

Truscott Mining Corporation
Ewan Edward Project
EL25/497
Annual Report for the Reporting Period
17/07/2007 to 16/07/2008

TRUSCOTT MINING CORPORATION LTD

(ABN 31116 420 378)



EWAN EDWARD PROJECT

REPORT NUMBER

ANNUAL REPORT FOR THE PERIOD

17th July 2007 TO 16th July 2008

EXPLORATION LICENSE EL25/497:

TENNANT CREEK REGION

1:250 000 SHEET TENNANT CREEK SE-14

1:100 000 SHEET TENNANT CREEK 5759

Author: Ivan Henderson

Date Due: 15th August 2008

Report No: EL25/497_2008_A_Report

Copies: Tennant Creek

West Perth:

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LIST OF DIGITAL FILES

File Name	Description	No of Records
EL25497_2008_A_06_Rockchips_SG1.dat	Rock Chip Assay & Location Data	13
E25497_2008_A_Gravity.dfn,	Ground Gravity Definition	
E25497_2008_A_Gravity_SD,	Ground Gravity Data	
E25497_2008_A_Gravity_.des"	Ground Gravity Description	

1. SUMMARY

This report details exploration undertaken during the twelve month reporting period between 17th July, 2007 and 16th July, 2008 for the Exploration License EL25/497.

The tenement covers an area of 12.7km² and is located approximately 25km east of Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory.

Exploration carried out on EL25/497 in the year ended July 16th 2007 included:

- Data Acquisition & Compilation
- 1: 20 000 Geological Mapping
- Rock Chip Sampling
- Ground Gravity Survey

Table 1 summarizes the exploration activities completed during the reporting period.

Table 1 Summary of Exploration Activities

Tenements	Sampling	Drilling	Geophysics	Mapping
EL25/497	Rock Chips (13)			1:20 000

A copy of this report “***EL25497_2008_A_Report***”, figures, plans as PDF files and digital data files are found on the computer disk that accompanies this report and the verification report “***EL25497_2008_A_03_Verification Listing.pdf***” is located in Appendix 1.

2. INTRODUCTION

EL25/497 was granted 17th July 2007 and covers approximately 12.3km² in area and is located approximately 25km east of Tennant Creek in the Northern Territory.

The tenement is in the Tennant Creek Mineral field and is prospective for epigenetic structurally controlled ironstone related gold copper mineralization.

This report details exploration activity completed during the 12 month reporting period between 17th July 2007 and 16th July 2008. Unless indicated, all co-ordinates are expressed using the GDA94 Zone 53 system.

3. CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATION

Exploration undertaken to date has identified prospective iron formations hosted in the Waramunga Formation that in structural settings that elsewhere in the Tennant creek region host significant ore grade gold and copper mineralization. Regional ground mapping in conjunction with regional magnetic data has identified shear zones cross cutting folded sequences of hematite and iron oxide units hosted within the Warramunga Formation. Zone of intense alteration has been identified along the contact margins between felsic intrusive bodies and sedimentary units. Rock chip samples collected throughout EL25/577 have returned elevated values of_____.

It is recommended that exploration continue in an attempt to identify ore grade gold and copper mineralization within EL25/577. A program that includes:

- Detailed 1:1 000 Scale mapping in areas where mapped & interpreted shear zones intersect folded hematite rich units of the Warramunga Formation.
- Details Ground Gravity survey shear zones intersect folded hematite rich units of the Warramunga Formation.
- Shallow RAB drilling to better identify host stratigraphic units, structural components and geochemical halos.
- Reverse Circulation to test for ore grade Gold and Copper mineralization associated with stratigraphic and structural traps at depth.

4. LOCATION AND ACCESS

EL25/497 is centred about 25kms east-southeast from Tennant Creek township, and falls within the area of 1:100,000 map sheet 5758 (Tennant Creek) (Figure 1).

Access to the tenement is eastward from Tennant Creek along sealed road towards the former Peko and Nobles Nob mine sites, continuing east on the well maintained Gosse River gravel road for about 9kms to a gate in the Tennant Creek Pastoral Lease boundary fence (Figure 2).

The northern end of EL 25/577 can be reached from the gate by driving northwards for about 2km along a fence line track. The area is generally flat-lying, with few of the prominent ridges typical of the region.

5. TENEMENT STATUS AND REPORTING

Under an agreement reached with Davos Resources Pty Ltd, Truscott acquired title to E25497 which were initially under application, within two days of their grant. Truscott Mining Corporation Ltd (TRM) now controls and manages 100% of the lease.

The license was granted on 17th July, 2007 for a period of 6 years. It covers 4 sub blocks, and is 12.7sqkms in area.

The entire lease area of EL25/497 falls within Perpetual Pastoral Lease 1142 of Tennant Creek Station. To the south the land is held under Crown Lease Perpetual 1109 by Australian National University. To the southwest and south east of EL25/497 is Aboriginal freehold land held by the Warramunga Aboriginal Land Trust.

A clearance survey conducted by the Aboriginal Areas Protection Authority recorded no Heritage Sites within the tenement boundaries. One significant site was identified approximately 2Km to the northeast of the lease (Figure 3). An authority certificate has been issued for mining exploration and mining, including the construction of infrastructure.

The annual reporting period is 17th July, 2007 to 16th July, 2008 and the due date for submission is 15th August 2008.

Tenement details for EL25/497 are outlined fully in Table 2.

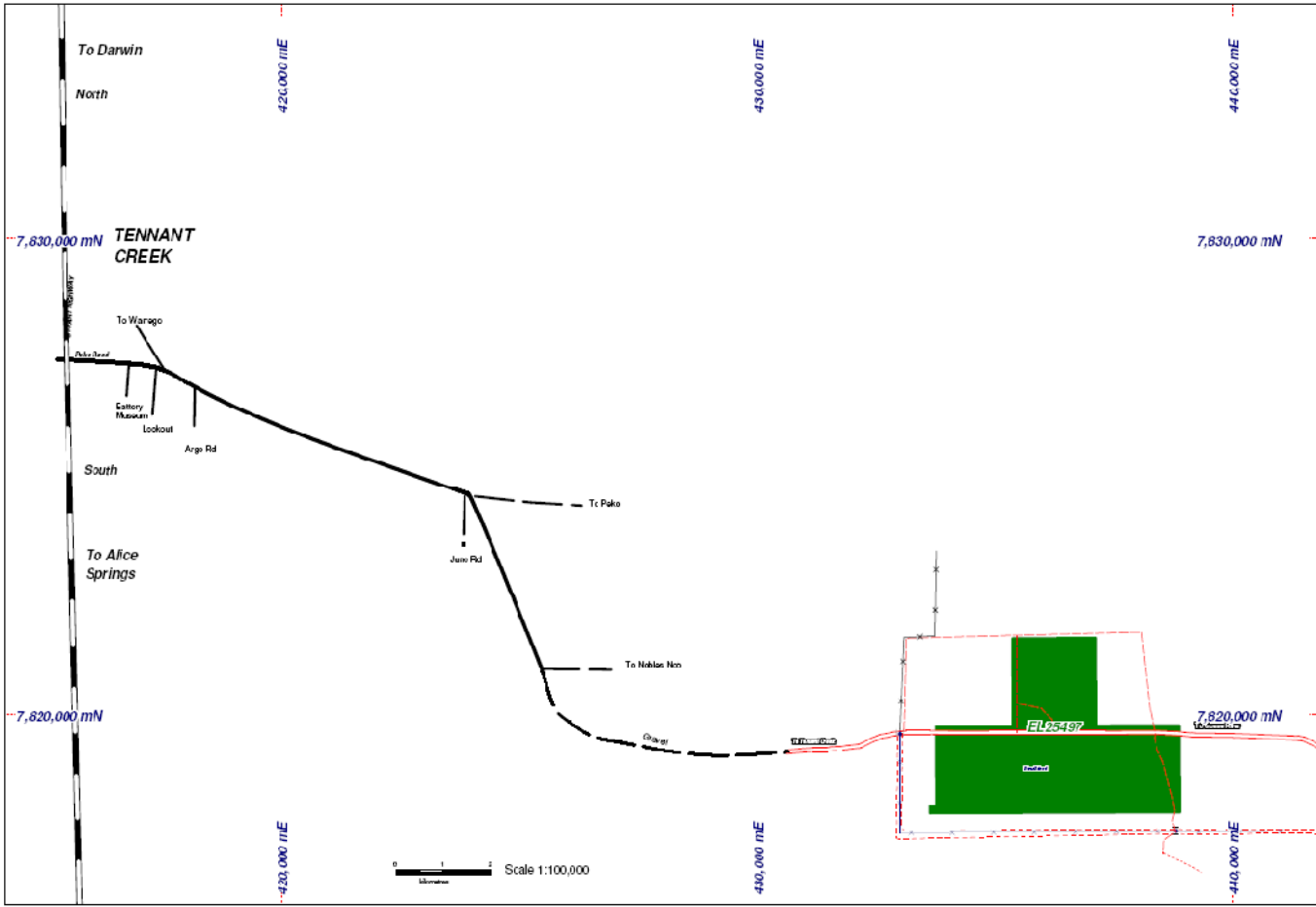


Figure 1 E25/497 - Regional Location

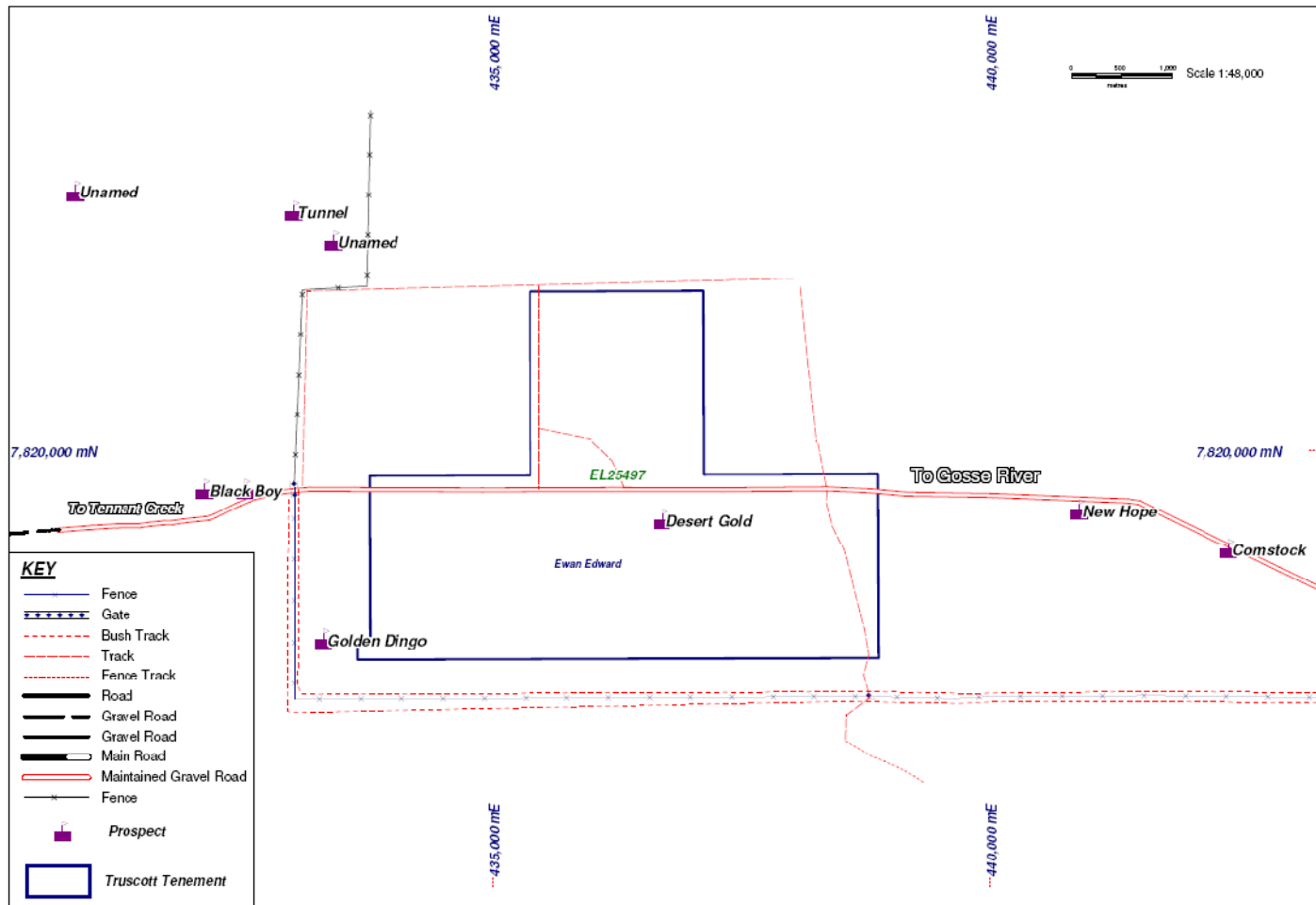


Figure 2 E25/497 - Local Access

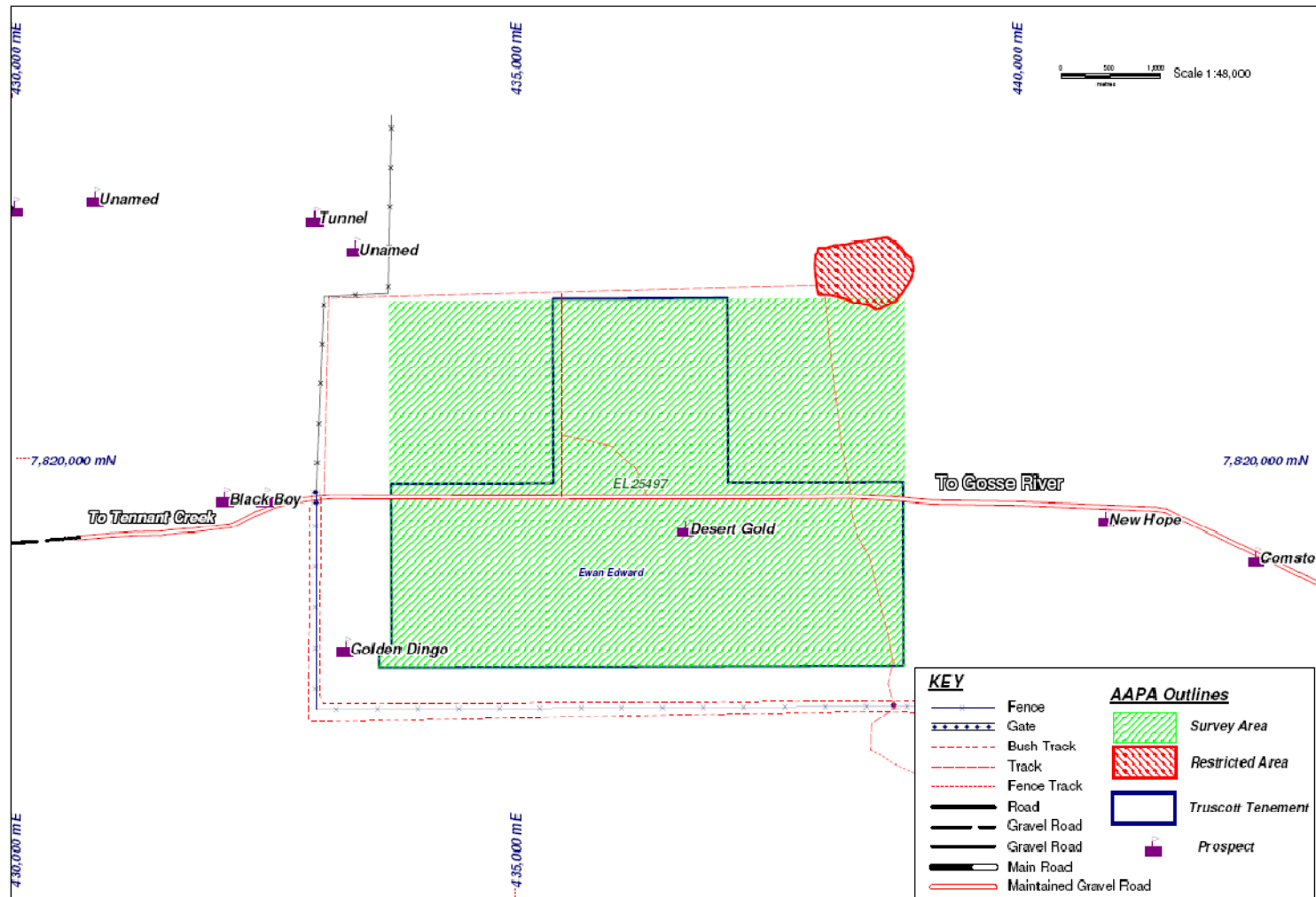


Figure 3 E25/497 AAPA Survey and Restricted Areas

Table 2 EL25/497 - Tenement Status

Tenement	Area (sqKm)	Registered Holder	Date Applied	Date Granted	Expiry Date
EL25/497	12.7	TRM		17/08/207	16/08/2013

6. REGIONAL GEOLOGY

Regionally, the palaeo-proterozoic Tennant Creek Inlier outcrops over more than 45,000 square kilometers and is surrounded by younger Cambrian and Mesozoic flat lying cover. It comprises three separate geological provinces – from north to south these are the Ashburton, Warramunga (or Tennant Creek) and Davenport provinces.

EL 25/577 lies within the southeastern portion of the central Warramunga province. This geological region includes the Tennant Creek Goldfield, which has recorded production of over 5.5 million ounces of gold and 488,000 tonnes of copper since 1932. Gold grade has averaged 19g/t Au recovered, and copper-gold deposits averaged 2.9% Cu + 4.9g/t Au recovered.

Almost all known Au (\pm Cu \pm Bi) mineralization in the Tennant Creek Goldfield is hosted by massive hematite and magnetite ironstones within the Warramunga Formation, a coarsening-upwards sequence of silty to sandy turbiditic flysch sediments at the base of the inlier sequence. Sheared quartz porphyry intrusives are often locally present.

Estimated minimum thickness of the Warramunga Formation is about 3,000m, although the base is not exposed. Maximum age of deposition has been recorded as 1860Ma, and these rocks are believed to have been rapidly deposited and largely derived from contemporaneous rhyodacitic to rhyolitic volcanics in a continental island arc setting.

Deformation of Warramunga sediments during the Barramundian Orogeny (D1, 1845-50Ma) produced moderate to tight upright folding with east or east-southeast trending fold axes and a well developed axial planar slaty cleavage (S1). This was accompanied by intrusion of “early” granites and smaller porphyries.

Southeast of Tennant Creek, the volcano-sedimentary Flynn Subgroup succession was deposited more or less contemporaneously with this intrusive activity, with rhyolitic volcanics probably representing an extrusive phase.

The massive ironstones within the Warramunga Formation are discordant to occasionally stratabound, and are generally accepted to be of replacement origin. Donellan et al (1999) proposed that these pods and pipe-like bodies were formed during D1 deformation as an oxide phase, when hematitic iron oxides were remobilized from sediments and magmatic intrusives by moderately saline connate brines.

Ironstone bodies formed where iron oxide-rich fluids were concentrated in favorable dilatational structural and stratigraphic traps, after migrating along cleavage planes and shear zones. They are typically located in structural flexures near hinge zones of the main east-northeasterly trending fold axes. This D1 event was followed in about 1830-20Ma by a reactivation of earlier fabrics by progressive dextral shear, which resulted in development of extensional fractures in the oxide iron pods within ductile chloritic shear zones. Gold bearing sulphidic mesothermal metamorphic fluids then infilled fractures and replaced zones in some of the hematite bodies., resulting in magnetite-sulphide ore bodies with chlorite, talc and dolomite alteration haloes variably developed according to local geological conditions.

Numerous other genetic models have also been proposed, invoking single or multiple phases and differing mineral sources, although a mineralization age of 1830Ma is generally accepted. Similarities to other Proterozoic IOCG deposits (iron oxide copper gold) have been described.

Strong structural control on both the hematitic ironstone distribution and the later Au (\pm Cu \pm Bi) mineralization is evident, as shown by distribution of major deposits along "Lines of Lode" which trend west-northwest. As only a relatively small number of the 650 or so known ironstones host significant gold and copper deposits, location within these recognized mineralized trends is an important exploration parameter.

A later stage of regional deformation (D2/D2', pre 1730 Ma) occurred well after the mineralization event, contemporaneous with the Strangways Orogeny in the Arunta Block to the south of the Tennant Creek Inlier. Folding in the Warramunga Formation was largely co-axial with the earlier F1, being largely controlled by the existing tectonic fabric. Two pervasive cleavages were developed on northwest (S2) and northeast (S2') orientations and are predominantly crenulations, or local fracture or slaty cleavages.

D2 and D2' folding in the Warramunga Formation on the meso-scale include symmetric and asymmetric chevron anticlinal folds; asymmetric, box and doubly peaking anticlines; symmetric doubly peaking anticlines; and predominantly concentric synclinal folds. Granitic intrusion followed the D2 tectonic event, with minor ultramafic, calc-alkaline lamprophyre intrusion at about 1685Ma. Metamorphic grade of the Warramunga Formation is very low to low grade greenschist facies.

Details of regional geology, structure and mineralization are included in the 1:250,000 (SE53-14) and 1:100,000 (5758) Tennant Creek sheet notes (Donellan et. al. 1999, Donellan et. al. 1995).

7. LOCAL GEOLOGY AND MINERALISATION

Within the Tennant Creek province, the southern boundary of the Warramunga Formation is marked by a fault zone which separates predominantly silty Warramunga sediments to the north from Flynn Subgroup felsic volcanics, sediments and coeval "early" granites to the south.

This regional structure runs approximately east-southeast for 30 kilometres from west of Mt Samuel to south of EL 25/577, where it swings to an east-northeasterly direction.

It also marks the southern boundary of the Mt Samuel-Eldorado-Juno-Nobles Nob "Line of Lode", a well mineralized structural corridor which is two to three kilometres wide. Over two million ounces of gold have been produced from within this zone, or more than 40% of the total of the entire Tennant Creek field. Average recovered gold grade of 36g/t Au is almost twice the field average of 19g/t Au.

As shown on the Tennant Creek 1:250,000 Geological Map, most of the tenement area (outlined in blue) is covered by Quaternary sand, sandy soils, colluvium and scree. The adjoining areas marked in red on Figure 1.8 (1) are other exploration licenses held by Truscott Mining Corporation.

A felsic porphyry outcrops poorly in the north central part of the tenement, striking in a general east northeasterly direction for about two kilometres. Numerous areas of white quartz blow are developed in thin soils over the porphyry, as well as one prominent white quartz reef outcrop trending 070 degrees which is from 1-3m wide, 1m high and about 120m long.

South of the porphyry, a low hill of weakly hematitic and ferruginous silty to fine sandy Warramunga sediments outcrops and shows a subvertical cleavage predominantly developed along 070 degrees. This trend can also be seen further east, both within EL 23897 and in the adjoining EL25/497. On a flat soil-covered plain just west of the low Warramunga hill, several very small discrete pods of black silicified hematite ironstone outcrop on a west-northwest trend over about 40 metres. Extension of this trend to the east-southeast is shown by cleavage locally developed in narrow zone in poorly outcropping Warramunga sediments.

Although no mineralization has been recorded within the predominantly covered tenement area, it lies within the western end of the Mt Samuel-Eldorado-Juno-Nobles Nob mineralized corridor which has produced over 2 million ounces of gold at an extremely high average grade of 36g/t Au.

The NTSTRIKE database shows nine abandoned mines, prospects or mineral occurrences within two kilometres of EL 25/577. These are, from west to east, the Black Boy, Red Terror, Golden Dingo, Desert Gold, New Hope, Plumb, Comstock, Desert Hope and The Flag. Total recorded production from these deposits is 4,280oz gold at an average recovered grade of 28g/t Au, and ranging from 13-80g/t Au.

The gold occurrences are all hosted by hematitic ironstone within Warramunga sediments, while The Flag is a small hydrothermal copper vein in younger mudstones adjacent to granite. The ironstones vary from sheet to tabular or pipe-like in shape and are up to 70m long, 7m wide and 40m deep.

8. PREVIOUS EXPLORATION

There is little evidence of exploration within the area of EL 25/497 although the ground has been held intermittently, usually as part of a much larger tenement. Most historical exploration was aimed at defining and testing “bull’s eye” magnetic targets, based on the traditional Tennant Creek style magnetite ironstone ore model. Truscott’s main target is low magnetic hematite-quartz ironstone deposits, similar to the Nobles Nob +1 million ounce orebody.

In 1965, Mining Reserve 244 was established south of the present boundary of EL 25/497 restricting exploration of this reserved area. NTGS on-line records and historic maps indicate the first modern tenement over the area was Authority to Prospect AP 1253, from 1964 to 1968. This covered much of the mineralized corridor from Eldorado

to Comstock but excluded the Juno and Nobles Nob mines. Work was apparently aimed at aeromagnetic targets and no exploration was reported within the current tenement area.

Subsequent tenements held over the same area as AP 1253 from 1968 to 1976 by Australian Development Ltd and then Nobelex were AP 1947, AP 2386 and EL96, but again the focus was on magnetic targets well outside the current tenure.

Between 1976 and 1984 the ground was vacant, and although there was an application for EL 2817 in 1980 it lapsed and no work was reported. In November 1978, part of the area was included in the wider Warramunga land claim.

Peko Wallsend held the area as part of EL 4536 between 1984-1987, and their exploration emphasis was on aeromagnetic targets. The ground was again vacant during 1987-1988 apart from some small areas held under MCC's.

During 1991 -1995, part of the area was covered by a joint venture between North Flinders Mines and Roebuck Resources (EL 7410, EL 7793). Most of the JV exploration was aimed at more subtle aeromagnetic targets, with limited soil and rock chip sampling and shallow geochemical drilling.

Rock chip values to 3ppb Au and 11ppm Cu were recorded by the JV near Golden Dingo. They considered this area to have potential due to encouraging geology and structure (shearing in ironstone associated with talc alteration and porphyry) and recommended follow-up. This was not done, apparently due to proximity of the tenement boundary.

The ground remained vacant from 1995 to 2006.

Davos Resources Limited applied for the ground in 2006.

During November 2006 consulting geologists Kastellco Geological consultancy, working for Davos Resources Limited, identified high potential Au-Cu-Bi exploration targets which resulted in the identification of several high priority targets.

Extensive moderate to high magnetic and gravity anomalies were identified as targets for gold-copper-bismuth mineralization. Through detail interpretation of airborne magnetic and gravity data from the Northern Territory Geological Survey several more magnetic/gravity anomalies were identified.

Truscott acquired title to E25/497 which was initially under application, within two days of their grant in July 2007.

9. EXPLORATION DURING THE 2007-2008 REPORTING PERIOD

Exploration carried out on EL25/497 in the year ended July 16th 2007 included:

- Data Acquisition & Compilation
- 1: 20 000 Geological Mapping
- Rock Chip Sampling
- Ground Gravity Survey

Figure 4 summarizes the exploration activities completed within E25/497.

9.1 Data Acquisition & Compilation

After acquiring EL 25/497 and assuming management of the property, Truscott Mining carried out a review in early 2007 of all previous exploration data. The data sets included aeromagnetic data, rock chip sampling, auger geochemical drilling and Reverse Circulation drilling. The data were compiled into a simple spreadsheet database.

Drill hole collars were located and sections plotted. Old mapping was compiled and used as a basis for future mapping programs.

9.2 1:20 000 Geological Mapping

Geological mapping at 1:20 000 scale was undertaken over EL25/497 during June using the Northern Territory Geological Survey 1:250 000 and 1:100 000 series maps combined with images acquired from “*Google Earth*” as a base. A plan showing the area mapped is presented as Plan 1.

The field mapping has giving a better understanding of the relationships between geological structures and lithologies and potential gold and copper mineralization within EL 25/497.

Generally, sedimentary rocks striking in East –West direction that are later intruded by felsic porphyritic units. In the eastern part of EL25/497, there are indications of the porphyry are sheared highlighted by green chlorite alteration.

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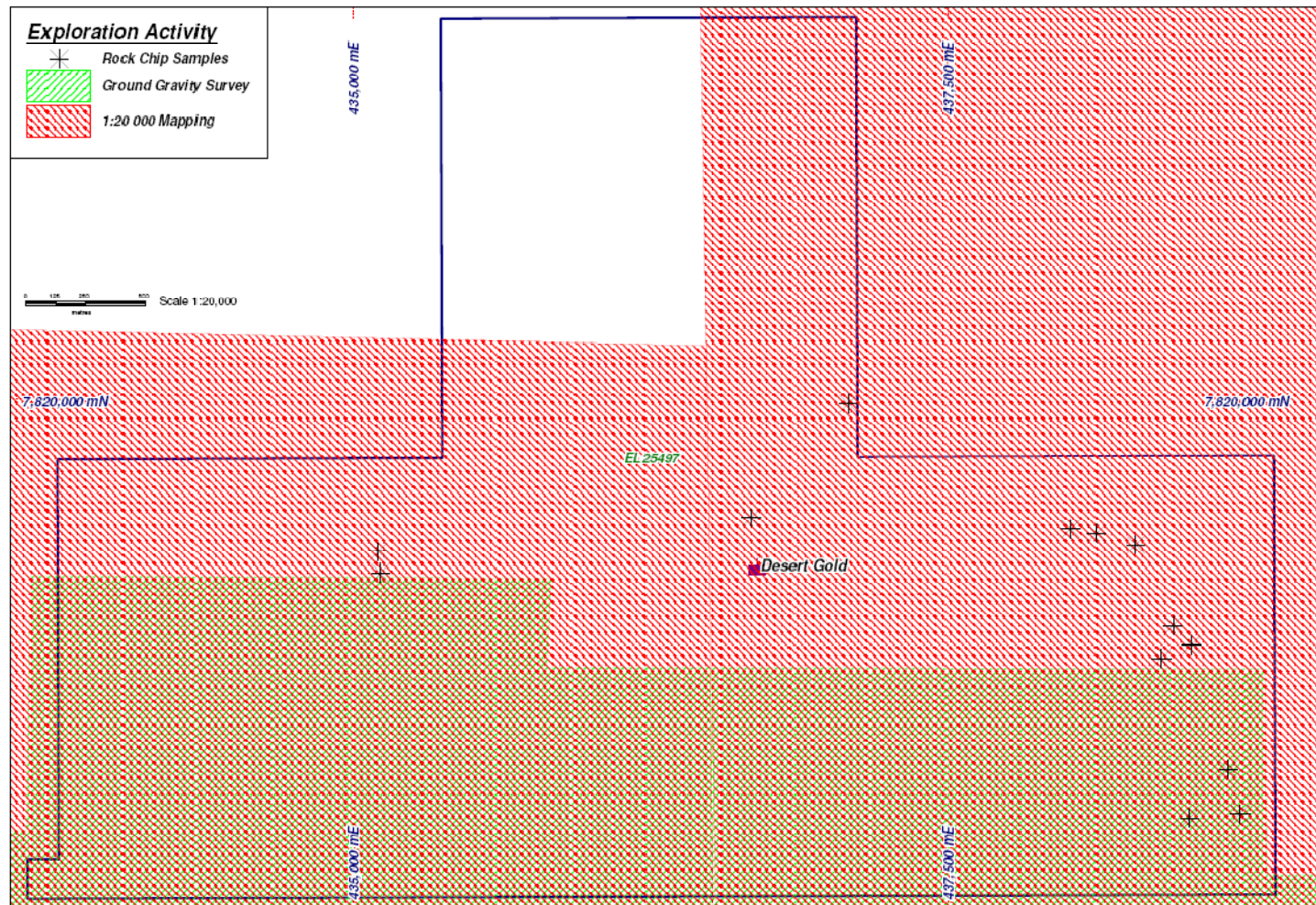


Figure 4 EL25/497 – Exploration Activities

Most of the ironstone outcrops occur along sediment-porphyry contacts. The ironstone crop out as lens shaped bodies that thicken in the middle and pinched out toward end of the lens. There is only weak Chlorite-Talc-Carbonate alteration observed on the outcrops.

Bedding measurements indicate folded stratigraphy cross cut by shear structures. When the mapping is combined with aeromagnetic data the interpreted shear stratigraphy interactions have the potential for opening pods and structural traps for significant gold and copper mineralization.

9.3 Rock Chip Sampling

As part of the regional mapping program describe above rock chip sampling was undertaken of out cropping rocks within the area. Thirteen (13) [1674-1675, 1677-1680, 1684, 1699-1700, 1708, 1712-1714] samples were collected within EL25/497.

The samples were located using a hand held *Etrex* GPS in GDA94 Zone 53 coordinates. They were approximately 2kg in mass.

The samples were submitted to ALS in Alice Springs for preparation before being sent on as 50g pulps to ALS in Perth for analysis.

Preparation involved pulverizing the complete sample to 85% passing through 75 micron. The bowl was cleaned by pulverizing a barren sample after every sample.

Gold (Au>0.001ppm) analysis was done by fire assay and AAS using a 30g nominal sample weight (Au-AA25). Multi-element analysis was by an Aqua Regia digest with an ICP finish (ME-ICP41) for Cu>1ppm, Zn>2ppm, Pb>2ppm, As>1ppm, Bi>2ppm, Ag>ppm, Co>ppm, Mo>ppm, Ni>ppm, Sb>ppm, Fe>ppm, V>ppm, P>ppm and U>10ppm.

The best result returned was from sample No 1700 from a subcropping ironstone pod located in the northwest part of the lease. The sample returned an assay of 0.54ppmAu.

The location of the rock chip samples are listed in Table 3 and plotted in Figure 5 and Plan 1. Assay and location data for the rock chip samples are listed in the digital data file "**EL25497_2008_A_01_Rockchips_SG1.dat**" located on the disk that accompanies this report

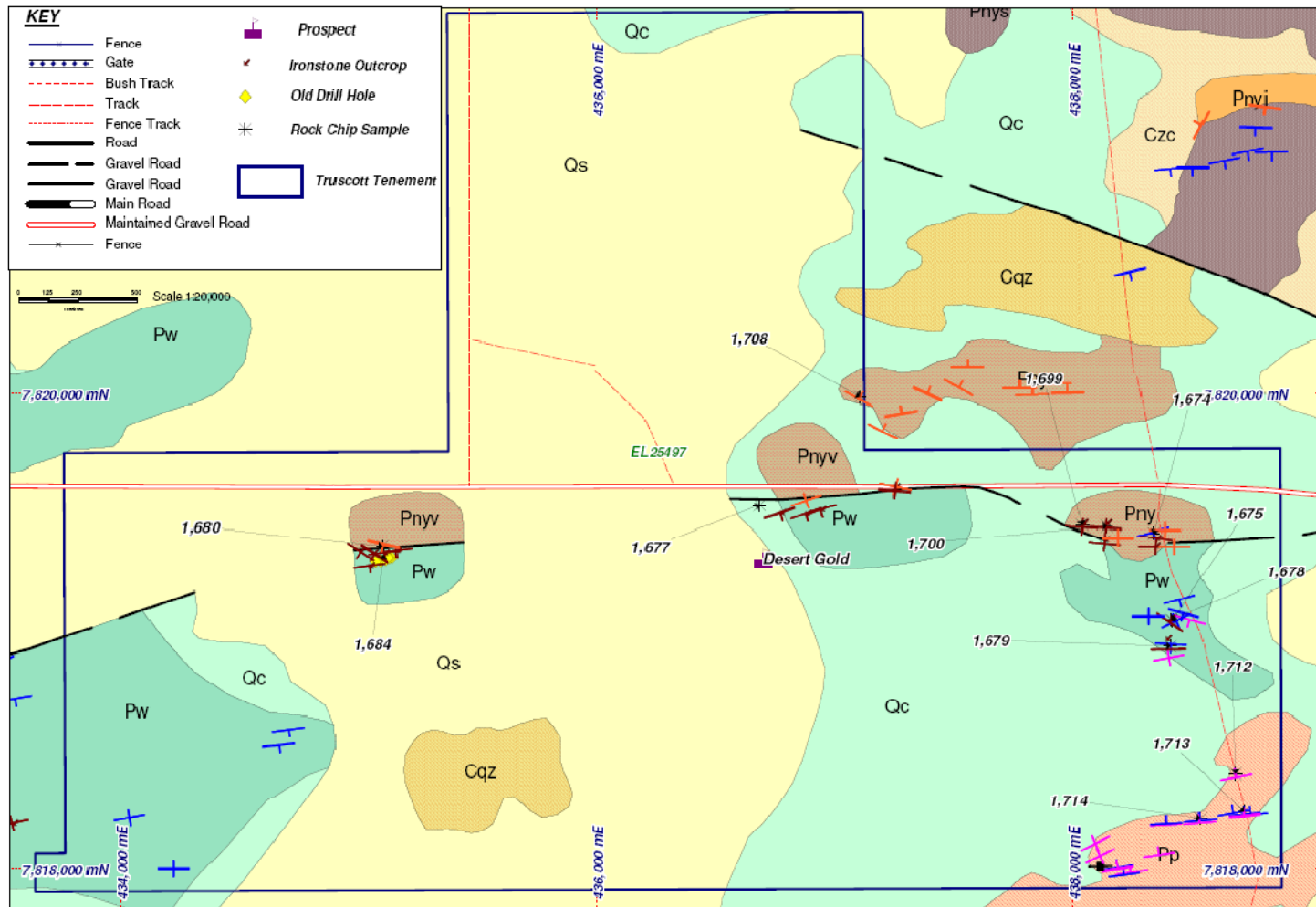


Figure 5 E25/497 – Geological Mapping & Rock Chip Sampling

Table 3 E25/497 – Rock Chip Sample Data

Sample No	GDAE	GDAN	Au ppm	Bi ppm	Cu ppm	Description
1674	438339	7819412	<0.01	<2	8	Ironstone
1675	438419	7819044	<0.01	5	10	Ironstone
1677	436685	7819531	<0.01	3	6	Ironstone
1678	438413	7819047	<0.01	4	5	Ironstone
1679	438410	7818935	<0.01	11	9	Ironstone
1680	435100	7819358	<0.01	4	12	Ironstone
1684	435106	7819320	<0.01	5	13	Ironstone
1699	438040	7819448	0.01	8	40	Ironstone
1700	438143	7819445	0.54	29	42	Ironstone
1708	437105	7819986	<0.01	<2	9	Ironstone
1712	438685	7818397	<0.01	<2	4	Ironstone
1713	438721	7818239	<0.01	<2	1	Ironstone
1714	438538	7818211	<0.01	<2	2	Ironstone

9.4 Ground Gravity Survey

A large regional precision GPS-Gravity survey was carried out during September 2007 that included the southern portion of EL25/497. For the complete survey a total of 1978 stations were surveyed. Gravity data was acquired using a Scintrex CG-5 digital gravity meter. Position and level data was obtained using Leica GPS units to produce precise real-time-kinematic locations. All data was acquired using Daishsat foot-borne methods. Gravity data was reduced using standard reductions on the ISOGAL84 gravity network. GPS data were reduced to MGA coordinates with levels expressed as metres above the Australian Height Datum.

The survey employed 50m station spacing with either 100m or 200m line spacing. This survey was complementary to existing data in immediate vicinity of the Ewan Edward survey.

The grid was set up concurrently with the gravity data acquisition using the Leica 1200 GPS operating in real time kinematic mode. Where possible, the readings were taken as close to the ideal coordinates as possible. At repeat stations, a washer tied to pink flagging, marked with the station number, was used for identification. At each station, the station number, position and RL were recorded digitally Figure 1.8 (6).

Primary data for the ground gravity survey are contained in the digital data files “**E25497_2008_A_Gravity.dfn, E25497_2008_A_Gravity_SD, E25497_2008_A_Gravity_Tennant_Creek.des**” located on the disk that accompanies this report.

Data from the September 2007 ground gravity and July 2007 ground magnetic survey were merged with the 2004 gravity survey data sets. Magnetic and gravity highs were identified.

An image of the merged data and survey lines is presented in Figure 6.

10. FUTURE WORK

Exploration by Truscott Mining has confirmed the presence of favorable geological and structural settings prospective for Tennant Creek style low-magnetic quartz hematite hosted gold mineralization within EL 25/497.

Future work at EL25/497 should include a combination of the following:

- First pass RAB drilling to test anomalous areas identified from soil and rock chip sampling.
- Compile a detailed structural map and analysis to determine the controls and deposition of gold and copper mineralization
- Extend the existing detailed ground gravity survey to completely cover EL25/497 in order to locate corridors that contain potentially mineralized ironstones
- First pass RAB drilling to test delineated magnetic/gravity/structural targets
- RC drilling to test for down dip and down plunge extensions to structural and mineralized targets located by the geophysical survey combined with surface mapping.

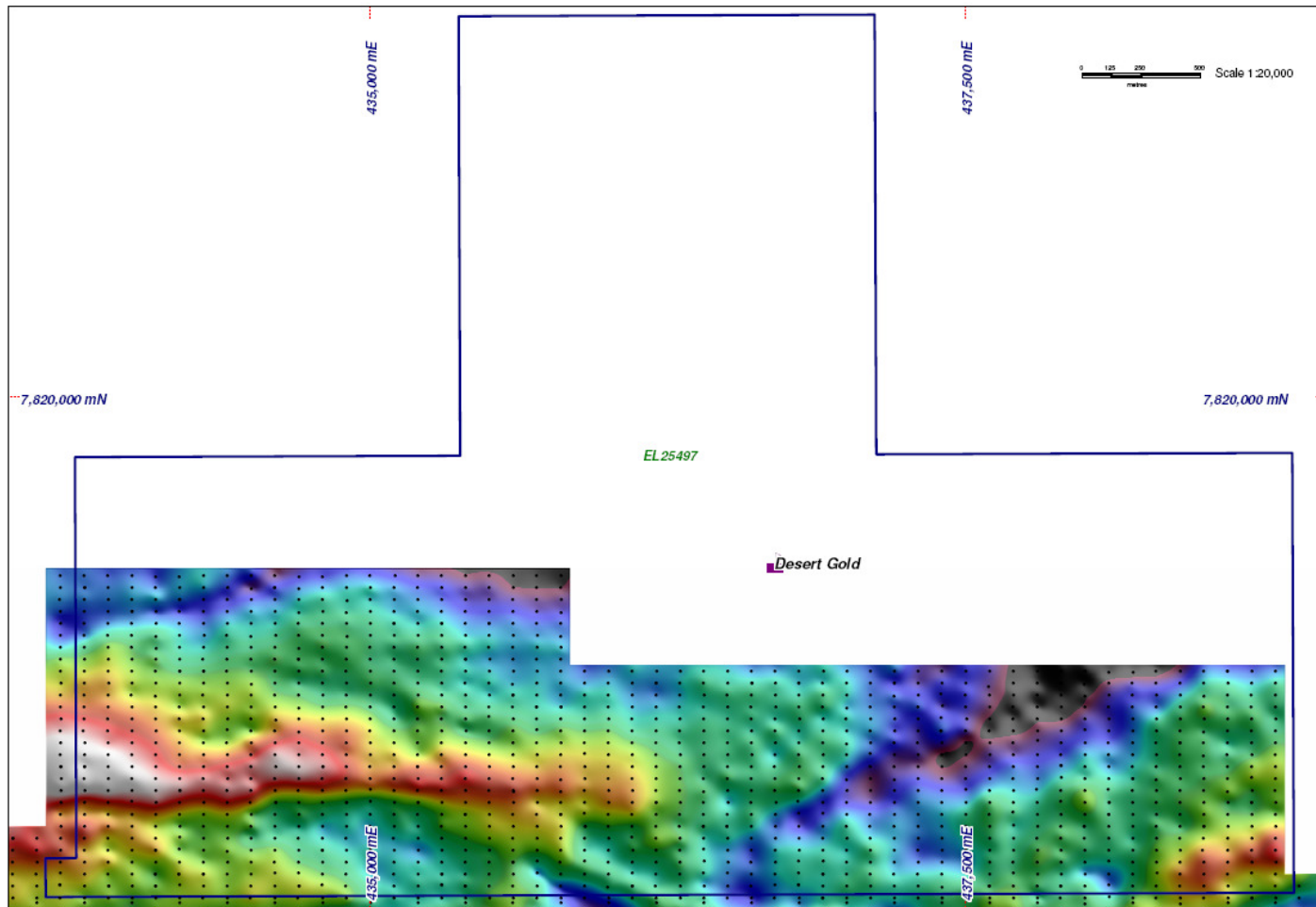


Figure 6 EL25/497 – Ground Gravity Survey Points and Image

11. EXPENDITURE

Total expenditure for EL25/497 for the year ending 16th July 2008 was \$76 331. A detailed list of expenditure is presented in Table 4 and also presented in an Expenditure Report Form in Appendix 2.

Table 4 Expenditure for EL25/497 for the Year Ending 16th July 2008

Expense	\$
Mapping/Sampling	2,086.84
Data Processing & Interp.	6,555.92
Geo Consultants	1,802.61
Exploration Planning	9,120.66
General Prospecting	620.18
Analytical	151.51
Ground Survey	41,291.50
Data Processing/Interp.	333.00
RS Images/Processing/Interp .	681.82
Access & Site Preparation 3	19.22
Exploration Equip & Supplies	105.29
Depreciation Exploration Equip	864.00
Field Assistant/Labour	708.50
Equipment & Consumables	59.96
Contractor/Wages	183.31
Travel (Airfare/Taxi)	2,320.20
Food & Accommodation	330.71
Vehicle Hire	971.31
Field Base Equip & Consum	1,953.17
Field Base Repairs & Maint.	2,403.79
Field Base Security Services	124.64
Field Communications	271.77
Field Vehicle-Maintenance/Fuel	1,093.16
Plant & Equip Hire-Consum	127.50
Consultants	1,140.91
Consultants/Wages	669.63
*Tenement Rental	40.00
Total Expense	76,331.11

- * Not included in Expenditure Report

12. REFERENCES

Donnellan N., Hussey K.J. & Morrison R.S. 1995 Tennant Creek 5758 Flynn 5759 Explanatory Notes 1:100 000 Geological Map Series Northern Territory Geological Survey Government Printer NT.

Donnellan N., Morrison R.S., Hussey K.J. Ferenczi P.A. & Kruse P.D. 1999 Tennant Creek SE 53-14 Explanatory Notes 1:250 000 Geological Map Series Northern Territory Geological Survey Government Printer NT.

APPENDIX1

E25/497 – VERIFICATION REPORT

EL25/497 - Verification Listing

Exploration Work Type	Filename	Format
Office Studies		
Literature Search		
Data Compilation		
Computer Modeling		
Reprocessing Data		
General Research		
Report Preparation	EL25497_A_2008_Report	.pdf
Other		
Airborne Exploration Surveys		
Aeromagnetics		
Radiometrics		
Electromagnetics		
Gravity		
Digital Terrain Modeling		
Other		
Remote Sensing		
Aerial Photography		
LANDSAT		
SPOT		
MSS		
Radar		
Other		
Ground Exploration Services		
Geological Mapping		
Regional		
Reconnaissance	EL25497_A_2008_Geol_Map	.pdf
Prospect		
Underground		
Costean		
Ground Geophysics		
Radiometrics		
Magnetics		
Gravity	E25497_2008_A_Gravity E25497_2008_A_Gravity_SD E25497_2008_A_Gravity_Tennant_Creek	.dln .dat .des
Digital Terrain Modeling		
Electromagnetics		
SP/AP/EP		
IP		
AMT		
Resistivity		
Complex Resistivity		
Seismic Reflection		

EL25/497 - Verification Listing

Exploration Work Type	Filename	Format
Office Studies		
Literature Search		
Data Compilation		
Computer Modeling		
Reprocessing Data		
General Research		

APPENDIX 2

EL25/497 – EXPEDITURE REPORT