	RENNER SPRINGS & HELEN SPRINGS 1:20,000 SCALE MAPPING UNITS					
	TSB, V1.8, 4 March 2010					
Notes						
All mapping units are descriptive and were summary of the dominant exposed rock type	e defined using descriptive criteria only. Lithological descriptions a e.	are based on field observations only and are a				
Mapping units are not in stratigraphic order	between marked boundaries.					
Mapping unit codes are explained in the acc	companying report.					
Where bedrock geology can be interpreted t	hrough relatively thin Quaternary cover (alluvium, colluvium, talus,	calcrete) it has been mapped as bedrock.				
Equivalent Northern Territory Geological St	urvey (NTGS) Proterozoic lithostratigraphic units are approximate.					
Background Colours	Lineaments	Minor Fold Axes				
Mn mineralisation	F Fault, fracture, aerial photograph lineame	ent Anticline axial trace and plunge direction				
Clay rich, commonly strongly weath	hered QV Quartz vein					
Fe bearing and Fe altered	Aerial Photograph Bedding Dips	Anticline axial trace				
Si and Fe altered	↗ 0-15°	Syncline axial trace and plunge direction				
Si altered, post diagenesis						
Relatively unaltered	✓ 15°-45°	Syncline axial trace				
	Quaternary					
QuA Alluvium, colluvium, talus	s, calcrete (undivided). Associated with active sedimentary systems.					
	Unconformity —					
	Tertiary?					
TC Cobble conglomerate. Stro Cretaceous deposits.	ongly ferruginous clasts up to 20 cm across in a granular to very coar	rse-grained ferruginous matrix. Associated with				
	Unconformity or Weathering Profile					
	Cretaceous?					
CcM Sandstone overlain by ferr	uginous shale. Shale has been lateritised.					
	CcS Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone, lesser siltstone, local basal conglomerate (CcC). Commonly ferruginous and lateritised. Locally capped by reworked ferruginous gravel (Tertiary?).					
CcC Conglomerate, at base of Cretaceous succession Mostly a lag of sandstone cobbles and boulders. Rare in situ exposures of sandy conglomerate. Clasts commonly > 50 cm across.						

	Unconformity Unconformity Present around the areas mapped. Basalt, sandstone, peperite.		
	Uncon RENNER SPRINGS AREA	formity	HELEN SPRINGS AREA Renner Group
RRS	Coarse- to medium-/fine-grained sandstone. Flat thinly bedded to flat laminated. Mudflake breccias, minor cross bedding. Renner Group sandstone (Stratigraphic position uncertain; NTGS Grayling Member).	HRM HRS	Dolomitic? fine-grained sandstone to siltstone. Parallel laminated (Stratigraphic position uncertain; not mapped by NTGS). Sandstone. (Stratigraphic position uncertain; NTGS Gleeson Formation).
RRdS	Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Locally very coarse- and fine-grained. Commonly cross bedded, sets 5-20 cm thick. Local granule quartz conglomerate bed(s). Contact with underlying units not seen therefore stratigraphic relationships uncertain. (NTGS Powell Fm).	HR2eSFe HR2eS HR2dSFe	 Ferruginous HR2eS (NTGS Powell Fm). Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone, locally coarser. Commonly cross bedded, sets 5-20 cm thick. Local mudflake breccias and symmetrical ripple marks. (NTGS Powell Fm). Ferruginous granule conglomerate to fine pebble conglomerate. Rounded quartz grains 2-5 mm with local larger clasts typically 5-10 cm, up to 20 cm Plus laminated to thinly bedded medium- to very fine-grained sandstone to the pebble conglomerate.
RRcS	Medium- to fine-grained sandstone. Basal coarser sandstone to pebble conglomerate. Mostly thinly parallel bedded. (Not mapped by NTGS; Baralandji Fm?).	HR2cSXFe HR2cS	mudstone. (Approximate base of NTGS Powell Fm). Brecciated, ferruginous HR2cS. (NTGS Grayling Member). Very coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Thinly parallel bedded and thinl cross bedded. (NTGS Grayling Member).
RRbS	Very coarse-grained granular sandstone, commonly pebbly. Very coarse- to coarse grained non pebbly sandstone. Mostly cross bedded (sets typically 10-40 cm, up to >100 cm). Local sandy pebble to cobble conglomerate. (NTGS Gleeson Fm).	HR2bM HR2bS HR2aS HR1bSFe HR1bS	Laminated micaceous fine-grained sandstone to siltstone (NTGS Graylin Member). Very coarse-grained sandstone. Cross bedded, sets up to 80 cm (NTG Gleeson Formation). Sandstone, pebbly sandstone, local pebble conglomerate units up to 1.5 m thick. Sandstone varies from medium- to fine-grained to granular very coarse-grained. Coarser grained sandstone is cross bedded (sets up to 20 cm) and locally pebbly. Finer grained sandstone is parallel bedded with mudflake breccias and symmetrical ripple marks. (NTGS Gleeson Fm). Unconformity HR1-2aS Mostly granular very coarse-grained sandstone. (NTGS Gleeson Fm). Mostly granular very coarse-grained sandstone. Commonly pebbly to cobbly. Commonly medium cross bedded. Possible cross bed set up to
RRaS	Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone, locally finer grained. Mostly thinly parallel bedded, locally thinly cross bedded. Symmetrical ripple marks, rare desiccation cracks. (Includes NTGS Gleeson Fm and Willieray Fm).	HR1aS	2 m near base. Local pebbly to cobbly conglomerate horizons up to 1 m thick. (NTGS Gleeson Fm). Granular very coarse-grained sandstone. Parallel bedded (NTGS Gleeson Fm). Unconformity Namerinni Group Package 3
RN4MSFeMn RN4MSCy RN4MSDCt RN4DS	Namerinni Group Package 4ProteFerruginous very fine-grained sandstone to siltstone. Brecciated in places and locally manganese stained. Cut by massive manganese "pods" (1–10 m across) containing fragments of sandstone and siltstone. (NTGS Cretaceous).Fine- to very fine-grained sandstone, siltstone and mudstone. Commonly clay rich. Some cherty. Most strongly weathered. Mostly parallel laminated to thinly bedded, lesser medium bedded. Some wavy laminated/bedded. Some lamination/bedding is lenticular. Rare pebble conglomerate with pebbles up to 4 cm (mostly 2 cm). (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm).Cherty mudstone, cherty siltstone and fine-grained sandstone. Fine-grained sandstone to siltstone. Dolomitic sandstone. Massive dolomite. Most are parallel laminated to parallel thinly bedded. Rare stromatolites. Rare possible gypsum pseudomorphs (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm).Mostly sandy dolomite. Percentage of mostly medium- to fine-grained quartz sand component variable. Lesser dolomitic sandstone and massive crystalline dolomite. Rare stromatolites. Bedding weathers as 10–100 cm steps that are either structureless or have wavy discontinuous lamination. Commonly calcreted. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm).	TENDER HN3S	Coarse-grained ferruginous sandstone Wavy, parallel thinly bedded. (NTG
RN3MXMn RN3MXBMn RN3MCy RN3CtFe	Unconformity Namerinni Group Package 3 Massive manganese containing fragments of cherty mudstone and fine-to very fine-grained sandstone. Most clasts have no preferred orientation (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Bedding parallel manganese-mineralised horizon. Manganese contains fragments of sandstone, siltstone, mudstone, cherty mudstone and rare silicified stromatolites. Degree of manganese mineralisation and bedrock brecciation varies. Bedding retained by preferred orientation of clasts. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Strongly weathered laminated to thinly bedded fine grained sedimentary rocks. Essentially quartz and clay. Also includes relatively unaltered mudstone. (NTGS Cretaceous and Carruthers and Shillinglaw Fms). Ferruginous cherty mudstone. Parallel very thinly to thinly bedded. Some wavy lamination. Locally there are cavities on weathered surfaces (after dolomite?; NTGS Shillinglaw Fm).	HN3M	Willieray Fm). Siltstone. Parallel very thinly to thinly bedded. Locally ferruginous. (NTG Jeromah Fm, Willieray Fm).
RN3MXSiFe RN3SSi RN3S RN3DC RN3MCt RN3M	 Ferruginous, variably silicified mudstone and minor siltstone. Locally retains bedding which is either parallel or undulating, broken, and tapers and thickens long strike. Locally brecciated. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Silicified sandstone and chert pebble conglomerate. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Mostly medium-grained sandstone. Mudflake breccias and molds of tabular lithic clasts common. Symmetrical ripple marks and medium cross bedded units recorded. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Conglomerate. Clasts mm-sized to 20 cm, largest 50 cm, dominated by dolomite and sandy dolomite with lesser medium- to very fine-grained sandstone and siltstone. Beds 2 m to possibly 5 m thick. Becomes interbedded with coarse-grained sandstone upwards; base not exposed. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Cherty mudstone. Laminated to thinly bedded (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). Mudstone, siltstone, fine- to very fine-grained sandstone, lesser coarser grained sandstone. Fine grained rocks are commonly cherty. Mostly parallel laminated to thinly bedded. Mudstone locally structureless forming 20-100 cm "steps". Symmetrical ripple marks, silicified stromatolites, intraformational breccias and folds. (NTGS Shillinglaw Fm). 		
RN3MD RN2Mn RN2MFe	Very fine-grained sandstone, siltstone, mudstone. Probably dolomitic. Parallel laminated to thinly bedded. Halite pseudomorphs. Silicified stromatolites. (NTGS Carruthers and Shillinglaw Fms). Unconformity Correct Namerinni Group Package 2 Manganese containing fragments of laminated chert. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Ferruginous fine- to very fine-grained sandstone and mudstone. (NTGS Correcthers Fm)	elated	Inferred Unconformity Namerinni Group Package 2
RN2SXSi RN2MXSi RN2S RN2S RN2M	 Carruthers Fm). Medium- to fine-grained sandstone. Variably silicified, brecciated and quartz-veined. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Strongly silicified, locally brecciated fine grained sedimentary rock (sandstone, mudstone, dolomite?). Locally lamination to thin bedding and stromatolites preserved. Commonly cut by quartz veins that cross bedding and are parallel to bedding. Local calcite. Minor vein breccias, quartz cockade textures and secondary chalcedonic laminae. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Mostly medium- to fine-grained sandstone. Less abundant coarser and finer sandstone. Mostly parallel very thinly to thinly bedded. Common symmetrical ripple marks and mudflake breccias. Less common asymmetrical ripple marks. Rare pebble conglomerate and desiccation cracks. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Siltstone, mudstone (some cherty), lesser fine- to very fine-grained sandstone. Parallel laminated to thinly bedded. Rare ripple cross lamination and halite pseudomorphs. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Fine-grained sandstone, mudstone and dolomitic? mudstone Parallel very thinly to thinly bedded. (NTGS Cretaceous). 	HN2SXFe HN2SFe HN2MXFe HN2S	 Variably brecciated HN2S with a ferruginous sandy matrix. (NTGS Boot Fm, Jeromah Fm). Ferruginous HN2S (NTGS Carmilly Fm, Jeromah Fm). Ferruginous (variable) mudstone and chert. Wavy lamination to thin bedded. "Nodular" and poddy textures, bedding parallel brecciation. (NTG Bootu Fm, Carmilly Fm, Jeromah Fm). Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Local, but probably stratigraphical continuous, pebble to boulder conglomerate horizon(s) and pebbly granula to very coarse-grained sandstone. Medium cross bedded, common mudflak breccias, rare ripple marks. Locally brecciated, brecciated and ferruginou and ferruginous. (NTGS Bootu Fm, Carmilly Fm, Jeromah Fm). Laminated chert (silicified mudstone?; NTGS Carmilly Fm).
RN2D RN1SSi RN1S	Dolomite. Wavy laminated to very thinly bedded. Minor mudstone laminae. Minor silicification. (NTGS Carruthers Fm). Unconformity Corre Namerinni Group Package 1 Variable silicified RN1S. (NTGS Carmilly Fm, Jeromah Fm). Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Parallel very thinly to thinly bedded and medium cross bedded. Symmetrical and asymmetrical ripple marks common in lowest unit. Local mudflake breccias. (NTGS Carmilly Fm, Jeromah Fm). Base Not Seen –	HN1S	Unconformity? Namerinni Group Package 1 Coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Local mudflake breccias. (NTG Bootu Fm). Contact Not Seen, Unconformity?
	Prote	rozoic HTSFeMn HTSFe	Contact Not Seen, Unconformity? Tomkinson Greek Group Ferruginous sandstone. Cut by rare massive manganese "pods" (up to 4 n across). (NTGS Attack Creek Fm). Ferruginous coarse- to medium-grained sandstone. Parallel thinly bedded cross bedded, symmetrical ripple marks. (NTGS Attack Creek Fm, Boot
		нтѕ	 Fm). Very coarse- and coarse-to medium-grained sandstone. Mostly cross bedded (medium to thickly). Local mudflake breccias and minor pebbles. (NTGS Bootu Fm).