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Smith Street Mall  
Darwin  
Northern Territory 0800



**PR90/042**

**PETROFOCUS PTY LIMITED**

**ETINGIMBRA SOIL-GAS SURVEY  
JANUARY 1990**

**SURVEY SUMMARY**

**ONSHORE**

*SURVEY:  
MICROSEPAGE.*

*ASK JOHN*

DEPT OF MINES & ENERGY  
DO NOT REMOVE



**P00784**

## INTRODUCTION

Soil gas survey techniques are now being widely used by the petroleum exploration industry.

Anomalous concentrations of hydrocarbon gases were first reported above petroleum reservoirs in the 1930's (Laubmeyer, 1933; Sokolov, 1933; Horvitz, 1939). These results quickly lead to the development of techniques for use in petroleum exploration. In 1959 Sokolov summarized successful applications of the techniques in the U.S.S.R. as follows:

"Under favourable geological conditions, the proportion of correct predictions (from geochemical surveys) is rather high-about 70 percent. For instance, in the North Caucasus (Kuban), predictions made by gas surveys were confirmed in thirteen cases out of seventeen."

In the past, successful uses of geochemical techniques have been documented in the western literature. Results obtained by industry users in the course of normal exploration have commonly produced negative or, at best, equivocal results which have led the techniques to disfavour. In many instances the unsatisfactory results can be attributed to poor sample collection, storage, preparation and analytical procedures. Most importantly, however, results of many surveys have not been interpreted properly. There is, in general, a poor understanding of what can be expected from geochemical methods and, particularly, of their limitations.

Geochemical exploration techniques relies upon the vertical migration of light hydrocarbons that leak in trace amounts from petroleum reservoirs. The weight of evidence from reliable sources clearly demonstrates that vertical migration does, in fact, occur. It must now be conceded that light hydrocarbon gases do leak from at least some moderately deep to deep petroleum reservoirs and can be detected as microseeps located vertically above, or peripheral to, the surface projection of the reservoir as -

- (i) free gas in the soil or absorbed to soil minerals (Debnam, 1969; Devine and Sears, 1977; Horvitz, 1972, 1979; Jones and Drozd, 1983; Richers et al., 1982; Rock, 1984; Matthews et al., 1984), or
- (ii) as a chemical or mineralogical alteration of soil and surface rocks (Karstev, 1959; Donovan, 1974), or
- (iii) in vegetation as either morphological or chemical effects (Donovan and Dalziel, 1977; Richers et al., 1982; Rock, 1984).

In addition, case studies conducted by Petrofocus since 1980

show, without a doubt, anomalous concentrations of light hydrocarbon gases directly above or immediately peripheral to the surface projection of many known petroleum reservoirs in Australia and North America.

#### SURVEY TECHNIQUES

In Petrofocus surveys, soil gas samples are carefully collected from depths ranging from 0.5 to 1 metres using a probe of proprietary design. The gas samples are carefully collected in syringes and analyzed in a portable laboratory at a nearby motel or field camp. Samples are analysed for the light alkanes, methane through N-Butane by a gas chromatographic technique. The sensitivity of the chromatograph, as presently employed, is approximately 0.5 ppmv methane, 0.05 ppmv ethane, 0.02 ppmv propane, and 0.005 ppmv butane. The alkane concentrations of samples are determined by comparison with known concentrations in a specially prepared gas standard.

#### INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS

Because of differences in the proportion of oil and gas from reservoir to reservoir, and in the composition of the oil and gas phases, together with differences in reservoir parameters and in soil characteristics from region to region, an attempt is always made to carry out orientation surveys over known reservoirs as close as possible to the survey area. By comparing results from the survey area with those from the known reservoir, an estimate can be made of the type of hydrocarbons giving rise to the microseeps detected in the survey area. Estimates of the size of the hydrocarbon reservoir in the survey area are difficult to establish and can only be attempted within areas having closely similar reservoir and soil characteristics because the magnitude of an anomaly may be determined by the ease of the migration of gases from the reservoir, rather than by the volume of gas in the reservoir.

When an area is re-surveyed it is commonly found that the location and intensity of soil gas anomalies has changed somewhat. The reasons for this are not always simple, but commonly conditions under which the later surveys are conducted are different from those pertaining during the original survey. The greatest effects are experienced after substantial rainfall when soil gas concentrations are greatly reduced due to their being flushed out of the near-surface zone. Anomalous areas defined by the original survey are much subdued after rainfall but generally can still be distinguished over depressed background readings.

However, the interpretation of results of soil gas surveys is more concerned with the anomaly to background contrast rather than with the absolute magnitude of anomalies. Comparison with results obtained from over known reservoirs considerably facilitates interpretation of those obtained from survey areas, but when comparisons with known reservoirs in the same region is

not undertaken, estimates of the commercial significance of soil gas anomalies cannot be reliably given.

#### TECHNICAL REFERENCES

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Rock, B.N., 1984. Remote detection of geobotanical anomalies associated with hydrocarbon microseepage. Remote Sensing for Exploration Geology Conference, Colorado Springs, CO., April 1984. Environmental Research Institute of Michigan, p. 24.

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## INTERPRETATION

### 1. MCDILLS AREA

Seventysix (76) soil-gas samples were taken in the McDills anticlinal region. These consisted of three (3) east-west traverses and one (1) north-south traverse all along seismic lines shot in 1987.

Profiles showing the distribution of C2 to C4 along all 4 traverses are enclosed. Close inspection of these profiles shows that there are no clusters or anomalous high values on any traverse. Indeed C2 to C4 values are generally very low.

The highest concentration of C1 and C2 occurred at station 140 which was located close to the old McDill #1 well which is today a free-flowing artesian bore. This bore has created its own lake which is up to 1 mile long. We believe that the higher concentrations of C1 and C2 found at station 140 are associated with gas brought to the surface by the McDills artesian waters.

Slightly higher than average values of C1 and C2 also occurred at stations 136 and 137 located near the top of the McDills structure.

### 2. ETINGIMBRA AREA

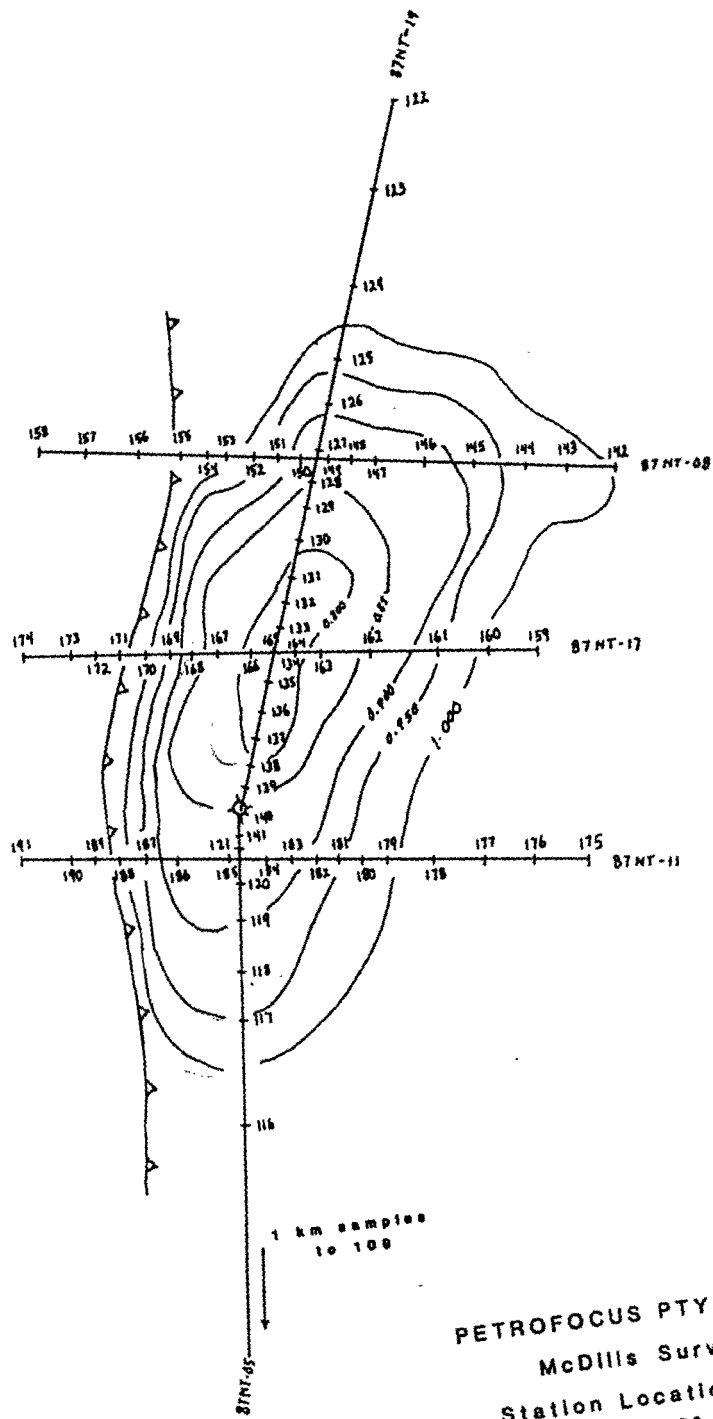
One hundred and twenty-four (124) samples were taken in the Etingimbra anticlinal area. These consisted of 4 traverses of samples taken along 1987 seismic lines.

Profiles showing the distribution of C2 to C4 values along these traverses are enclosed. Once again, no obvious clusters of anomalous C1 to C4 values were found to occur.

The east-west profile along seismic line 87NT-16 is of general interest. Here slightly higher concentrations of C1 to C4 occur in and around the fault that bounds the western side of the Etingimbra structure. These higher values were repeated during a traverse made on the last day of the survey (samples 192-200).

Some higher values of C1 to C4 also occurred near this fault on the seismic line 87NT-15 (station 72), and on seismic line 87 NT3 (stations 22-25).

From these results we conclude that there is probably still some leakage of mainly C1 and C2 associated with the fault bordering the west side of the Etingimbra structure.

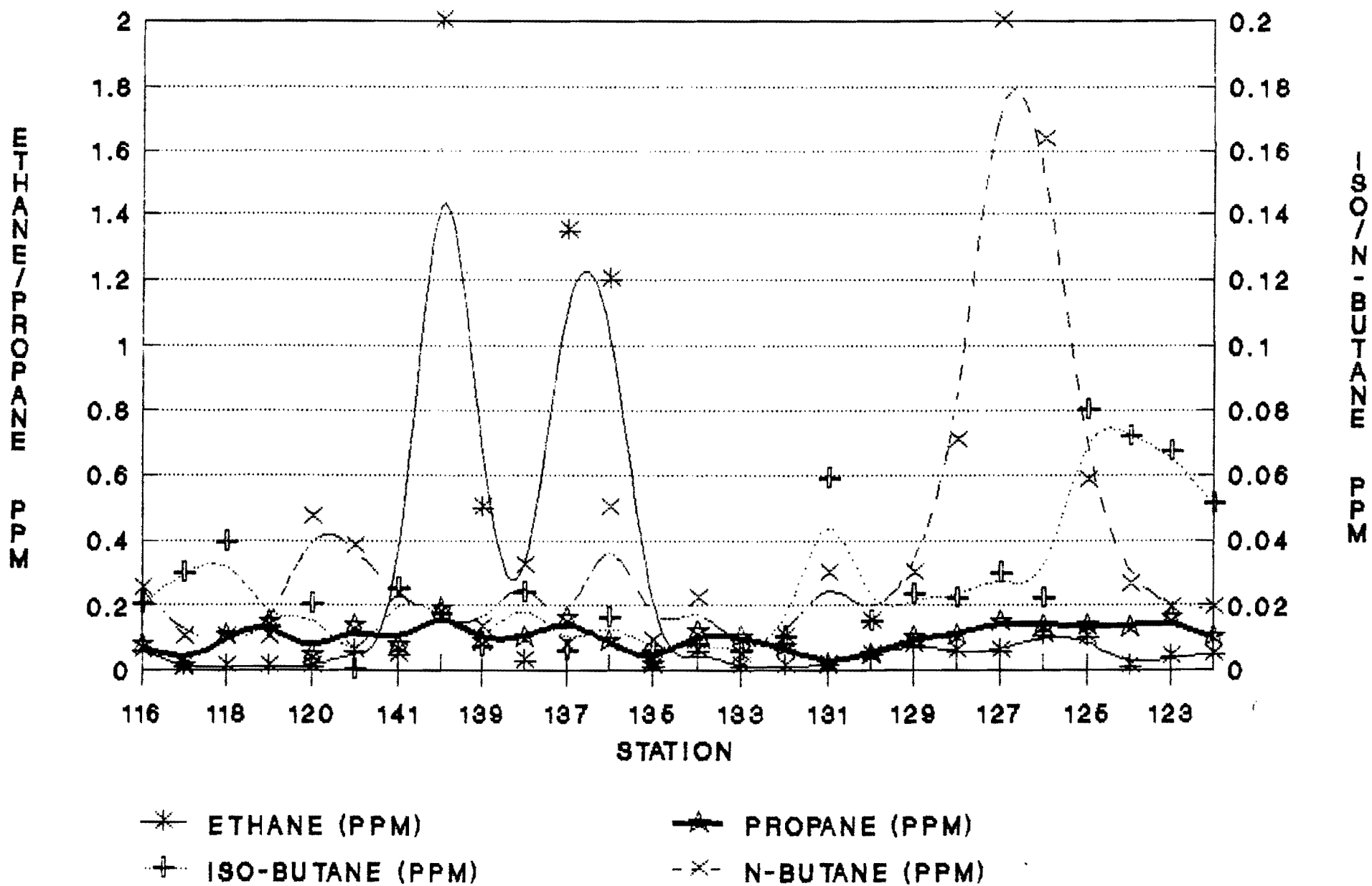


PETROFOCUS PTY LIMITED  
 McDills Survey  
 Station Location Map  
 (With Langra Sandstone Time Structure)

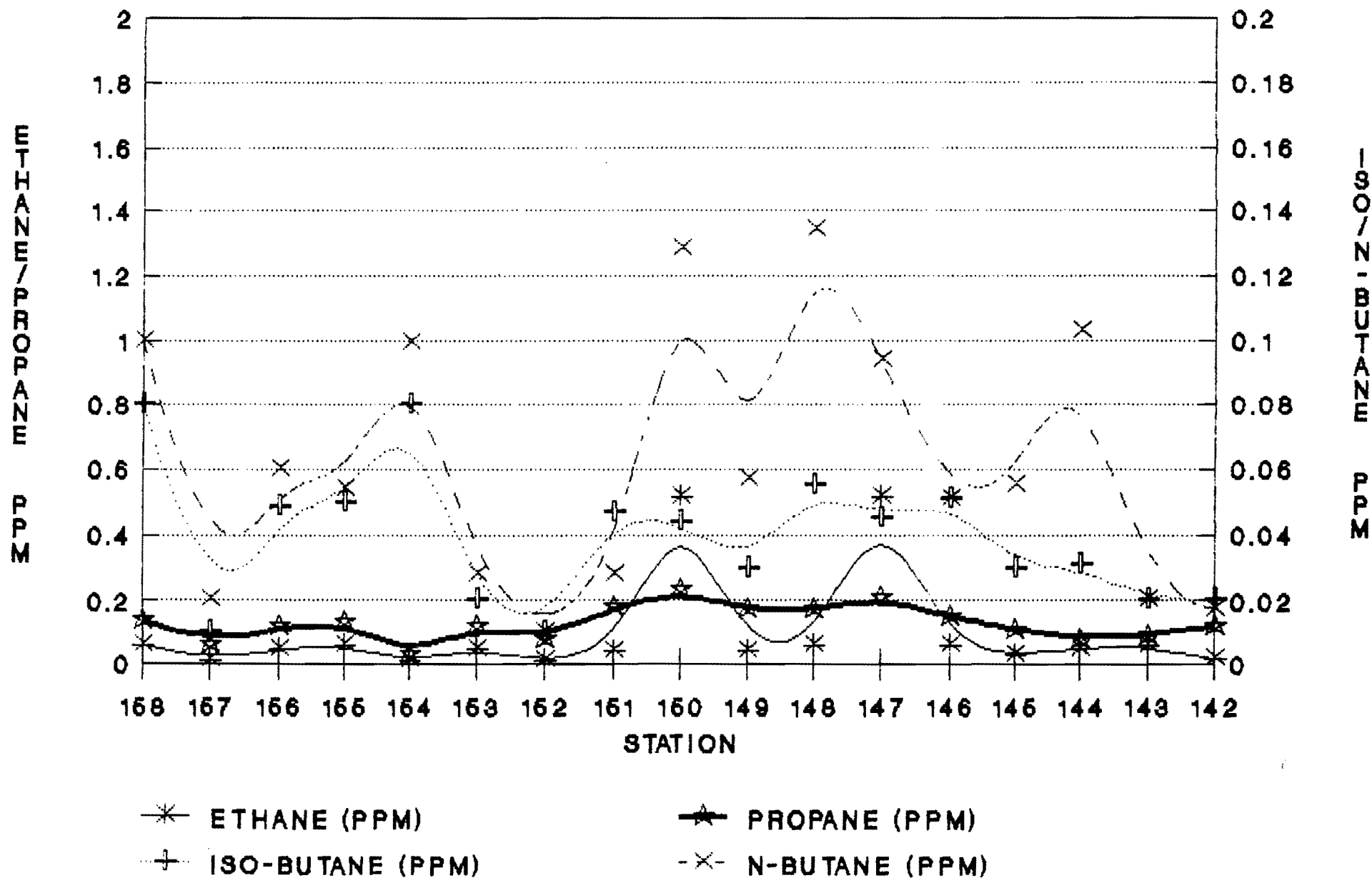
Jan. 1990



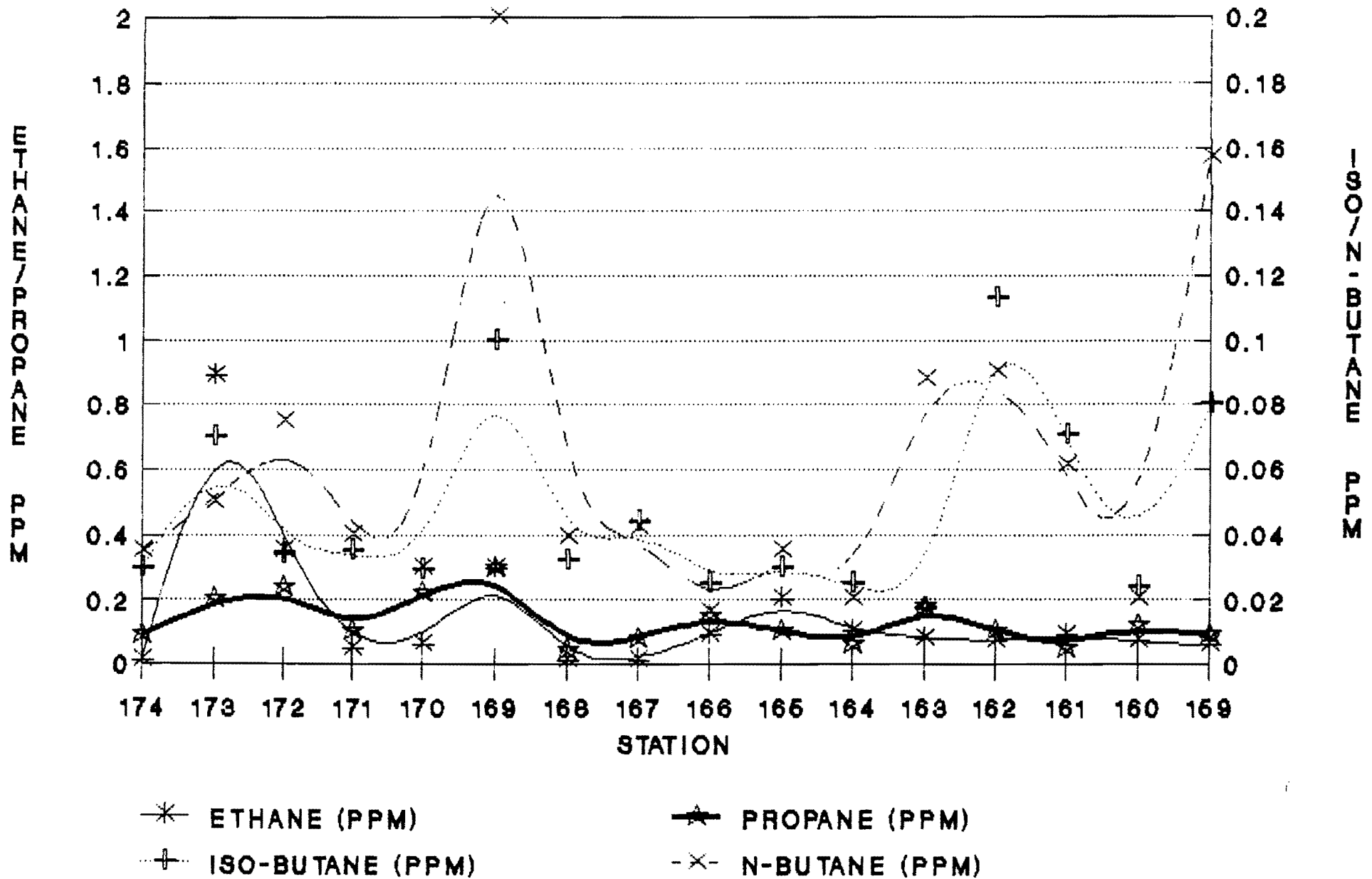
ACCIDENT INVESTIGATION COMPANY  
MCDILLS STRUCTURE  
N-S SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 116-141)



...DR... OF ER... COMPANY  
 MCDILLS STRUCTURE  
 E-W SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 142-158)

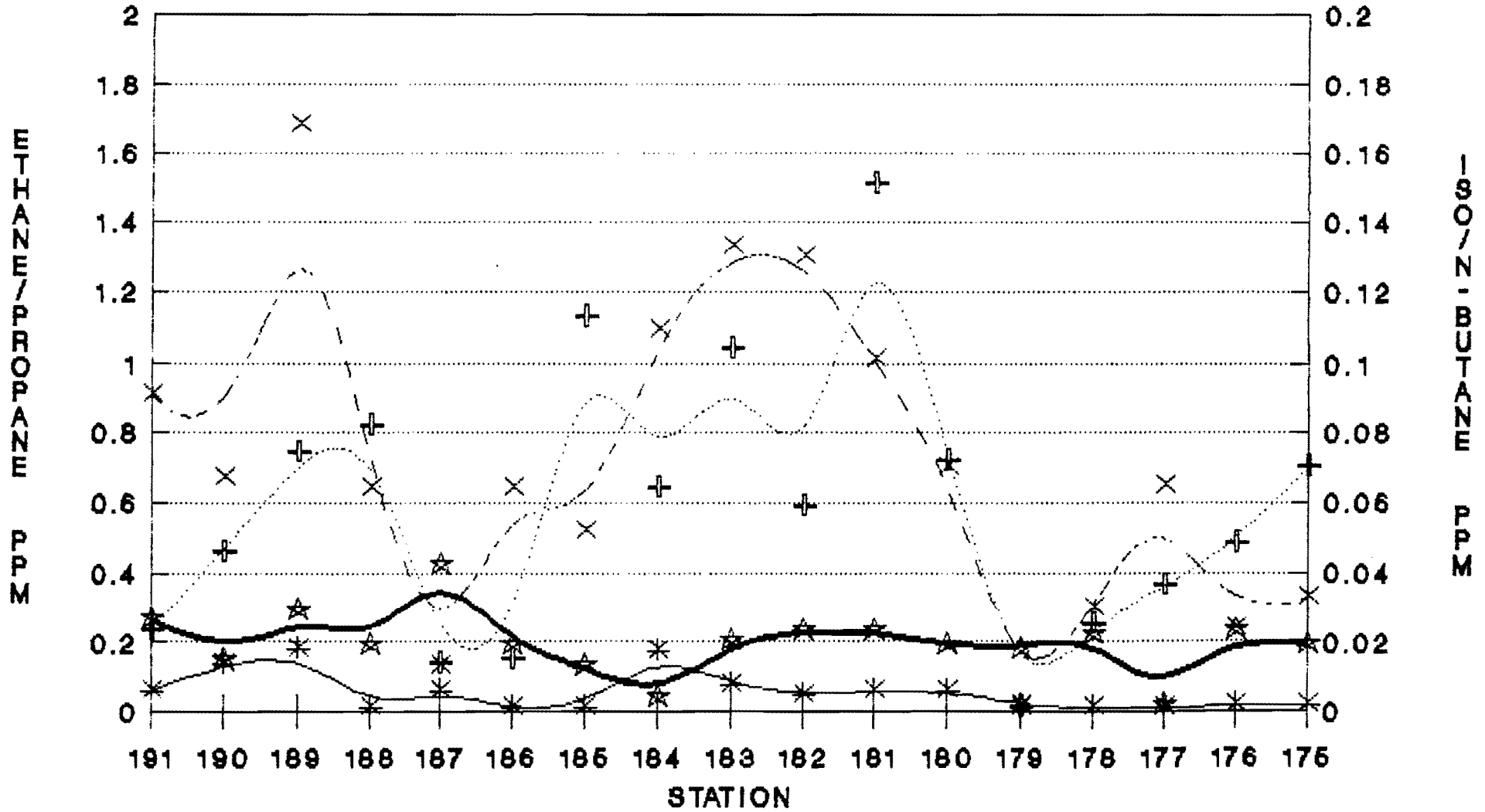


# MULLIS STRUCTURE E-W SOIL GAS PROFILE



SAMPLES TAKEN ON 1/18/90  
LEAST SQUARES CURVE

**HORIZON OPERATING COMPANY  
MCDILLS STRUCTURE  
E-W SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 176-191)**

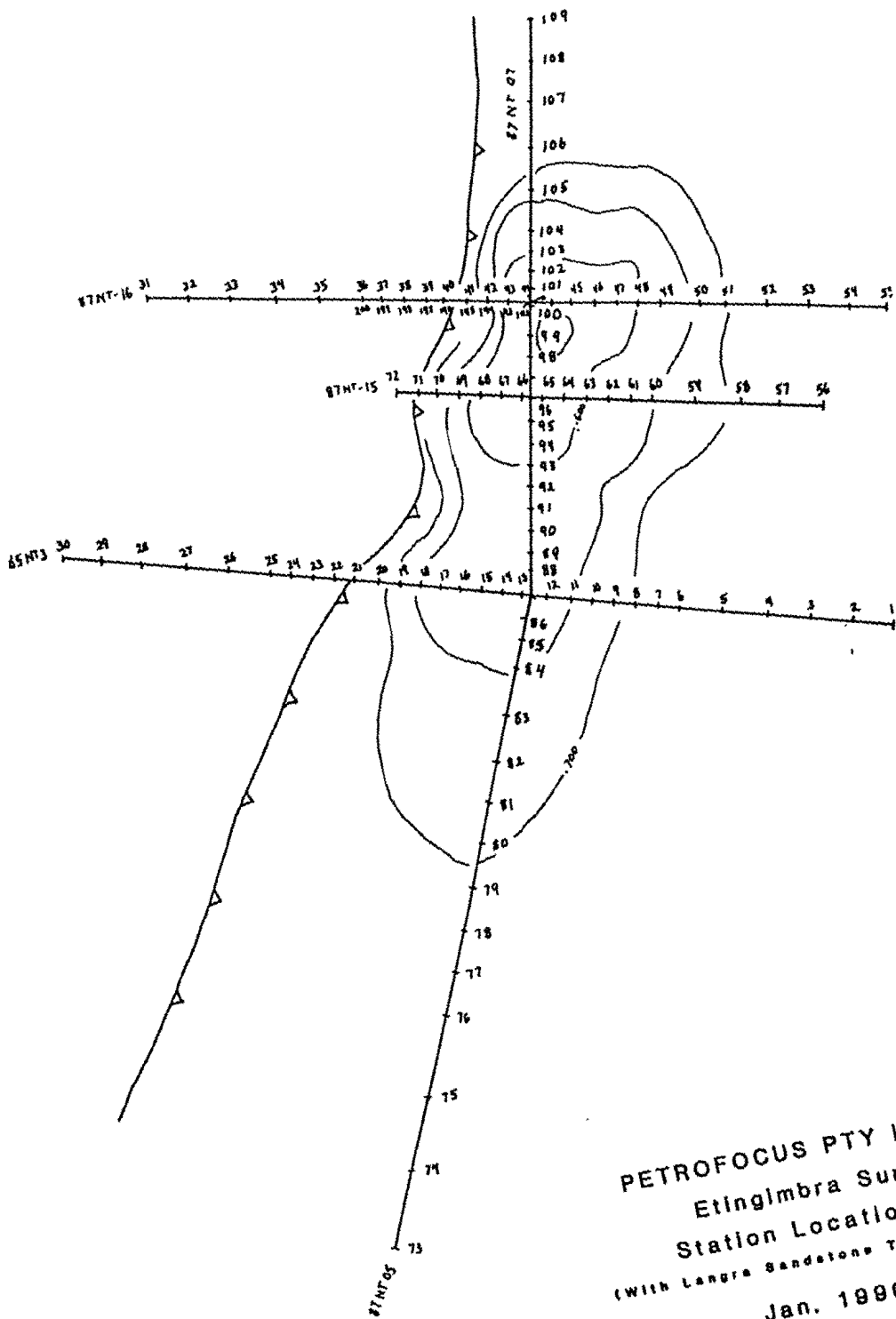


\* ETHANE (PPM)

★ PROPANE (PPM)

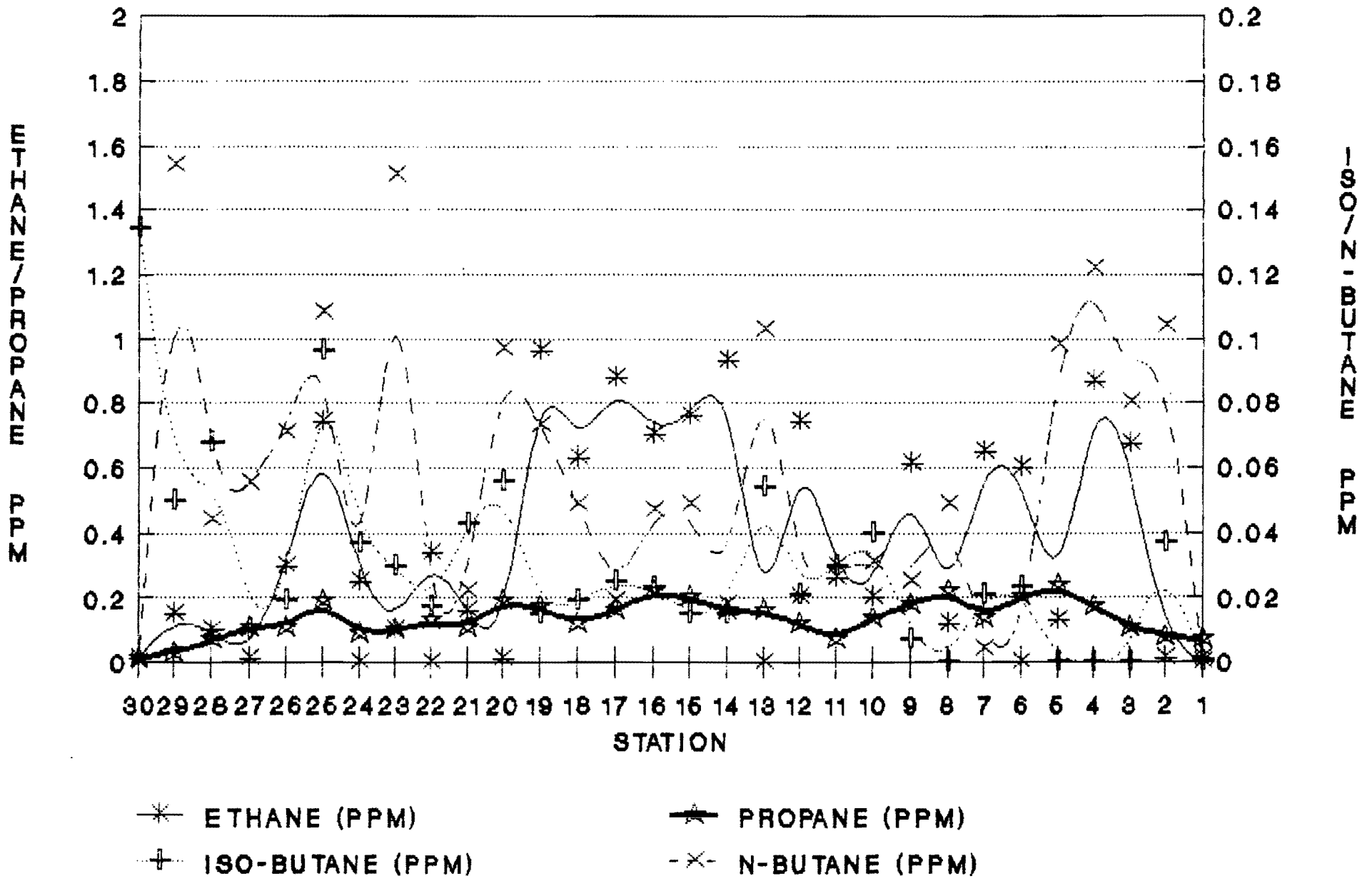
+ ISO-BUTANE (PPM)

-X- N-BUTANE (PPM)

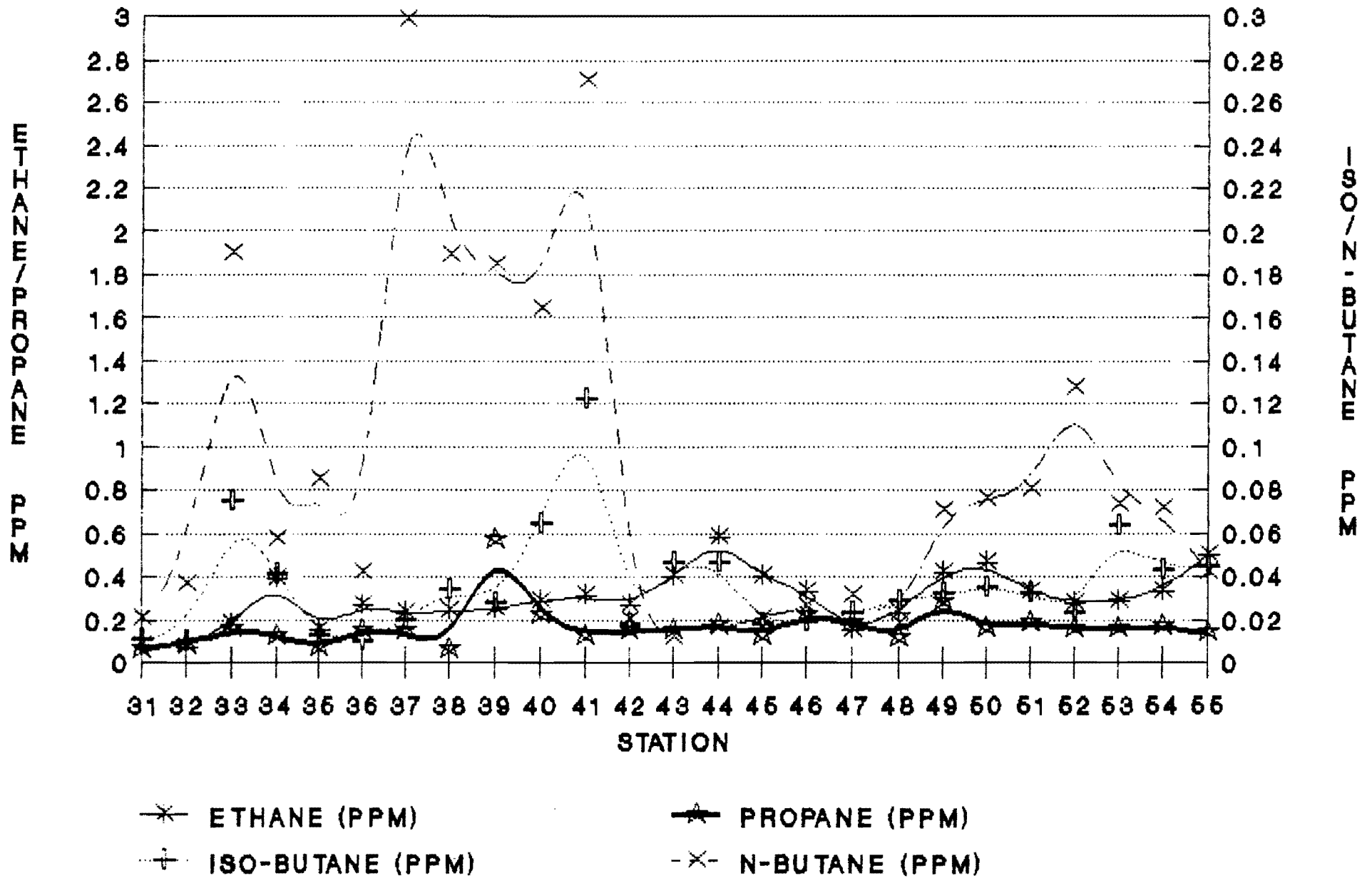


PETROFOCUS PTY LIMITED  
 Etingimbra Survey  
 Station Location Map  
 (With Langra Sandstone Time Structure)  
 Jan. 1990

ACQUAZO C. ELATING COM. AN.  
 ETINGIMBRA #1 WELL  
 SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 1-30)

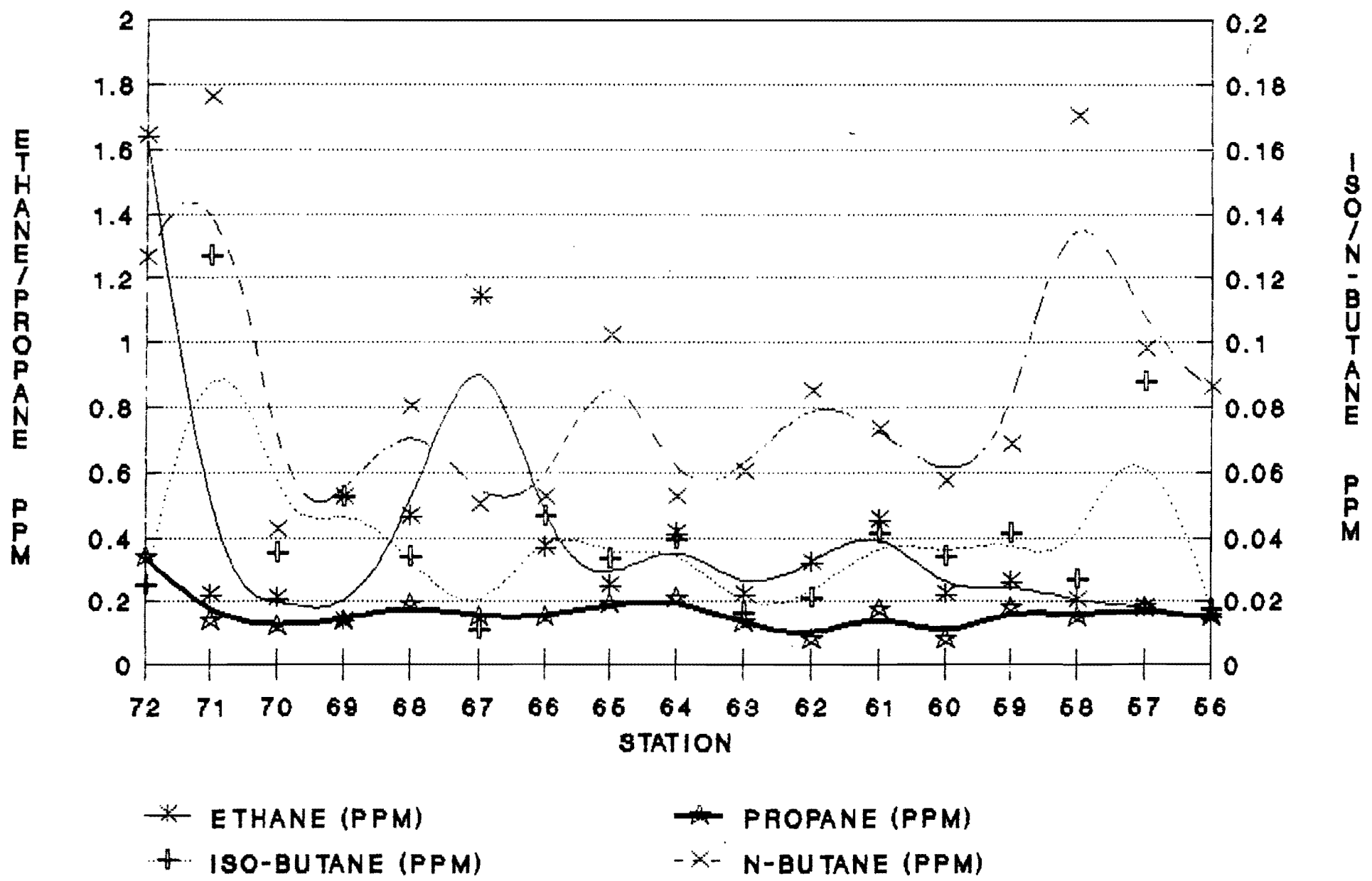


HORIZON OPERATING CORP., AT...  
**ETINGIMBRA #1 WELL**  
**SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 31-55)**



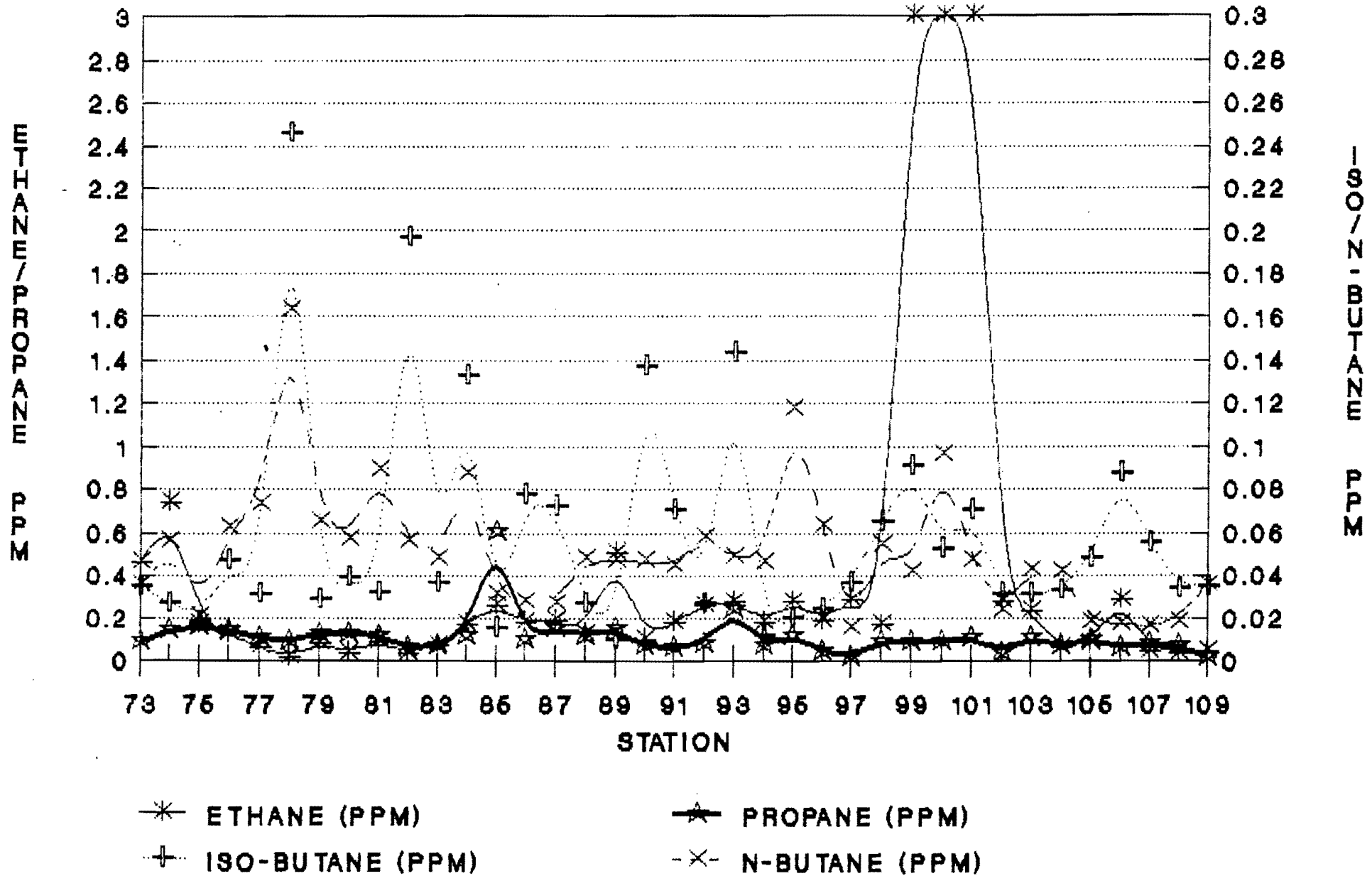
SAMPLER TAKEN ON 1/13/80

HORIZON OPERATING COMPANY  
 ETINGIMBRA #1 WELL  
 SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 56-72)



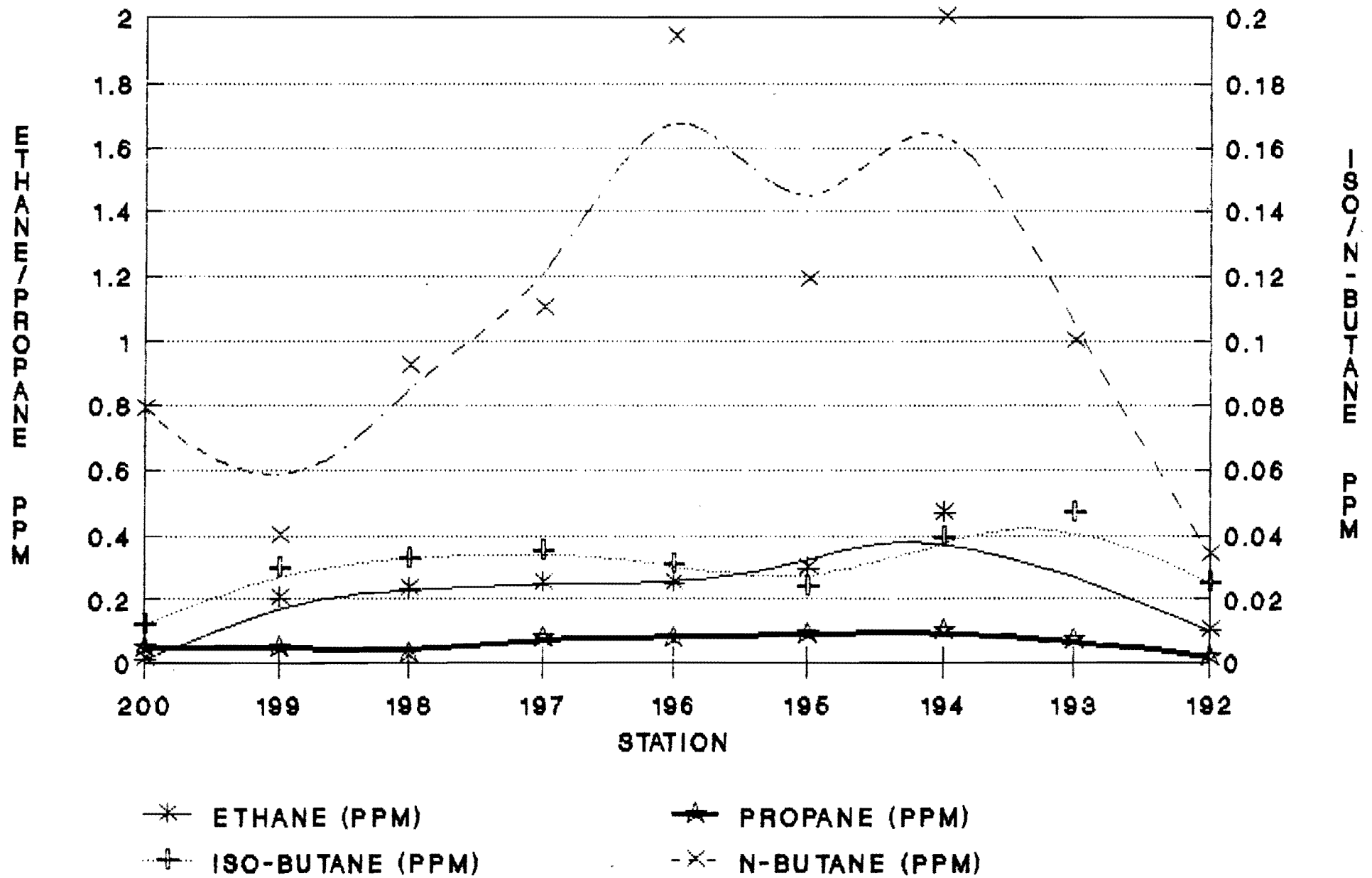


ETINGIMBRA #1 WELL  
 N-9 SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 73-109)



SAMPLES TAKEN ON 1/13/80

ETINGIMBRA #1 WELL  
REPEAT SOIL GAS PROFILE (SAMPLES 192-20)



SAMPLES TAKEN ON 1/17/90

WEATHER

# PETROFOCUS PTY LIMITED

44 Margaret Street  
Sydney NSW 2000  
Tel: (02) 290-3919

Client HORIZON  
Survey Area ETINGA W2A  
Line No. \_\_\_\_\_  
Date 12.1.90  
Operator BCF

CUR REAST  
VERY HUMID

11

SAMPLE NO.	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE		VEGET.
											Wet	Damp Dry	
P1										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
1	3.2	0.01	0.07	-	-	1	1	F	SAND	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	Silt. P	
2	5.3	0.01	0.08	0.037	0.104	2	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
3	6.6	0.67	0.11	-	0.080	2	1	S	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
4		0.87	0.17	-	0.122	2	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
5	8.0	0.13	0.24	-	0.098	1.5	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
6	10.2	0.6	0.20	0.023	-	1.5	1	S	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
7	6.5	0.65	0.14	0.021	0.004	1.5	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
8	9.1	0.12	0.22	-	0.049	2.5	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
9	15.6	0.61	0.18	0.007	0.025	2.5	1	S	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
F10										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
10	12.8	0.20	0.14	0.040	0.031	2.5	1	S	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
11	8.9	0.26	0.07	0.030	0.030	1.5	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
12	6.8	0.74	0.12	0.021	0.020	2.0	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#13	23.06	0.00	0.16	0.054	0.103	"	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#14	23.13	0.94	0.16	0.015	0.018	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#15	15.1	0.76	0.20	0.015	0.049	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#16	17.64	0.70	0.22	0.023	0.047	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#17	21.2	0.88	0.16	0.025	0.019	1.5	"	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#18	12.3	0.63	0.12	0.019	0.049	1	0.8	S	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
#19	16.0	0.96	0.17	0.015	0.073	1.5	0.8	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
P20	0.74									1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
20	0.74	0.01	0.19	0.05	0.097	2.0	0.6	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
21	3.9	0.16	0.11	0.049	0.022	2.0	0.9	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
22	10.9	0.34	0.13	0.017	-	2.5	0.1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
23	6.7	0.08	0.10	0.030	0.151	2.0	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
24	1.4	0.25	0.086	0.037	-	3.0	0.7	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
25	13.6	0.74	0.19	0.096	0.108	2.0	0.9	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
26	3.7	0.30	0.11	0.019	0.071	1.5	1.0	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
27	4.7	0.01	0.11	0.01	0.055	1	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
28	6.0	0.104	0.07	0.068	0.044	1	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
29	1.2	0.15	0.03	0.050	0.154	1	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
P30										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
30	1.1	0.01	0.01	0.134	-	1	1	F	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
31										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		

FAHNER

PETROFOCUS RESEARCH PTY LTD

44 Margaret Street  
Sydney NSW 2000  
Tel: (02) 290-3919

Client HORIZON  
Survey Area FINNAPARRA  
Line No. STNT-16  
Date 13-1-90  
Operator BCT

CLAR  
Sample/  
SLIGHT BREEZE

2/

SAMPLE NO.	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE		VEGET.
											Wet	Damp Dry	
31										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
31 <sup>1/2</sup>	7.0	0.08	0.06	0.011	0.021	2	0.9	S/E	Sandy	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	Spiral...	
32 <sup>1/2</sup>	2.4	0.07	0.09	0.01	0.037	5	1.0	F	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
33	17.4	0.18	0.16	0.075	0.190	1.5	0.9	F	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
34	12.4	0.39	0.13	0.041	0.057	1	.1	F	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
35	2.5	0.15	0.07	0.033	0.085	1.5	0.9	"	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
36 <sup>1/2</sup>	11.9	0.27	0.15	0.010	0.042	2.5	0.1	S/E	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
37	16.3	0.23	0.15	0.020	0.298	1.5	1	F	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
38	15.8	0.24	0.06	0.034	0.189	2.0	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
39	12.1	0.25	0.57	0.028	0.184	1.0	0.9	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
40	21.1	0.29	0.22	0.064	0.164	1	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
40	8.7		0.13	0.122	0.270					1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
41	8.7	0.21	0.13	0.122	0.270	1.5	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
42	12.0	0.27	0.15	0.018	0.020	2.0	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
43	17.6	0.23	0.15	0.046	0.012	2.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
44	5.0	0.58	0.18	0.036	0.014	3.0	0.8	F	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
45	10.5	0.40	0.13	0.018	0.021	1.5	0.8	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
46	9.7	0.33	0.22	0.019	0.026	1.5	0.9	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
47	6.8	0.15	0.19	0.023	0.031	2.3	0.10	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
48	6.4	0.23	0.12	0.029	0.018	2.4	1.0	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
49	12.8	0.42	0.29	0.032	0.070	3	0.8	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
50										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
50	14.3	0.46	0.16	0.035	0.076	1.4	0.9	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
51	12.8	0.33	0.19	0.032	0.080	2.0	1.0	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
52	2.4	0.28	0.16	0.023	0.127	2.0	1.0	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
53	6.4	0.29	0.16	0.063	0.073	1.5	0.9	F	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
54	4.6	0.33	0.17	0.043	0.071	1	1	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
55	13.6	0.50	0.14	0.045	0.042	1	1	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
56	6.7	0.15	0.15	0.017	0.026	1	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
57	6.2	0.18	0.18	0.058	0.098	1.5	1	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
58	11.8	0.20	0.15	0.027	0.170	3.0	1	F	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
59 <sup>A</sup>	22.1	0.40	0.24	0.065	0.056	2.5	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
59	11.7	0.26	0.18	0.041	0.068	2	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
60										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
60	1.1	0.22	0.08	0.034	0.057	2	0.8	S/W	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
60										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	

44 Margaret Street  
 Sydney NSW 2000  
 Tel: (02) 290-3919

Client \_\_\_\_\_  
 Survey Area \_\_\_\_\_  
 Line No. NTX7-15  
 Date 12-1-90  
 Operator PS

3/

AMPL#	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE		VEGET.
											Wet	Damp Dry	
1	16.4	0.45	0.17	0.041	0.073	2	1	S/W	S(W)	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	NTX	
2	6.1	0.32	0.081	0.021	0.035	1.5	1	F	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
3	15.8	0.22	0.126	0.016	0.060	1.5	0.9	F/S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
4	37.8	0.41	0.21	0.039	0.052	2.5	0.9	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
5	16.2	0.25	0.19	0.033	0.102	3.0	0.8	F	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
6	10.9	0.37	0.15	0.046	0.052	4	0.7	S/W	"	1 2 3 (4) 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
7	15.3	1.14	0.15	0.011	0.050	2	1.0	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
8	21.6	0.46	0.19	0.034	0.080	2	1	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
9	12.9	0.14	0.14	0.052	0.052	2	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
10										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
70	15.4	0.21	0.12	0.035	0.042	1.5	1	S/W	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
71	15.01	0.22	0.14	0.07	0.176	2.0	1	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
72	25.9	1.64	0.34	0.025	0.126	2.5	1	S/E	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
		87 NT	-05	14	-1-90					1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
P73										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
73	16.6	0.46	0.09	0.035	0.036	1.5	1	flat	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
74	20.2	0.74	0.14	0.027	0.056	2.0	1	flat	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
75	10.2	0.17	0.16	0.018	0.021	3.0	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
76	17.1	0.13	0.14	0.047	0.062	3.0	.9	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
77	17.2	0.06	0.11	0.031	0.073	2.0	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
78	20.7	0.02	0.09	0.246	0.163	0.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
79	18.5	0.08	0.13	0.029	0.065	1.0	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
80	6.3	0.04	0.13	0.039	0.057	0.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
81	10.9	0.09	0.12	0.032	0.049	1.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
82	1.7	0.04	0.06	0.147	0.056	0.5	0.8	"	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
P82										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
83	11.8	0.07	0.07	0.037	0.048	2.8	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
84	8.0	0.17	0.12	0.133	0.087	1.5	.9	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
85	12.7	0.26	0.61	0.015	0.031	1.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
86	7.9	0.18	0.10	0.078	0.028	1.5	.9	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
87	2.9	0.19	0.16	0.072	0.027	2	.8	"	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
88	4.9	0.13	0.12	0.027	0.048	0.5	.8	"	"	1 2 (3) 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
89	15.0	0.51	0.15	0.010	0.047	0.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
90	1.5	0.10	0.07	0.137	0.047	0.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
91	1.1	0.18	0.06	0.070	0.045	0.5	1	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
92	2.6	0.26	0.08	0.027	0.058	0.8	0.8	"	"	1 (2) 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	

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SAMPLE NO.	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE		VEGET.
											Wet	Damp Dry	
93	15.0	0.28	0.24	0.143	0.044	1.5	1	flat	red sand	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	Spruce	
94	11.3	0.18	0.07	0.012	0.046	2.0	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
95	29.4	0.28	0.12	0.020	0.118	.5	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
96	12.9	0.19	0.05	0.02	0.063	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
97	2.9	0.29	0.02	0.037	0.015	0.4	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
98	11.02	0.17	0.09	0.065	0.054	0.8	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
99	39.6	6.35	0.09	0.091	0.042	1.2	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
100	56.3	10.6	0.09	0.053	0.096	0.5	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
101	52.9	5.42	0.11	0.070	0.047	0.5	1.2	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
			15-1-90	87 NT		-07				1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
102	-	-								1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry		
102	27.7	0.28	0.04	0.031	0.023	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
103	30.8	0.23	0.11	0.031	0.043	1.5	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
104	18.5	0.06	0.07	0.033	0.042	1.5	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
105	10.8	0.08	0.10	0.048	0.018	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
106	12.5	0.29	0.06	0.087	0.017	3.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
107	1.7	0.05	0.08	0.055	0.016	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
108	1.0	0.04	0.07	0.034	0.018	0.6	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
109	5.8	0.05	0.02	0.035	0.036	0.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
110	18.9	0.06	0.12	0.021	0.037	0.4	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
111	3.0	0.07	0.10	0.051	0.040	1	0.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
P112										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
112	5.1	0.09	0.10	0.048	0.096	2.0	1	H	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
113	3.0	0.08	0.05	0.049	0.059	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
114	13.5	0.07	0.13	0.029	0.021	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
115	1.7	0.03	0.07	0.024	0.029	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
116	2.9	0.06	0.08	0.020	0.025	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
117	11.1	0.01	0.01	0.030	0.030	0.4	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
118	2.9	0.01	0.11	0.039	0.010	1.4	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
119	3.3	0.01	0.15	0.013	0.010	0.6	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
120	0.9	0.01	0.05	0.020	0.047	2.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
121	4.4	0.06	0.14		0.038	0.5	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
P122										1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
122	5.0	0.05	0.10	0.051	0.014	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
123	3.1	0.04	0.16	0.067	0.014	1.5	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	
124	3.4	0.01	0.13	0.072	0.026	2.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"	

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SAMPLE NO.	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE			VEGET.
											Wet	Damp	Dry	
125	2.3	0.10	0.14	0.080	0.054	.5	A	fl	ck	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
126	1.6	0.11	0.14	0.022	0.163	1.6	.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
127	1.7	0.06	0.15	0.030	0.206	1	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
128	4.3	0.06	0.11	0.022	0.071	0.6	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
129	1.5	0.08	0.10	0.023	0.030	1.5	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
130	1.7	0.05	0.05	0.015	0.015	.4	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
131	3.4	0.02	0.02	0.059	0.030	1.5	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
P132				16-1-90	87NF-19					1 2 3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	
132	1.0	0.01	0.07	0.010	0.010	1.6	0.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
133	1.0	0.01	0.10	0.006	0.005	1.0	0.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
134	10.6	0.06	0.12	0.008	0.022	3.1	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
135	1.0	0.01	0.02	0.006	0.009	0.4	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
136	24.8	1.20	0.09	0.016	0.050	0.5	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
137	30.3	1.35	0.16	0.006	0.008	0.6	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
138	19.7	0.03	0.10	0.024	0.032	1.5	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
139	17.9	0.50	0.09	0.007	0.013	3.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
140	50.0	0.77	0.19	0.017	0.016	2.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
141	1.8	0.05	0.08	0.025	0.023	0.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
142P	1.0	0.02	0.03	0.061	0.015					1 2 3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	
142	11.9	0.02	0.12	0.008	0.017	0.4	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
143	17.0	0.06	0.09	0.020	0.020	0.4	.4	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
144	8.0	0.05	0.08	0.031	0.103	0.7	.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
145	2.3	0.03	0.11	0.030	0.055	0.6	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
146	15.3	0.06	0.15	0.051	0.051	0.6	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
147	20.6	0.52	0.21	0.045	0.094	1.8	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
148	11.1	0.06	0.17	0.055	0.134	0.5	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
149	2.7	0.04	0.17	0.030	0.057	1.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
150	13.8	0.52	0.23	0.044	0.128	2.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
151	1.7	0.04	0.18	0.047	0.028	1.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
152P	0					0.7	.9			1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
152	2.1	0.01	0.08	0.010	0.010	0.7	.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
153	1.3	0.05	0.12	0.020	0.028	0.4	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
154	1.0	0.01	0.03	0.080	0.099	1.0	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
155	1.6	0.06	0.13	0.050	0.054	0.4	.9	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
156	2.3	0.05	0.12	0.049	0.060	1.2	1	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"
157	1.4	0.01	0.06	0.010	0.020	0.3	.8	"	"	1(2)3 4 5	Wet	Damp	Dry	"

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SAMPLE NO.	C <sub>1</sub>	C <sub>2</sub>	C <sub>3</sub>	C <sub>4</sub> ISO	C <sub>4</sub> N	DRAW	DEPTH	SLOPE	SOIL	COMPACTION	MOISTURE	VEGET
											Wet Damp Dry	
158	1.6	0.06	0.14	0.080	0.100	.6	.9	F	Red SAND	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	
159P						—	—	—	—	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	
159	1.8	0.06	0.08	0.080	0.157	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
160	2.0	0.07	0.12	0.024	0.020	1.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
161	1.1	0.09	0.05	0.071	0.061	1.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
162	1.1	0.07	0.10	0.113	0.090	1.5	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
163	1.7	0.08	0.18	0.019	0.088	3.4	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
164	1.0	0.10	0.06	0.025	0.020	0.3	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
165	3.4	0.20	0.10	0.030	0.035	1	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
166	2.0	0.09	0.15	0.025	0.016	0.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
167	1.0	0.01	0.08	0.044	0.042	1.1	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
168	1.0	0.01	0.04	0.032	0.039	0.6	7	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
169P						—	—	—	—	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	
169	8.9	0.30	0.30	0.100	0.200	3.6	7	H	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
170	1.6	0.06	0.22	0.029	0.030	2.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
171	1.2	0.05	0.10	0.035	0.040	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
172	1.7	0.35	0.24	0.034	0.075	2.8	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
173	1.5	0.89	0.20	0.070	0.050	2.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
174	1.0	0.01	0.09	0.030	0.035	0.6	.7	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
175	7.4	0.02	0.19	0.070	0.033	0.6	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
176	1.1	0.02	0.23	0.048	0.024	0.8	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
177	1.0	0.01	0.02	0.030	0.065	0.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
178	1.5	0.01	0.22	0.025	0.030	0.6	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
179P						—	—	—	—	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	
179	1.1	0.02	0.18	0.001	0.001	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
180	1.9	0.06	0.14	0.072	0.070	1.0	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
181	1.0	0.06	0.23	0.151	0.101	2.2	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
182	1.4	0.05	0.23	0.059	0.130	3.0	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
183	1.2	0.08	0.20	0.104	0.133	1.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
184	1.0	0.17	0.04	0.064	0.109	0.7	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
185	1.0	0.01	0.13	0.113	0.052	1.8	.9	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
186	2.0	0.01	0.19	0.015	0.064	2.2	.7	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
187	1.5	0.06	0.42	0.014	0.015	1	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
188	1.0	0.01	0.19	0.082	0.064	0.4	.8	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"
189	1.3	0.18	0.29	0.074	0.168	0.5	1	"	"	1 2 3 4 5	Wet Damp Dry	"



