



## **OM Manganese Ltd**

**Title holder (s):** OM (Manganese) Ltd (100%)  
**Operator:** OM (Manganese) Ltd  
**Tenement Manager:** Richard Exploration Administration Services Pty Ltd

# **EL26907 Bootu Creek Project**

## **Annual Report for EL26907 for the period 6<sup>th</sup> May 2010 to 5<sup>th</sup> May 2011**

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**Target Commodity:** Manganese

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## **Abstract**

EL 26907 was granted to OM (Manganese) Limited on May 6<sup>th</sup>, 2009. The principal activity for year 2 was a combined aeromagnetic and radiometric survey of the licence area to resolve structural issues and assist in identifying favourable geological settings to host a manganese deposit, potentially occurring in the Morphett Creek Formation dolomitic units of the Lower Proterozoic Tomkinson Creek Group.

<b>ABSTRACT .....</b>	<b>2</b>
<b>ELECTRONIC FILE LIST .....</b>	<b>4</b>
<b>INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>5</b>
<b>INTRODUCTION .....</b>	<b>5</b>
1.1 Location and tenure.....	5
1.2 Geology .....	5
<b>2 2010 – 2011 EXPLORATION ACTIVITY .....</b>	<b>8</b>
2.1 Aeromagnetic Survey.....	8
2.2 Initial Interpretation.....	8
<b>3 REFERENCES .....</b>	<b>13</b>

## Electronic file list

File Name	File type	Content
EL26907_2011_A_02_report.pdf	Pdf	This report
2450 GPX Survey	Zip	GPX Survey report and data

# Introduction

## **1.1 Location and tenure**

Exploration Licence (EL) 26907 was granted to OM (Manganese) Limited (OMM) on May 6<sup>th</sup>, 2009 and comprises 167 blocks.

Stuart Highway runs through the centre of the tenement, entering the southern extent approximately 82 km north of Tennant Creek. Numerous station tracks extend either side of Stuart Highway (Figure 1).

## **1.2 Geology**

The majority of EL26907 is covered by lithologies of the Lower Proterozoic Tomkinson Creek Group, representing the oldest rocks in the area. These are dominantly sandstones, mudstones and dolomites with lesser cherts and conglomerates. Stromatolites have been noted within the Morphett Creek Formation (Ptm), Mitty Member (Ptmm) and Whittington Range Member (Pthw), the later also containing basalt.

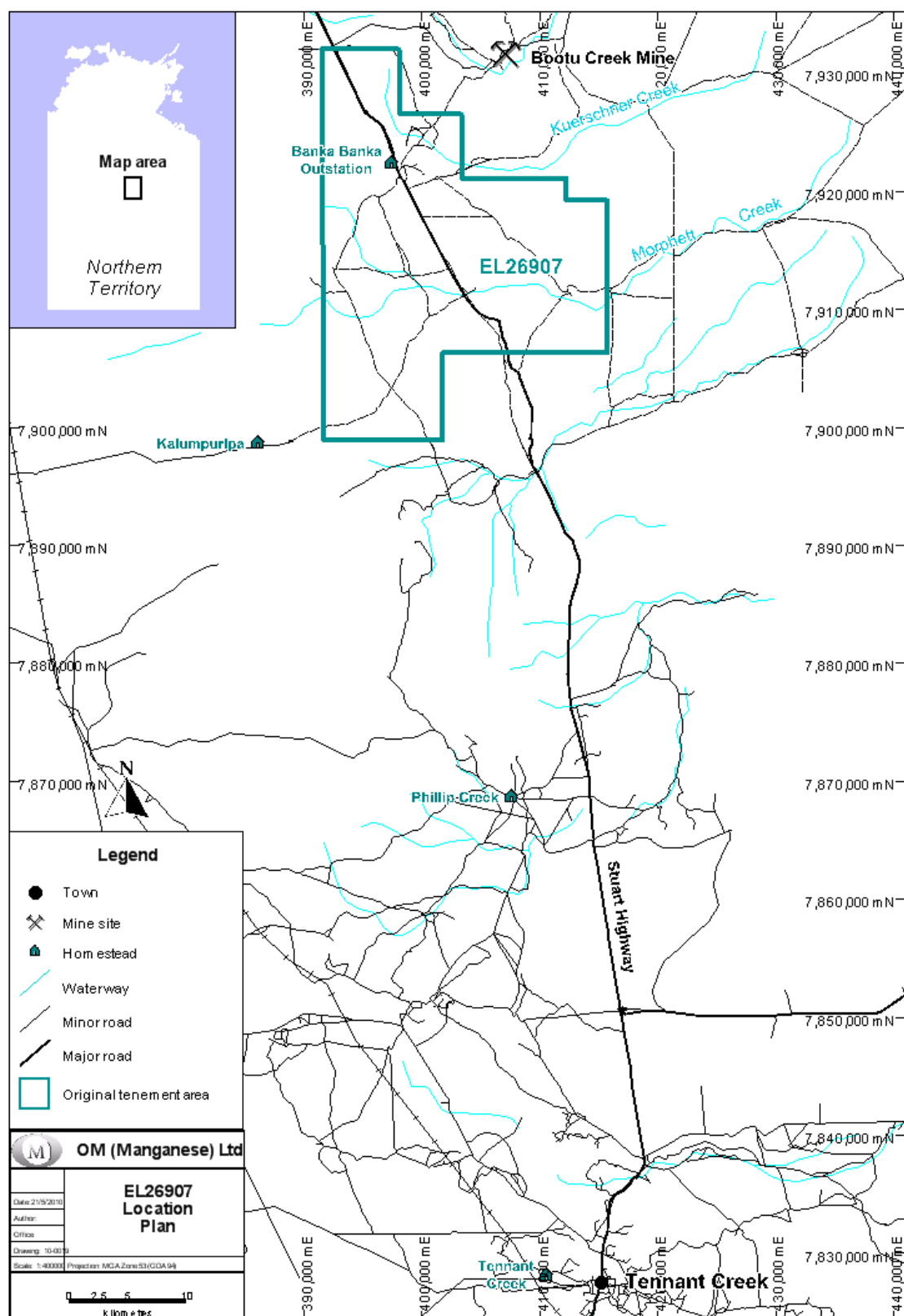
The Short Range Sandstone (Pts) is the youngest member of the group, occurring along the western edge and the south-western most corner of the tenement, while the Meerie Member (Pthe), the oldest stratigraphic unit, composed mostly of arenite, occurs along the southern boundary.

The Short Range Sandstone is seen again with what is thought to be the sandstone dominated Deagan Member (Ptsd) in the far eastern part of the tenement as the southern most exposure of the Bootu Syncline.

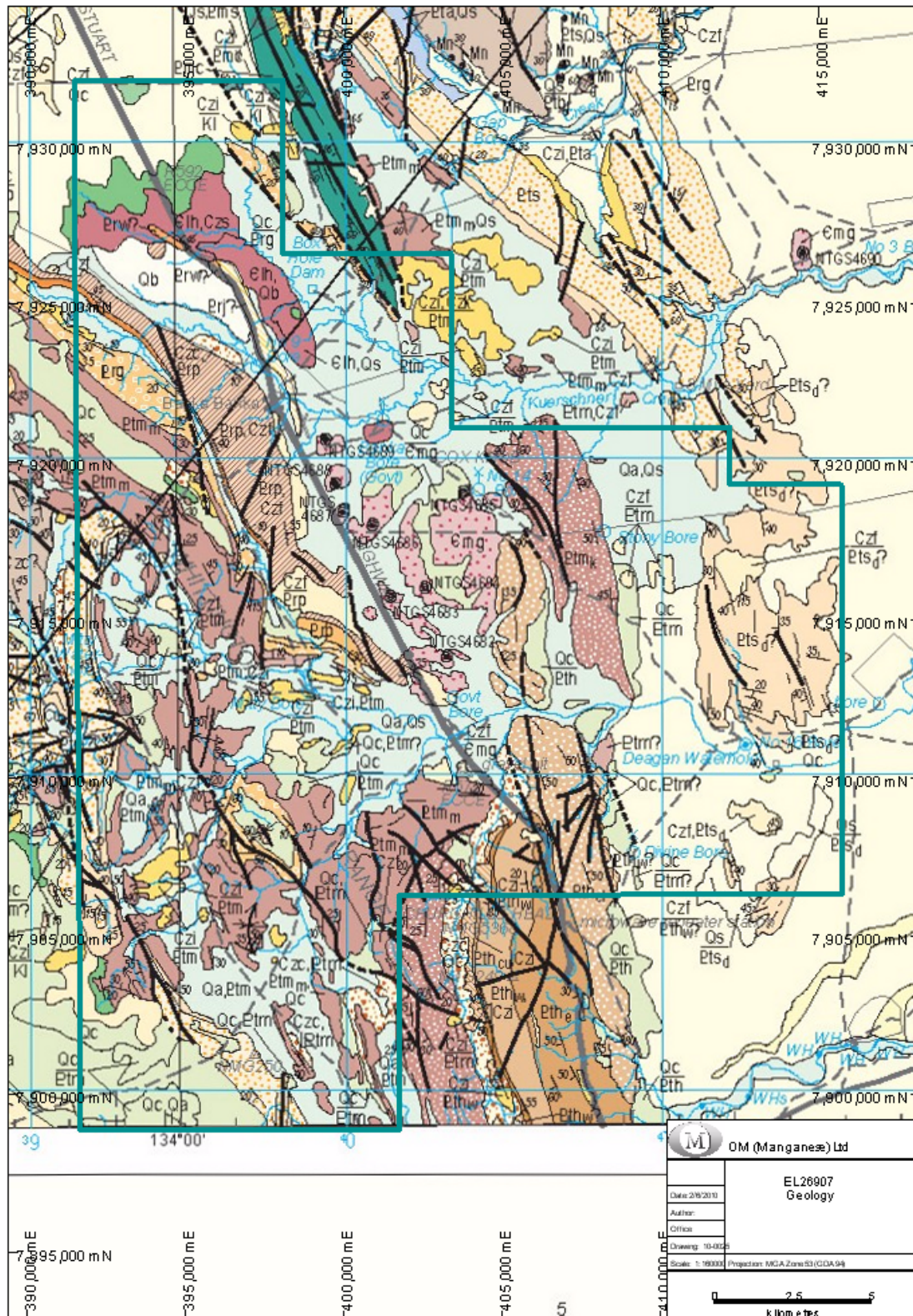
The Tomkinson Creek Group in the lower half of the tenement appears to be gently folding but is truncated by a 7-12 km wide, northwest trending, regional scale structural corridor containing not only the same stratigraphic units of the Tomkinson Creek sediments, but also units of the Mesoproterozoic Renner Group (the Powell Formation (Prp), Baralandji Formation (Prb) and Gleeson Formation (Prg)), Cambrian Helen Springs Volcanics (Cth) and Middle Cambrian Gum Ridge Formation (Cmg).

Undifferentiated, flat lying Early Cretaceous fine to coarse sandstones, siltstones, claystones and conglomerates (KI) occur in the northwest part of the tenement.

Quaternary ferricrete (Qzf) occurs in patches mostly on the eastern half of the tenement while aeolian sand (Qs), soil (Qb), alluvium (Qa) and colluvium (Qc) occur are more widespread over the entire tenement, in particular occupying the intermittent Morphett and Kuerschner Creeks and their tributaries.



**Figure 1.** Plan showing the location of EL26907 in relation to Tennant Creek.



**Figure 2.** Geology map of EL26907, NTGS Helen Springs 1:250,000 (*Hussey et al, 2001*)

## **2 2010 – 2011 Exploration Activity**

Work completed on 26907 during its first year comprised:

- Combined aeromagnetic and radiometric survey
- Initial geophysical interpretation

### **2.1 Aeromagnetic Survey**

GPX Surveys were contracted to fly a fixed wing airborne magnetic and radiometric survey for OM (Manganese) Ltd over EL26907 covering an area of approximately 526 sq km.

The survey details are listed in Table 1.

<b>Type of Data</b>	Aeromagnetic and Radiometric
<b>Survey Datum</b>	GDA94, MGA Zone 53
<b>Survey line spacing</b>	150 metres
<b>Survey line direction</b>	090-270 degrees
<b>Tie line spacing</b>	1,500 metres
<b>Tie line direction</b>	0-180 degrees
<b>Nominal ground clearance</b>	60 metres
<b>Survey distance</b>	4,093.7 line kilometres
<b>Survey Date</b>	30-3-2011 to 6-4-2011
<b>Survey by</b>	GPX Surveys

**Table 1.** OMM EL26907 Geophysical Survey Parameters

The airborne survey had been initially delayed by the early onset and further by the extended intensity of the 2010/2011 wet season. As such only preliminary interpretation of the data has been attempted and more detailed interpretation and ground checking is now scheduled for year 3.

The Survey and Logistics Report prepared by GPX Surveys covers the survey parameters in more detail and is attached in digital form.

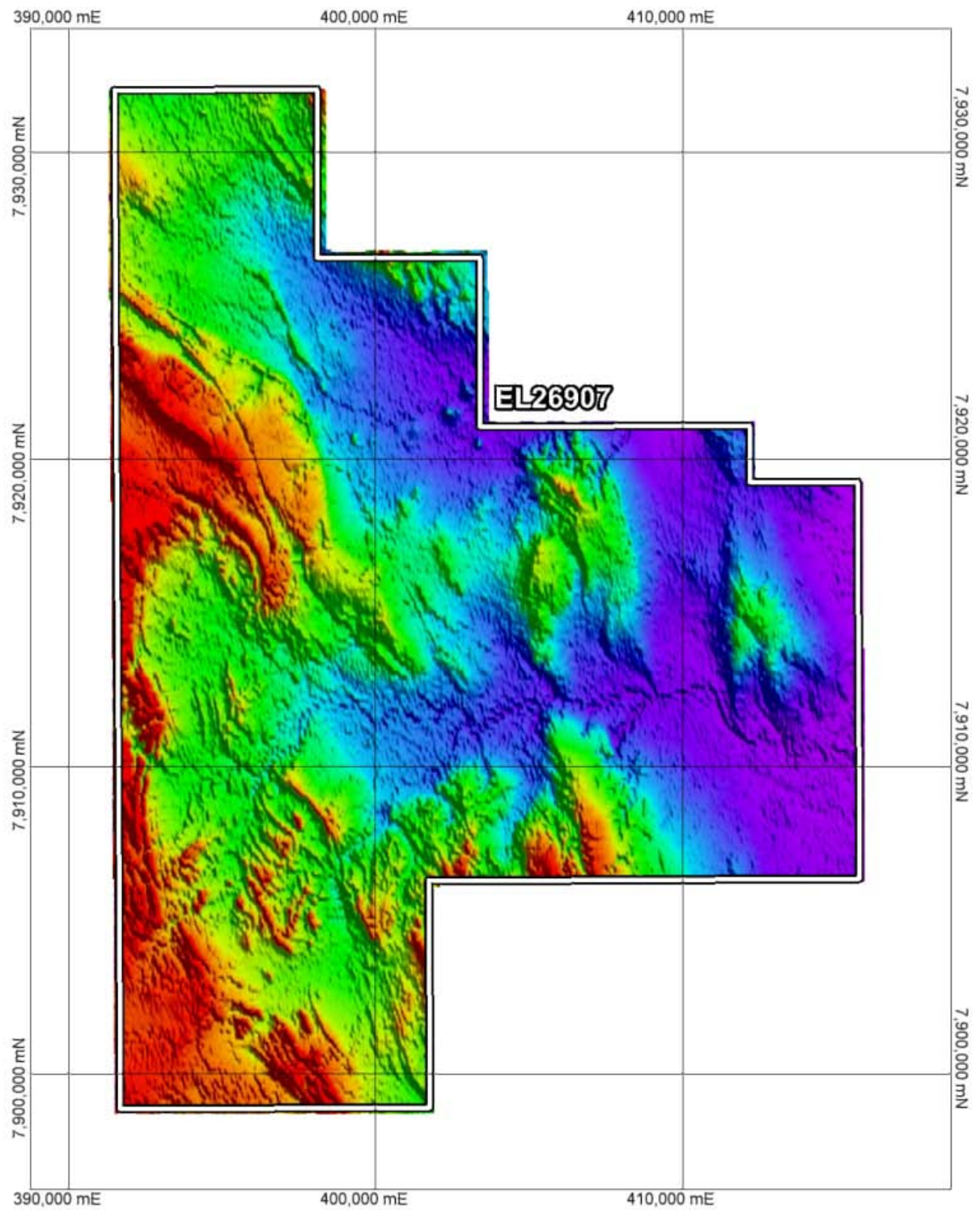
### **2.2 Initial Interpretation**

The aeromagnetic survey data clearly outlines areas covered by valley basalts beneath overlying Palaeozoic sediments and recent alluvium, and in combination with the radiometric data outlines areas of dolomitic sediments and areas covered by outcropping sandstone. Several structural features are also evident in the data.

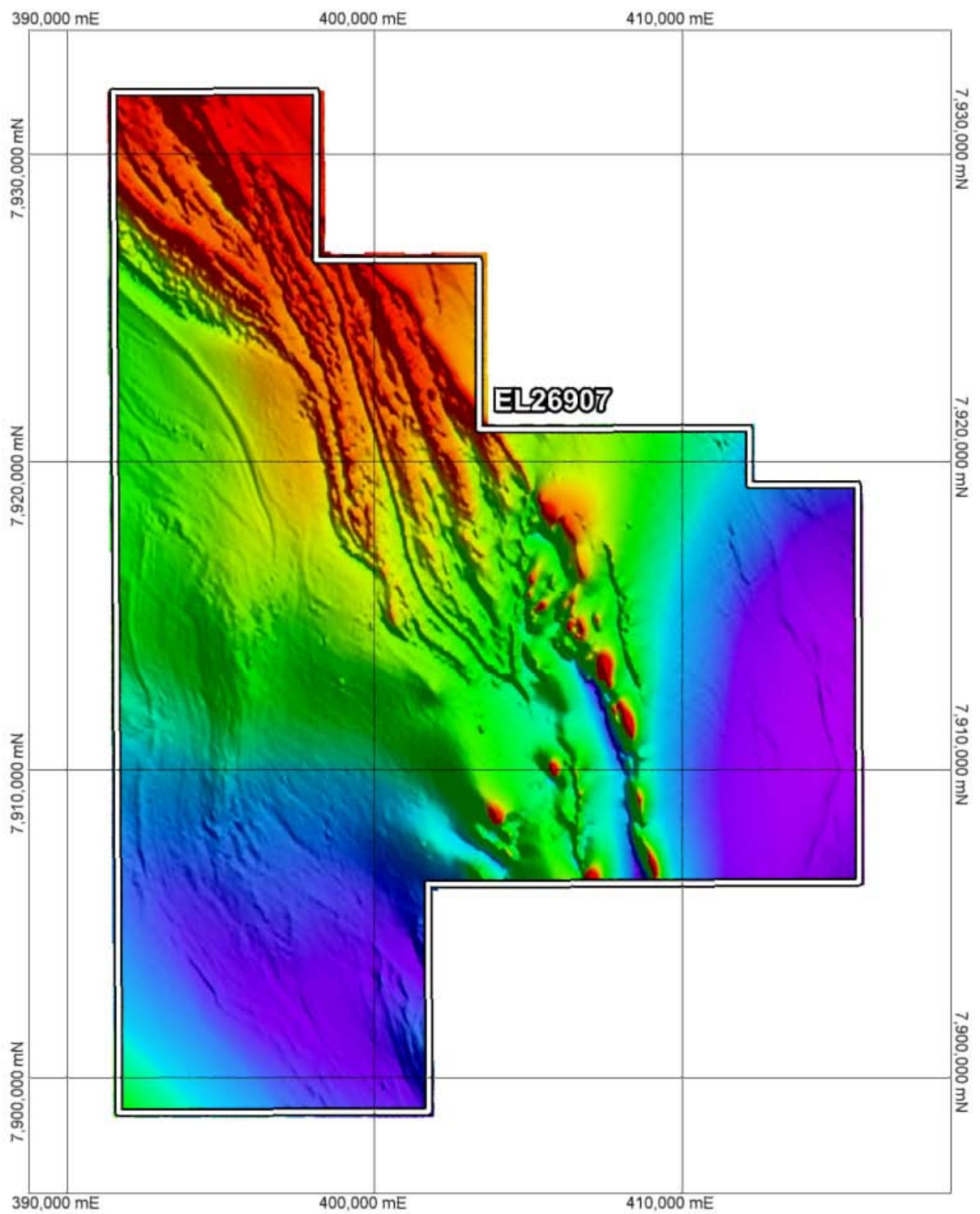
More detailed interpretation will include investigating the residual magnetic data after modelling and removing the underlying regional magnetic trends, in order to resolve



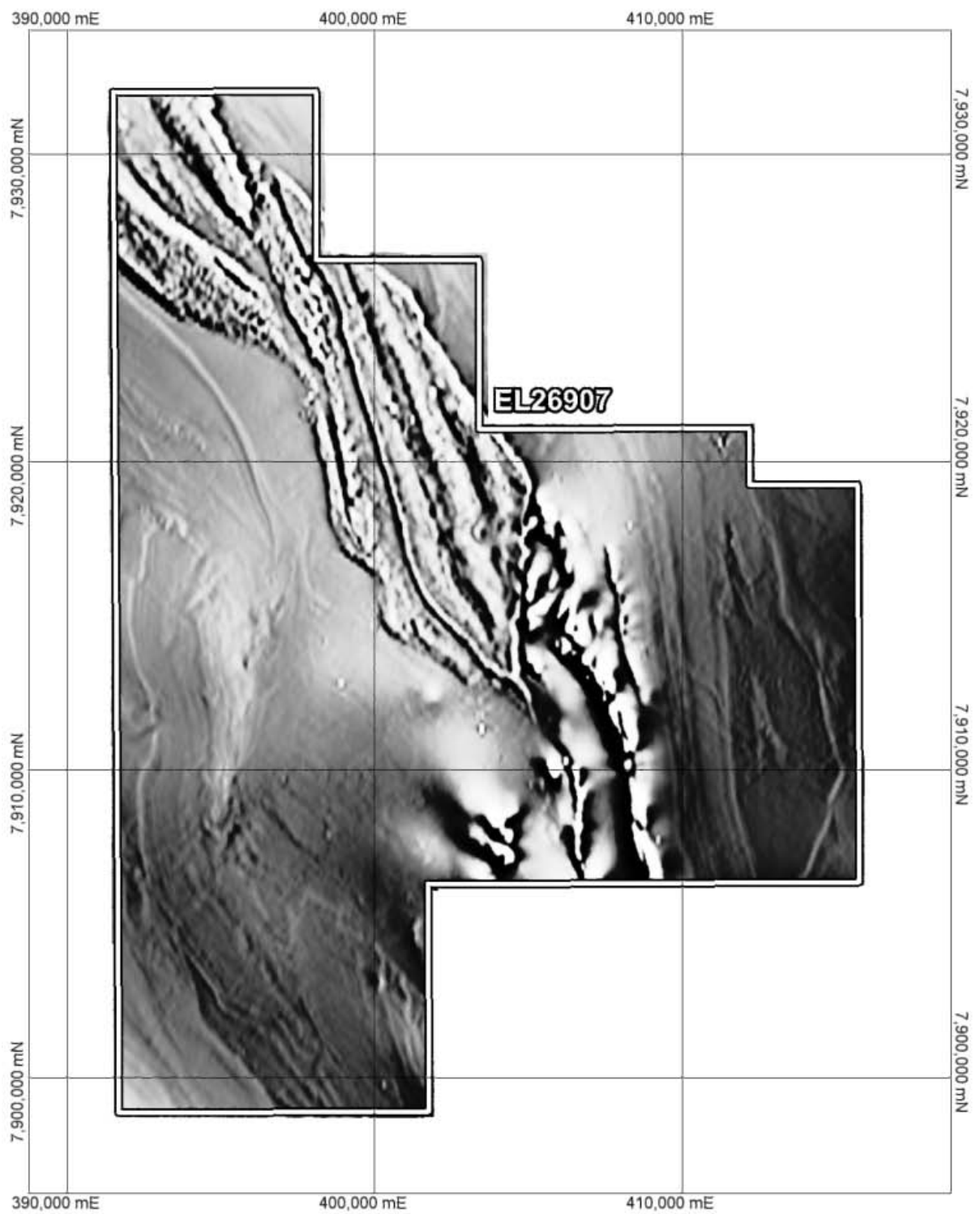
more subtle features, and in stretching the mid range magnetic data to limit the influence of the high frequency magnetic data over the basalt lavas.



**Figure 3.** Digital elevation image

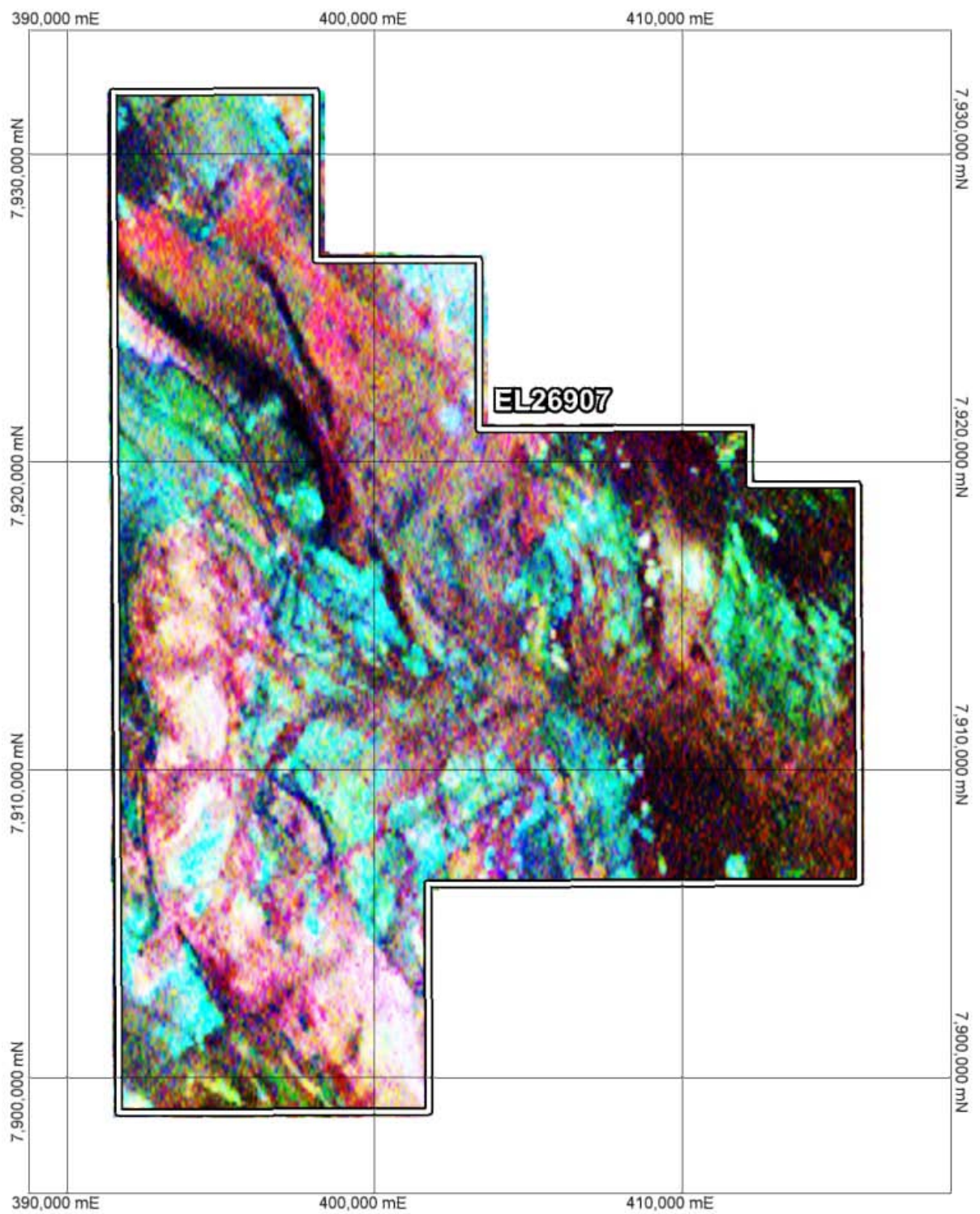


**Figure 4.** TMI



**Figure 5.** TMI FVD





**Figure 6.** Radiometric Ternary RGB image

### 3 References

Hussey, K.J., Beier, P.R., Crispe, A.J., Donnellan, N., and Kruse, P.D. (2001), Helen Springs, Northern Territory. 1:250,000 geological map series and explanatory notes, SE53-10 (Second Edition) *Northern Territory Geological Survey*.

GPX Surveys, GPX Project No: 2450, Survey Operations and Logistics Report for EL26907 Survey Area, March-April 2011.