

# Unlocking the shale gas of the Beetaloo Sub-basin

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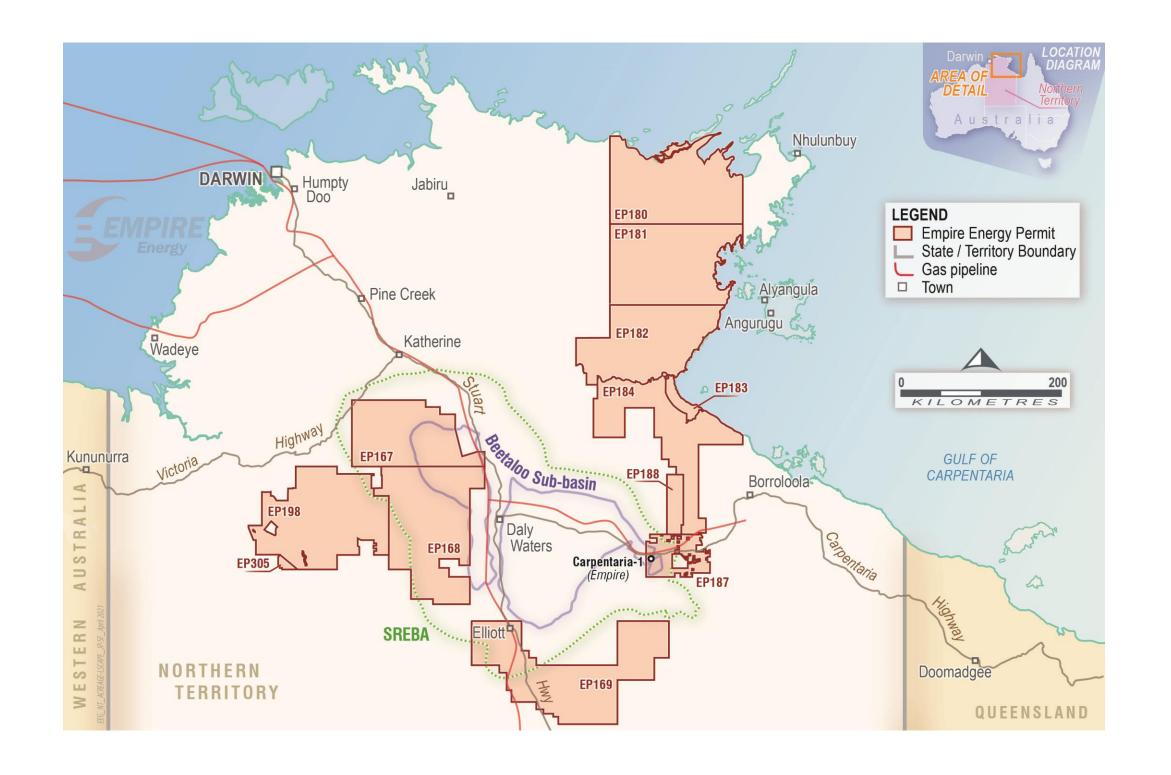
# Key Messages



- 1. Eastern boundary of the Beetaloo Sub-basin shown to extend further east than previously mapped
- 2. Liquids rich mud gas observed in Carpentaria-1 places more focus on more accurately measuring thermal maturity

### Where the Beetaloo Sub-basin is

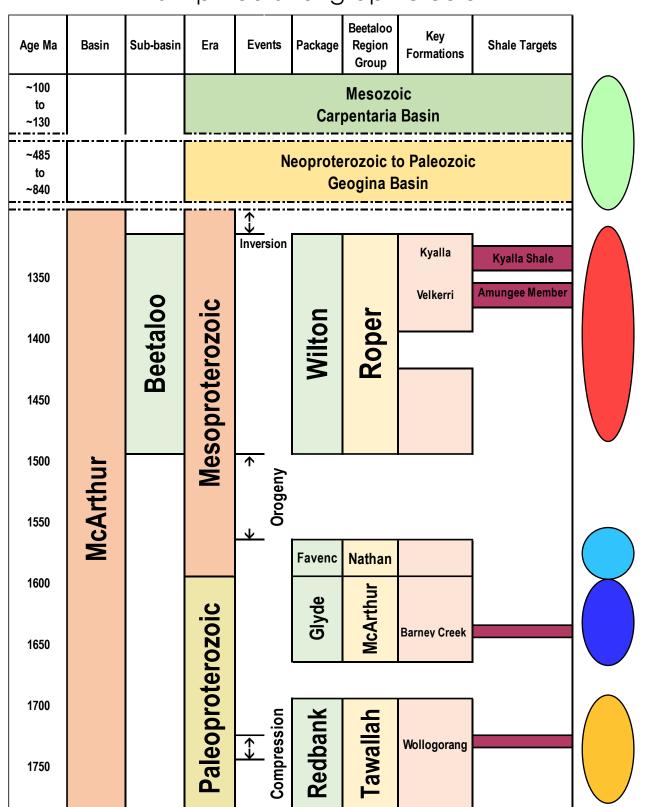




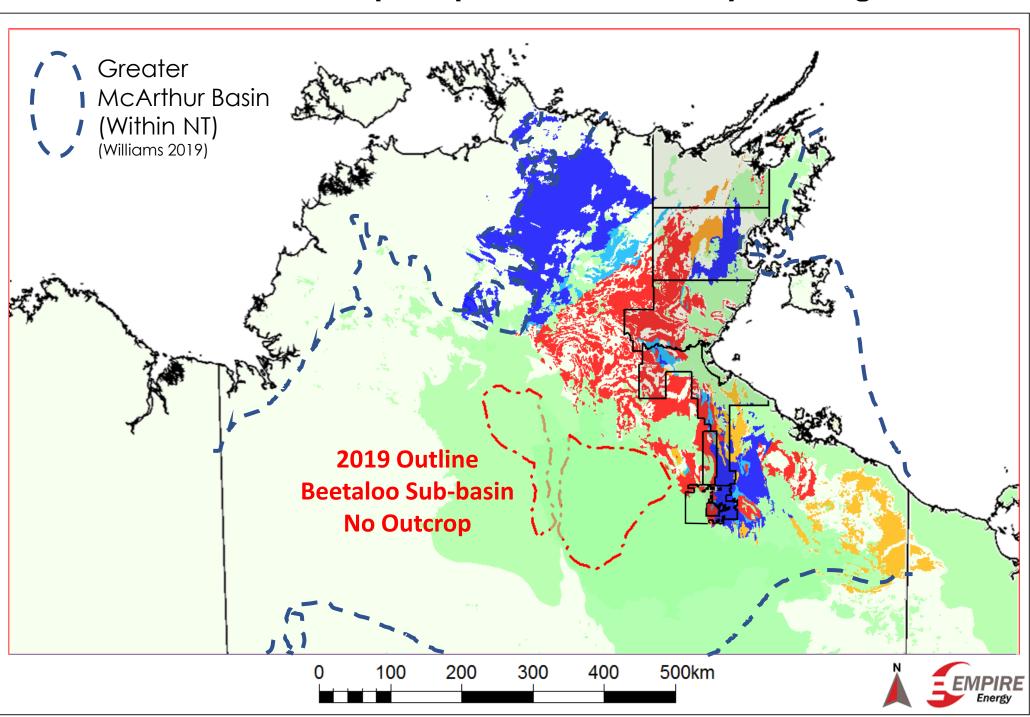
### Beetaloo Sub-basin Location



#### Simplified Stratigraphic column

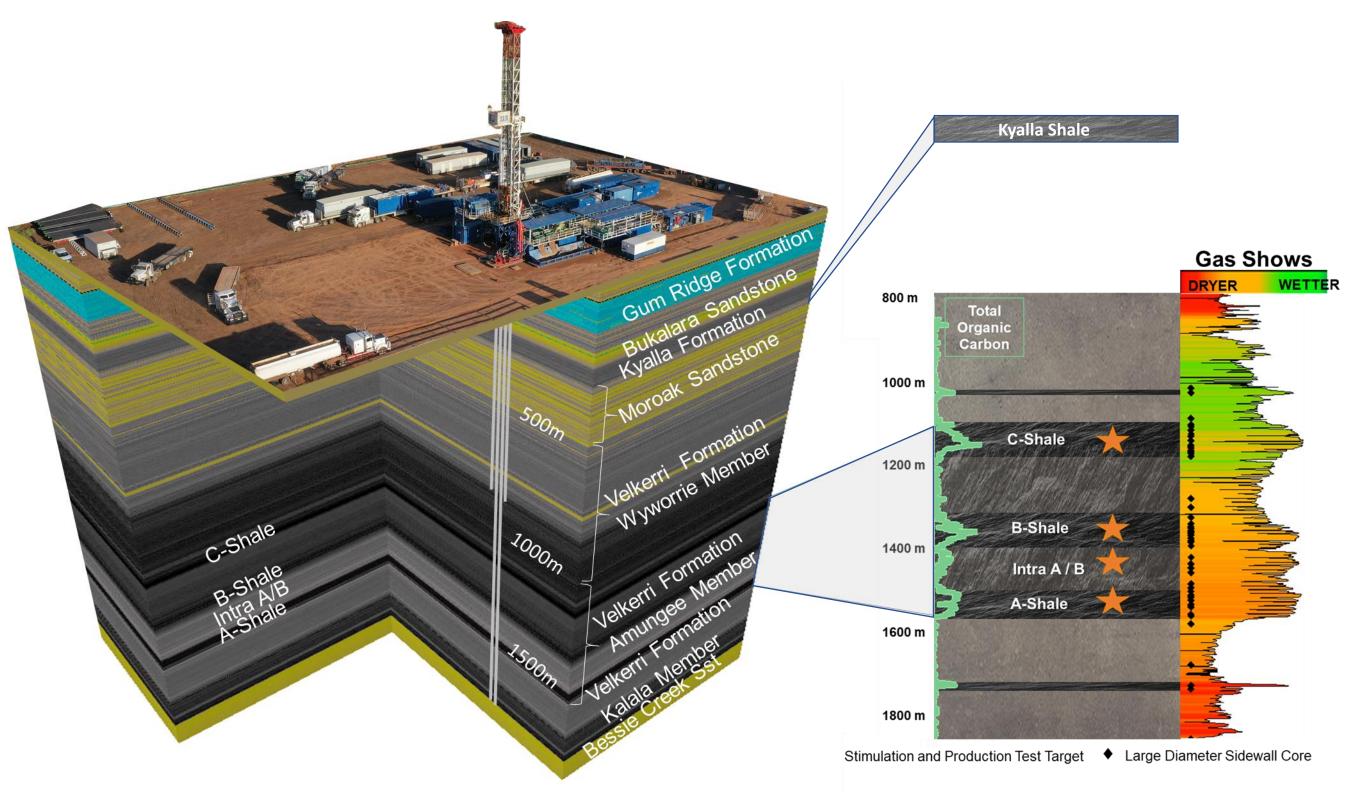


#### Outcrop Map colour coded by Package



# Shale Targets in the Beetaloo Sub-basin

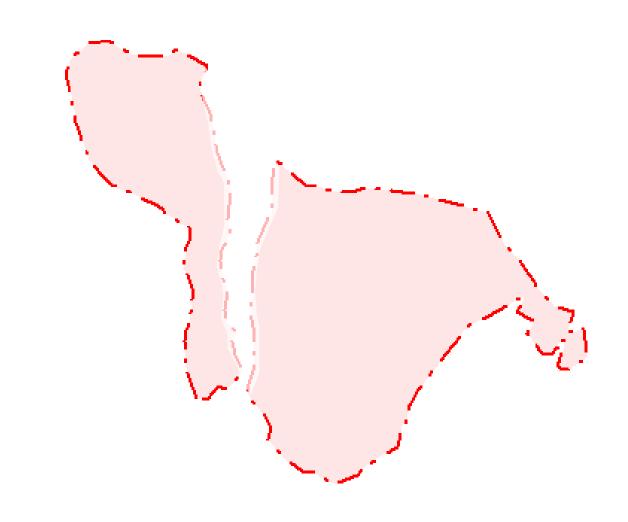




- Shales are the source of the hydrocarbons
- Shales are the reservoir of the hydrocarbons
- As the shales are buried and heated they generate hydrocarbons
- The shales generate oil first, with greater heat gas is generated
- Some escapes to conventional targets, but some is retained in the shale.



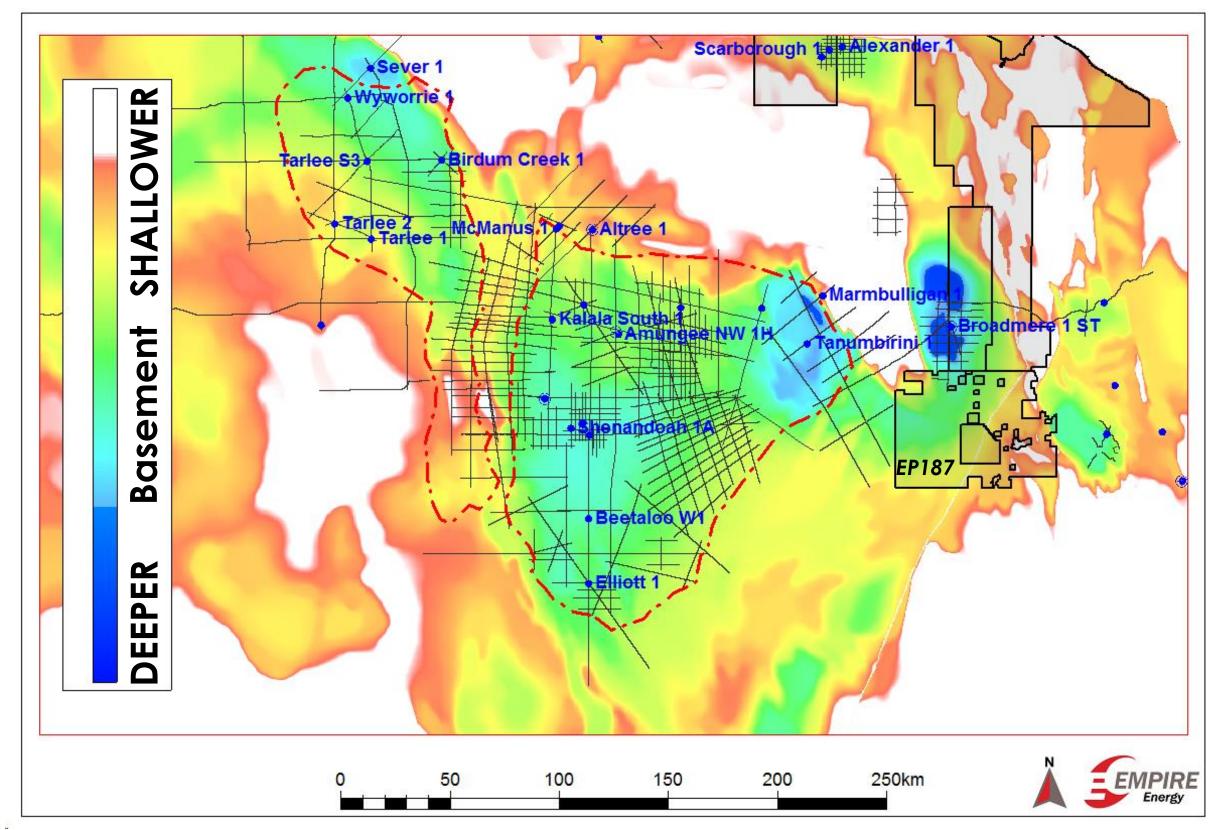
Beetaloo Sub-basin Eastern Extent



# 2019 Beetaloo Sub-basin Boundary Empire Emergy



#### 2019 Beetaloo Sub-basin Boundary over SEEBASE depth to Basement



2019 Criterion Outline constrained by

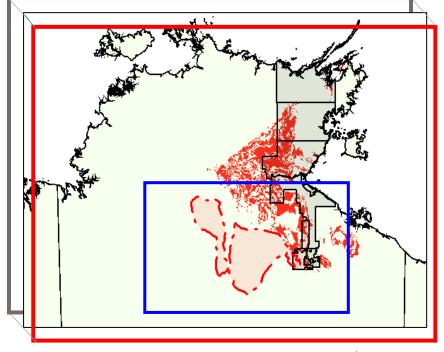
- 26 wells
- 96 seismic lines

### Geological Criteria

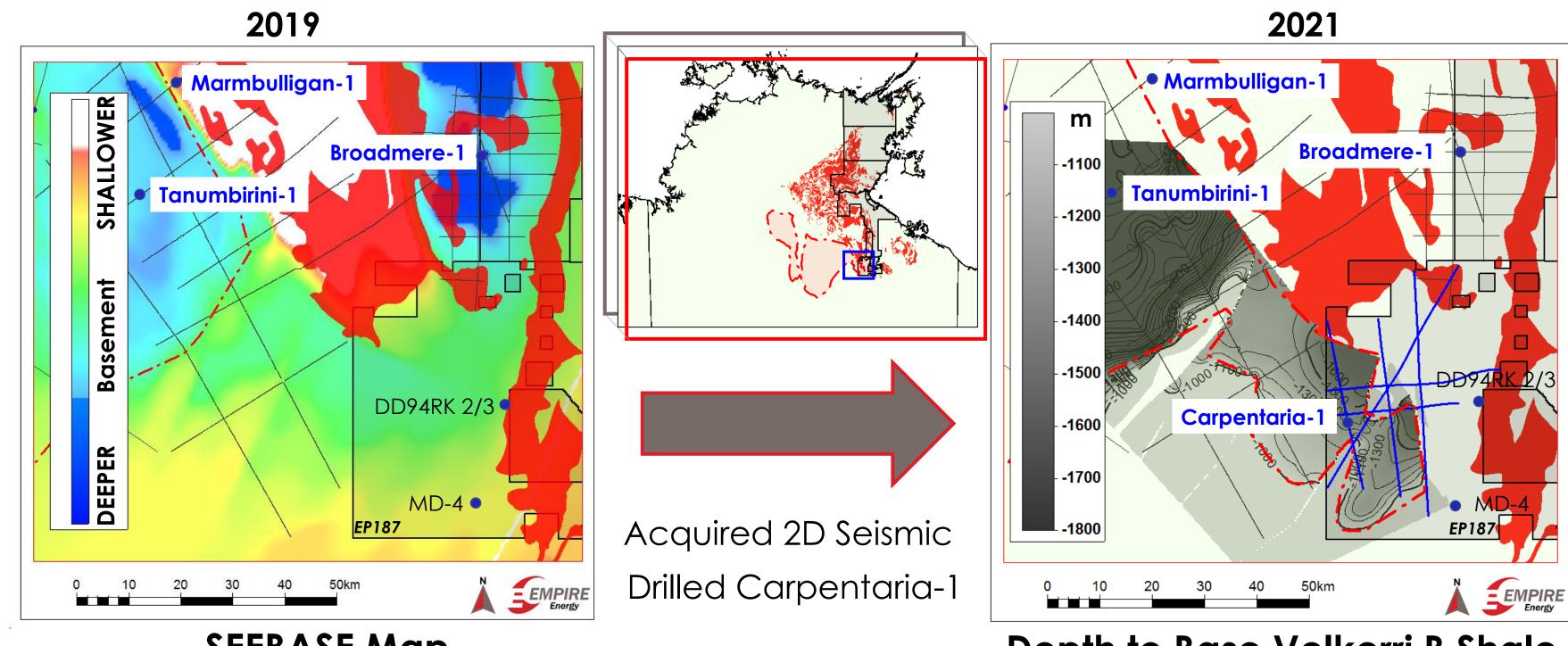
- Contains Kyalla Formation
- Contains Velkerri formation

#### Measurement Resolution Criteria

 Top Kyalla Formation 400 m below surface



# 2021 Beetaloo Sub-basin boundary Empire Emergy



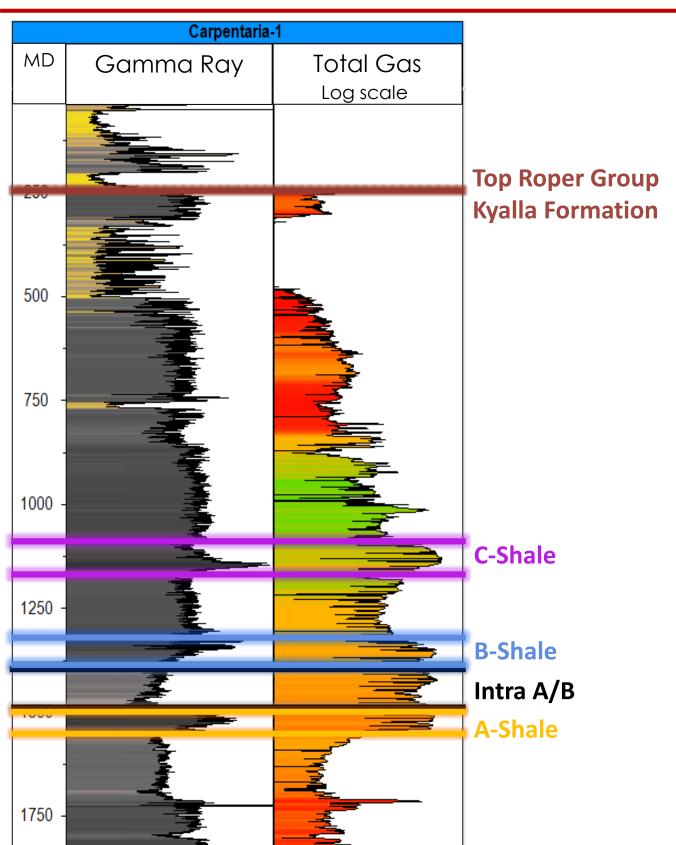
**SEEBASE Map** 

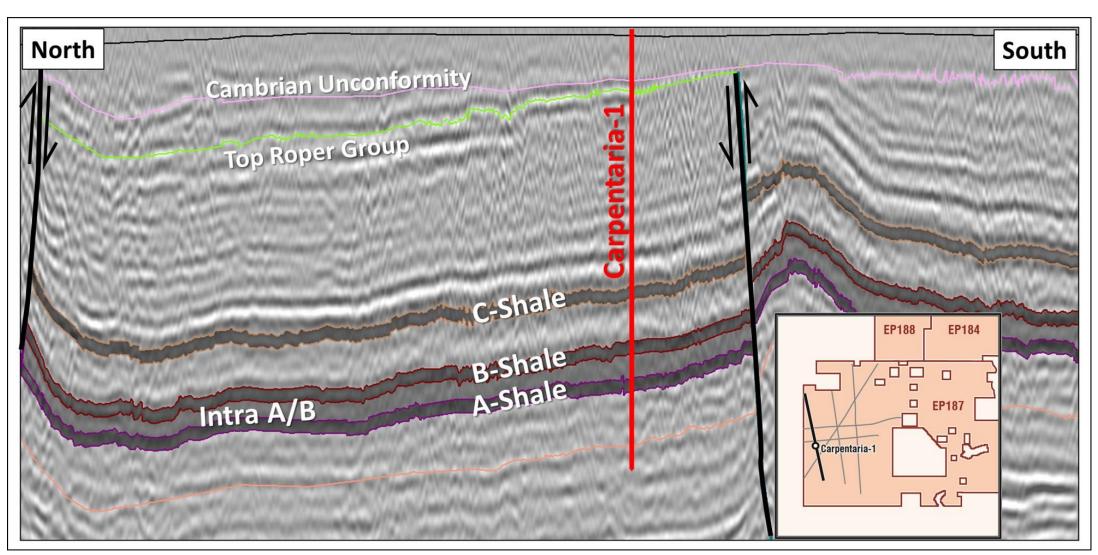
Depth to Base Velkerri B Shale



# Beetaloo Sub-basin Eastern Extension Empire



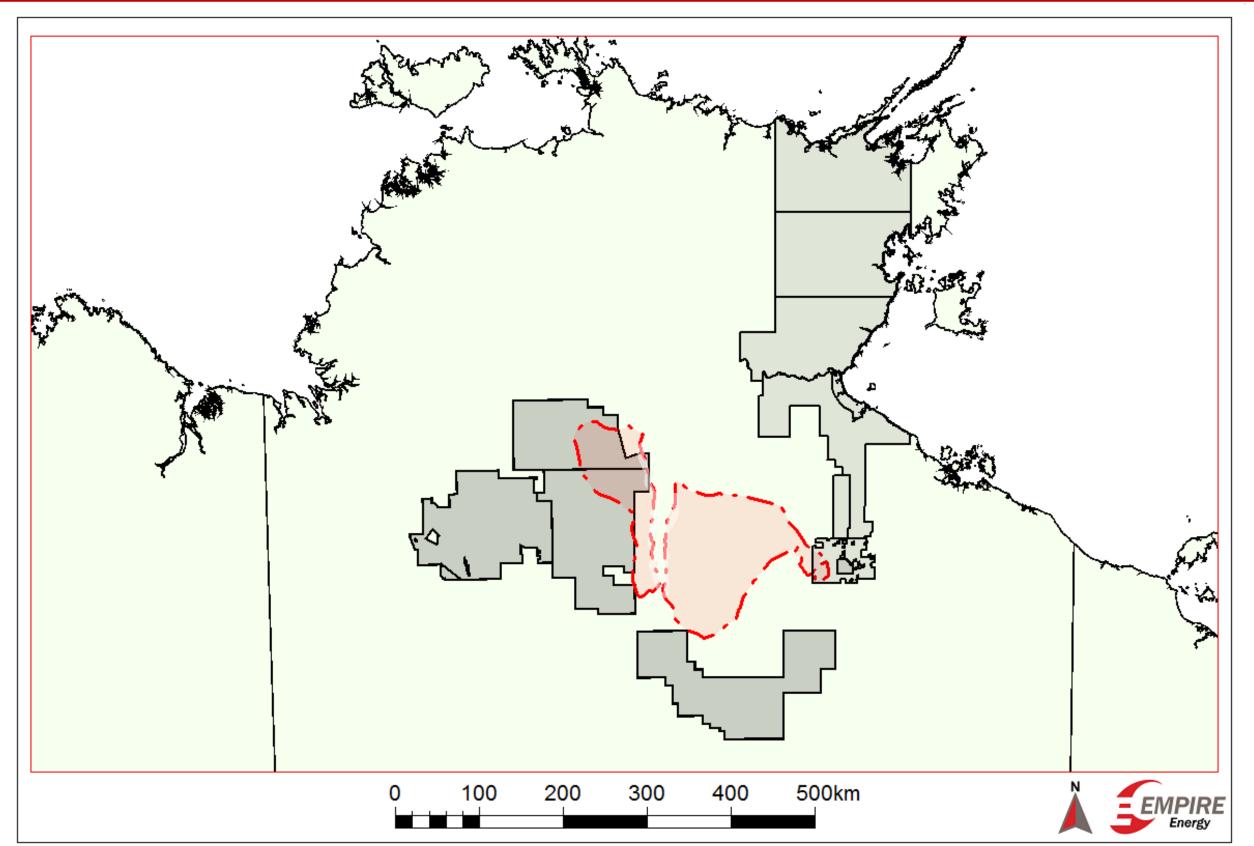




Seismic line 2019-04

### 2021 Beetaloo Sub-basin





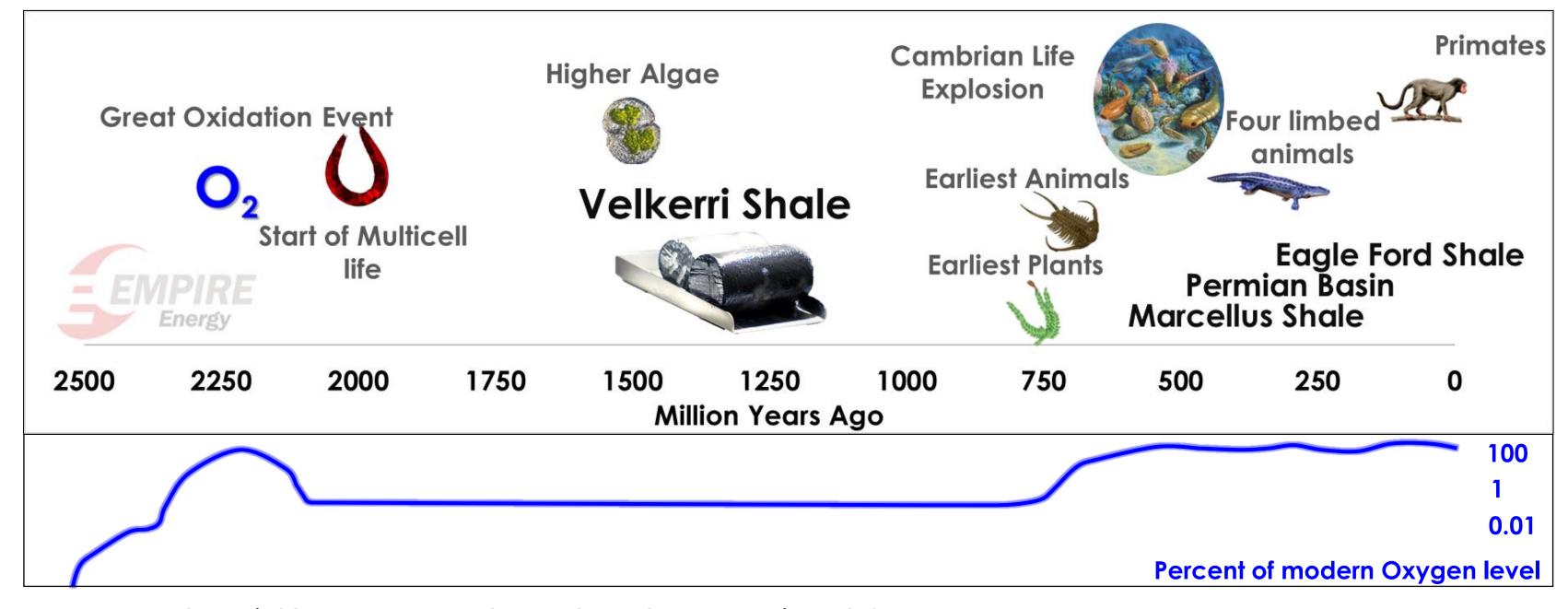


Thermal Maturity
Gas or Liquid Hydrocarbons or both



# Age of the source Rocks

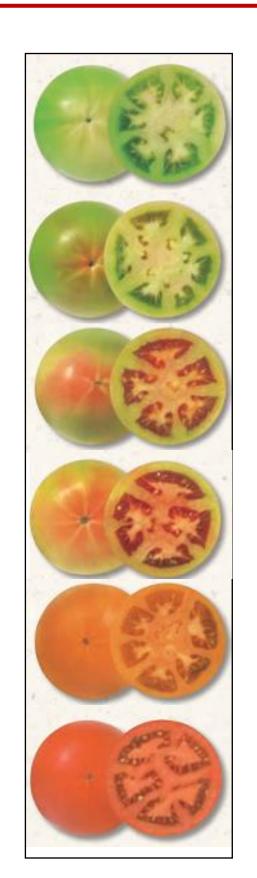




- Velkerri Shales much older than United States Analogues
  - Both productive USA and Velkerri shales are marine origin
- More simple organic material in the Velkerri shale source rocks due to age
- Velkerri Shales are well persevered due to lower oxygen levels at the time

### Thermal Maturity And Tomatoes



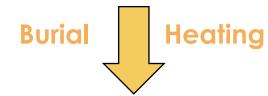




Generating Liquid Hydrocarbons difficult to produce in tight shales



Generating lighter Liquid Hydrocarbons



Generating mix of gas and liquid Hydrocarbons
Gas aids production with liquids improving economics
Focus is to determine the optimum ratio of gas and liquids



Generating and converting liquids to dry gas

# Measure of Thermal Maturity - shale Emergy



Vitrinite Reflectance %	Zone of Hydrocarbon Generation and Destruction		Conodont Alternation Index (TAI)	Tmax DegC	Solid Bitumen Reflectance
0.2 0.3 0.4 0.5 0.6	Oil Generation Peak Oil	- + 2	1	425	0123456
0.7 0.8 0.9 1 1.2 1.35	Generation  Peak Wet  Gas	+ 3	2	450	
1.55 1.5 2 2.5	Peak Dry Gas	- + - 4	3	475 500	
3 4 5		+ 5	5		

- Measures the rocks directly
- Methods proxy to Vitrinite Reflectance
  - plant based source rock
- Calibrated on limited datasets 1 billion years younger than the Beetaloo Sub-basin

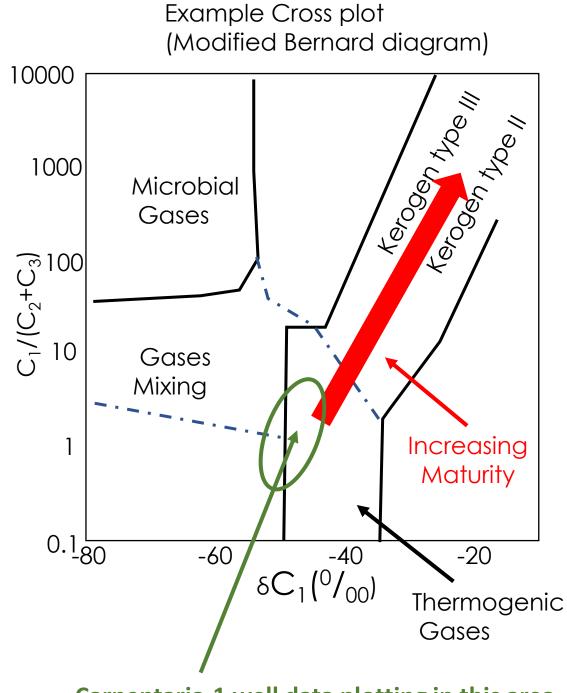


# Measure of Thermal Maturity - gas





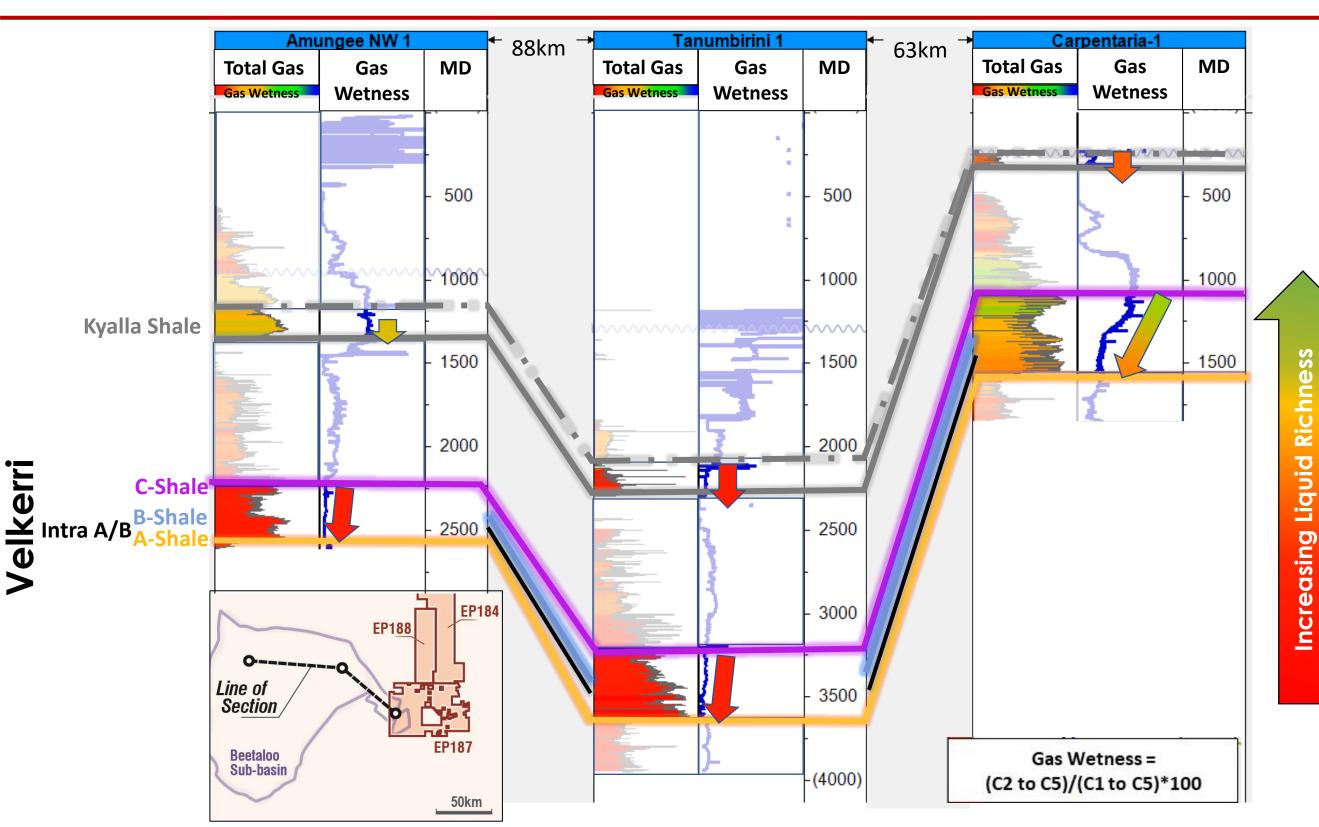
- Method measures the gas directly for thermal maturity
- Captures mudgas samples whilst drilling over regular depth intervals
- Analysis of carbon isotopes provides a proxy for thermal maturity
- Tied back to direct rock measurements
- Calibrated on limited datasets 1 billion years younger than the Beetaloo Sub-basin



Carpentaria-1 well data plotting in this area

# Liquids Rich Gas at Shallower Depths Empire

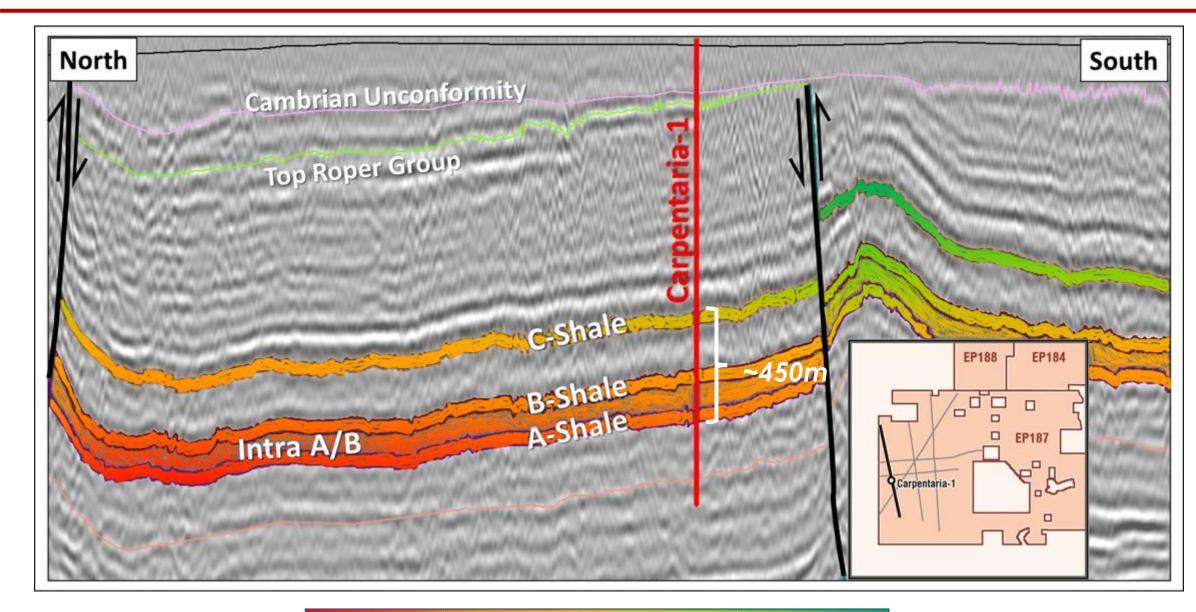




- Mudgas wetness ratios displayed
- Future production testing required to calibrate the interpretation
- With depth and thermal maturity gas becomes dryer with depth
- Liquids to gas gradient is observed in the Carpentaria-1 well
- This gradient likely changes spatially with different burial histories and temperature

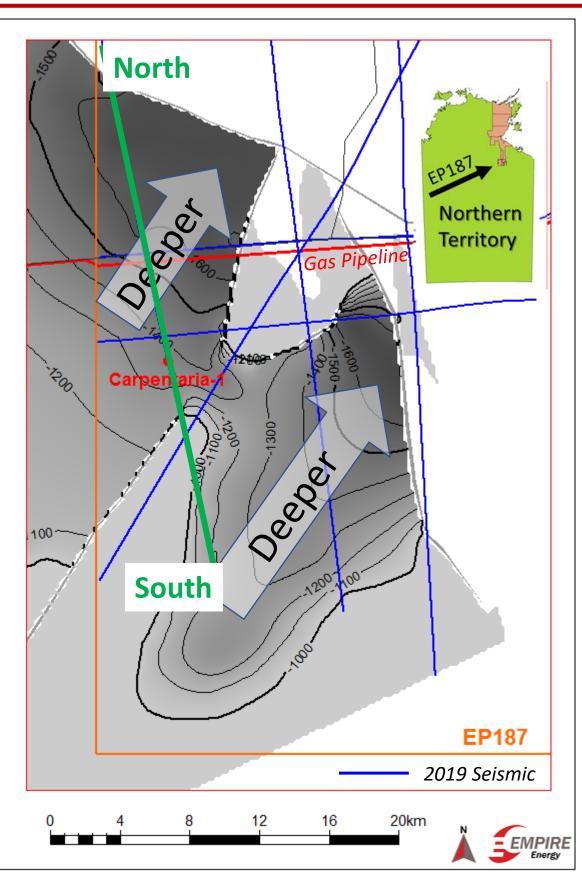
# Why we want to know thermal maturity?





### DRYER ( Hydrocarbons LIQUIDS

- Velkerri stacked Shale play
- We need to come up with a method of predicting gas and liquids ratios away from well control
- Shopping list of liquids rich gas targets



# Key Takeaways



1. Eastern boundary of the Beetaloo Sub-basin shown to extend to the east

2. Liquids rich mud gas observed in the stacked Velkerri shale at Carpentaria-1 provides multiple target options

