STATUS: Plugged and Abandoned

HOLE SIZE: 124" to 10m, 84" to 126m, 6" to 595m,

4.35" to 1729.20m

CASING & TUBING DETAILS: 9 5/8" to 9.5m, 7" to 125.4m,

5" to 593.7m

PERFORATIONS: Nil

PLUGS: 1290 - 1245m 700 - 580m 50 - Surface

All plugs neat Class "A" slurry.

OPERATOR: Pacific Oil & Gas Pty. Limited

PARTICIPANTS: Pacific Oil & Gas Pty. Limited (100%)

TENEMENT: EP33, Beetaloo SE5306, 1:250,000

LOCATION: Lat: 170°23'25.191" Long: 133°45'30.601" AMG: N 8 076 830.1 E 368 118.4

McArthur Basin BASIN:

ELEVATION: 243.9 AHD (GL); 246.3 AHD (DF) SPUDDED: August 20th, 1991

RIG RELEASED: October 24th, 1991

RIG: Rig 20
DRILLING CONTRACTOR: Rockdril Contractors
SEISMIC LINE: MA91-103, SP2100

STRATIGRAPHY:

AGE	UNIT AND SUB-UNIT	KB (m)	MSL (m)	THICKNESS (m)
Pertiary/ Cretaceous	Undifferentiated	Surface	243.9	119
Cambrian	Jinduckin Formation	119	124.9	204.5
	Tindall Limestone	323.5	~79.6	200.5
Proterozoic	Jamison Sandstone	524	-220.33	140.73
	McMinn Formation - Kyalla Member	664.73	-361.06	657.55
	- Moroak Sandstone Member	1322.28	-1018.61	406.92
	Marcal Barth (Brillian)	m) 1729.20		
	Total Depth (Driller)(Total Depth (Logger) (

FORMATION TESTS:

CHOKE:

	TIMES (min)				PRESSURES (psi)						RESULT		
TEST	PF	FSI	F	SSI	IHH	IPP	FPP	BP	IFP	FFP	FBP	FHH	RESOLU
DST 1 787.54-807.50 DST 2 1006.96-1029.30 DST 3 1101.35-1141.05 DST 4 1101.35-1141.05 DST 5 1330.00-1349.30	16 15 15	60 60 60 60	120 60 91 540 83	482 181 363 16 420	1208 1562 1692 - 1992	59 25 96 36 914	31 32 90 38 1081	534 76 308 144 1833	25 30 88 40 1132	35 33 100 62 1769	629 86 1425 - 1833	1205 1565 1682 1644 1991	17.2L drilling mud 6.0L drilling mud 15mL oil & 98.3L drilling mud 30.57L drilling mud approx. 5200L highly saline formation water

PF: Preflow Period FSI: First Sheet In Flow Period SSI: Second Sheet In IHH: Initial Hydrostatic Head IPP: Initial Preflow Pressure FPP: Final Preflow Pressure BP: Build Up Pressure

IFP: Initial Pressure FFP: Final Flow Pressure FBP: Final Build Up Pressure FHH: Hydrostatic Head

CORES:

TYPE LOG	RUN NO	INTERVAL (m)	DATE	NO	INTERVAL (m)	RECOVERY	NO	INTERVAL (m)	RECOVERY
SP-Dual Resistivity		1729-575	21/10/91		Hole conti	nuously core	ed.		
Sonic		1729-575	21/10/91		from 593.7	Om to T.D.			
Gamma-Density-Neutron		1729-Surface	21/10/91						
			i						

CHEMICAL ANALYSIS (water, oil, gas)

Source Rock Analysis:

99 samples throughout cored section of well.

Reservoir Analysis:

82 samples throughout cored section of well.

Water Analysis:

Samples from water bore, mud tanks and DST intervals.

Gas Analysis:

Samples from DST's 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5.

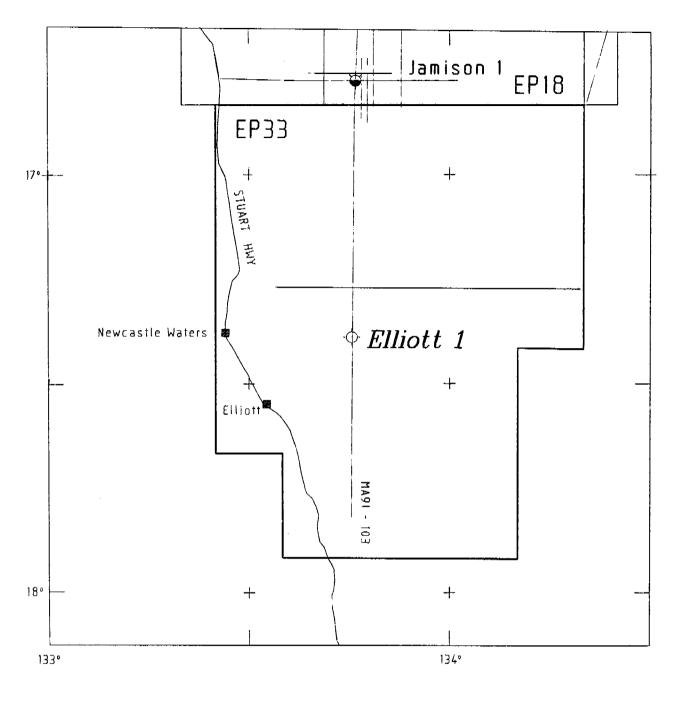
Oil Analysis:

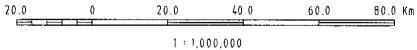
Samples extracted from DST liquids and from core samples.

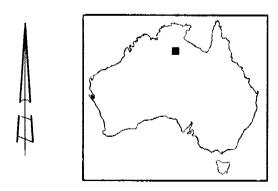
SUMMARY & CONCLUSIONS:

After spudding in undifferentiated, Tertiary/Cretaceous sediments the Elliott 1 stratigraphic well penetrated a Cambrian section comprising the thick interval interbedded clastics and carbonates of the Jinduckin Formation and the massive carbonate of the Tindall Limestone. The Nutwood Downs Volcanics, Cox Formation and Bukalara Sandstone, were not present. These subdivisions are based on ROP changes during drilling and subsequent interpretation of downhole geophysical logs, as many zones of lost circulation were encountered. Proterozoic sediments were reached at 524m and current interpretation of this section is: Jamison Sandstone from 524-664.73m, a fine to very fine light grey sandstone with a basal conglomerate exhibiting a sharp planar basal contact. This overlies a 657.55m thick Kyalla Member of the McMinn Formation predominantly comprising grey to black silty mudstone with variable proportions of siltstone and fine sandstone interbeds. The proportion of these sandstone interbeds increases gradually from 1310m, providing a gradual transition to the underlying Moroak Sandstone Member. Below abut 1428m, sub-intervals with thin silty mudstone interbedsstart to appear, suggesting a possible very gradual transition to the "Upper" Velkerri Formation, and continuing until TD of 1729.20m. However due to the lack of an unequivocal point at which this transition could be said to terminate it was decided to/finclude all of this section within the Moroak Sandstone Member. Elliott 1 confirmed the southward extension of the Roper Group section beneath the Phanerozoic cover. It identified a Cambrian section in which the basal volcanics appear to be absent and the Tindall Limestone is of simillar thickness to that in Jamison 1, with a thicker overlying Jinduckin Formation. It confirmed the suitabilty of the Kyalla Member as a source rock in this area, and provided the thickest and coarsest Moroak Sandstone Member encountered yet. It has proven that the oil and gas reservoired in Proterozoic sediments can be sufficiently s

WELLSITE Kevin Lanigan	CARD PREPARED	APPROVED	DATE:
John Torkington GEOLOGIST: Shane Hibbird	BY: Lisa S. Ingram	BY:	







Pacific Oil & Gas Pty Limited

MEARTHUR BASIN
EP33
ELLIOTT 1
WELL LOCATION MAP

REF.	S053,SE53	CHECKED	K.L.
SCALE	1:1000000	DRAFTING	C.H.
AUTHOR	K.P.L.	REPORT	304484
BTAG	APRIL 92	PLAN No.	PetNTcw4581