.0	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	39.0	40.0	
			to end of hole (58 m bgl)		(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	41.1		
нсм-8	Mt Bonnie	12.0	12.0 First water strike (18 m bgl) to end of hole (30 m bgl)	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	3.4	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	13.5	12.2
	Formation (mudstone)				(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	15.4		
							Slug out 1	9.7		
							Slug out 2	11.0		
нсм-9	Mt Bonnie	8.0	First water strike (41 m bgl)	0.5	Low-K	Bouwer and	Slug in 1	0.18	0.20	
	Formation (mudstone)		to end of hole (49 m bgl)			Rice (1976)	Slug out 1	0.23		
HCM-10	Mt Bonnie	25.0	First water strike (17 m bgl)	12.5	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	7.6	8.7	
	Formation (mudstone and	formation to end of hole mudstone and	to end of hole (42 m bgl)	d of hole (42 m bgl)	(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	8.4		
	sandstone)					Slug out 1	9.4			
							Slug out 2	9.5		



Table 5 Summary details of slug test analyses completed for the Mt Bonnie monitoring bores (cont.)

Bore ID	Lithology / aquifer	Aquifer th	nickness	Airlift yield (L/s)	Water level	Analysis	Test phase	Estimated K	Adopted K <sup>[2]</sup>	
		(m)	Explanation		response type	method		(m/day)	(m/day)	
HCM-11	Mt Bonnie	20.0	First water strike (22 m bgl)	7.0	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	44.3	33.5	
	Formation (sandstone)		to end of hole (42 m bgl)		(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	50.8		
							Slug out 1	22.7		
							Slug out 2	24.6		
HCM-12	Alluvium	Alluvium 17.3 First water strike (7 m bgl) 2.0 High-K (oscillatory) Butler et al (2003)		Slug in 1	5.9	6.3				
			(2003)	Slug in 2	6.6					
HCM-13	Mt Bonnie	33.5	First water strike (21.5 m bgl) to bottom of slotted casing (55 m bgl)	0.6	High-K (oscillatory)	Butler et al	Slug in 1	6.5	6.0	
	Formation (siltstone)					(2003)	Slug in 2	5.6		
HCM-14	Mt Bonnie	25.5	First water strike (35 m bgl)	>4	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	4.3	5.8	
	Formation (mudstone)		to bottom of slotted casing (60.5 m bgl)		(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	5.6		
	,		, 0,				Slug out 1	6.7		
					Slug out 2	7.0				
HCM-15	Mt Bonnie	Formation to bottom of slotted casing	>6	High-K	Butler et al	Slug in 1	8.8	7.3		
	Formation (mudstone)		_		(oscillatory)	(2003)	Slug in 2	10.0	1	
	,						Slug out 2	4.4		

Notes: 1. Airlift yield measured during drilling. Observations during bore development and slug testing suggest that the airlift yield is actually > 0.1 L/s.

2. Geometric mean of estimated K



### 3.2.2 Airlift recovery tests

Airlift recovery tests were completed at the two Mt Bonnie test bores (HCT-1 and HCT-2). Summary details of the Mt Bonnie airlift recovery test analyses are presented in Table 6 and graphical outputs are presented in Appendix C.

#### **3.2.3 Summary**

Estimates of hydraulic properties derived from hydraulic testing, and drilling observations at the Mt Bonnie bore sites indicate:

- Mt Bonnie Formation
  - The estimated K of moderately to highly fractured rock ranges from around 2 to 33 m/day.
  - The estimated K of less fractured rock / matrix is K around 0.2 m/day.
  - The estimated storativity is  $7 \times 10^{-5}$ .
- Gerowie Tuff
  - The estimated K of the fractured tuff is around 40 m/day.
- Alluvial sediments
  - The estimated K of alluvial materials on the Margaret River floodplain ranges from 2 to 6 m/day.
  - The estimated storativity is  $2 \times 10^{-5}$ .
- There is no clear spatial trend in K across the EL.
- General
  - Approximate elevations (surface elevations were recorded by a Garmin handheld GPS unit) of first water strikes within the Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 112 and 142 m AHD.
  - Approximate elevations of the main inflow zones (as observed by airlift yield during drilling) within the
     Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 95 and 130 m AHD.
  - Approximate elevations of first water strikes within the alluvial sediments ranged between 112 and
     142 m AHD. No distinct peak in inflow was observed at bore drilled in the alluvial sediments.



Table 6 Summary details of Mt Bonnie airlift recovery test analyses

Test bore ID	Monitored bores	Lithology / aquifer	Aquifer thickness (m)	Average airlift rate (L/s)	Test duration (minutes)	Analysis method	Estimated T <sup>[1]</sup> (m²/day)	Estimated K (m/day)	Adopted K (m/day)	S <sup>[2]</sup>
HCT-1	HCT-1	Alluvium (transported	11.0	1.7	171 (airlifting)	Theis (1935)	25 (recovery)	2.3 (recovery)	3	-
	HCM-12	Mt Bonnie Formation)			1,220 (recovery)		53 (airlifting) 28 (recovery)	4.8 (airlifting) 2.5 (recovery)		2 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>
HCT-2	HCT-2	Mt Bonnie Formation	18.0	1.2	200 (airlifting)	Theis (1935)	33 (recovery)	1.8 (recovery)	2	-
	HCM-13	(siltstone)			1,040 (recovery)		43 (airlifting) 37 (recovery)	2.4 (airlifting) 2.1 (recovery)		7 x 10 <sup>-5</sup>

Notes: 1. T = transmissivity

2. S = storativity (dimensionless)



### 3.3 Iron Blow

#### 3.3.1 Airlift recovery tests

Airlift recovery tests were completed at five of the Iron Blow bores, prior to construction. Recording of water level recovery using a pressure transducer could not commence until the drill rods could be safely disconnected at the rig table and the transducer lowered into the water column. This generally occurred around 5 minutes after airlifting ceased, with the exception HCM-16 where monitoring commenced 10 minutes after airlifting ceased. This limited the amount of data available for analysis as water levels at most sites had recovered to less than 1 m from static water level by the time the transducer was lowered to depth (i.e. significant recovery had occurred prior to setting of the transducer), with the exception of HCM-20 where water levels had recovered to around 5 m.

Summary details of the Iron Blow hydraulic tests are presented in Table 7 and graphical outputs from the completed analyses are presented in Appendix C.

Table 7 Summary details of Iron Blow airlift recovery test analyses

Bore ID	Lithology / aquifer	Aquife	r interval (b)	Average airlift pumping	Test duration (minutes)	Estimated T (m²/day)	Estimated K (m/day) [1]	
		(m)	Explanation	rate (L/s)				
HCM-16	Mt Bonnie Formation (mudstone)	33	First water strike (15 m bgl) to depth of peak yield (48 m bgl)	3.5	56.3 (airlifting) 82.3 (recovery)	50	1.5	
HCM-17	Mt Bonnie Formation (siltstone and sandstone)	56	First water strike (24 m bgl) to depth of last significant water cut (80 m bgl)	10.0	55.0 (airlifting) 52.0 (recovery)	168	3.0	
HCM-19	Mt Bonnie Formation (siltstone)	42	First water strike (15 m bgl) to depth of peak yield (57 m bgl)	3.4	40.5 (airlifting) 60.8 (recovery)	43	1.0	
HCM-20	Mt Bonnie Formation (siltstone)	52	First water strike (18 m bgl) to depth of last significant water cut (70 m bgl)	2.2	42.5 (airlifting) 19.4 (recovery)	11	0.2	
HCM-21	Mt Bonnie Formation (mudstone)	34	First water strike (20 m bgl) to depth of peak yield (54 m bgl)	6.5	60 (airlifting) 60 (recovery)	N/A – data loga corrupted	ger files were	

Notes: T = transmissivity

1. Calculated by dividing T by b (observed aquifer interval)



### 3.3.2 Summary

Estimates of hydraulic properties derived from hydraulic testing and drilling observations at the Iron Blow bore sites indicate:

- The highest estimated transmissivity (at HCM-17) is around 170 m<sup>2</sup>/day.
- Estimates of K for the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation range between 0.2 and 3 m/day.
- General
  - Approximate elevations of first water strikes within the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 94 and 112 m AHD.
  - Approximate elevations of the main inflows within the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 79 and 100 m AHD.



## **Section 4 Water quality**

#### 4.1 Overview

Water quality samples were collected from all airlifted bores at Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow, and a selection of surface water features from the Mt Bonnie deposit (e.g. existing dams and pit lake). At each sampling site, the following measurements and samples were collected:

- Field parameters (e.g. temperature, EC, pH, dissolved oxygen and redox potential)
- Laboratory analytes
  - Major dissolved constituents (e.g. total dissolved solids, alkalinity, major ions, silicon, etc.)
  - Dissolved (i.e. filtered) metals (a suite of 23 metals)

Chemical analyses on all water samples were undertaken at a NATA accredited laboratory for the analyses required (ALS Environmental, Sydney). Laboratory reports are presented in Appendix D.

#### 4.2 Mt Bonnie

The locations of the surface water monitoring sites are listed in Table 8. Locations for all sampling points (surface water and groundwater) are presented on Figure 3. Table 9 and 10 present the water quality results for surface water and groundwater samples collected in the Mt Bonnie EL area.

The salinity of groundwater sampled from Mt Bonnie EL bores area ranges from fresh (159 mg/L total dissolved solids (TDS)) to brackish (1,990 mg/L TDS), and pH ranges from slightly acidic (6.22) to slightly alkaline (8.29). The salinity of groundwater at HCM-8 and HCM-9 is approximately three to ten times the salinity of groundwater at other bore sites. These results may indicate seepage and evapoconcentration from a previous TSF (TSF 1) located in close proximity to these bores.

The salinity of surface water sampled in the Mt Bonnie area is fresh (104 to 222 mg/L TDS), and pH ranges from acidic (3.59 at Dam 4) to neutral (7.26 at the Margaret River site).

A Piper Diagram is presented in Figure 7, which shows the major ion water types of samples collected in the Mt Bonnie EL area, as well as Darwin rainwater. The Piper Diagram shows that most surface water and groundwater in the Mt Bonnie area report magnesium as their dominant cation, and either sulfate or carbonate species as their dominant anion. Of interest on the Piper Diagram, are the two clusters of samples with similar water types. The cluster identified by the red circle in Figure 7 includes the surface water of the dams and the eastern monitoring bores (i.e. HCM-6, 8, 9, 11 and 14). The cluster identified by the purple circle in Figure 7 includes Darwin rainwater, Margaret River, a small tributary and the remaining Mt Bonnie bores (predominantly located on the western side of the deposit). However, Darwin rainwater has a dramatically different magnesium and sulfate compositions to all of the Mt Bonnie water samples.

Dissolved metals have been compared to the 95% species protection guideline for fresh water quality (ANZECC, 2000). Exceedances of the guideline values are identified as grey cells in Table 10. Of note are exceedances in groundwater samples for arsenic, cadmium, copper, manganese, nickel and zinc. Additionally, there are a number of exceedances for aluminium, mercury and lead in some of the dam samples.

A duplicate sample was collected at HCT-1 for quality assurance purposes. The only analytes that show significant differences are minor metals (e.g. cobalt, molybdenum, strontium) or redox sensitive metals (e.g. arsenic, manganese), which may have been impacted by the sampling method (i.e. airlifting with drill rods). Airlifting, where used, is likely to cause oxygenation of the water samples and may also introduce minor metal contamination.



Table 8 Mt Bonnie surface water sampling locations

Sample ID	Туре	Date	Easting <sup>[1]</sup>	Northing <sup>[1]</sup>	Notes
Dam 1	Surface water	11-Oct-17	775711	8500826	Low turbidity
Dam 3		11-Oct-17	776160	8500672	
Dam 4		11-Oct-17	776373	8501258	
HCM-5 area		11-Oct-17	775849	8501543	Stagnant, black water with organic odour
Margaret River		11-Oct-17	775840	8501818	Pool of water with mosquito larvae

Notes: 1. GDA 94 Zone 52

Table 9 Mt Bonnie field water quality parameters

Sample ID	Temperature	рН	Electrical	Dissolved	oxygen	Redox	
	(°C)		conductivity (μS/cm)	(mg/L)	(% saturation)	potential (mV)	
HCM-5	30.5	7.56	318		ured. Parameters re	-	
нсм-6	30.0	7.24	292		issolved oxygen and are not representa		
HCM-7	32.5	8.02	411	groundwa	iter because sample	es were	
HCM-8	33.0	7.64	2,180	collected	at the end of airlift	development.	
нсм-9	31.5	7.43	2,142				
HCM-10	32.5	7.57	427				
HCM-11	32.0	7.49	796				
HCM-12	29.5	7.28	431				
HCM-13	32.5	7.57	279				
HCM-14	31.0	6.15	504				
HCM-15	33.0	7.46	631				
HCT-1	29.0	7.85	440				
HCT-1 (duplicate)	29.0	7.85	440				
HCT-2	31.5	7.10	241				
Dam 1	33.0	6.03	165	4.06	57.0	204	
Dam 3	35.0	5.20	242	2.17	31.3	208.5	
Dam 4	33.0	3.79	330	3.91	58.1	301.9	
HCM-5 area	31.5	6.22	222	0.05	0.7	-13.6	
Margaret River	29.9	6.78	219	1.33	17.6	130.4	



Table 10 Mt Bonnie laboratory water quality results

Analyte	Units	ANZECC freshwater guideline <sup>[1]</sup>	HCM-5	HCM-6	HCM-7	нсм-8	нсм-9	HCM-10	HCM-11	HCM-12	HCM-13	HCM-14	HCM-15	HCT-1	HCT-1 (duplicate)	НСТ-2	Dam 1	Dam 3	Dam 4	HCM-5 area	Margaret River
рН	-	-	7.82	7.55	8.29	8.11	8.1	8.01	8.02	8.01	7.85	6.22	7.97	8.24	8.23	7.9	7	5.96	3.59	6.82	7.26
TDS [2]		-	254	356	245	1,910	1,990	250	569	316	194	372	448	326	324	159	104	222	181	129	127
Ca		-	12	12	6	151	209	22	74	24	9	22	46	23	24	4	4	6	6	5	8
Mg		-	24	19	36	167	174	26	53	33	25	28	44	33	34	23	8	10	12	9	10
Na		-	16	13	26	172	80	31	21	19	8	17	22	18	19	8	10	4	3	2	7
К	mg/L	-	2	2	2	5	8	2	3	4	2	4	3	3	3	3	2	9	3	13	4
CI		-	3	1	18	44	50	2	12	4	5	10	10	4	4	5	2	3	<1	3	8
SO <sub>4</sub>		-	41	110	13	1,200	1,150	28	258	68	21	231	112	69	69	14	41	91	116	<10	6
F		-	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.2
Si		-	21	19.1	16.4	20.2	27.1	19.6	26.8	22.7	15.2	12.4	28.1	24.2	23.5	12.4	4.8	3.3	3	6.2	11.6
CO <sub>3</sub>		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
HCO <sub>3</sub>		-	133	30	196	241	150	212	237	191	125	10	255	182	180	118	18	4	<1	68	86
ОН	mg/L	-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Total alkalinity	as CaCO₃	-	133	30	196	241	150	212	237	191	125	10	255	182	180	118	18	4	<1	68	86
Total hardness		-	129	108	163	1,060	1,240	162	403	196	125	170	296	193	200	105	43	56	64	50	61
Total acidity		-	<1	2	<1	<1	1	<1	<1	<1	2	47	<1	<1	<1	<1	3	8	34	14	6
Silver (Ag)	/1	0.05	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	<1	<1	<1
Aluminium (Al)	μg/L	55	<10	<10	20	<10	<10	30	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	40	40	<10	10	110	2,440	40	30



Analyte	Units	ANZECC freshwater guideline <sup>[1]</sup>	HCM-5	HCM-6	HCM-7	нсм-8	нсм-9	HCM-10	HCM-11	HCM-12	HCM-13	HCM-14	HCM-15	HCT-1	HCT-1 (duplicate)	HCT-2	Dam 1	Dam 3	Dam 4	HCM-5 area	Margaret River
Antinomy (Sb)		-	<1	<1	2	<1	4	2	1	<1	49	<1	6	<1	<1	32	<1	2	<1	<1	9
Arsenic (As)		13	747	9	4	4	<1	314	69	1,210	2	2	2	8	3	4	30	135	18	6	<50
Boron (B)		370	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	74
Barium (Ba)		-	7	9	20	20	11	17	12	22	18	9	104	20	17	8	11	66	35	62	<1
Beryllium (Be)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<0.1
Cadmium (Cd)		0.2	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	13	<0.1	<0.1	7	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	26	8	<0.1	<1
Chromium (Cr)		1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	4
Cobalt (Co)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	4	4	1,030	38	15	10	2	26	1	23	38	3	<1
Copper (Cu)		1.4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	257	254	1	2,170
Iron (Fe)		-	140	60	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50	140	12,400	<50	<50	<50	190	<50	1,360	380	1,510	<0.1
Mercury (Hg)		0.6	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	1.3	<0.1	<0.1	<1
Lead (Pb)		3.4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	32	22	<1	2,030
Manganese (Mn)		1,900	267	295	198	206	92	4	604	815	565	79	5,360	1,240	320	140	16	7,400	5,990	1,330	<1
Molybdenum (Mo)		-	<1	2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	<1	<1	4	1	5	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Nickel (Ni)		11	2	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	1	5	2	<1	14	<1	<1	3	<1	9	45	<1	<1
Selenium (Se)		11	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10
Tin (Sn)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Strontium (Sr)		-	12	80	78	76	44	18	89	28	303	30	76	122	67	399	16	28	7	35	38
Thorium (Th)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1



Analyte	Units	ANZECC freshwater guideline [1]	HCM-5	HCM-6	HCM-7	HCM-8	нсм-9	HCM-10	HCM-11	HCM-12	HCM-13	HCM-14	HCM-15	HCT-1	HCT-1 (duplicate)	HCT-2	Dam 1	Dam 3	Dam 4	HCM-5 area	Margaret River
Uranium (U)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	4	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Zinc (Zn)		8	<5	<5	19	8	5	<5	12	<5	640	12,800	<5	<5	<5	122	<5	2,360	648	7	<5

Notes: Grey cells indicate an exceedance of the ANZECC guideline concentration for freshwater ecosystems (ANZECC, 2000)

- 1. 95% species protection trigger for freshwater (ANZECC, 2000)
- 2. Gravimetrically determine total dissolved solids (TDS)



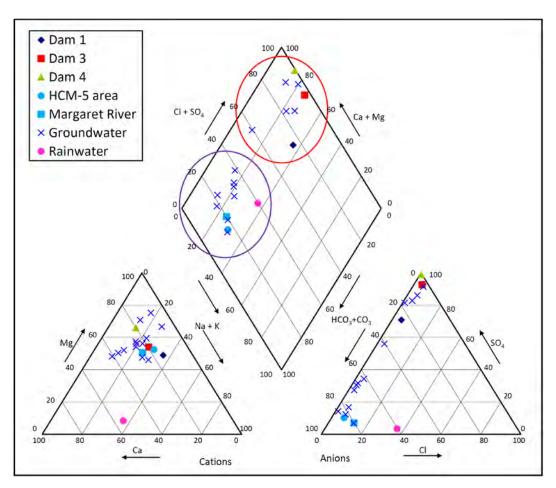


Figure 7 Piper diagram of Mt Bonnie groundwater and surface water samples

### 4.3 Iron Blow

Tables 11 and 12 present the water quality results for groundwater samples collected in the Iron Blow area. The salinity of groundwater sampled from bores on the Iron Blow EL ranges from fresh (165 mg/L TDS) to brackish (1,310 mg/L TDS), and pH ranges from neutral (7.02) to slightly alkaline (7.91). The salinity of groundwater at HCM-17 is approximately three to eight times the salinity of groundwater at other bore sites.

A Piper Diagram is presented in Figure 8, which shows the major ion water types of samples collected in the Iron Blow area, as well as the Margaret River sample and Darwin rainwater for reference. The Piper Diagram shows that groundwater from beneath the Iron Blow EL has a consistent water type, with magnesium and sulfate as their dominant ions. The Iron Blow groundwater quality data also appears to be distinct from Margaret River surface water and rainwater.

Dissolved metals have been compared to the 95% species protection guideline for freshwater water quality (ANZECC, 2000). Exceedances of the guideline values are identified as grey cells in Table 12. Of note are exceedances in groundwater samples for aluminium, arsenic, cadmium, copper, and zinc.

A blank sample (i.e. de-ionised water) designated 'rinsate blank' was collected during the Iron Blow program for the purposes of quality assurance to assess the potential for metal contamination during sampling (i.e. sampling technique and cleanliness/sealing of the filtering apparatus). All metal concentrations of the blank sample returned results below the laboratory level of reporting (LOR; see Appendix D) indicating no measurable metal contamination was likely to be introduced by the sampling technique.

Table 11 Iron Blow field water quality parameters

Sample ID	Temperature	рН	Electrical	Dissolved oxyger	Redox					
	(°C)	conductivity (μS/cm)		(mg/L)	(% saturation)	potential (mV)				
HCM-16	31.4	6.39	155		arameters relating	, 0				
HCM-17	31.3	7.77	1,519		gen and redox potential) are not e of in situ groundwater because					
HCM-19	30.4	7.56	633	samples were co	lected at the end o					
HCM-20	30.7	7.65	210	development.						
HCM-21	30.1	6.46	215							



Table 12 Iron Blow laboratory water quality results

Analyte	Units	ANZECC freshwater guideline [1]	HCM-16	HCM-17	HCM-19	HCM-20	HCM-21
рН	-	-	7.02	7.91	7.86	7.6	7.11
TDS <sup>[2]</sup>		-	269	1,310	466	186 <sup>[3]</sup>	165
Ca		-	3	134	36	4	10
Mg		-	9	118	44	17	10
Na		-	6	48	16	18	4
К	mg/L	-	3	5	3	2	2
CI		-	<1	3	2	1	<1
SO <sub>4</sub>		-	37	748	217	86	65
F		-	0.6	0.5	0.8	1.2	0.7
Si		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
CO <sub>3</sub>		-	12	141	101	37	28
HCO <sub>3</sub>		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
OH-	mg/L as	-	12	141	101	37	28
Total alkalinity	CaCO₃	-	44	730	271	46	66
Total hardness		-	5	6	4	2	10
Total acidity		-	13.4	16.4	15.4	5.24	13.6
Silver (Ag)		0.05	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Aluminium (Al)		55	20	<10	70	90	<10
Antinomy (Sb)		-	4	18	22	7	73
Arsenic (As)		13	222	96	913	5	1,680
Boron (B)		370	<50	<50	<50	<50	<50
Barium (Ba)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Beryllium (Be)		-	1	26	16	8	27
Cadmium (Cd)		0.2	18	<0.1	4	<0.1	5
Chromium (Cr)		1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Cobalt (Co)	μg/L	-	3	4	4	<1	5
Copper (Cu)		1.4	4	<1	<1	<1	<1
Iron (Fe)		-	<50	1,380	660	<50	2,160
Mercury (Hg)	1	0.6	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1
Lead (Pb)	1	3.4	<1	1	<1	<1	3
Manganese (Mn)	-	1,900	383	1,580	562	69	792
Molybdenum (Mo)	1	-	3	35	19	29	4
Nickel (Ni)	-	11	3	4	6	3	7
Selenium (Se)	-	11	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10



## Section 4 Water quality

Analyte	Units	ANZECC freshwater guideline [1]	HCM-16	HCM-17	<b>НСМ-19</b>	HCM-20	HCM-21
Tin (Sn)		-	9	351	55	8	10
Strontium (Sr)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Thorium (Th)		-	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1
Uranium (U)	]	-	<1	2	<1	<1	<1
Zinc (Zn)		8	1,910	34	109	10	3,360

Notes: Grey cells indicate an exceedance of the ANZECC guideline concentration for freshwater ecosystems (ANZECC, 2000)

- 1. 95% species protection trigger for freshwater (ANZECC, 2000)
- 2. Gravimetrically determine total dissolved solids (TDS)
- 3. TDS unable to be determined gravimetrically due to sample turbidity. Value represents the sum of all dissolved analytes.



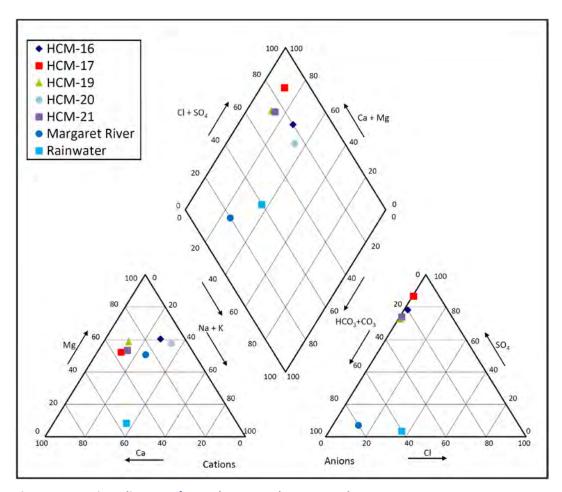


Figure 8 Piper diagram of Iron Blow groundwater samples

## **Section 5 Conclusions and recommendations**

#### 5.1 Conclusions

The following points summarise the key drilling observations and estimated hydraulic properties for the two deposits:

#### Mt Bonnie

- The estimated K of moderately to highly fractured rock ranges from around 2 to 33 m/day; the estimated K of less fractured rock / matrix is K around 0.2 m/day; and the estimated K of the fractured tuff is around 40 m/day.
- Approximate elevations for the main inflow zones (as observed by airlift yield during drilling) within the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 95 and 130 m AHD.

#### Iron Blow

- Estimates of K for the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation range between 0.2 and 3 m/day.
- Approximate elevations for the main inflow zones within the fractured Mt Bonnie Formation ranged between 79 and 100 m AHD.

The following points summarise the key water quality results at each of the deposits:

#### Mt Bonnie

- The salinity of groundwater at HCM-8 and HCM-9 is approximately three to ten times the salinity of groundwater at other bore sites. These results may indicate seepage and evapoconcentration from a previous TSF (TSF 1; Figure 3) located in close proximity to these bores.
- Exceedances of ANZECC (2000) metal concentration guidelines for freshwater were observed for groundwater sampled from HCM-5, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and HCT-2.
- Exceedances of ANZECC (2000) metal concentration guidelines for freshwater were observed for surface water sampled from Dam 1, 3, 4, and Margaret River.

#### Iron Blow

- The salinity of groundwater at HCM-17 is approximately three to eight times the salinity of groundwater at other bore sites.
- Exceedances of ANZECC (2000) metal concentration guidelines for freshwater were observed for groundwater sampled from HCM-16, 17, 19, 20 and 21.

### 5.2 Recommendations

CDM Smith's original proposal for addressing water management aspects of the Project to support environmental approvals for the Hayes Creek Project (CDM Smith, 2017b) recommended two main sub-tasks for groundwater related studies (i.e. 'Task 4'):

- (i) Mine dewatering / depressurisation assessment
- (ii) Pit lake recovery modelling

These tasks are required to ensure that management of water and PAF material during mining activities and mine closure does not pose unacceptable risks to the environment and sensitive water receptors. They will also help to inform the additional water management studies relating to surface water (baseline assessment and flood study), pit lake water quality (solute balance and geochemical modelling), and water treatment options recommended in the original proposal.



#### **Section 5** Conclusions and recommendations

This report presents results and analysis of preliminary work that will be used to develop the conceptual hydrogeological models for Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow ELs, and more broadly, as well as baseline water quality. The development of conceptual hydrogeological models for each deposit is important for understanding and describing the essential elements of the groundwater systems (e.g. recharge and discharge mechanisms, interactions between HSUs and between groundwater and surface water), and in later developing numerical or analytical models to assess the interactions between mine-water affecting activities and the groundwater, and surface water, systems.

In line with the scope of work outlined in the proposal (CDM Smith, 2017b), and on the basis of the findings of the work program described in this report, the following tasks are recommended to support environmental approvals for the Hayes Creek Project:

- Record accurate, surveyed ground and measurement-point (i.e. top of casing) elevations for all bores to better correlate groundwater inflow depths to proposed pit and mine geometries, and to develop groundwater head contours.
- Investigate the source of high salinity concentrations reported for HCM-8, HCM-9 and HCM-17 groundwaters.
- Collect additional groundwater samples using clean, low flow sampling pumps to better determine the baseline
  concentrations of redox sensitive elements and trace metals, especially at sites that recorded metal
  concentrations that exceed ANZECC freshwater guidelines.
- Drill and complete deep monitoring bores at Iron Blow using an appropriate drilling / bore completion method, using an appropriately qualified and licensed driller.
- Further investigate potential structural controls (e.g. close proximity of mapped faults) on aquifer properties and groundwater flow at Iron Blow.
- Development of conceptual hydrogeological models for Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow.
- Assess dewatering / depressurisation requirements to re-commence mining at the Mt Bonnie and Iron Blow deposits using analytical or numerical modelling. This is an important step required to inform modelling of pit lake water levels and water quality response to mine-water affecting activities.
- Undertake mine water and solute balance modelling to assist in addressing and communicating any future mine water management needs, such as pit backfilling with PAF materials, emergency storage requirements.
- Where possible, conduct quarterly monitoring of groundwater levels and field water quality at completed monitoring bores.



#### **Section 6 References**

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PNX, 2017. Hayes Creek Preliminary Feasibility Study, PNX Metals Limited, ASX Announcement 12 July 2017 <a href="https://pnxmetals.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/PFS-HayesCreekLeadingZincPrecMetalsProject-12July2017.pdf">https://pnxmetals.com.au/wp-content/uploads/2017/08/PFS-HayesCreekLeadingZincPrecMetalsProject-12July2017.pdf</a>

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Advance Casing & Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 10"

Date Started: 30/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCT-1

Total Depth (m bgl):25 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 130

Static Water Level

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 1/11/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 4.26

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 776006 **Northing**: 8501784

Date Completed: 31/10/2017

					Date Started: 30/10/2017						ed: 31/10/20		
DR	ILLI	NG IN	FO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL	WELL
€——— Air Hammer ———	12" ——				Topsoil Red/brown silt and clay with minor quartz sand and gravel  Alluvial sediments Leached, light grey mudstone gravel (angular to sub-rounded) with red/brown silt and clay.						Stick up 1.17m	<u> </u>	0-8m cement seal 0-10m 10' PVC pre-collar
1		0.47	10		Alluvial sediments Highly-weathered, large (5-30mm), angular to sub-rounded grey mudstone gravel and cobbles with tan silt and clay. Poorly-sorted, medium silicate sand occurs throughout.  Alluvial sediments Moderately-weathered grey mudstone gravel with iron-stained surfaces - transported fragments of basement (Mount Bonnie Formation). Poorly-sorted, medium silicate sand occurs throughout.							000000000000000000000000000000000000000	8-9m bentonite seal 0-13m 150mm Cl.9 PVC blank casing
	10"	0.38				14		<0.1			First water strike @ 14m		9-25m grave pack (3-6mm
		0.60	20		Alluvial sediments Grey mudstone gravel, cobbles and boulder fragments with		28.8	1.2	379	7.35			13-25m 150mm Cl.5 PVC hand slotted casing (1.5mm aperture)
	<b>V</b>	0.38			pyrite veining - transported fragments of basement. Polished and rounded surfaces evident - likely to be fragments of larger pebbles, cobbles or boulders. Very large cuttings (2-6cm).		29.3	1.2	403	7.26			EOH @ 25m
					Poorly-sorted, medium silicate sand occurs throughout.	1							

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

**Date Started:** 28/10/2017

Bore Diameter: 10"

Total Depth (m bgl):79

Total Depth (m bgl):79
Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 148

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCT-2

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: MS

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 30/10/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 30/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 17.72

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776052 **Northing:** 8501221

Date Completed: 29/10/2017

					Date Started: 28/10/2017			Date	COII	ibiere	ea: 29/10/20	17	
DR	RILL	ING IN	IFO.	<u></u>	GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL	WELL
Air Hammer	12" 🖊	0.5			Waste rock No sample Waste rock Red/brown silt with angular fragments of weathered grey						Stick up 0.95m		0-1m cement seal 0-6m 10" steel pre-collar
		0.3	10		mudstone fragments (waste rock).  Mount Bonnie Formation  Weathered grey mudstone with iron-stained fracture surfaces								0-37m 150mm Cl.9 PVC blank casing
		0.4	20									. <u>A ea ea</u> ▶	1-30m backfill
Air Hammer	10"	0.4	30		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh dark grey mudstone with pyrite on fracture surfaces. Pyrite dominant @ 45-47m	28	33.6	<0.1	197	6.98	First water strike @ 28m	2022 2000 2022 2000 2022 2000	30-32 bentonite seal
		0.5	40				33.2	0.1	216	6.31			32-55m gravel pack (3-6mm)
		0.5					31.5	0.3	243	6.26			
		1.0	50		Mount Bonnie Formation Transition to Gerowie Tuff. Soft green/grey talc with some guartz and hard sections	_	32.5	0.6	242	6.76			37-55m 150mm Cl.9 PVC hand slotted casing (1.5mm
*	*	0.9			Gerowie Tuff	-	32.7	0.6	236	7.00			aperture)
١		0.9	60		Soft waxy green/grey talc. Very soft drilling. Minor chert bands throughout		33.2	0.6	232	7.00			
Air Hammer	— 5.25" —	0.7	70	鼜			33.4	0.6	235	7.16			55-79m backfill
		1.0					33.1	0.6	239	7.24			
V	V	1.2					33.1	0.6	266	7.67			EOH @ 79m
											<u> </u>	1	

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#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 7.75"

Date Started: 26/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCT-2 (lost)

Total Depth (m bgl):55 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 148

Static Water Level

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 28/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 18.52

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776034 **Northing:** 8501209

Date Completed: 27/10/2017

D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	NFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	о DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL	WELL
Air Hammer -	10"				Waste rock Red/brown silt with angular fragments of highly-weathered grey mudstone  Waste rock						Hole lost due to stuck casing @ 24m		0-6m 9" PVC pre-collar
*	Ä	0.5	10		White clay with angular fragments of highly-weathered and leached grey mudstone  Mount Bonnie Formation Leached and weathered khaki/brown mudstone	-							
		0.2	20   11   11   11   11   11   11   11		Mount Bonnie Formation Weathered grey mudstone with iron-stained fracture surfaces	18		<0.1					12m of fallen 6" PVC left in hole at approximately 12-24m
—— Air Hammer	7.75"	0.2	30		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh grey mudstone with pyrite on fracture surfaces	29.5		<0.5 0.45	130	6.67			0-55m backfill
		0.2	40			39	33.2	0.79	191	6.72			
		0.2					32.1	5.64	272	6.78			
		0.2	50 111111111111111111111111111111111111		Gerowie Tuff Transition to Gerowie Tuff. Soft green/grey talc with some	_			260				
V	V	0.3			quartz @ 49-51m		33.1	5.64	258	6.79			EOH @ 55m

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

**Location:** Mount Bonnie **Client:** PNX Metals

Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 12/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-5

Total Depth (m bgl):18
Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 130

Static Water Level

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 2.26

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 775854 **Northing:** 8501538

Date Completed: 12/10/2017

Continue   Continue	_	<b></b>		150		OFOLOGIAN PERCENTION					-	DD0 / 00N0		INFO
Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone with greywacke incusions. Some chert @8-9m  Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale  12 34.6 0.1 469 7.01 First water gravel pack @12n  Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale  12 34.8 0.1 193 7.23  LoggED BY: SAO  DATE: 20/10/2017						GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			_ F	IELD	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
Solution   Section   Sec	METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
Mount Bonnie Formation Greywacke with fine siltstone inclusions  Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone with greywacke incusions. Some chert (@8-9m)  Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale  12 34.6 0.1 469 7.01 First water gravel pack (2-9mm)  9.5-18m gravel pack (2-9mm)  12-18m 0.18 PVC solted casing pack (2-9mm)  LoggED BY: SAO DATE: 30102017	A	A		0		Quaternary sediments Grey brown quartz and siltstone						Stick up 0.98m		
Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale  12 34.6 0.1 469 7.01 First water gravel pack (3-6mm)  12 34.2 0.1 193 7.23  LOGGED BY: SAO DATE: 30/10/2017	Air Hammer	7.75"				Mount Bonnie Formation Greywacke with fine siltstone inclusions  Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone with greywacke incusions. Some chert	-						्राक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष्यक्ष	pre-collar 1-7.8m annulus
Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale  12 34.6 0.1 469 7.01 First water gravel pack (3-6mm)  12 34.2 0.1 193 7.23  LOGGED BY: SAO DATE: 30/10/2017	X	X		-										Cl.18 PVC
LOGGED BY: SAO DATE: 30/10/2017	——————————————————————————————————————	5.25"		10		Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone, greywacke and shale	12					strike @ 12m	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	7.8-9.5m bentonite seal  9.5-18m gravel pack (3-6mm)  12-18m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
	*	*		_	15									2011 @ 10111
CHECKED BY KH DATE: 18/1/2018		•	•				•	ı	OGG	ED BY	: SAC	)	<b>DATE:</b> 30/1	0/2017
								(	CHEC	KED B	Y KH		<b>DATE:</b> 18/1	/2018

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals

Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 15/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-6

Total Depth (m bgl):36 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 134

Static Water Level

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 9.77

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776382 **Northing:** 8501395

Date Completed: 16/10/2017

Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/pink sandstone with clay and minor quartz  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/pink sandstone with clay and minor quartz  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/pink sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/pink sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation Company of the water	DRILI	LING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION					•	RDS / CONS		INFO.
Mount Bonnie Formation   Creylpurple sandstone with roll staining   Creylpurple sandstone with roll staining   Mount Bonnie Formation   Creylpurple sandstone with roll staining   Color   Color	METHOD BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	, DEPTH (m)	GRAPHICLOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL	WELL
Mount Bonnie Formation   Grey/pink sandstone with clay and minor quartz   16   24.7   0.5   285   6.67   First water strike @ 15 m   1.10	— Air Hammer — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —		- 0		Cream sandstone. Fine to medium grained  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/brown sandstone and mudstone  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/purple sandstone with iron staining  Mount Bonnie Formation	-					Stick up 0.84m		0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar 2-11.9m annulus
No.   September			10		Grey/pink sandstone with clay and minor quartz	16	24.7	0.5	285	6.67			0-18m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing 11.9-14m bentonite seal
31.1 4.4 301 6.87 31.3 4.4 300 6.89 30.6 4.4 301 6.89 31.7 4.4 299 6.87	Air Hammer ———————————————————————————————————	1.10	20		Khaki/grey sandstone and mudstone. Quartz vein @ 19-20m  Mount Bonnie Formation		31.7 31.6 30.2	<ul><li>2.9</li><li>3.9</li><li>7.0</li></ul>	294 294 301	6.85 6.82 6.89			pack (3-6mm)
		0.63	30				31.1 31.3	4.4 4.4	301 300	6.87 6.89			50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm
		0.71											EOH @ 36m

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

**Location:** Mount Bonnie **Client:** PNX Metals

Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 21/10/2017

Total Depth (m bgl):58

Well Permit Number: n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 173

Static Water Level

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 40.23

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-7

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 776175 **Northing**: 8501255

Date Completed: 21/10/2017

					<b>Date Started:</b> 21/10/2017			Date	Com	plete	ed:21/10/20	17	
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
- Air Hammer -	<b>★</b> 7.75" →				Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone/greywacke with dull red bands occasionally. Some iron-stained fractures.						Stick up 0.93m	. <u>यध्यध्यध्य</u> ध्य	0-1m cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
	<b>A</b>	0.33	10		Mount Bonnie Formation As above. More blocky with obvious oxidised and iron-stained fracture surfaces.							्रितस्यस्यस्यस्य इतस्यस्यस्यस्य	
		0.86	20		Mount Bonnie Formation Weathered mineralised zone. Hematitic and goethitic clay and siltstone. Quartz vein at 20-21m.  Mount Bonnie Formation Soft carbonate alteration with foliation of the above lithology. Some iron staining in fractures.							[왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시왕시	0-52m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
- Air Hammer	— 5.25"	0.75	30		Mount Bonnie Formation Dark grey siltstone/greywacke. Slightly coarser grained than at shallower depths.  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey-green soft siltstone. Quartz vein @ 45-46m. Some minor hard dark grey bands throughout (1-2 m in thickness)	_						기 당시반시 당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시당시	1-46.5m annulus backfill
		0.33	40									조기 등지 등지 등지 등지 등지 등지 	
		0.43	50		Gerowie Tuff Dark grey, hard, cherty siltstone/talc. Quartz vein @ 56-57m (all								46.5-48.9m bentonite seal 48.9-58m gravel pack (3-6mm) 52-58m 50mm Cl.18
		0.30			quartz in cuttings)	55	41.8		311	6.93 7.92	First water strike @ 55m		PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture) EOH @ 58m
₩.	1	0.30				1			FD BY		1	DATE: 30/1	

 LOGGED BY:
 MS
 DATE:
 30/10/2017

 CHECKED BY
 KH
 DATE:
 18/1/2018

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### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

**Location:** Mount Bonnie **Client:** PNX Metals

Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 17/10/2017

Total Depth (m bgl):30 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 154

**BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-8** 

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: SAO

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 30/10/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 11.17

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776351 **Northing:** 8501118

Date Completed: 17/10/2017

				1	Date Started: 17/10/2017			Date	Com	piete	d: 17/10/20	17	
DR	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION I	NFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
Air Hammer —	7.75"				Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki brown sandstone (fine-grained) with iron stained fractures and minor quartz veins. Transition zone between weathered and fresh rock						Stick up 0.91m		0-1m cement seal
Air Air	\ \ \	0.54										· · 시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시 · · 시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시탁시	0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar 1-8.5m annulus backfill
			10									0000 V	8.5-10m bentonite seal
		0.55			Mount Bonnie Formation	_						000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0-18m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
- Air Hammer	— 5.25" —	0.46	1111111111111		Grey and brown sandstone and mudstone. Slightly weathered. Stained fracture surfaces  Mount Bonnie Formation	18					First water strike @ 18m		
			20		Fresh grey mudstone with iron-stained fractures		31.9		2533 2573				10-30m gravel pack (3-6mm)
		0.26				24	32.2 32.9		2553 1651				18-30m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
V	\ \ \	0.26	-										EOH @ 30m

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 18/10/2017

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-9

Total Depth (m bgl):49
Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 164

Static Water Level

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 20.97

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 776166 **Northing**: 8500940

Date Completed: 18/10/2017

				1	Date Started: 18/10/2017			Date	Com	plete	ed: 18/10/20	1/	
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	FRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL DESCRIPTION
<u> </u>	<b>A</b>		0	100	No Sample						Stick up 0.87m	2 2 2	0-1m cement
Air Hammer	- 7.75" -				Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/brown weathered mudstone with iron stained fractures							_ 	0-6m 6" PVC
<b>A</b>	X		10		Mount Bonnie Formation Brown/grey weathered mudstone, iron-rich with stained fracture surfaces							 	pre-collar
			20		Mount Bonnie Formation Green/grey mudstone (reduced)  Mount Bonnie Formation	-						arararara   <mark> - </mark> arararara	1-38m annulus backfill
Air Hammer	5.25"		30		Weathered mudstone with pale-tan/brown clay  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey/light-grey mudstone with iron-stained fracture surfaces							n n	0-43m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
			40			41	37.5	<0.5	1792	6.70	First water strike @ 41m		38-39.5m bentonite seal 39.5-49m gravel pack (3-6mm) 43-49m 50mm Cl.18
¥	V	0.50					37.5 38.3		1791 1758				PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
	<u> </u>			<u> </u>			<u> </u>	000				DATE: 20/4/	EOH @ 49m

LOGGED BY: SAO DATE: 30/10/2017

CHECKED BY KH DATE: 18/1/2018

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 5.25"

Date Started: 19/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-10

Total Depth (m bgl):42 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 152

Static Water Level

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 9.83

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 775890 **Northing**: 8500631

Date Completed: 19/10/2017

					<b>Date Started:</b> 19/10/2017			Date	Com	piete	ed: 19/10/20	17	
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.	L.,	GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
← Air Hammer →	7.75"		0		Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki and pink sugary sandstone with minor mudstone. Iron-stained fracture surfaces						Stick up 0.96m		0-1m cement seal  0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar 1-11.7m
	Å	0.35	10		Mount Bonnie Formation Weathered grey and brown mudstone and sandstone with clay. Iron-stained fracture surfaces.	_						**************************************	annulus backfill  0-18m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing  11.7-13.5m bentonite seal
ner		0.52	20		Mount Bonnie Formation Grey graphitic mudstone with weak lamination and minor sandstone.	17	37.2 36.6 32.5 32.5	4.0 7.6	307 342 347 362	6.84 7.50 7.61 7.66	First water strike @ 17m		13.5-42m gravel pack (3-6mm)
Air Hammer	5.25"	0.39	30			31		8.7 9.0 8.7 8.0 9.0 10	382 380 381				18-39m 50mm Cl.18 PVC machine-slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
		0.33	40		Mount Bonnie Formation Blue/grey sugary sandstone, with pyrite veining  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey silicious mudstone	_	32.1 32.9 33.4 33.0 32.9 33.4 33.5 33.9 33.1	11 10 13 8 3	397 399 392 397 397 397	7.70 7.82 7.67 7.61 7.37 7.45 7.47 7.27 7.35			39-42m 50mm Cl.18 PVC hand-slotted casing (2mm aperture)

 LOGGED BY:
 SAO
 DATE:
 30/10/2017

 CHECKED BY
 KH
 DATE:
 18/1/2018

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

**Location:** Mount Bonnie **Client:** PNX Metals

Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 17/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-11

Total Depth (m bgl):42 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 164

Static Water Level

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 18.13

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776365 **Northing:** 8500485

Date Completed: 18/10/2017

D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
<b>A</b>	A				Quaternary sediments Dark tan, fine-grained sandstone						Stick up 0.86m		1m cement
ımer					Mount Bonnie Formation								seal
Air Hammer	"57.7		dundundundu		Grey/green mudstone with weak sericite alteration. Iron-staining on fracture surfaces							<u> </u>	0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
			10									र हराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराहराह	0-36m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
												I <del>Ra ∸</del> Ra	1-29.5m annulus backfill
		0.32			Mount Bonnie Formation Bedded grey mustone with chert and silicious bands								
		5.52	20		Deduce grey mustone with oner and emolece bands								
Air Hammer	25"					22	37.3	<0.5	586	7.88	First water strike @ 22m	전 문제	
\ir Ha	- 5.2	0.24					36.5	<0.5	653	7.93		521	
							32.1		l	7.99			
							33.2	1.5	608	8.00			
									736				
		0.39	30 =				33.0 33.2		729 710				29.5-31.5m
							00.2	0.0	7.10	0.00		9899	bentonite seal
			=		<b>Mount Bonnie Formation</b> Grey, fine-grained sandstone with minor quartz veining.		32.1		707			0000000	31.5-42m gravel pack
							33.8 34.1		714 705			333333	(3-6mm)
		0.86					32.4		669				36-42m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted
						1.0	1	1	717				casing (0.5mm
V		0.86	40 =			40	32.0 32.2 31.6	7.0	684	7.68 7.86 7.85			aperture) EOH @ 42m
								OGG	D BY:	840		DATE: 30/1	0/2017

 LOGGED BY:
 SAO
 DATE:
 30/10/2017

 CHECKED BY
 KH
 DATE:
 18/1/2018

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 13/10/2017

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-12

**Total Depth (m bgl)**:25 **Well Permit Number**:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 130

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: SAO

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 30/10/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 3.55

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 776010 **Northing**: 8501795

Date Completed: 14/10/2017

				1	Date Started: 13/10/2017		T				e <b>a:</b> 14/10/20		
DRI	LL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	,		F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONST	RUCTION	NFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL DESCRIPTION
Air Hammer ———	7.75"				Topsoil Red/brown silt and clay  Alluvial sediments Orange/brown sandstone and clay with minor quartz						Stick up 0.80m		0-2m cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar 2-4.3m bentonite seal 0-6.3m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
	<b>*</b>	0.64	10 —		Alluvial sediments Transported fragments of grey/brown mudstone and minor sandstone with iron-stained fractures. Weak sericite alteration @ 12m	7					First water strike @ 7m		4.3-24.3m gravel pack (3-6mm)
Air Hammer ———————————————————————————————————		0.60	20		Alluvial sediments Transported fragments of shale with minor graphitic alteration. Minor quartz veining Alluvial sediments Transported fragments of grey mudstone with minor sandstone. Minor pyrite veining			2.0		7.04			6.3-24.3m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
<b>y</b>	V							2.0 2.0	608 611	6.11 6.16			24.3-25m fallback EOH @ 25m

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 5.25"

Date Started: 22/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-13

Total Depth (m bgl):67 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 148

Static Water Level

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 27/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 18.60

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776040 **Northing:** 8501215

Date Completed: 22/10/2017

DF	RILL	NG IN	FO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION I	NFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	> DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL	WELL
Air Hammer	<b>★</b> 7.75" <b>★</b>	0.5	10		Waste rock Highly-weathered, leached mudstone/greywacke fragments (waste rock)  Mount Bonnie Formation Clayey zone. Mottled with some quartz and weathered mudstone cuttings  Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-weathered mudstone with minor goethitic clay.						Stick up 0.96m	• A 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64 64	0-1m cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
		0.8	20		Mount Bonnie Formation Slightly-weathered mudstone/siltstone. Iron-stained fracture surfaces.  Mount Bonnie Formation							97272727272979 	0-43m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
		0.2	30		Fresh dark grey siltstone. No iron-stained fractures	21.5	37.1	<0.10		6.58	First water strike @ 21.5m	문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건 문건	1-38.5m annulus backfill
— Air Hammer ——	—— 5.25" ———	0.2	40		Mount Bonnie Formation As above with minor pyrite on fracture surfaces. Fracture zone/quartz vein @ 47-48m. Pyrite dominant @53-54m, 57-58m.	33		0.14		6.59			38.5-40m bentonite seal
		0.2	50			47		0.15					40.5-55.5m gravel pack (3-6mm) 43-55m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm
		0.5					32.5	0.60	256	6.79			aperture) 55.5-56m bentonite plug
		0.5	60		Gerowie Tuff Soft, light grey-green talc.			0.64		6.67			56-67m backfill
<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	0.8		薯				0.60 OGGI				<b>DATE:</b> 30/10	EOH @ 67m

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 24/10/2017

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-14

Total Depth (m bgl):72 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 147

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: MS

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 30/10/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 26/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 18.76

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776152 **Northing:** 8501452

Date Completed: 25/10/2017

Date Started: 24/10/2017 Date Completed: 25/10/2017												
DRIL	LING IN	NFO.	L,	GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	IELD I	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
Air Hammer	0.5	10	1	Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-weathered mudstone with mottled clay and silt  Mount Bonnie Formation Grey-purple, highly-weathered mudstone  Mount Bonnie Formation Slightly weathered grey mudstone. Iron-stained fractures throughout. Deep weathering profile						Stick up 0.76m	  -  -  -	0-1m cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar  1-33.5m annulus backfill
	0.5	20 ====================================									॰ याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्याध्	0-39.5m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
Air Hammer	1.0	30		Mount Bonnie Formation Khaki clay with leached mudstone. Mostly fine cuttings  Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-fractured zone. Grey mudstone with iron-stained fractures.  Mount Bonnie Formation	35	29.3	<0.1 0.45	121	7.13	First water strike @ 35m	54   54   000000000000000000000000000000	33.5-35.5m bentonite seal
A	0.5	50		Fresher grey mudstone with no iron-stained fractures  Mount Bonnie Formation As above but with a greenish serecite alteration. Soft ground.  Mount Bonnie Formation Hard dark grey/black mudstone. Quartz and pyrite vein @		33.2	0.45	123	6.31			35.5-61m gravel pack (3-6mm)
	0.4	60		52-54m.		32.8	2.17	304	5.69			39.5-60.5m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
	0.2					30.2			5.80			61-61.5m bentonite plug 61.5-72m backfill
VV	0.1	70		Gerowie Tuff Hard, silicified khaki-grey mudstone. Chert in parts.		31.1	>4	653	5.80			EOH @ 72m

**CDM Smith Australia Pty Ltd** 

Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Mount Bonnie
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

Drilling Method: Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 5.25"

Date Started: 23/10/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-15

Total Depth (m bgl):55 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 144

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: MS

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 30/10/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 25/10/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 7.47

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 775936 **Northing:** 8501093

Date Completed: 23/10/2017

					Date Started: 23/10/2017	Date Completed. 23/10/2017							
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION			F	ELD F	RECO	RDS / CONS	TRUCTION	INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (hS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
- Air Hammer -	7.75"	0.5			Mount Bonnie Formation Colluvium-top soil. Brittle leached mudstone chips Mount Bonnie Formation Fractured grey mudstone/greywacke. Iron-staining on fracture surfaces						Stick up 0.93m		1m cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
	À	0.5	10 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110 110			16	32.9	<0.5	478	6.60	First water strike @ 16m	· 21541541541541541541541541541541541541541	1-13m annulus backfill 0-19m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing 13-15.7m bentonite seal
——————————————————————————————————————	5.25"	0.7	30		Mount Bonnie Formation As above but with pyrite on fracture surfaces. No obvious highly-fractured interval.	27	30.2	4.45	535	7.03			15.7-46.5m gravel pack (3-6mm) 19-46m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted
		0.4	40		Gerowie Tuff Grey mudstone/siltstone with soft soapy texture (talc)			4.45 4.45					casing (0.5mm aperture)
		0.5	50				30.4	>6	600	7.53			46.5-47m bentonite plug 47-55m backfill
V	V	0.2	ļiiiļiiii		Gerowie Tuff Dark grey/black shaly mudstone		31.5	>6	604	7.54			EOH @ 55m
	1	1									1	<u> </u>	

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Iron Blow
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 7.75", 5.25"

Date Started: 9/12/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-16

**Total Depth (m bgl):**100 **Well Permit Number:**n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 121

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: MW

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 20/12/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 10/12/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 8.25

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting**: 776145 **Northing**: 8504691

Date Completed: 10/12/2017

Date Started: 9/12/2017 Date Completed: 10/12/2017													
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	FIELD RECORDS / CONSTRUCTION INFO.							
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
nmer	.75"				Mount Bonnie Formation Extremely weathered siltstone, red/brown, quartz present						Stick up 0.96m		0-1m Cement seal
Hammer	7.7	0.8	1		Mount Bonnie Formation  Very weathered grey/brown/white siltstone, with clay inclusions							Z Z	0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
7		0.9	10		Mount Bonnie Formation Weathered grey/brown/white siltstone, some clay inclusions Mount Bonnie Formation Weathered brown/cream claystone, very brittle Mount Bonnie Formation	15							0-16m 50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)
		1.1	20		Fresh, dark grey siltstone, occasional pyrite								
		0.7	1				30.5	2.7	154	6.06			
		1.1	30				30.5	3.0	132	6.28		9898	16-100m fallback
		0.5	1				30.0	3.3	125	6.49			
		0.5	40				29.6	2.9	138	6.56		3000	
mer		0.4	50		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh, very dark grey mudstone, occasional bands of carbonaceous mudstone, pyrite common		30.1	3.6	140	6.48			
Air Hammer	5.25"	0.3	1				29.9	3.6	137	6.45		300	
A		0.3	60		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh, very dark grey siltstone, pyrite and quartz abundant		30.3	2.9	143	6.32		91818	
		0.3					31.0	3.4	145	6.22			
		0.3	70				31.6	3.7	146	6.40			
		0.2	80		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh, very dark grey mudstone, small quartz veins common throughout, pyrite present		31.0	3.3	149	6.35			
		0.2			Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh, dark grey siltstone, frequent quartz veins, pyrite present.		31.3	3.0	150	6.45		3888	
		0.2	90 _				32.1	3.2	189	6.40			
		0.2					32.0	2.0		6.20 6.40			EOH @ 100m
_	_	0.2	100		_	_	51.5	2.0	.,,	5.40			

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Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Iron Blow
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 7.75", 5.25"

Date Started: 5/12/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-17

Total Depth (m bgl):120 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 118

Static Water Level

**Date:** 7/12/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 4.22

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776249 **Northing:** 8504519

Date Completed: 7/12/2017

		FIELD RECORDS / CONSTRUCTION INFO.						
	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
el (1-4 mm) /						Stick up 0.92m		0-1m Cement seal
	1						<u>*</u>	0-6m 6" PVC pre-collar
ange clay/silt								0-24m 50mm Cl.18 PVC
avel with	1						**************************************	blank casing
th no								24-36m
urrio	24							50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted
		32.0	3.5	450	6.30			casing (0.5mm aperture)
		32.0	3.3	430	0.30			aperture)
andstone naceous		29.9	4.0	453	6.45			
naccous		31.3	5.0	457	6.49			
	1	29.5	5.0	445	6.57			36-120m fallback
blocky ne. Some rare		29.8	5.5	454	6.75			
		30.4	6.5	575	6.95			
on		30.2	6.5	739	7.30			
		30.5	7.0	1000	7 32			
		30.3	7.0	1000	7.52			
		30.6	7.5	1109	7.18			
		30.7	7.5	1071	7.15			
`		30.9	7.5	1090	7.34			
2)		30.8	7.5	1120	7.40			
		31.2	8.0	1239	7 51			
		"	0.0		,			
		31.2	8.0	1301	7.33			
		31.2	8.0	1418	7.48			
		31.1	8.0	1585	7 81			EOH @ 120n
				31.2 8.0 31.1 8.0			31.2 8.0 1418 7.48 31.1 8.0 1585 7.81	

 LOGGED BY:
 MS + MW
 DATE:
 20/12/2017

 CHECKED BY:
 KH
 DATE:
 18/1/2018

**CDM Smith Australia Pty Ltd** 

Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Iron Blow
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer

Bore Diameter: 7.75", 5.25"

**Date Started:** 7/12/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-19

Total Depth (m bgl):100 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 122

Static Water Level

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 8/12/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 5.4

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776138 **Northing:** 8504412

Date Completed: 8/12/2017

DRIL	LING	INF	О.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION		FIELD RECORDS / CONSTRUCTION INFO.						
RIT I OG (inches)	IRAT	(m/minute	› DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
7 75"	0.8	36			Top soil Red/orange silt and clay with poorly-sorted mixed (silica, mudstone) gravel.						Stick up 1.02m		0-1m Cemer seal 0-6m 6" PV
	0.7		10		Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-weathered tan, leached mudstone/siltstone/sandstone with tan clay (60%)	15							pre-collar 0-9.5m 50m Cl.18 PV slotted casir
	0.8		20		Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-weathered grey siltstone and sandstone in brown clay with iron-stained fracture surfaces		31.7	1.2	193	7.71			(0.5mm aperture)
	0.6	67			Manual Banata Farmation		31.4	1.1	238	7.78	First attempt at drilling at HCM-19 was abandoned		9.5-100m fallback
	0.8	36	30		Mount Bonnie Formation As above but no iron-staining and with 60-70% grey clay  Mount Bonnie Formation		30.3	1.5	228	7.82	due to insufficient means of diverting large		
	0.6	67			Moderately-weathered grey siltstone and sandstone with 40% grey clay.		31.3	2.5	223	7.81	volumes of discharge water away from the drill		
	0.6	67	40		Mount Bonnie Formation Slightly-weathered dark grey siltstone/sandstone. Occasionally layered with khaki siltstone		30.4	3.2	214	7.81	rig		
	0.3	30	50		Mount Bonnie Formation Grey to tan/green greywacke. Hard drilling. Interbedded with minor grey siltstone.		30.2	3.2	204	7.96			
_ 5.25"	0.4	43			Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh hard dark-grey siltstone. Occasional quartz veins (major @ 51-52m)		30.6	3.2	248	7.87			
	0.3	35	60		Mount Bonnie Formation Hard, dark grey siltstone. Minor pyrite veining. Quartz vein @ 57-58m		31.3	3.5	354	7.91			
	0.4	40	70		Mount Bonnie Formation As above. Quartz and pyrite veining increased. Major quartz		31.0	3.5	409	7.98			
	0.4	40			vein @ 66-67m		30.7	3.5	469	7.93			
	0.3	32	80				30.9	3.5	446	7.95			
	0.3	33					31.3	4.1	455	7.98			
	0.2	26	90										
			1				30.6		533	7.23			
-	<b>y</b>	+	100	1	Mount Bonnie Formation Quartz rich band, interbedded with light grey siltstone. Pyrite abundant		30.5	3.0	622	7.57			EOH @ 100

**CDM Smith Australia Pty Ltd** 

Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

#### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Iron Blow
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 7.75", 5.25"

Date Started: 3/12/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-20

Total Depth (m bgl):114
Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 130

Static Water Level

**Date:** 4/12/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 7.36

Projection: GDA94 Z52

**Easting:** 776030 **Northing:** 8504545

Date Completed: 5/12/2017

Date Started: 3/12/2017								Date Completed: 5/12/2017								
DRI	ILL	NG IN	FO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION	FIELD RECORDS / CONSTRUCTION INFO.										
MET	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	o DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL DESCRIPTION			
<u>a</u>	7.75" -	0.75	- V		Mount Bonnie Formation Highly-weathered siltstone/mudstone in a red/orange matrix (60%). Very broken ground.						Stick up 0.98m		0-1m Cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC			
Ž.		1.50	10 -		Clay As above but clay/silt increasing to 90-95% (white clay) Clay								pre-collar 0-10m 50mm CL.18 PVC			
		1.50	20		White/grey clay (negligible rock fragments)  Clay  White/grey clay with moderately weathered siltstone and	18		<0.1					slotted casing (0.5mm aperture)			
		1.50			fine-grained sandstone. Sulfides present  Clay  As above. Clay content increases to 90%		35.1	1.5	171	7.15			10-114m fallback			
		0.50	30		Clay As above. Clay decreases to 50%		32.3	2.5	273	6.93						
		0.40	40		Mount Bonnie Formation Moderately weathered grey siltstone with minor pyrite veining Mount Bonnie Formation		30.3	2.0	220	7.07						
		0.43	40		Slightly-weathered grey sandstone interbedded with dark grey siltstone. Pyrite veining throuhgout. Quartz vein @ 26-27 m. Clayey zone @ 30-31 m.		31.7		291	7.40						
		0.35	50		Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh black, foliated siltstone. Pyrite on fractures (only occasional)		31.5		343	7.81						
Air Hammer –	25"	0.24	60		Mount Bonnie Formation As above. No pyrite and interbedded with minor khaki chert layers		31.7		533	7.63						
— Air H	5.5	0.29			Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh dark grey/black siltstone. Very minor pyrite veining throughout. Major pyrite vein @ 40-41 m. Major quartz vein @		31.3	3.5	416	7.85						
		0.30	70		48-49 m   Mount Bonnie Formation   As above but very silicified and cherty texture		31.7	3.0	550	7.94						
		0.18	80		Mount Bonnie Formation Layer of lighter coloured (tan/grey) chert/siltstone Mount Bonnie Formation		31.8	3.0	440	8.21						
		0.17			Fresh dark grey to black siltstone. Foliation present. Minor pyrite (no veining but crystals in rock matrix) throughout. Quartz vein @ 80-81 m.		31.3	3.0	406	8.56						
		0.13	90		Mount Bonnie Formation As above. Pyrite veining also present	_	32.0	3.0		8.07						
		0.11	100-		Mount Bonnie Formation Increase in pyrite veining and some quartz veining. Major quartz veins @ 100-101 m and 109-110 m.		32.5			8.32						
		0.14					32.3			7.87						
¥	V.	0.07	110				32.9			7.45			EOH @ 112m			
	_															

 LOGGED BY: MS
 DATE: 20/12/2017

 CHECKED BY KH
 DATE: 18/1/2018

**CDM Smith Australia Pty Ltd** 

Level 2, 238 Angas St Adelaide, SA, 5000

### **COMPOSITE WELL LOG**

Project Number: AWS170073

Project Name: Hayes Creek Project Water Studies

Location: Iron Blow
Client: PNX Metals
Drilled By: Geo Drilling

**Drilling Method:** Air Hammer **Bore Diameter:** 7.75", 5.25"

Date Started: 1/12/2017

BOREHOLE / WELL NUMBER: HCM-21

Total Depth (m bgl):100 Well Permit Number:n/a

Surface Elevation (m AHD): 120

Static Water Level

LOGGED BY: MS

CHECKED BY KH

**DATE:** 19/12/2017

**DATE:** 18/1/2018

**Date:** 2/12/2017 **Depth (mbRP):** 3.77

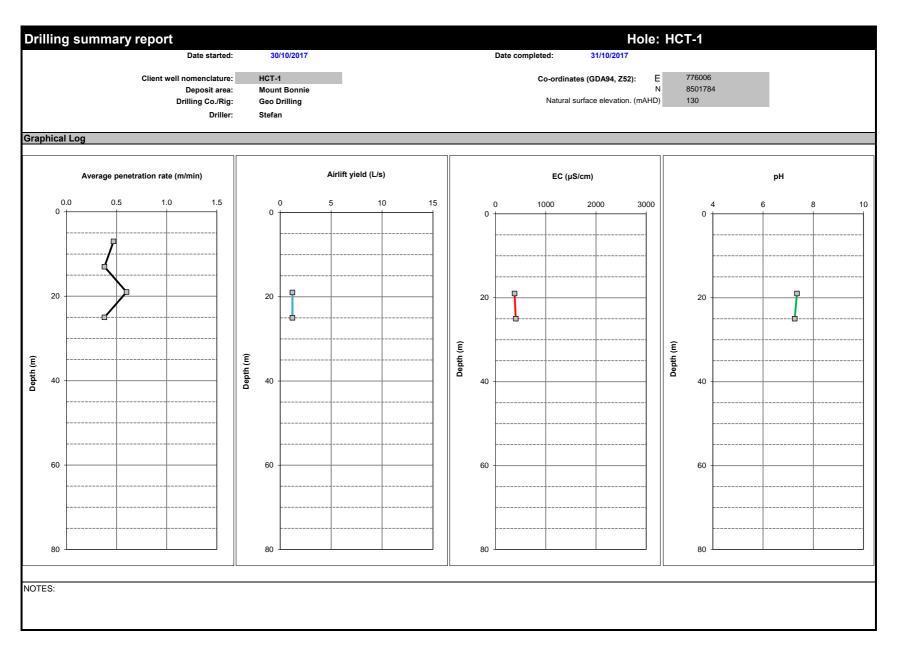
Projection: GDA94 Z52

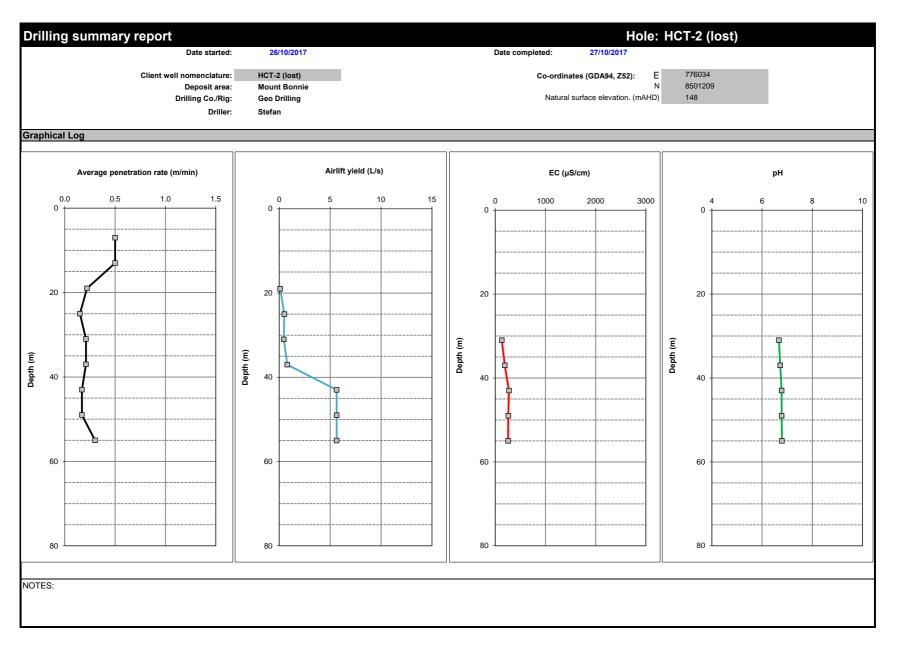
**Easting:** 776141 **Northing:** 8504516

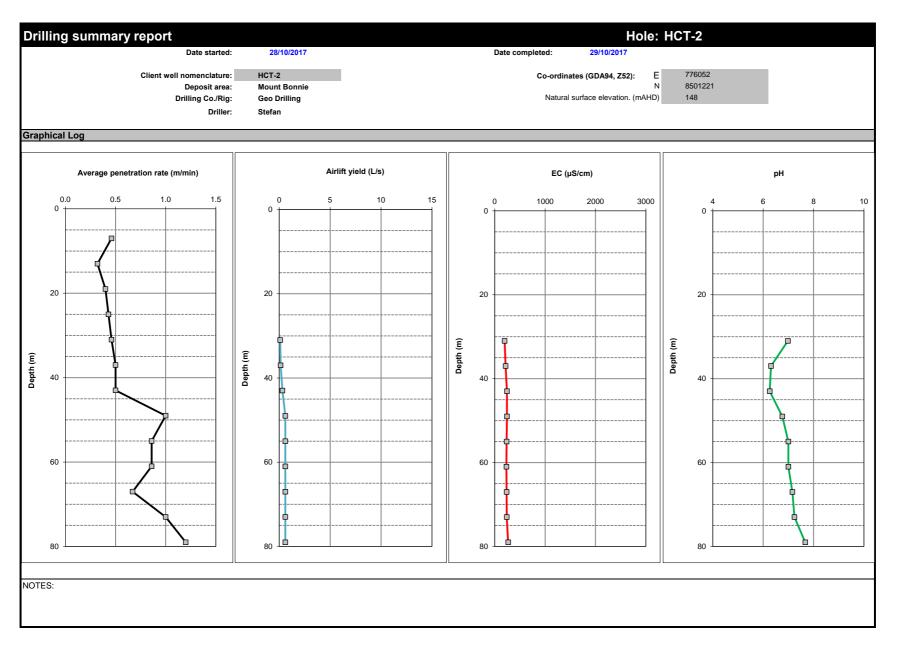
Date Completed: 3/12/2017

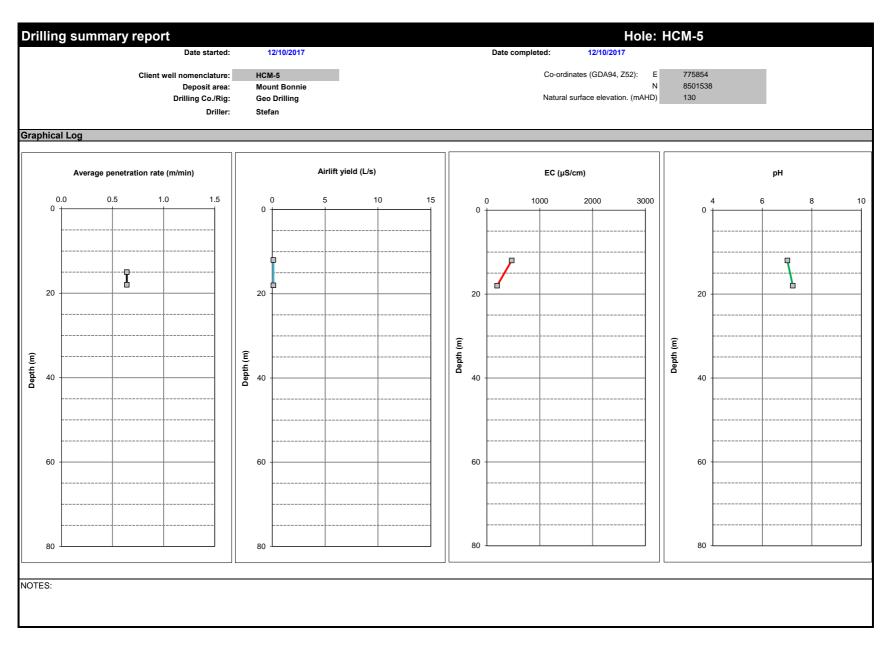
D	RILL	ING IN	IFO.		GEOLOGICAL DESCRIPTION		FIELD RECORDS / CONSTRUCTION INFO.						INFO.
METHOD	BIT LOG (inches)	PENETRATION RATE (m/minute)	DEPTH (m)	GRAPHIC LOG	LITHOLOGY	WATER CUT (m bgl)	TEMP (degrees C)	AIRLIFT YIELD (L/s)	EC (µS/cm)	Hd	COMMENTS	WELL CONSTRUCTION	WELL
Hammer	7.75"				Mount Bonnie Formation Broken, highly-weathered and leached grey mudstone. In a matrix of red/orange silt and clay	-					Stick up 1.03m	<u></u>	0-1m Cement seal 0-6m 6" PVC
*	A	0.86	10		Mount Bonnie Formation Broken and highly-weathered grey mudstone. Iron-stained fractures (orange and red) Mount Bonnie Formation								pre-collar 0-24m 50mm Cl.18 PVC blank casing
		0.86	20		As above but includes a high proportion of clay (40-50%)  Mount Bonnie Formation  Moderately weathered dark grey mudstone. Orange iron-staining on fractures	20		<0.5					24-36m
		1.00			Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh, dark grey mudstone. No iron-staining. Pyrite veining Mount Bonnie Formation		38.1	0.6	146	6.74			50mm Cl.18 PVC slotted casing (0.5mm
		0.55	30		Fresh dark grey mudstone interbedded with khaki/grey fine-grained sandstone (50%)  Mount Bonnie Formation		28.9	0.8		6.63			aperture)
		0.50	40		As above but sandstone content decreased (10-20%)  Mount Bonnie Formation Fresh dark grey/black mudstone. Pyrite veining throughout		30.1	3.0		<ul><li>6.74</li><li>6.44</li></ul>		V 74	
		0.40	3 Mandandandandandanda		Troon dain groy, black inductions. Tyrike voiling an oughest		30.4	5.5	143	6.23			36-100m 5.25"open
Air Hammer	- 5.25" -	0.24	50				29.9	6.7	138	5.97			hole
		0.20	60				29.9	6.3	143	5.99			
		0.16	70				30.1		150				
		0.13					30.5	6.3 5.5		<ul><li>6.34</li><li>6.36</li></ul>		rr	
		0.15	80				30.4			6.49			
		0.08	90		Mount Bonnie Formation		30.3	6.0	188	6.47			
		0.07	25 34 Minhinhinhinhinhinhinhinhinhinhinhin		As above with minor quartz veining with pyrite  Mount Bonnie Formation As above with quartz veining increasing		30.5 30.3	6.0 6.2		6.47 6.40			EOH @ 100m
Ľ	_	0.01	- (00 ≡									v )1	

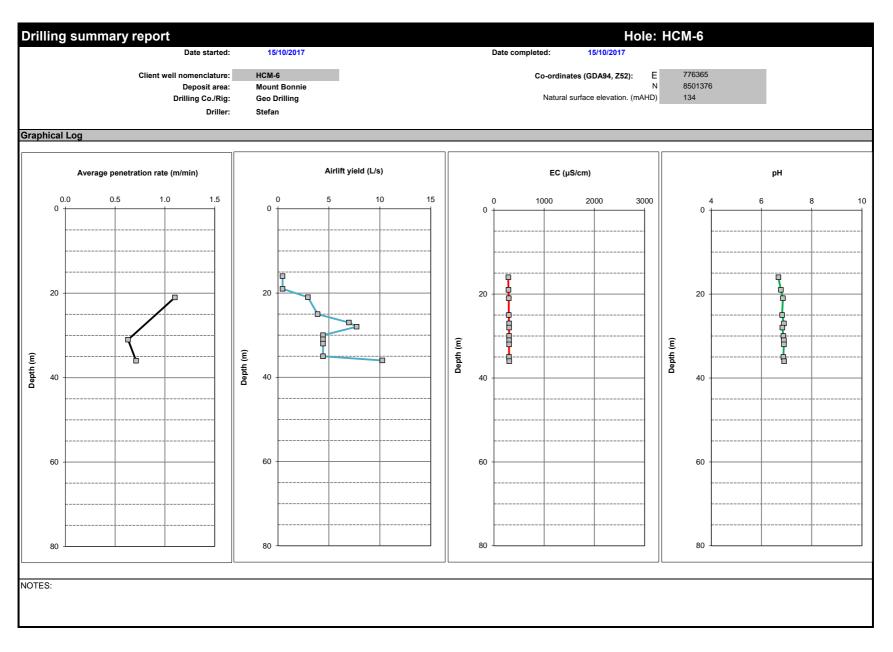
### **Appendix B Drilling observation depth profiles**

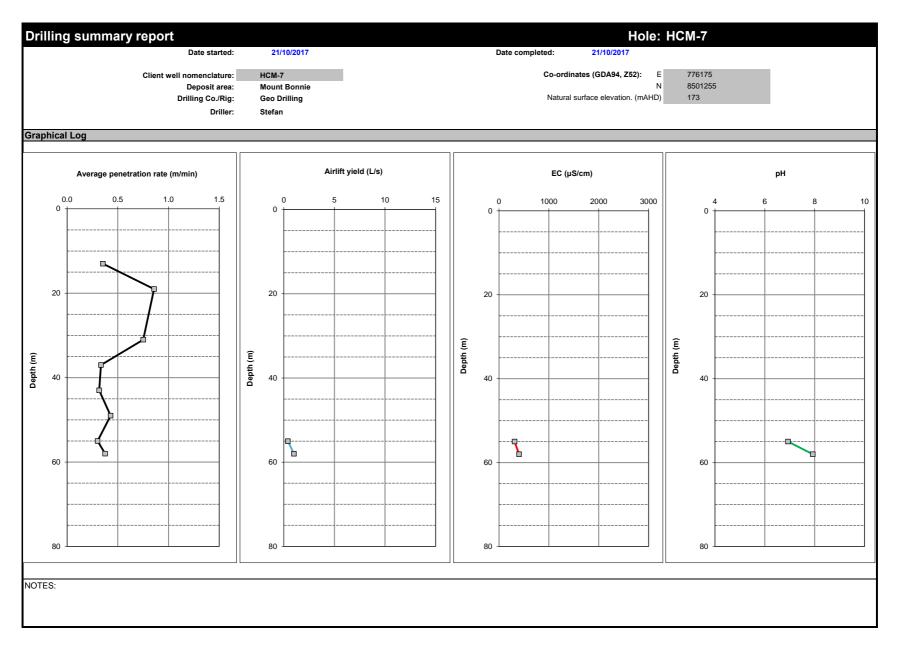


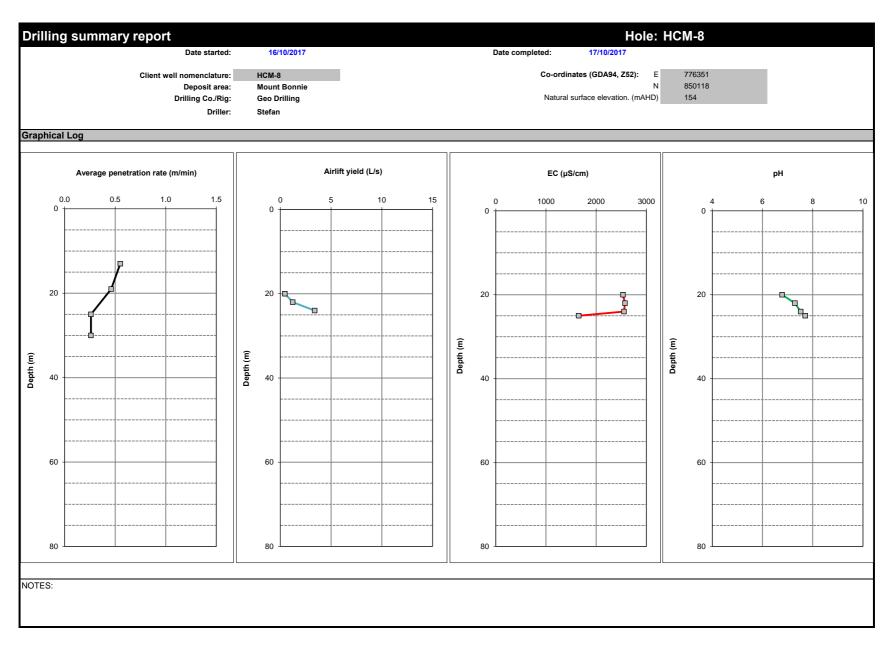


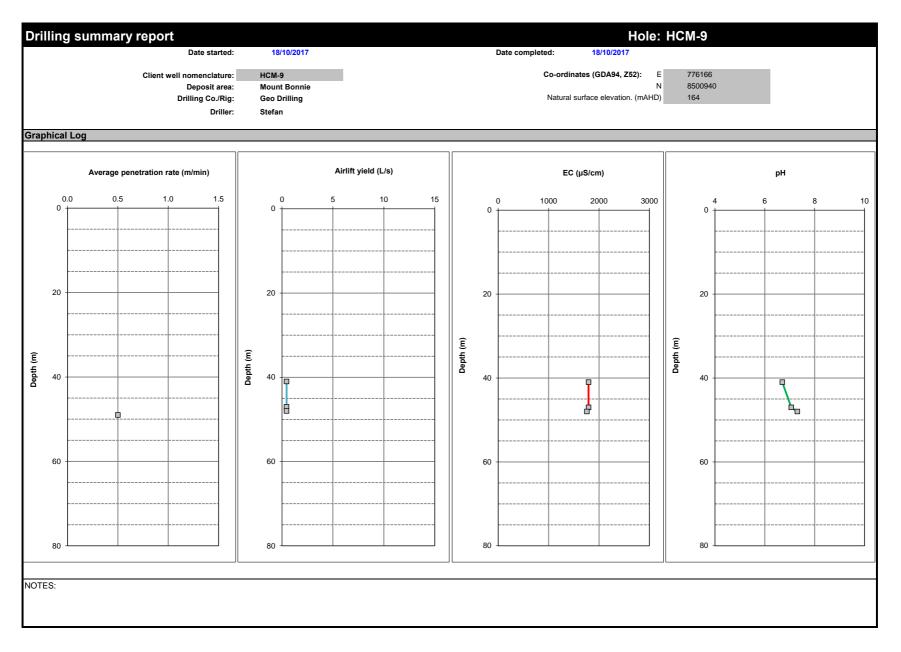


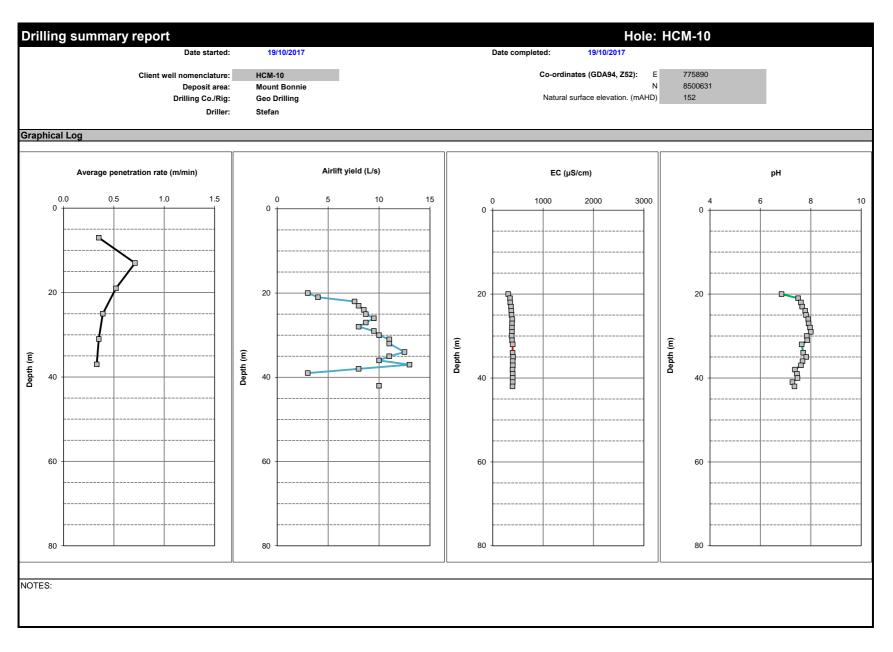


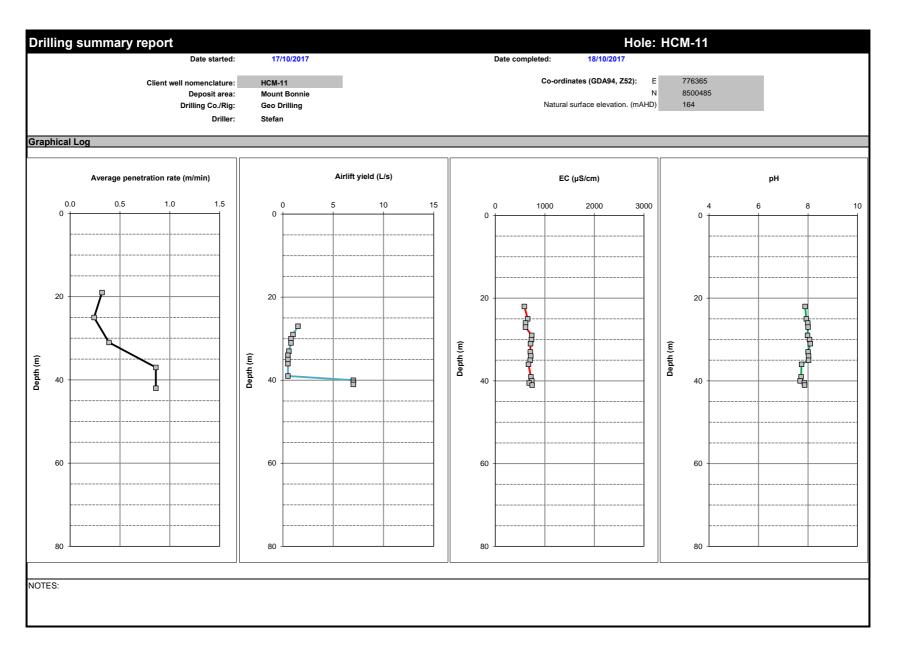


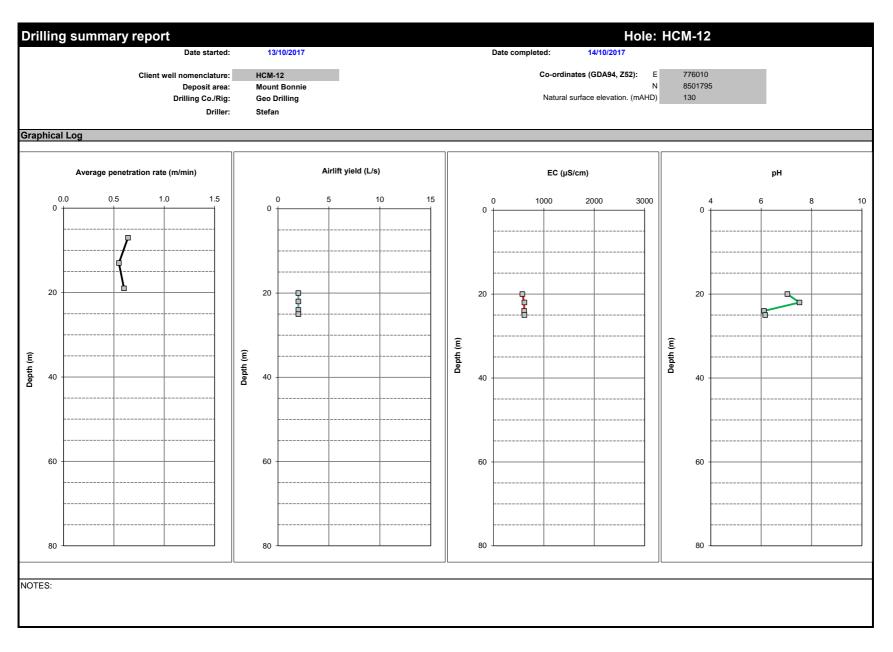


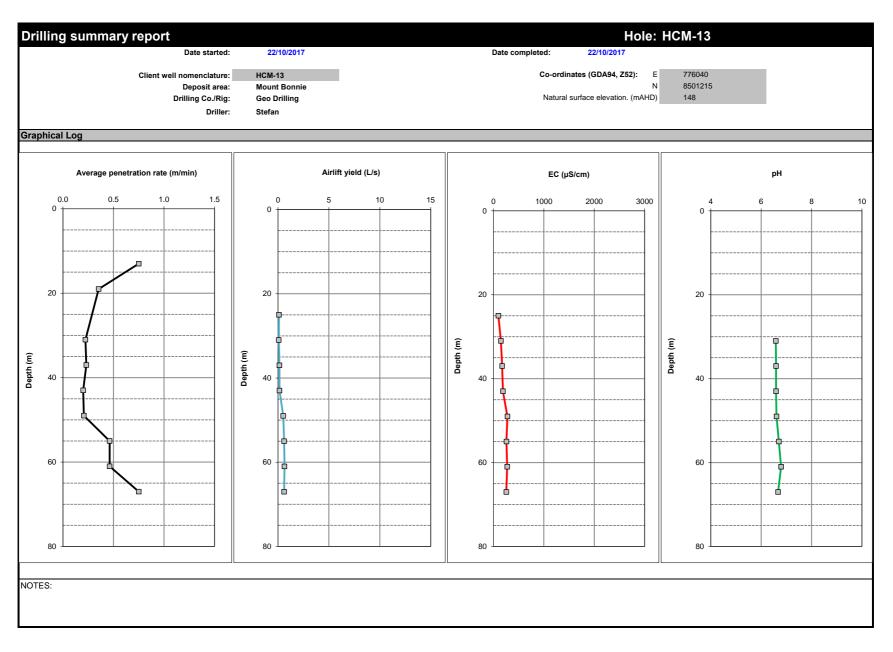


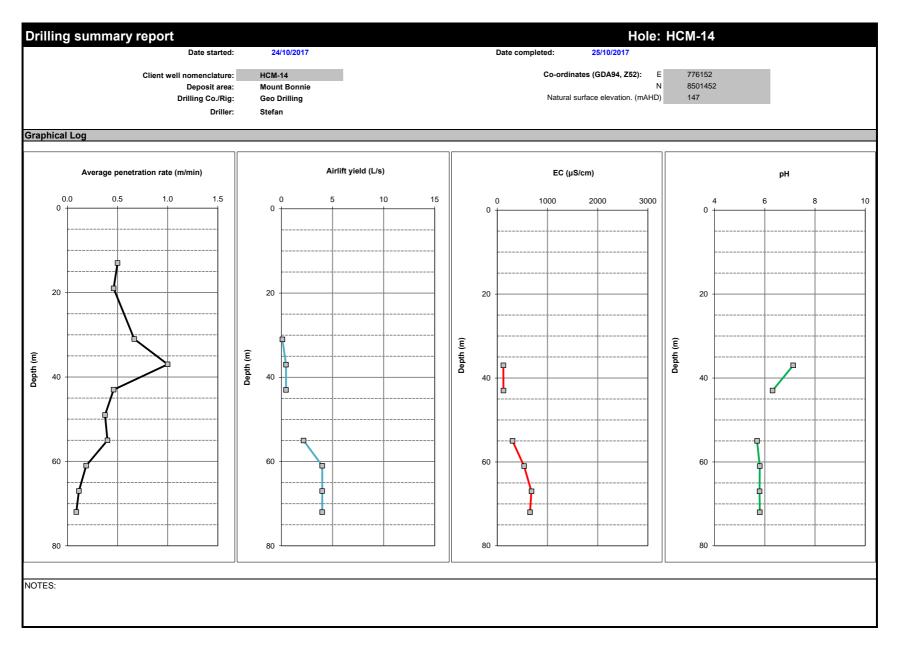


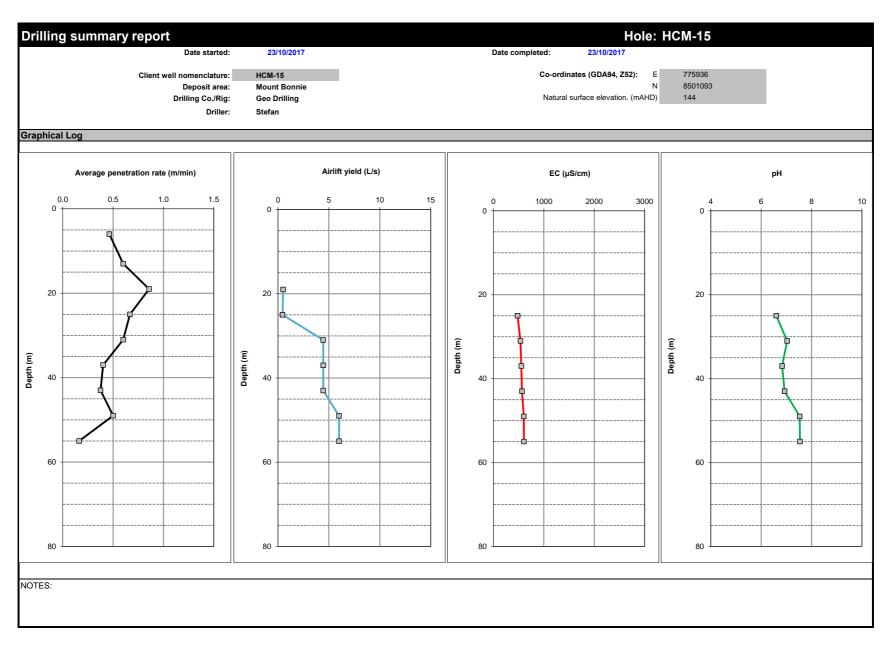


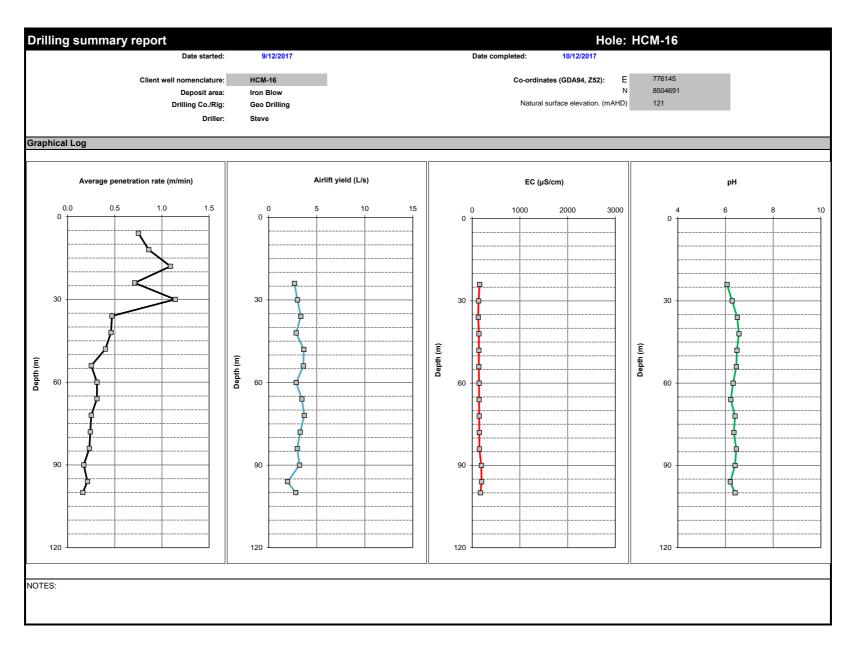


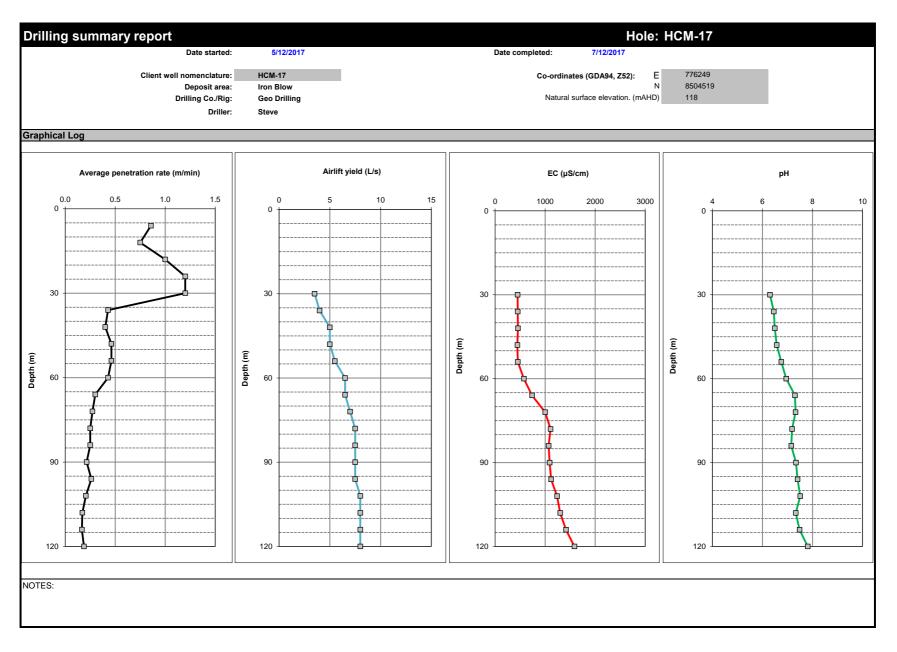


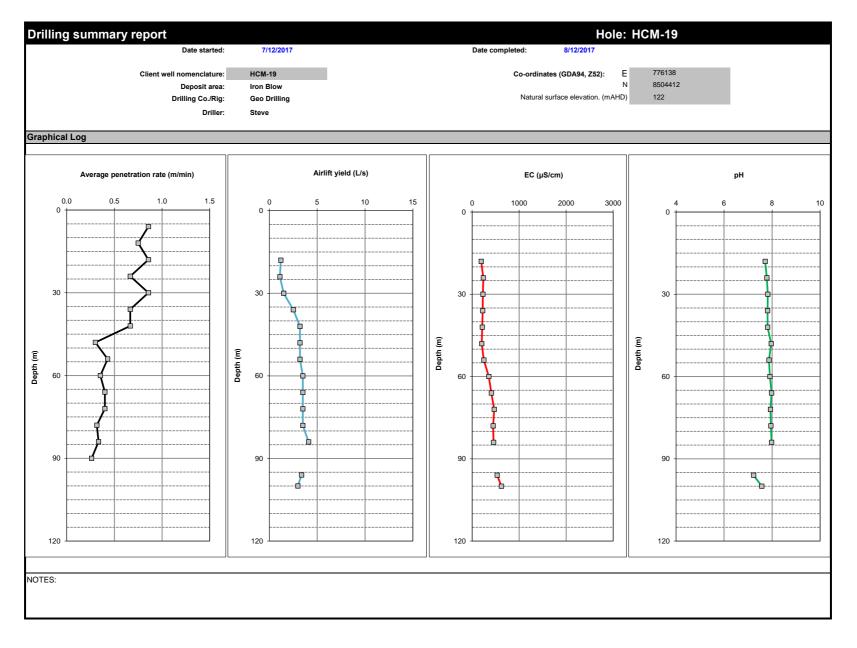


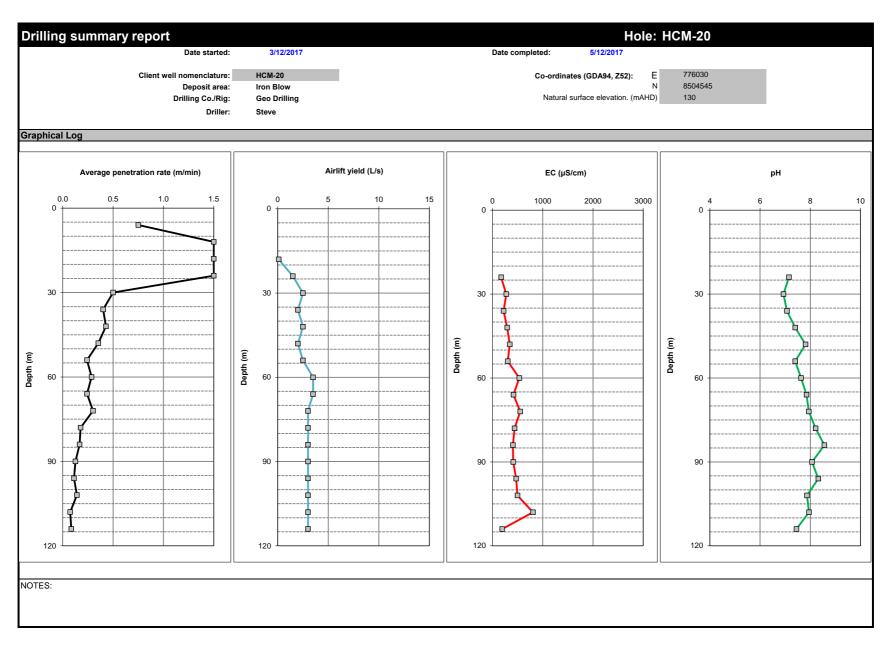


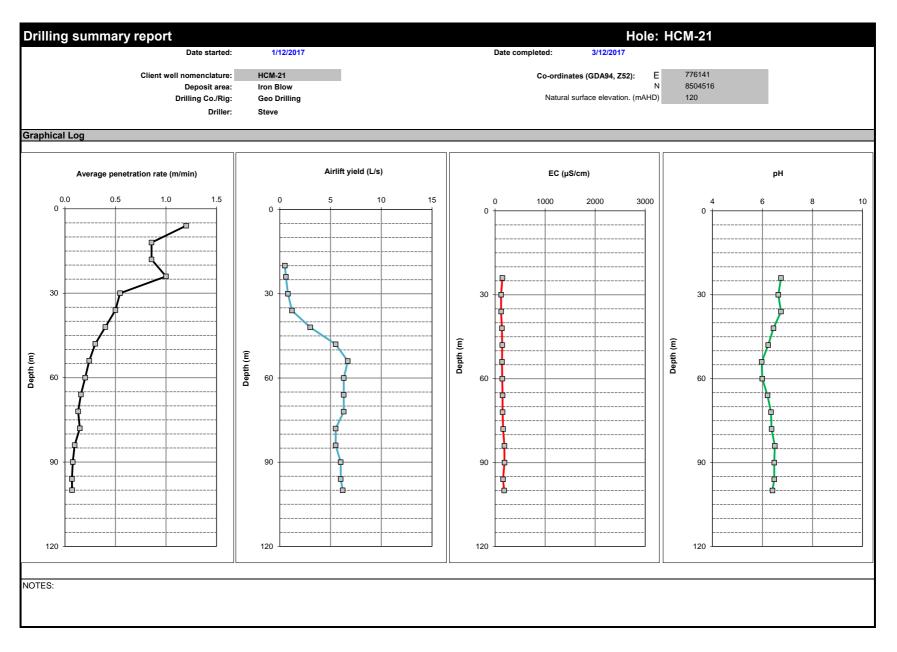




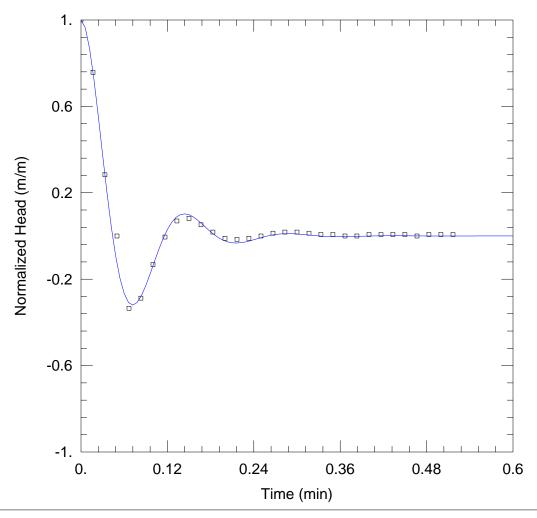








# **Appendix C AQTESOLV outputs**



Data Set: \...\HCM-5\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:39:40

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-5
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 6. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.09886

# WELL DATA (HCM-5)

Initial Displacement: 0.618 m

Static Water Column Height: 16.72 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 16.72 m

Screen Length: <u>6.</u> m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

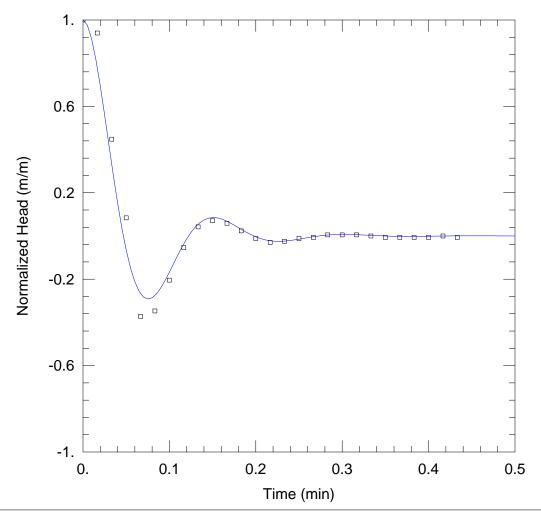
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 19.95 m/day

Le = 16.3 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-5\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:39:52

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-5 Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 6. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.09886

#### WELL DATA (HCM-5)

Initial Displacement: 0.596 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 16.72 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Static Water Column Height: 16.72 m

Screen Length: 6. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

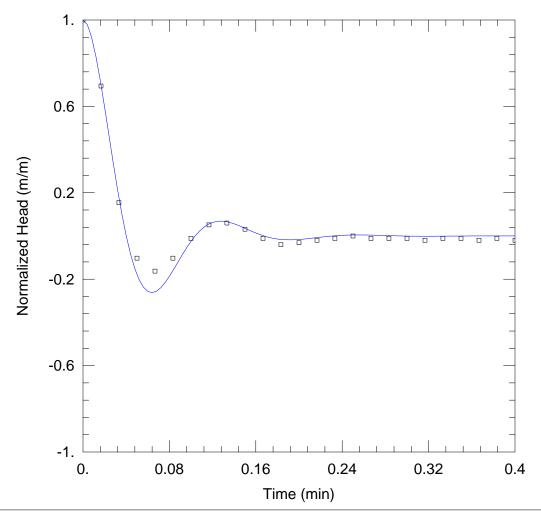
#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 17.82 m/day

Le = 17.66 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-5\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:40:10

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-5
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 6. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.09886

#### WELL DATA (HCM-5)

Initial Displacement: 0.35 m

Static Water Column Height: 16.72 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 16.72 m

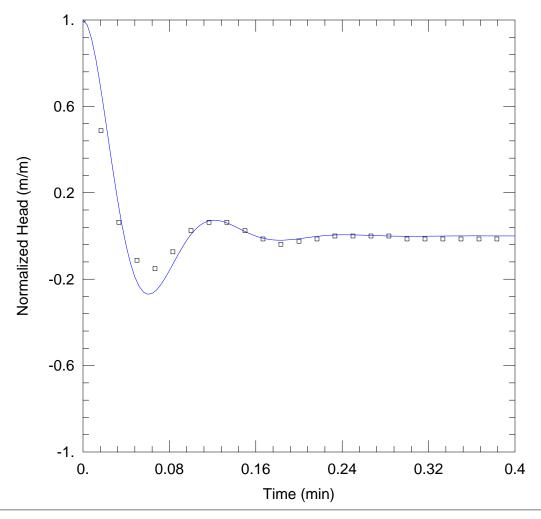
Screen Length: <u>6.</u> m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 19.97 m/day Le = 12.31 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-5\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:40:46

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-5 Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 6. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.09886

# WELL DATA (HCM-5)

Initial Displacement: 0.285 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 16.72 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Static Water Column Height: 16.72 m

Screen Length: 6. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

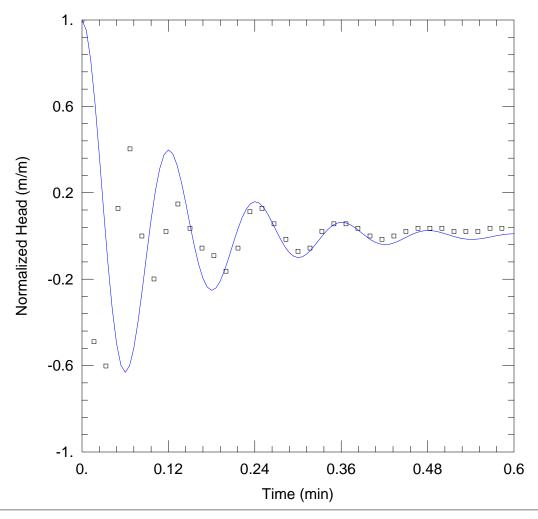
#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 21.32 m/day

Le = 11.27 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-6\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:41:13

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-6
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-6)

Initial Displacement: 0.196 m

Static Water Column Height: 27.24 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 27.24 m

Screen Length: 18. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

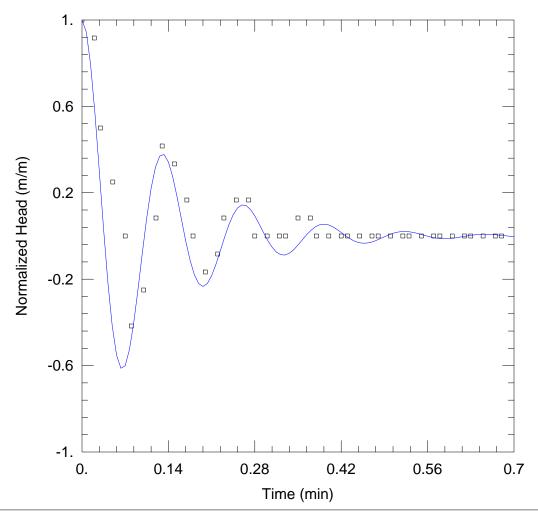
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 21.94 m/day

Le = 12.66 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-6\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:41:28

#### **PROJECT INFORMATION**

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-6
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-6)

Initial Displacement: 0.12 m

Static Water Column Height: 27.24 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 27.24 m

Screen Length: 18. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

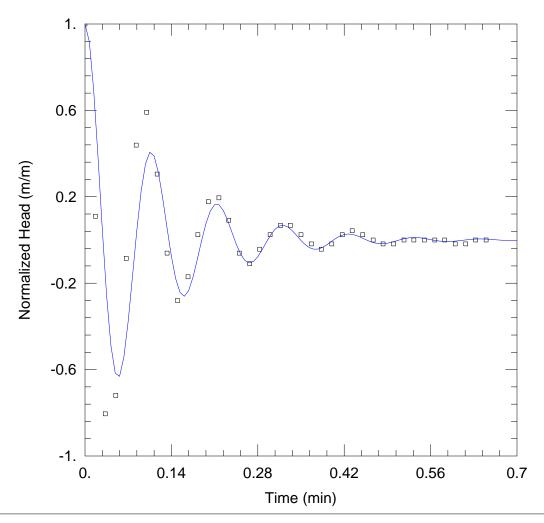
# **SOLUTION**

Aguifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 18.96 m/day

Le = 14.9 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-6\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:41:41

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-6
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-6)

Initial Displacement: 0.164 m

Static Water Column Height: 27.24 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 27.24 m

Screen Length: 18. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

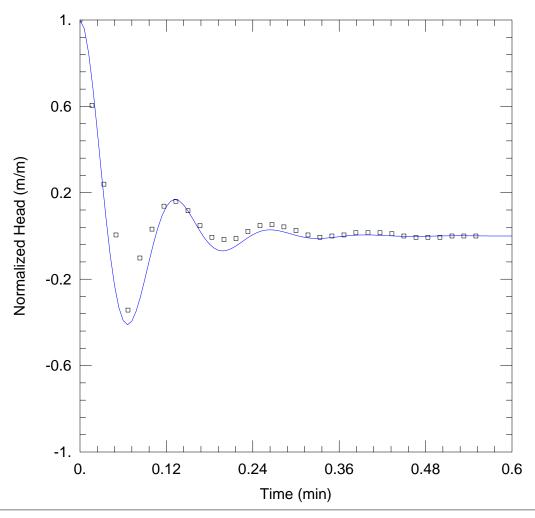
#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 25.85 m/day

Le = 9.984 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-7\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:41:57

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-7
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 3. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-7)

Initial Displacement: 0.667 m

Static Water Column Height: 26.52 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 26.52 m

Screen Length: <u>6.</u> m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

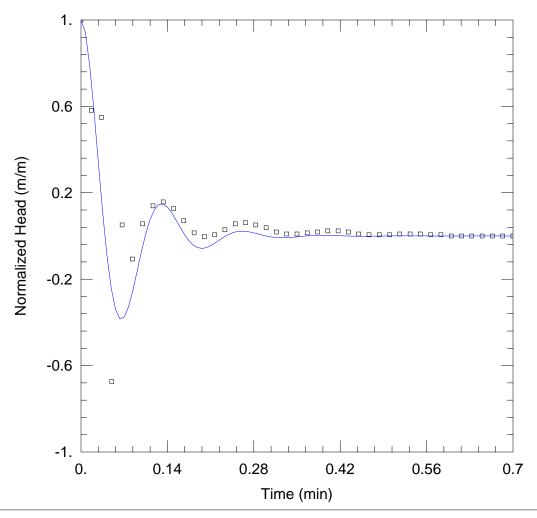
#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 41.37 m/day

Le = 14.45 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-7\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:42:14

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-7
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 3. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-7)

Initial Displacement: 0.767 m

Static Water Column Height: 26.52 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 26.52 m

Screen Length: <u>6.</u> m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

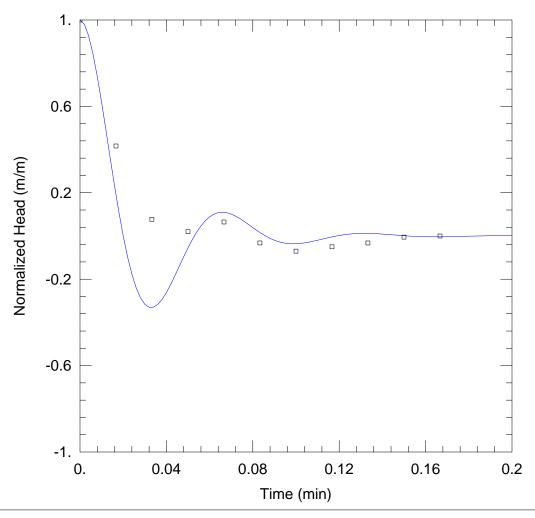
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 39.34 m/day

Le = 13.96 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-8\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:43:20

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-8
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 12. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-8)

Initial Displacement: 0.557 m

Static Water Column Height: 19.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 19.66 m

Screen Length: 12. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

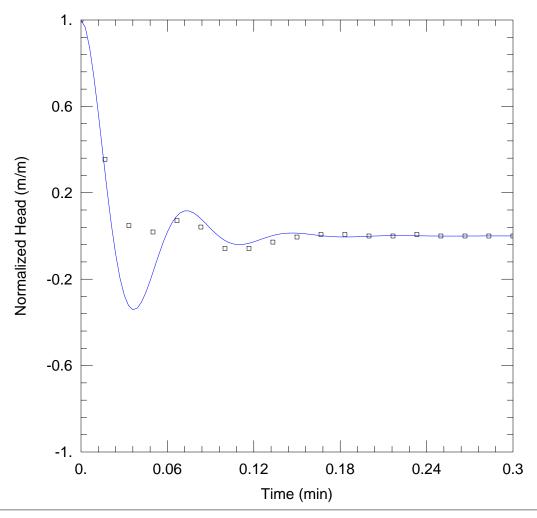
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 16.65 m/day

Le = 3.454 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-8\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:43:37

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-8
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 12. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-8)

Initial Displacement: 0.603 m

Static Water Column Height: 19.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 19.66 m

Screen Length: 12. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

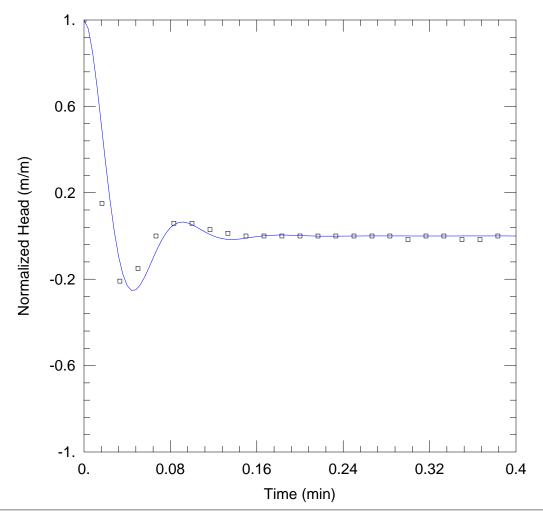
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 15.2 m/day

Le = 4.302 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-8\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:43:49

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-8
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 12. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-8)

Initial Displacement: 0.239 m

Static Water Column Height: 19.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 19.66 m

Screen Length: 12. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

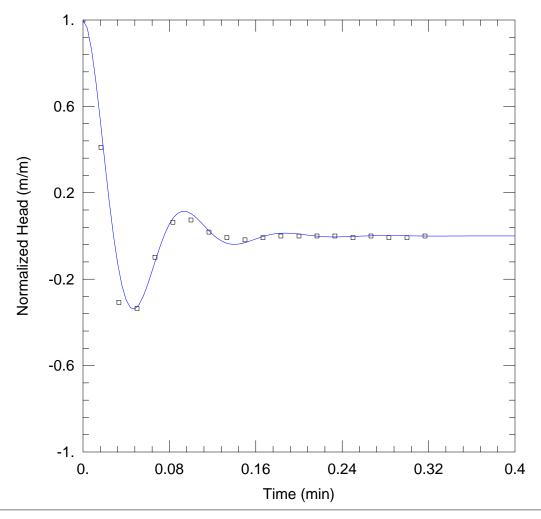
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 9.987 m/day

Le = 6.215 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-8\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:44:00

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-8
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 12. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-8)

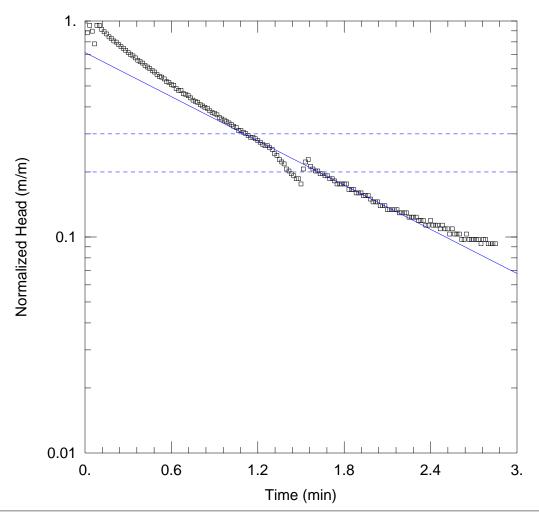
Initial Displacement: 0.393 m Static Water Column Height: 19.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 19.66 m Screen Length: 12. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 11.68 m/day Le = 6.973 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-9\_slug\_in\_1\_B&R.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:44:53

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-9
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 8. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-9)

Initial Displacement: 0.688 m

Static Water Column Height: 28.47 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 28.47 m

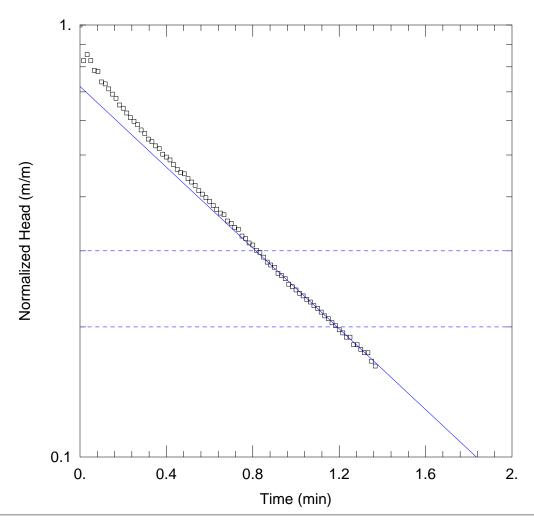
Screen Length: <u>6.</u> m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Bouwer-Rice

K = 0.2004 m/day y0 = 0.4916 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-9\_slug\_out\_1\_B&R.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:45:26

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-9
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 8. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-9)

Initial Displacement: 0.924 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 28.47 m

Screen Length: 6. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

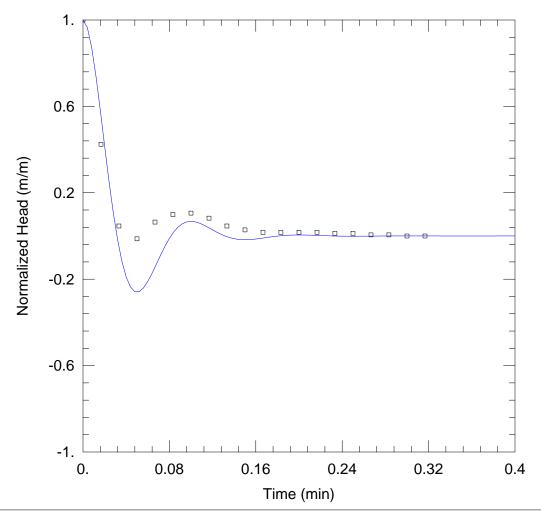
Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Bouwer-Rice

Static Water Column Height: 28.47 m

K = 0.2746 m/day

y0 = 0.6658 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-10\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:45:51

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-10
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-10)

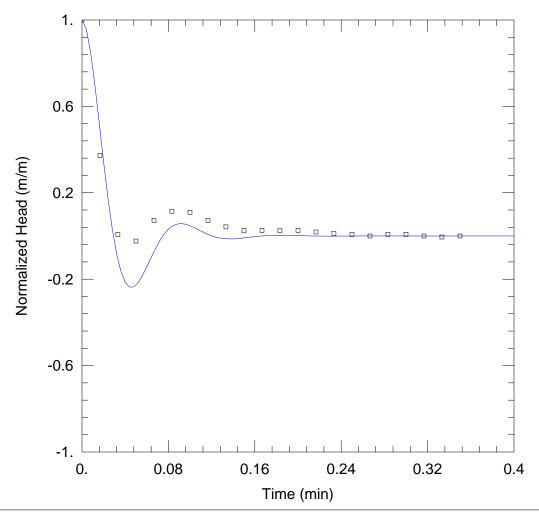
Initial Displacement: 0.606 m Static Water Column Height: 32.85 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 32.85 m Screen Length: 24. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 7.64 m/day Le = 7.546 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-10\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:46:02

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-10
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-10)

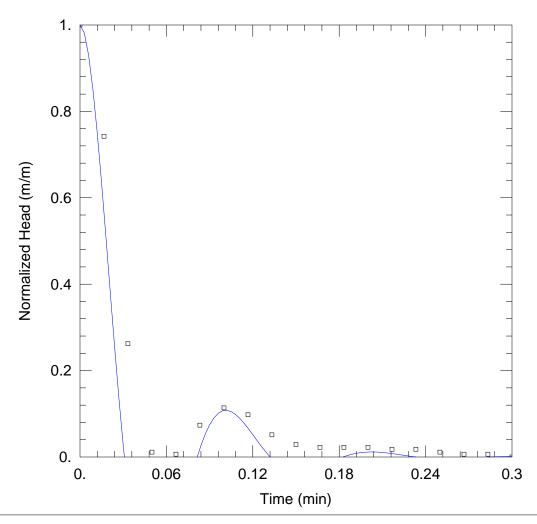
Initial Displacement: 0.596 m Static Water Column Height: 32.85 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 32.85 m Screen Length: 24. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 8.037 m/day Le = 6.19 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-10\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:46:30

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-10
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-10)

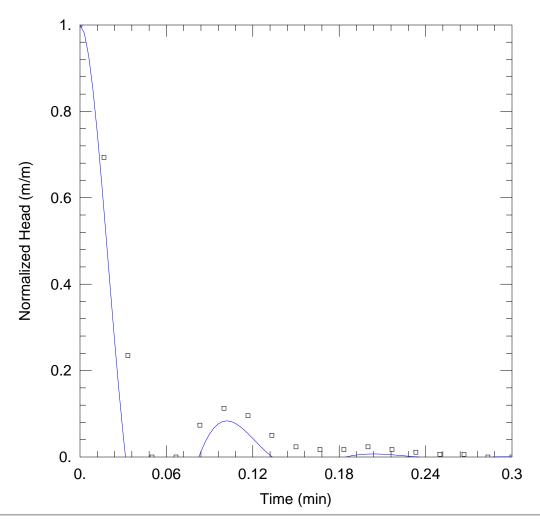
Initial Displacement: 0.625 m Static Water Column Height: 32.85 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 32.85 m Screen Length: 24. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 8.739 m/day Le = 8.146 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-10\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:46:49

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-10
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-10)

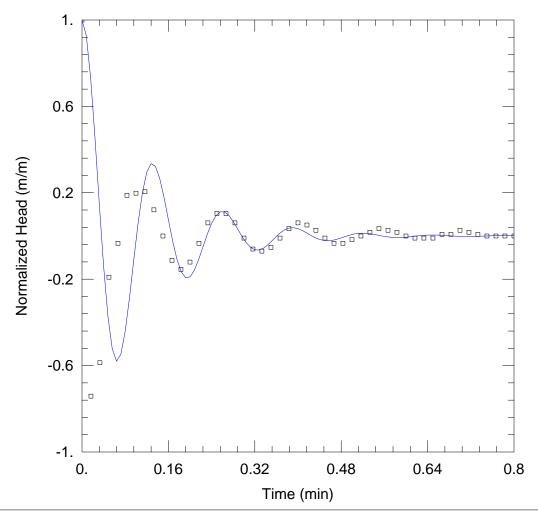
Initial Displacement: 0.639 m Static Water Column Height: 32.85 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 32.85 m Screen Length: 24. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 7.953 m/day Le = 8.036 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-11\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:47:13

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-11
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-11)

Initial Displacement: 0.414 m Static Water Column Height: 24.66 m

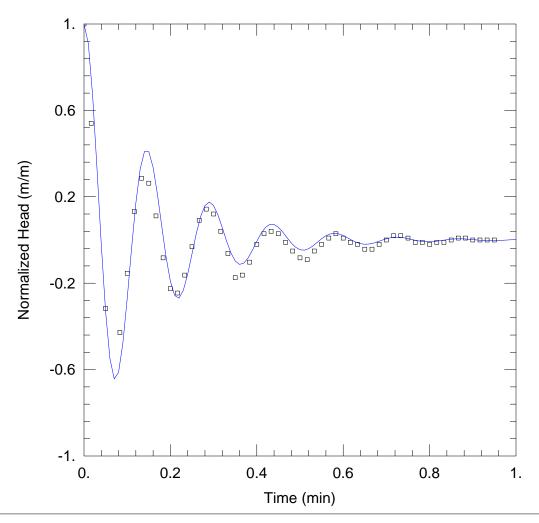
Total Well Penetration Depth: 24.66 m Screen Length: 6. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aguifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 47.05 m/day Le = 14.65 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-11\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:47:24

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-11
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-11)

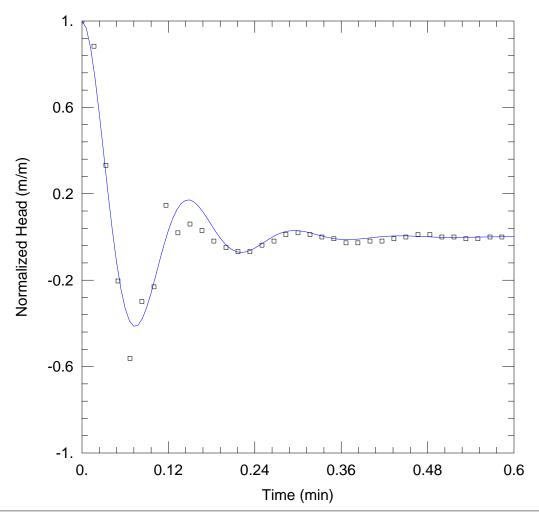
Initial Displacement: 0.35 m Static Water Column Height: 24.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 24.66 m Screen Length: 6. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 53.19 m/day Le = 18.42 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-11\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:47:35

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-11
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-11)

Initial Displacement: 0.368 m Static Water Column Height: 24.66 m

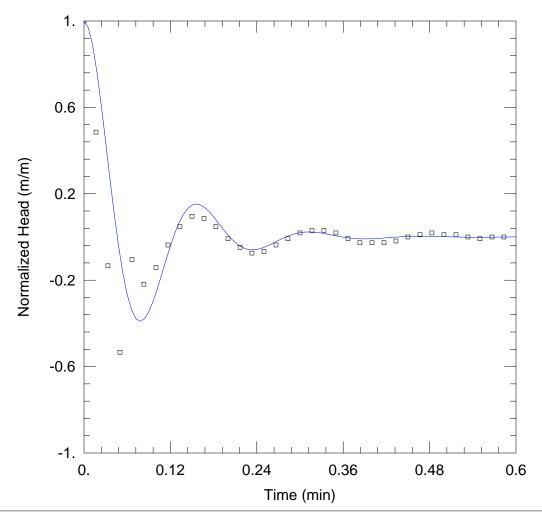
Total Well Penetration Depth: 24.66 m Screen Length: 6. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 25.02 m/day Le = 18.06 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-11\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:48:54

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-11
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 20. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-11)

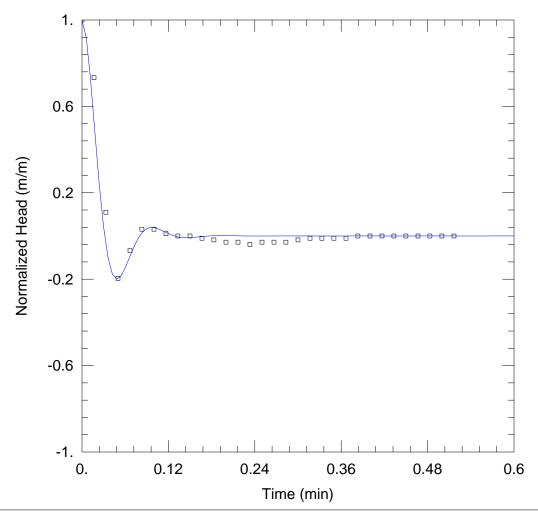
Initial Displacement: 0.375 m Static Water Column Height: 24.66 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 24.66 m Screen Length: 6. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

**SOLUTION** 

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 22.15 m/day Le = 19.99 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-12\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:49:11

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-12
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 17.3 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-12)

Initial Displacement: 0.382 m Static Water Column Height: 21.38 m

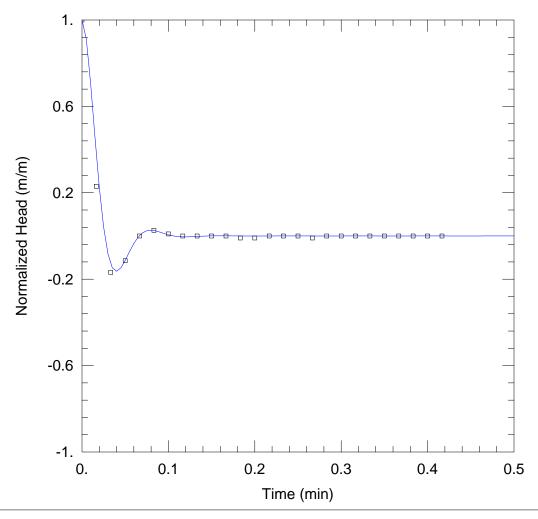
Total Well Penetration Depth: 21.38 m Screen Length: 18. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 5.764 m/day Le = 6.662 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-12\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:49:21

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-12
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 17.3 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-12)

Initial Displacement: 0.427 m Static Water Column Height: 21.38 m

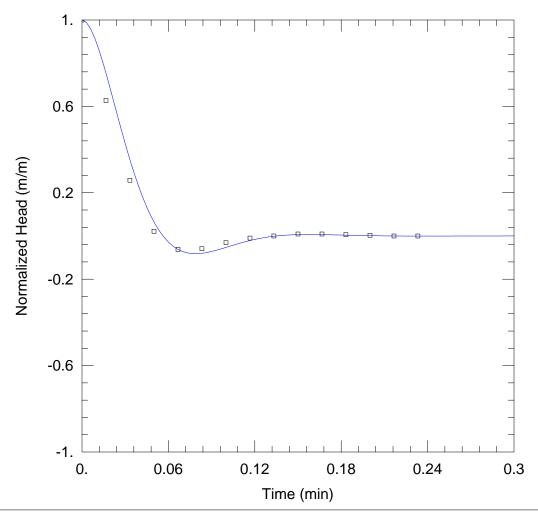
Total Well Penetration Depth: 21.38 m Screen Length: 18. m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 6.63 m/day Le = 4.229 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-13\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:49:36

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-13
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 33.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-13)

Initial Displacement: 1.218 m

Static Water Column Height: 37.38 m Screen Length: 12. m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 37.38 m

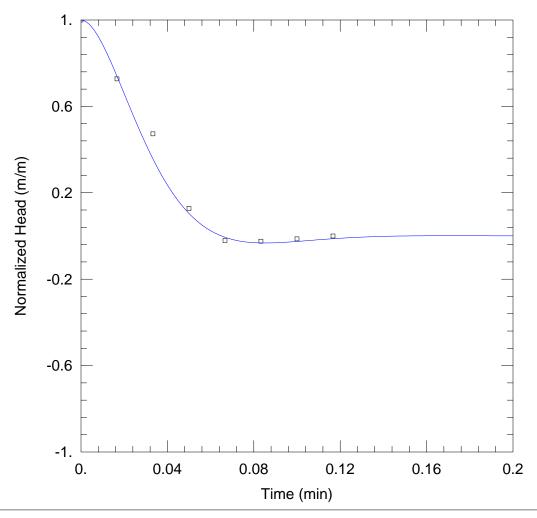
Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 6.648 m/day Le = 13.62 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-13\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:49:51

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-13
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 33.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-13)

Initial Displacement: 1.4 m

Static Water Column Height: 37.38 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 37.38 m

Screen Length: 12. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

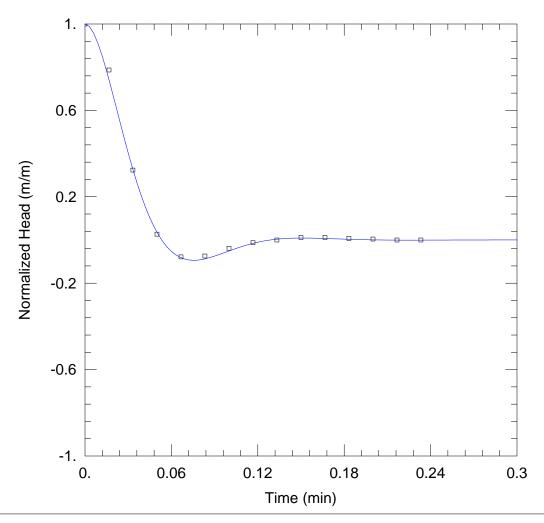
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 5.987 m/day

Le = 11.84 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-14\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:50:13

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-14
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-14)

Initial Displacement: 0.971 m

Static Water Column Height: 42.46 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 42.46 m

Screen Length: 21. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

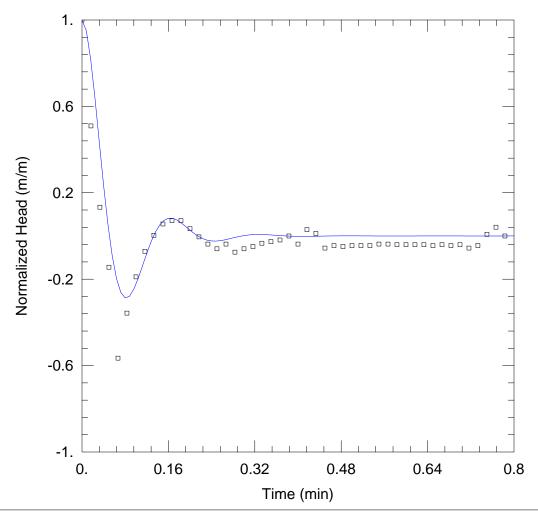
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 4.291 m/day

Le = 13.02 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-14\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:50:30

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-14 Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### WELL DATA (HCM-14)

Initial Displacement: 0.96 m Static Water Column Height: 42.46 m

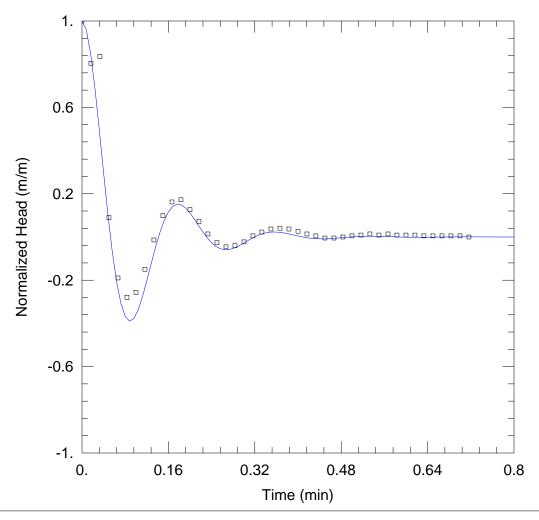
Total Well Penetration Depth: 42.46 m Screen Length: 21. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 5.646 m/dayLe = 20.68 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-14\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:50:40

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-14 Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-14)

Static Water Column Height: 42.46 m Initial Displacement: 0.79 m

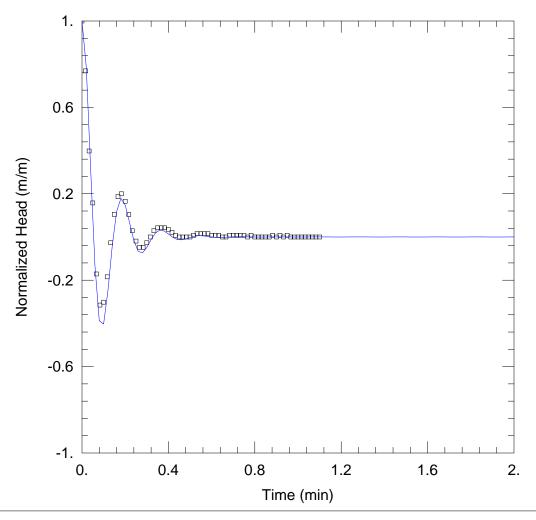
Total Well Penetration Depth: 42.46 m Screen Length: 21. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 6.54 m/dayLe = 25.97 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-14\_slug\_out\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:50:55

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-14
Test Date: 2/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 25.5 m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-14)

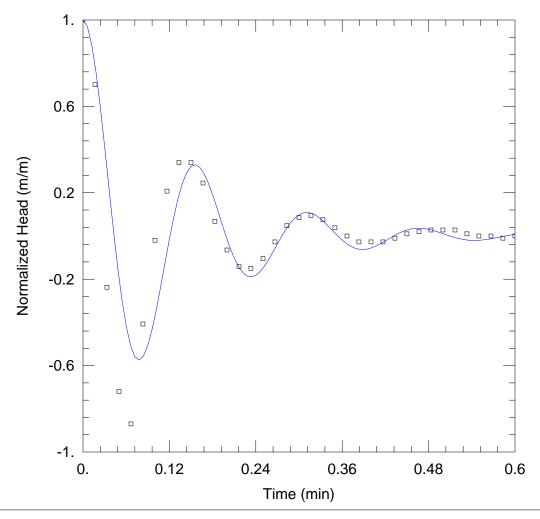
Initial Displacement: 0.52 m Static Water Column Height: 42.46 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 42.46 m Screen Length: 21. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m Well Radius: 0.025 m

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 6.924 m/day Le = 27.65 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-15\_slug\_in\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:51:12

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-15 Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 30. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-15)

Initial Displacement: 0.4 m Static Water Column Height: 38.48 m

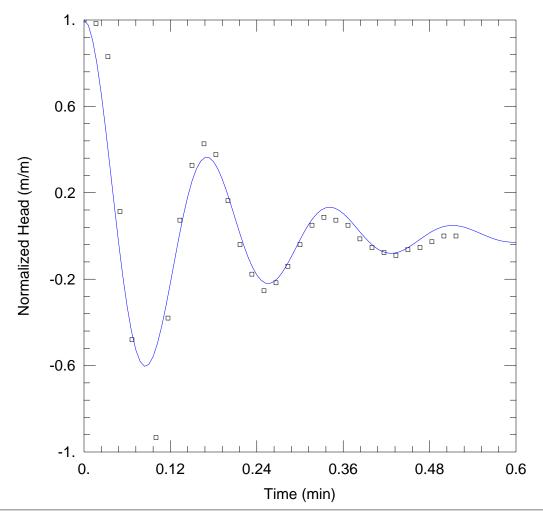
Total Well Penetration Depth: 38.48 m Screen Length: 27. m Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 9.757 m/dayLe = 20.93 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-15\_slug\_in\_2.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:51:21

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Mt Bonnie
Test Well: HCM-15
Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 30. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-15)

Initial Displacement: 0.3 m

Static Water Column Height: 38.48 m

Total Well Penetration Depth: 38.48 m

Screen Length: 27. m Well Radius: 0.025 m

Casing Radius: 0.025 m

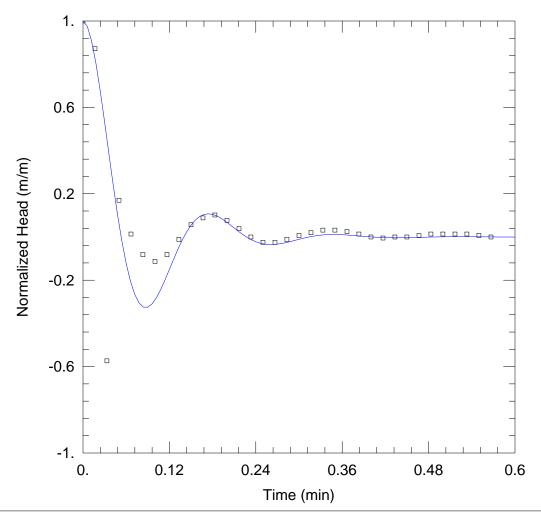
# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Butler

K = 9.717 m/day

Le = 25.37 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-15\_slug\_out\_1.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:51:34

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCM-15 Test Date: 1/11/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 30. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA (HCM-15)

Initial Displacement: 0.6 m

Static Water Column Height: 38.48 m Total Well Penetration Depth: 38.48 m Screen Length: 27. m

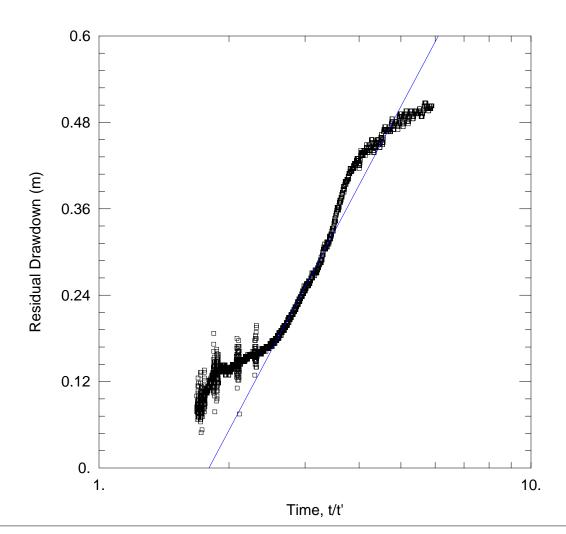
Casing Radius: 0.025 m

Well Radius: 0.025 m

#### **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Butler

K = 4.488 m/dayLe = 24.05 m



Data Set: \...\HCM-16\_theis\_rec.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:31:55

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Iron Blow Test Well: HCM-16 Test Date: 10/12/2017

# **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 33. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCM-16
 776145
 8504691

Well Name	X (m)	Y (m)
□ HCM-16	776145	8504691

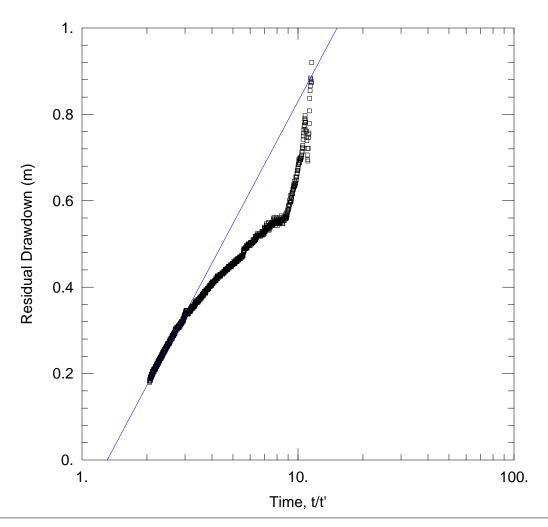
**Observation Wells** 

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 50.43 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ 



Data Set: \...\HCM-17\_theis\_rec.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:32:18

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Iron Blow
Test Well: HCM-17
Test Date: 6/12/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 56. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCM-17
 776249
 8504519

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCM-17
 776249
 8504519

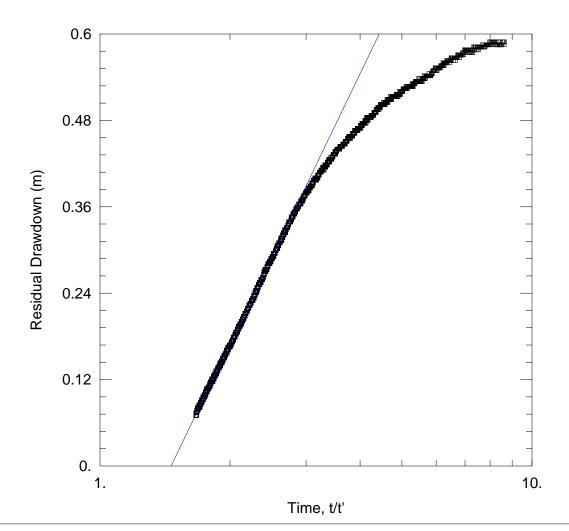
**Observation Wells** 

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 168.4 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ 



Data Set: \...\HCM-19\_theis\_rec.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:30:57

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Iron Blow Test Well: HCM-19 Test Date: 8/12/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 42. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells
 Observation Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)
 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

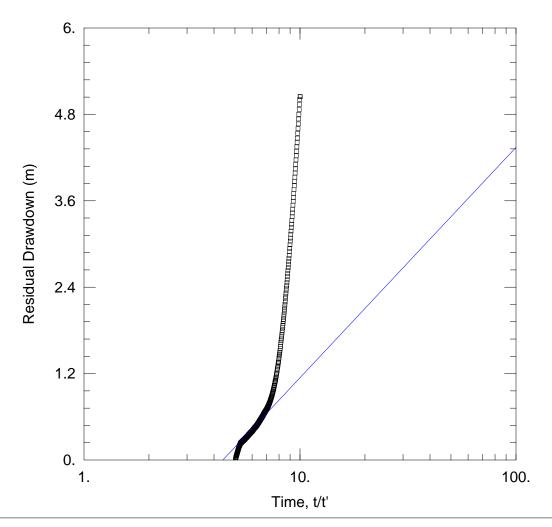
 HCM-19
 776138
 8504412
 □ HCM-19
 776138
 8504412

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 43.23 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ 



Data Set: \...\HCM-20\_theis\_rec.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:32:40

#### PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith
Client: ERIAS Group
Project: AWS170073
Location: Iron Blow
Test Well: HCM-20
Test Date: 4/12/2017

#### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 52. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# WELL DATA

 Pumping Wells
 Observation Wells

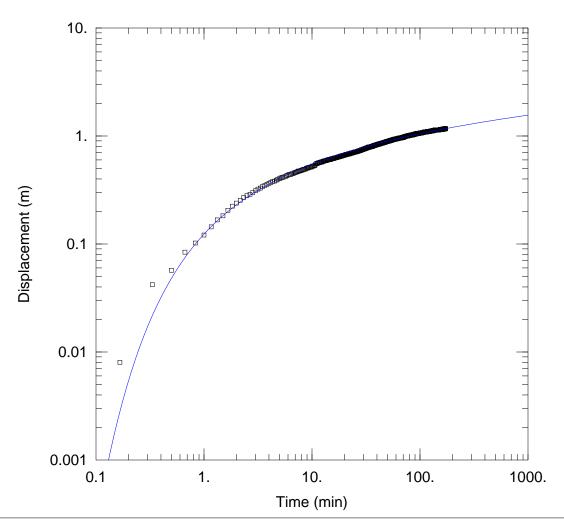
 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)
 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCM-20
 776030
 8504545
 □ HCM-20
 776030
 8504545

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 10.89 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$  S/S' = 4.399



Data Set: \...\HCT-1\_Theis.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:38:24

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCT-1 Test Date: 31/10/2017

# WELL DATA

Pump	ing Wells		Observation Wells			
Well Name	X (m)	Y (m)	Well Name	X (m)	Y (m)	
HCT-1	776066	8501784	□ HCM-12	776010	8501795	

# SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined

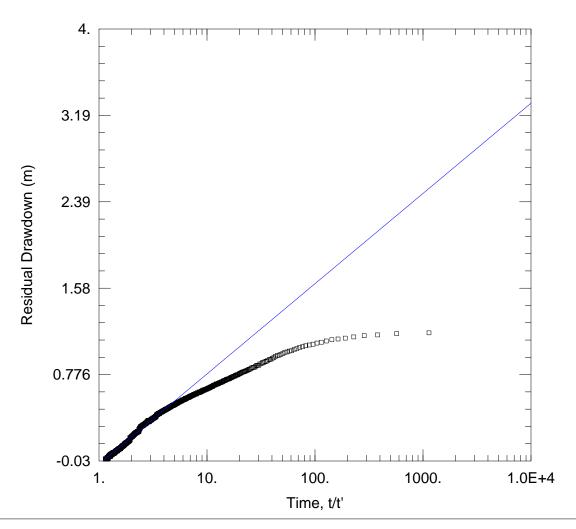
 $= 52.64 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ 

 $Kz/Kr = \overline{0.1}$ 

Solution Method: Theis

S = 2.262E-5

 $= \overline{11. m}$ b



Data Set: \...\HCM-12\_Theis\_rec\_late-time.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:37:57

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCT-1 Test Date: 31/10/2017

### **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 11. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

#### **WELL DATA**

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCT-1
 776066
 8501784

Well Name	X (m)	Y (m)
□ HCM-12	776010	8501795

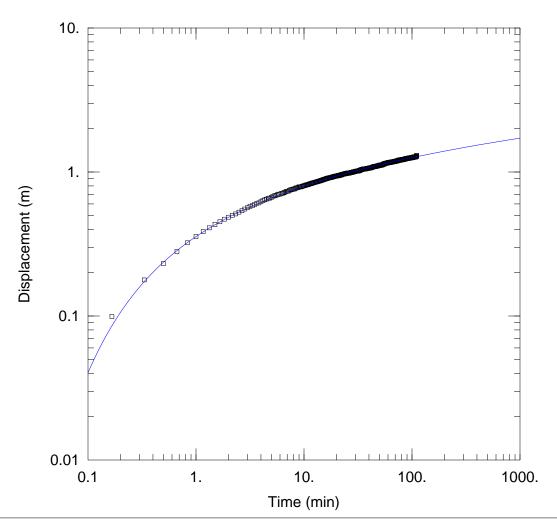
**Observation Wells** 

# **SOLUTION**

Aquifer Model: Confined

Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

T = 28.4 m<sup>2</sup>/day



Data Set: \...\HCT-2\_Theis.aqt

Date: 01/16/18 Time: 14:39:09

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCT-2 Test Date: 29/10/2017

# WELL DATA

Pum	oing Wells		Observation Wells			
Well Name	X (m)	Y (m)	Well Name X (m)			
HCT-2	776052	8501221	□ HCM-13	776040	8501215	

# SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined

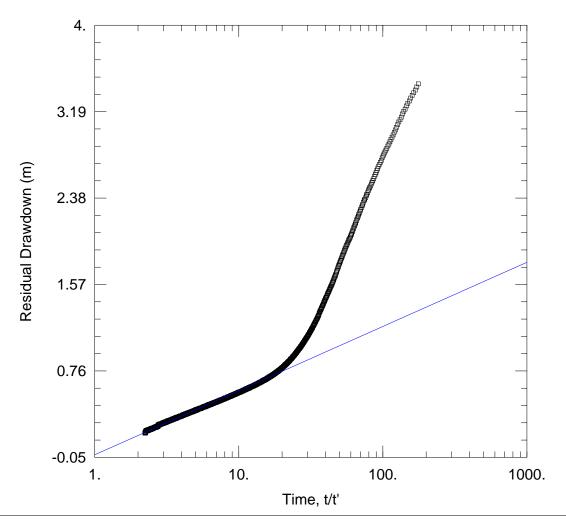
 $= 42.63 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$ 

 $Kz/Kr = \overline{0.1}$ 

Solution Method: Theis

S = 6.917E-5b

= 18. m



Data Set: \...\HCT-2\_theis\_rec\_mid-time\_KH.aqt

Date: <u>01/22/18</u> Time: <u>12:24:56</u>

# PROJECT INFORMATION

Company: CDM Smith Client: ERIAS Group Project: AWS170073 Location: Mt Bonnie Test Well: HCT-2 Test Date: 29/10/2017

# **AQUIFER DATA**

Saturated Thickness: 18. m Anisotropy Ratio (Kz/Kr): 0.1

# **WELL DATA**

 Pumping Wells

 Well Name
 X (m)
 Y (m)

 HCT-2
 776052
 8501221

Observation Wells							
Well Name X (m) Y (m)							
□ HCT-2	776052	8501221					

# SOLUTION

Aquifer Model: Confined Solution Method: Theis (Recovery)

 $T = 32.65 \text{ m}^2/\text{day}$  S/S' = 1.107

# **Appendix D Laboratory reports**



# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1731329

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Contact : MR MICHAEL SHORT

Address : 1/48-50 Smith Street

Darwin City NT 0800

Telephone : ---

Project : AWS170073.02

Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : MICHAEL SHORT
Site : Darwin Water Analysis

Quote number : SY/544/17

No. of samples received : 4
No. of samples analysed : 4

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 12-Dec-2017 10:30

Date Analysis Commenced : 12-Dec-2017

Issue Date : 18-Dec-2017 16:13



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Ankit Joshi Inorganic Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Ivan Taylor Analyst Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Raymond Commodore Instrument Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : ES1731329

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02

# ALS

#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- TDS by method EA-015 may bias high due to the presence of fine particulate matter, which may pass through the prescribed GF/C paper.
- EA016: Calculated TDS is determined from Electrical conductivity using a conversion factor of 0.65.

Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : ES1731329

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)	Client sample ID			HCM-21	HCM-20	HCM-17	Rinsate Blank	
	Cli	Client sampling date / time			12-Dec-2017 00:00	12-Dec-2017 00:00	12-Dec-2017 00:00	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1731329-001	ES1731329-002	ES1731329-003	ES1731329-004	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EA005P: pH by PC Titrator								
pH Value		0.01	pH Unit	7.11	7.60	7.91		
EA010P: Conductivity by PC Titrator								
Electrical Conductivity @ 25°C		1	μS/cm		186			
EA015: Total Dissolved Solids dried a	at 180 ± 5 °C							
Total Dissolved Solids @180°C		10	mg/L	165		1310		
EA016: Calculated TDS (from Electric	al Conductivity)							
Total Dissolved Solids (Calc.)		1	mg/L		121			
ED037P: Alkalinity by PC Titrator								
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	DMO-210-001	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1		
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	3812-32-6	1	mg/L	<1	<1	<1		
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-52-3	1	mg/L	28	37	141		
Total Alkalinity as CaCO3	71-02-0	1	mg/L	28	37	141		
ED038A: Acidity			- The state of the					
Acidity as CaCO3		1	mg/L	10	2	6		
			3, =	.,	_			
ED040F: Dissolved Major Anions Silicon	7440-21-3	0.05	mg/L	13.6	5.24	16.4		
		0.00	mg/L	10.0	V.ET	10.7		
ED041G: Sulfate (Turbidimetric) as Sulfate as S04 - Turbidimetric		1	mg/l	65	86	748		
	14808-79-8	l	mg/L	00	00	/40		
ED045G: Chloride by Discrete Analys		1	ma/l	-1		•		
Chloride	16887-00-6	1	mg/L	<1	1	3		
ED093F: Dissolved Major Cations								
Calcium	7440-70-2	1	mg/L	10	4	134		
Magnesium	7439-95-4	1	mg/L	10	17	118		
Sodium	7440-23-5	1	mg/L	4	18	48		
Potassium	7440-09-7	1	mg/L	2	2	5		
ED093F: SAR and Hardness Calculat	ions							
Total Hardness as CaCO3		1	mg/L	66	46	730		
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS								
Aluminium	7429-90-5	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	0.09	<0.01	<0.01	
Antimony	7440-36-0	0.001	mg/L	0.073	0.007	0.018	<0.001	
Arsenic	7440-38-2	0.001	mg/L	1.68	0.005	0.960	<0.001	
Beryllium	7440-41-7	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Barium	7440-39-3	0.001	mg/L	0.027	0.008	0.026	<0.001	

Page : 4 of 4
Work Order : ES1731329

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)		Clie	ent sample ID	HCM-21	HCM-20	HCM-17	Rinsate Blank	
	Client sampling date / time		12-Dec-2017 00:00	12-Dec-2017 00:00	12-Dec-2017 00:00	12-Dec-2017 00:00		
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1731329-001	ES1731329-002	ES1731329-003	ES1731329-004	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by ICP-MS - 0	Continued							
Cadmium	7440-43-9	0.0001	mg/L	0.0524	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	
Chromium	7440-47-3	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Cobalt	7440-48-4	0.001	mg/L	0.005	<0.001	0.004	<0.001	
Copper	7440-50-8	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Lead	7439-92-1	0.001	mg/L	0.003	<0.001	0.001	<0.001	
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	0.792	0.069	1.58	<0.001	
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	0.001	mg/L	0.004	0.029	0.035	<0.001	
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	mg/L	0.007	0.003	0.004	<0.001	
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Silver	7440-22-4	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Strontium	7440-24-6	0.001	mg/L	0.010	0.008	0.351	<0.001	
Thorium	7440-29-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Tin	7440-31-5	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Uranium	7440-61-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	0.002	<0.001	
Zinc	7440-66-6	0.005	mg/L	3.36	0.010	0.034	<0.005	
Boron	7440-42-8	0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	2.16	<0.05	1.38	<0.05	
EG035F: Dissolved Mercury by FIMS								
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	0.7	1.2	0.5		
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	1.91	2.56	18.5		
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	1.67				
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L		2.43	18.6		
Ionic Balance		0.01	%			0.37		



# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1731336

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Contact : MR MICHAEL SHORT

Address : 1/48-50 Smith Street

Darwin City NT 0800

Telephone : ---

Project : AWS170073.02

Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : MIKE WHITTY

Site : Darwin Water Analysis

Quote number : SY/544/17

No. of samples received : 2
No. of samples analysed : 2

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 12-Dec-2017 13:00

Date Samples Received : 12-Dec-2017 13:00

Date Analysis Commenced : 12-Dec-2017

Issue Date : 18-Dec-2017 09:46



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

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#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Ankit Joshi Inorganic Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Raymond Commodore Instrument Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : ES1731336

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02

#### **General Comments**

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Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

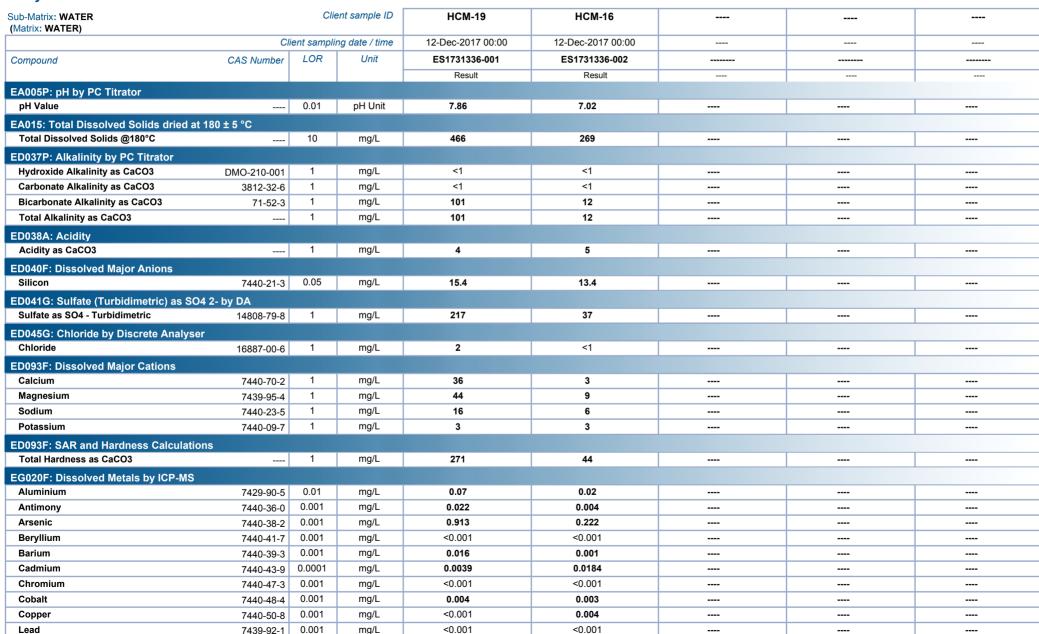
- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- TDS by method EA-015 may bias high due to the presence of fine particulate matter, which may pass through the prescribed GF/C paper.



Page : 3 of 4 Work Order : ES1731336

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02

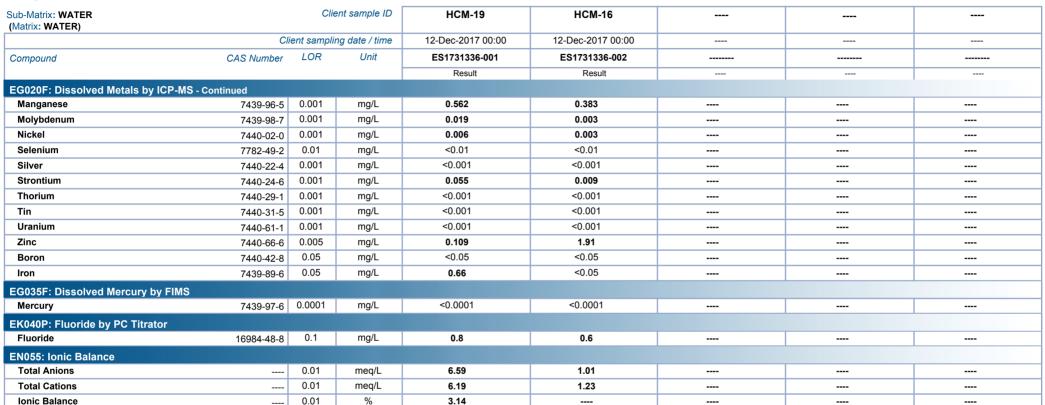




Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : ES1731336

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02







# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

**Work Order** : ES1727770 Page : 1 of 8

Amendment : 1

Client Laboratory CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Contact : SALLY-ANNE ORCHARD Contact

Address Address : 1/48-50 Smith Street

Darwin City NT 0800

Telephone

Project : AWS170073.02

Order number C-O-C number Sampler

Site : Darwin Water Analysis

Quote number : SY/544/17

No. of samples received : 14 No. of samples analysed : 14

: Environmental Division Sydney

: Customer Services ES

: 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

**Date Samples Received** : 07-Nov-2017 08:00

Date Analysis Commenced : 07-Nov-2017

Issue Date · 14-Nov-2017 15:19



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with **Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.** 

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Ashesh Patel Inorganic Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Raymond Commodore Instrument Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Page : 2 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02

#### **General Comments**

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

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Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- TDS by method EA-015 may bias high for various samples due to the presence of fine particulate matter, which may pass through the prescribed GF/C paper.
- Amendment (14/11/2017): This report has been amended and re-released to allow the reporting of additional filtered metals data.

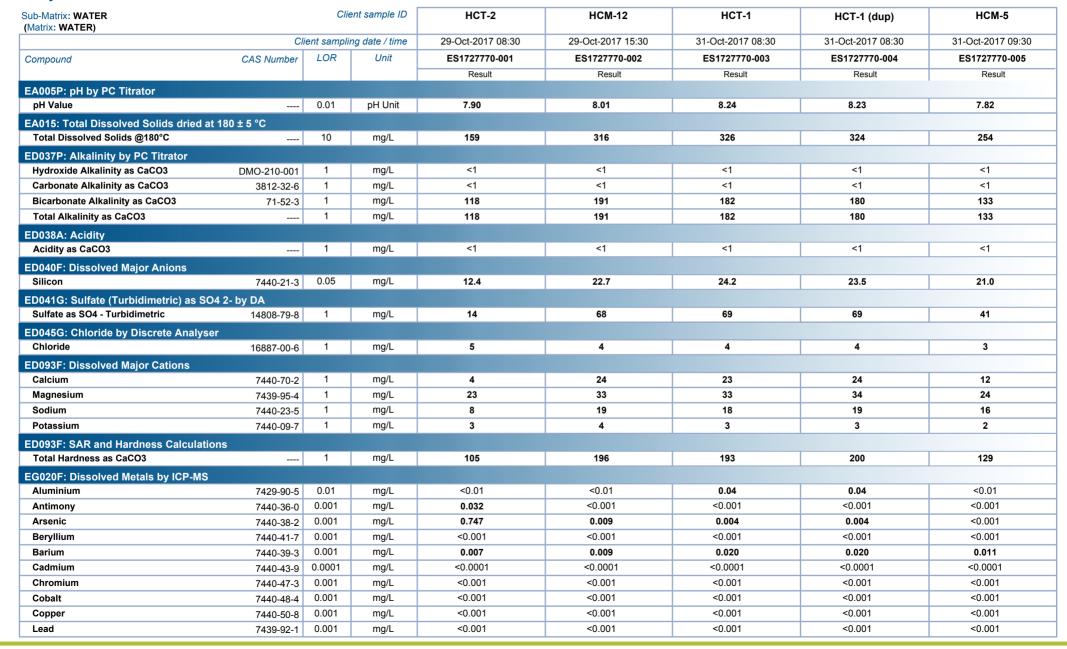


Page : 3 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



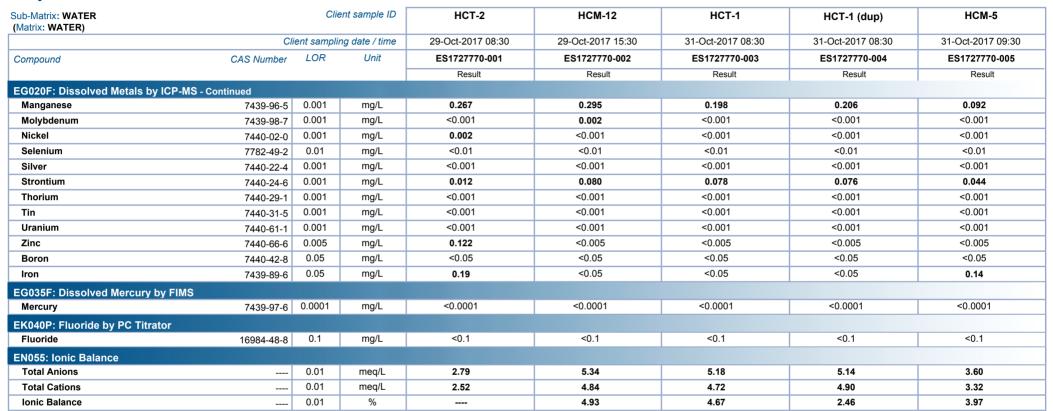


Page : 4 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



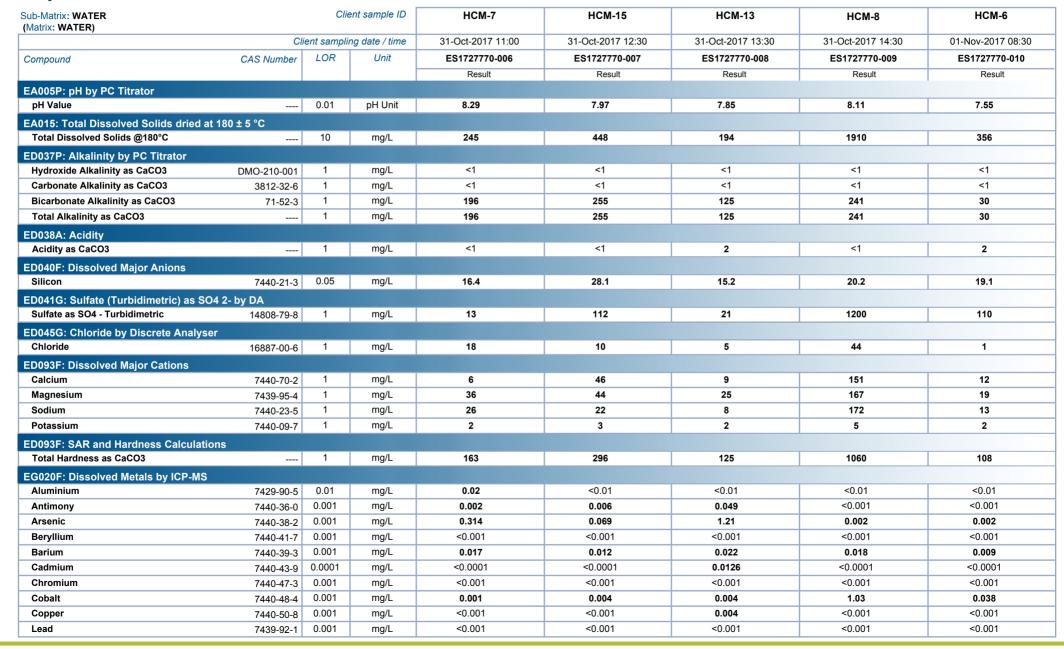


Page : 5 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



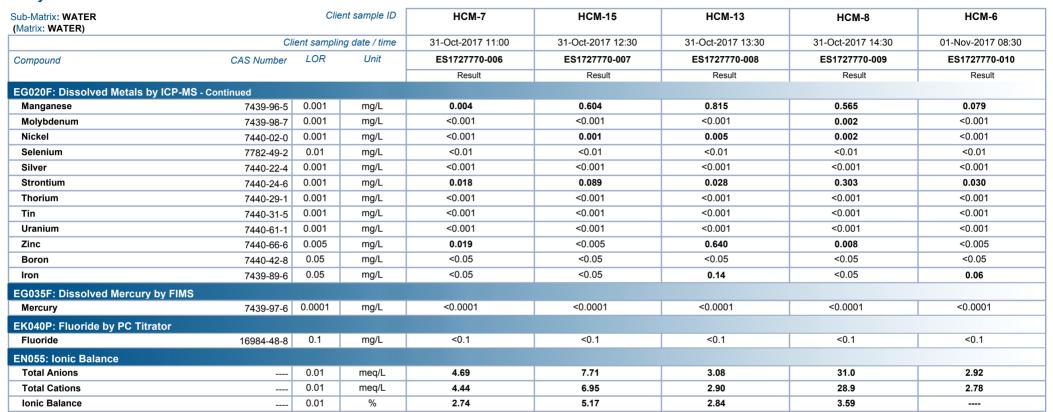


Page : 6 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



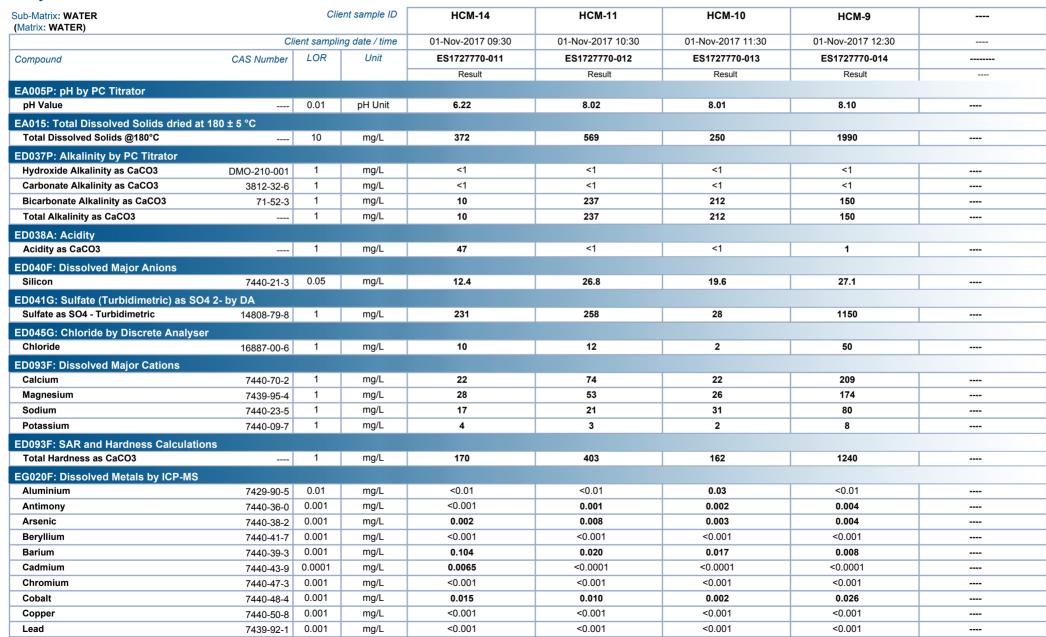


Page : 7 of 8

Work Order : ES1727770 Amendment 1

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02





Page

: 8 of 8 : ES1727770 Amendment 1 Work Order

: CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD Client

Project : AWS170073.02



Sub-Matrix: WATER (Matrix: WATER)		Clie	ent sample ID	HCM-14	HCM-11	HCM-10	HCM-9	
	CI	Client sampling date / time		01-Nov-2017 09:30	01-Nov-2017 10:30	01-Nov-2017 11:30	01-Nov-2017 12:30	
Compound	CAS Number	LOR	Unit	ES1727770-011	ES1727770-012	ES1727770-013	ES1727770-014	
				Result	Result	Result	Result	
EG020F: Dissolved Metals by IC	P-MS - Continued							
Manganese	7439-96-5	0.001	mg/L	5.36	1.24	0.320	0.140	
Molybdenum	7439-98-7	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	0.004	0.001	0.005	
Nickel	7440-02-0	0.001	mg/L	0.014	<0.001	<0.001	0.003	
Selenium	7782-49-2	0.01	mg/L	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	<0.01	
Silver	7440-22-4	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Strontium	7440-24-6	0.001	mg/L	0.076	0.122	0.067	0.399	
Thorium	7440-29-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Tin	7440-31-5	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	
Uranium	7440-61-1	0.001	mg/L	<0.001	<0.001	<0.001	0.004	
Zinc	7440-66-6	0.005	mg/L	12.8	0.012	<0.005	0.005	
Boron	7440-42-8	0.05	mg/L	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
Iron	7439-89-6	0.05	mg/L	12.4	<0.05	<0.05	<0.05	
EG035F: Dissolved Mercury by I	FIMS							
Mercury	7439-97-6	0.0001	mg/L	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	<0.0001	
EK040P: Fluoride by PC Titrator								
Fluoride	16984-48-8	0.1	mg/L	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	<0.1	
EN055: Ionic Balance								
Total Anions		0.01	meq/L	5.29	10.4	4.88	28.4	
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L	4.91				
Total Cations		0.01	meq/L		9.04	4.64	28.4	
Ionic Balance		0.01	%	3.74				
Ionic Balance		0.01	%		7.18	2.50	0.15	



# **CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS**

Work Order : ES1725770

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Contact : SALLY-ANNE ORCHARD

Address : 1/48-50 Smith Street

Darwin City NT 0800

Telephone : ---

Project : AWS170073.02

Order number : ---C-O-C number : ----

Sampler : ----

Site : Darwin Water Analysis

Quote number : SY/544/17

No. of samples received : 5
No. of samples analysed : 5

Page : 1 of 4

Laboratory : Environmental Division Sydney

Contact : Customer Services ES

Address : 277-289 Woodpark Road Smithfield NSW Australia 2164

Telephone : +61-2-8784 8555

Date Samples Received : 17-Oct-2017 08:00

Date Analysis Commenced : 17-Oct-2017

Issue Date : 23-Oct-2017 15:35



This report supersedes any previous report(s) with this reference. Results apply to the sample(s) as submitted. This document shall not be reproduced, except in full.

This Certificate of Analysis contains the following information:

- General Comments
- Analytical Results

Additional information pertinent to this report will be found in the following separate attachments: Quality Control Report, QA/QC Compliance Assessment to assist with Quality Review and Sample Receipt Notification.

#### Signatories

This document has been electronically signed by the authorized signatories below. Electronic signing is carried out in compliance with procedures specified in 21 CFR Part 11.

Signatories Position Accreditation Category

Ankit Joshi Inorganic Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW Raymond Commodore Instrument Chemist Sydney Inorganics, Smithfield, NSW

Page : 2 of 4
Work Order : ES1725770

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02

# General Comments

The analytical procedures used by the Environmental Division have been developed from established internationally recognized procedures such as those published by the USEPA, APHA, AS and NEPM. In house developed procedures are employed in the absence of documented standards or by client request.

Where moisture determination has been performed, results are reported on a dry weight basis.

Where a reported less than (<) result is higher than the LOR, this may be due to primary sample extract/digestate dilution and/or insufficient sample for analysis.

Where the LOR of a reported result differs from standard LOR, this may be due to high moisture content, insufficient sample (reduced weight employed) or matrix interference.

When sampling time information is not provided by the client, sampling dates are shown without a time component. In these instances, the time component has been assumed by the laboratory for processing purposes.

Where a result is required to meet compliance limits the associated uncertainty must be considered. Refer to the ALS Contact for details.

Key: CAS Number = CAS registry number from database maintained by Chemical Abstracts Services. The Chemical Abstracts Service is a division of the American Chemical Society.

LOR = Limit of reporting

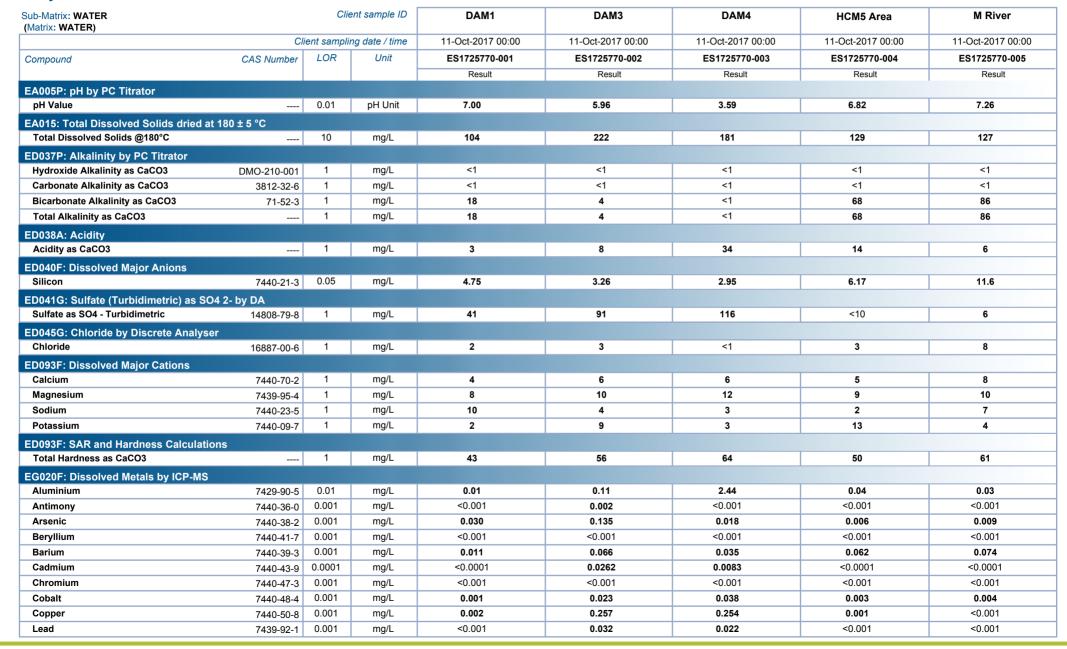
- ^ = This result is computed from individual analyte detections at or above the level of reporting
- ø = ALS is not NATA accredited for these tests.
- ~ = Indicates an estimated value.
- EG035: Positive Hg result for ES1725770 #2 has been confirmed by reanalysis
- ED041G: LOR raised for Sulfate on sample no:4 due to sample matrix.
- Ionic Balance out of acceptable limits due to analytes not quantified in this report.



Page : 3 of 4
Work Order : ES1725770

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02





Page : 4 of 4 Work Order : ES1725770

Client : CDM SMITH AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Project : AWS170073.02



