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EL8781 - ELLISON EAST ANNUAL REPORT - YEAR 1 OF TENURE

5.10.94 - 4.10.95 Ban Ban 1:50,000 & McKinlay River 1:100,000 Map Sheets

CR95/788

on:

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arritory Goldfields NL

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1.0 SUMMARY

EL8781 is situated on the Ban Ban 1:50,000 and McKinlay River 1:100,000 scale map sheets, approximately 130km southeast of Darwin in the Pine Creek Geosyncline.

Previous exploration by Dominion Gold Operations Pty Ltd was carried out as EL7372. The exploration licence 7372 consisted of one graticular block and was relinquished by Dominion in 1994 and regranted as EL8781 in October 1994.

Territory Goldfields NL acquired EL 8781 from Dominion in May 1995.

No exploration has been carried out during the first year of tenure.

2.0 LOCATION AND TENURE

EL8781 is located approximately 130km southeast of Darwin on the Ban Ban 1:50,000 map sheet. The licence lies between latitudes 13°21'S and 13°22'S and longitudes 131°31'E and 131°32'E. (See Figures 1 and 2).

Access to the EL is via station tracks from the Ban Ban Springs homestead.

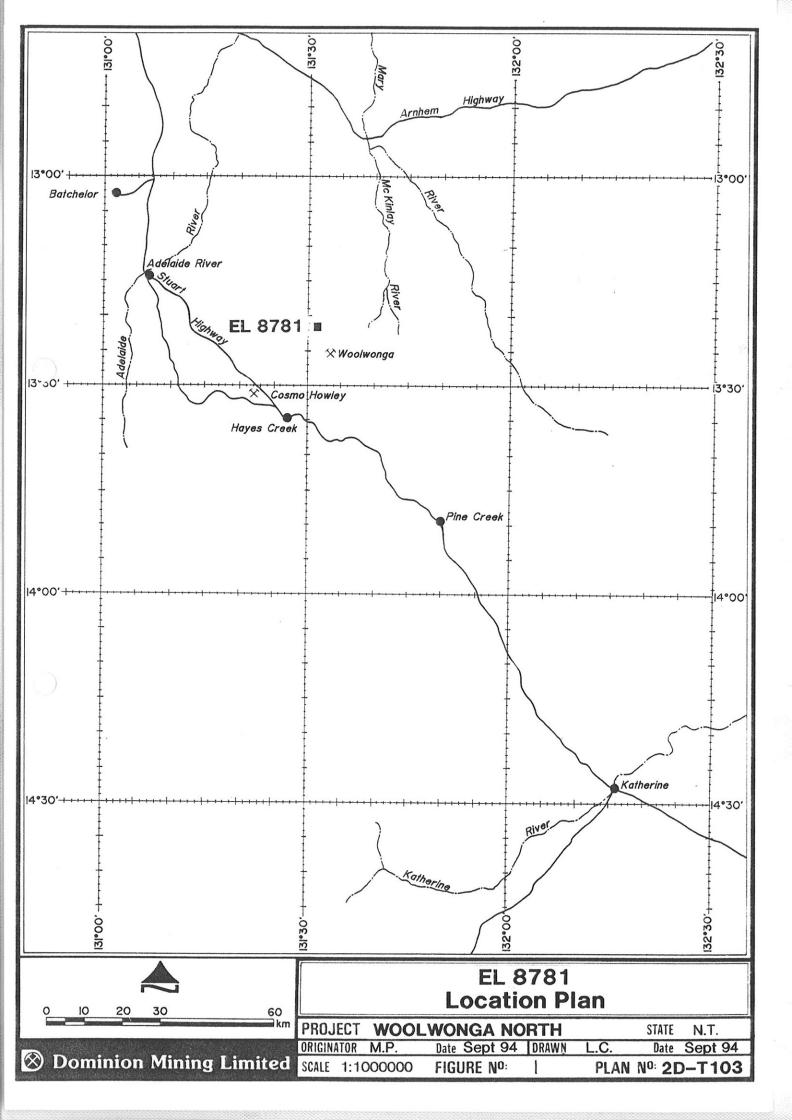
The licence, consisting of one graticular block was granted to Dominion Gold Operations Pty Ltd on 5 October 1994 for a period of two years. Territory Goldfields NL subsequently acquired the tenement in May 1995.

3.0 GEOLOGY

3.1 Regional Geology

The Pine Creek Inlier is a roughly triangular area of about 66,000km² south and east of Darwin, which contain Early Proterozoic metasedimentary rocks resting on a gneissic and granitic archaean basement. The metasediments represent fluviatile, shallow water and intertidal basinal sequence up to 14km thick (Needham et al, 1980).

During the Top End Orogeny (1870-1780Ma) the rocks were metamorphosed to mainly greenschist facies, however, amphibolite facies dominates in the northeast in the Alligator Rivers region. Proven Archaean rocks are restricted to mainly granite-gneiss of the Rum Jungle, Waterhouse and Nanambu Complexes which formed mantled gneiss domes near the presently exposed western and eastern margins of the inlier.



6.0 EXPENDITURE

No expenses were incurred over EL8781 during the first year of tenure.

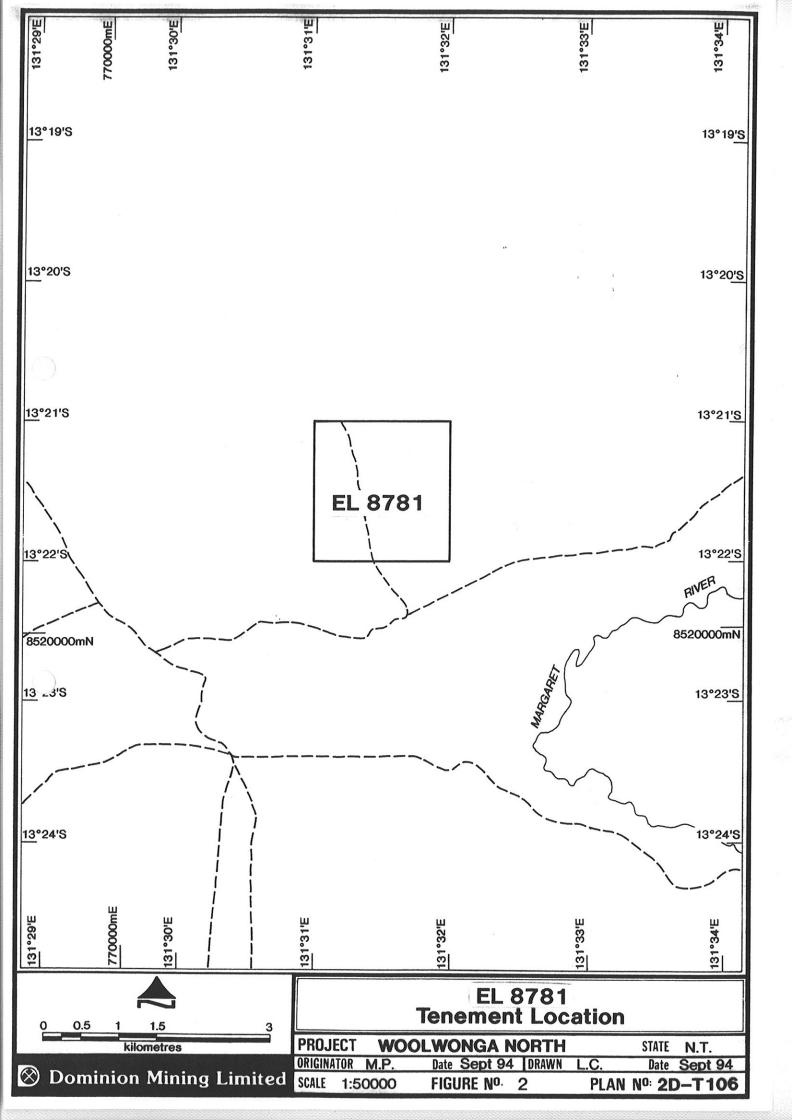
7.0 PROPOSED PROGRAMME

The proposed programme for the second year of tenure will involve soil sampling of outcrop areas and vacuum drilling of covered areas.

The minimum expenditure for this programme is expected to be approximately \$4,000.

8.0 REFERENCES

- Needham, R.S., Crick, J.H. and Stuart-Smith, P.G. (1980)
 'Regional Geology of the Pine Creek Geosyncline', in Proceedings of the International Uranium Symposium, International Atomic Energy Agency, Vienna p1-22.
- Palmer, M., May 1993. EL7372 Annual Report for Year 2 of Tenure 22 April 1992 to 21 April 1993. Dominion unpublished report to the NTDME.
- Palmer, M., September 1994. EL7372 Annual and Final Report, Year 3 of Tenure 22 April 1993 21 April 1994. Dominion unpublished report to the NTDME.
- Pooley, S.J., May 1992. EL7372 Annual Report for Year 1 of Tenure 22.4.91 21.4.92. Dominion unpublished report to the NTDME.
- Pooley, S.J. and Fuccenecco, F., December 1991. Woolwonga North Project Area EL's 7067, 7372, MCN's 1578-83, 2366-83. Annual Report 1991. Dominion unpublished report.



The sedimentary rocks are mainly shale, siltstone, sandstone, conglomerate, carbonate rocks and iron formations. Felsic to mafic volcanism and associated tuffaceous sediments are also present. The sedimentary sequence is intruded by transitional igneous rocks including pre-tectonic dolerite sills and syn to post tectonic granitoid plutons and dolerite lopoliths and dykes. Largely undeformed platform covers of Middle Proterozoic to Mesozoic strata overlie these Lower Proterozoic sediments.

3.2 Local Geology

The exploration licence covers units of the Lower Proterozoic South Alligator and Finniss River Groups of sediments on the eastern contact of the Burnside Granite.

The dominant lithologies consist of carbonaceous pelites of the Koolpin Formation, tuffs and pelites of the Gerowie Tuff and mixed sediments of the overlying Mt. Bonnie Formation. The Koolpin Formation and Gerowie Tuff units are both intruded by units of Zamu dolerite.

The Koolpin Formation sediments tend to outcrop as well defined strike ridges trending NNW. The areas of Gerowie Tuff and Mt. Bonnie Formation outcrop as low, scree covered rises. The area is structurally complex with evidence of cross-faulting and is interpreted as being situated on the eastern limb of the Woolwonga anticline. Figure 3 shows the local geology.

4.0 PREVIOUS EXPLORATION

The licence area was previously explored by Dominion as EL7372. When the licence expired it was reapplied for and granted as the present EL8781.

The area has also been explored in the past by CSR and a joint venture between CRAE and Comalco. The results of this work are detailed in their first Annual Report.

Since Dominion acquired the ground the exploration they carried out has included: aerial photography, interpretation of multi-client geophysical data, stream sediment sampling, soil sampling and air core drilling.

5.0 1994 - 1995 EXPLORATION

No exploration was undertaken during the reporting period due to other commitments and the acquisition of the tenement by Territory Goldfields.

