

Daly River, Northern Territory Airborne Magnetic and Radiometric Geophysical Survey

Acquisition and Processing Report

for

Territory Uranium Co Ltd

Prepared by :

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Authorised for release by :

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Survey flown: June - July 2009

by



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FAS JOB # 2053

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1. SURVEY OPERATIONS AND LOGISTICS

1.1 Introduction

Between the 22nd of June 2009 and the 2nd of July 2009, Fugro Airborne Surveys Pty. Ltd. (FAS) undertook an airborne magnetic and radiometric survey for Territory Uranium Co Ltd, over the Daly River area, in the Northern Territory. The survey consisted of two areas, flown in 8 flights. Total coverage of the survey area amounted to 4030.3 line kilometres. The survey was flown using an Aerocommander Shrike 500-S aircraft, registration VH-KAV owned and operated by FAS. This report summarises the procedures and equipment used by FAS in the acquisition, verification and processing of the airborne geophysical data.

1.2 Survey Base

The survey was based out of Batchelor, Northern Territory. The survey aircraft was operated from the Batchelor airfield with the aircraft fuel available on site. A temporary office was set up at the Rum Jungle Motor Inn, Batchelor, where all survey operations were run and the post-flight data verification was performed.

1.3 Survey Personnel

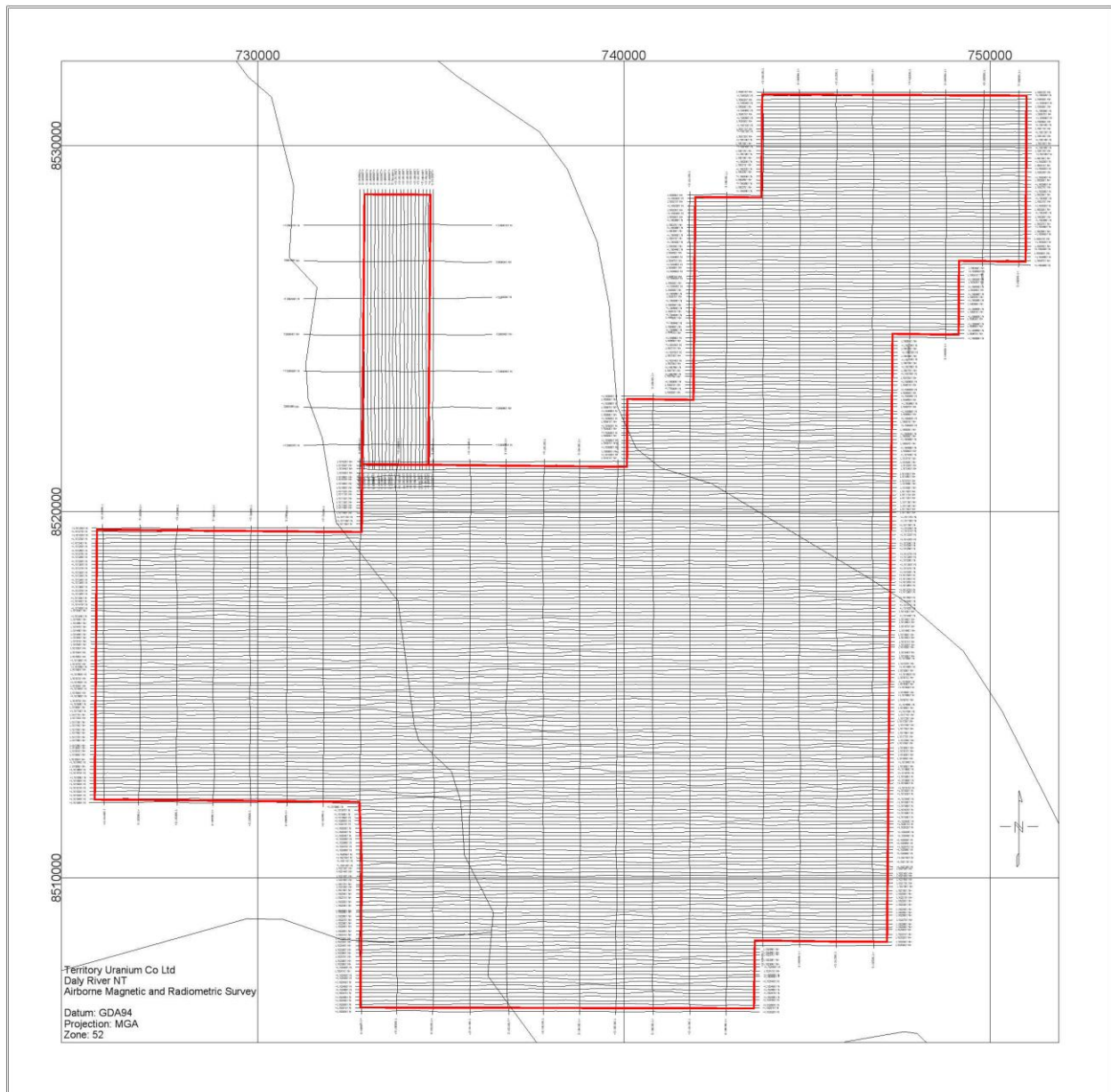
The following personnel were involved in this project:

| | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Project Supervision - Acquisition | Bart Anderson |
| - Processing | Adam Shales |
| On-site Crew Leader | Mike Poole |
| Pilot/s | Til Ribarich, Tim Masefield |
| System Operator/s | Mike Poole |
| Data Processing | Sheryl Launer |

1.4 Survey Equipment

| | |
|----------------------------|---|
| Survey Platform | - Aerocommander Shrike 500-S VH-KAV |
| Data Acquisition System | - FAS digital acquisition system |
| Total Field Magnetometer | - Geometrix G-822A Caesium vapour |
| Vector Magnetometer | - Billingsley TFM100-1E 3-axis |
| Magnetometer Compensator | - Fugro FASDAS Mag Decoupler Unit Aeromagnetic Digital |
| Gamma-ray Spectrometer | - Exploranium GR820 256 Channels |
| Gamma-ray Detector | - 8 NaI(Tl) crystals; 33.56 L down |
| Navigation System GPS | - Fugro Omnistar in VBS (Virtual Base Station) mode, Novatel OEM4 GPS receiver |
| Base Station Magnetometers | - 2 x Scintrex Envi Mag |
| Altimeter | - Sperry Stars RT-220 radio altimeter |
| Barometer | - Paroscientific Digibaro altimeter |
| Thermometer | - Vaisala HMY 133 temperature and humidity sensor |

1.5 Area Map



**DALY RIVER, NT
GDA94 MGA52**

1.6 General Disclaimer

It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data and report provided to the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties. That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose for which the data and report is used change, the data and report may no longer be valid or appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data and report in those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.

The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for the purposes of the Client. Should the data and report be made available in whole or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey disclaims any liability to such party.

Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne Survey.

2. SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS AND PARAMETERS

2.1 Area Co-ordinates

The survey area was located within MGA Zone 52, Central Meridian = 129
(Note - Co-ordinates in GDA94/MGA Zone 52)

Area 1

| Easting | Northing |
|---------|----------|
| 732771 | 8512083 |
| 725550 | 8512146 |
| 725610 | 8519526 |
| 732835 | 8519461 |
| 732850 | 8521315 |
| 740074 | 8521241 |
| 740092 | 8523086 |
| 741897 | 8523070 |
| 741947 | 8528603 |
| 743753 | 8528587 |
| 743771 | 8531414 |
| 750991 | 8531371 |
| 750963 | 8526832 |
| 749151 | 8526858 |
| 749138 | 8524848 |
| 747332 | 8524865 |
| 747179 | 8508264 |
| 745374 | 8508281 |
| 743568 | 8508298 |
| 743552 | 8506453 |
| 732805 | 8506468 |
| 732841 | 8510386 |

Area 2

| Easting | Northing |
|---------|----------|
| 732915 | 8528682 |
| 734721 | 8528667 |
| 734657 | 8521289 |
| 732850 | 8521315 |

2.2 Survey Area Parameters

| | | |
|---------------------------|---|--|
| Job Number | - | 2053 |
| Survey Company | - | Fugro Airborne Surveys Pty Ltd |
| Date Flown | - | 22 nd June 2009 – 2 nd July 2009 |
| Client | - | Territory Uranium Co Ltd |
| Project Name | - | Daly River, NT |
| Area Names | - | 1 and 2 |
| Nominal Terrain Clearance | - | 40 m |
| Traverse Line Spacing | - | 100 m |
| Traverse Line Direction | - | (area 1) 090 – 270 deg, (area 2) 000 – 180 deg |
| Traverse Lines | - | 1000101 – 1025201, 2000101 – 2002101 |
| Tie Line Spacing | - | 1000 m |
| Tie Line Direction | - | (area 1) 000 – 180 deg, (area 2) 090 – 270 deg |
| Tie Lines | - | 1900101 – 1902601, 2900101 – 2900701 |
| Line Kilometres | - | Area 1 = 3833.3 km Area 2 = 197 km |
| Total Line Kilometres | - | 4030.3 km |

2.3 Data Sample Intervals

Nominal data sample intervals.

| | | |
|----------------------------------|---|--------------|
| Magnetometer | - | 7 m (@10 Hz) |
| Radar Altimeter | - | 7 m (@10 Hz) |
| Thermometer | - | 70 m (@1 Hz) |
| Barometer | - | 70 m (@1 Hz) |
| GPS | - | 70 m (@1 Hz) |
| Spectrometer | - | 70 m (@1 Hz) |
| Magnetic Base Station (ENVI Mag) | - | 5 s |

2.4 Survey Tolerances

As specified in the contract the following tolerances were used:

| | | |
|---------------------------------|---|--|
| Traverse line deviation | - | +/- 50% of nominated line spacing over 1 km or more |
| Tie line deviation | - | +/- 50% of nominated tie line spacing over 1 km or more |
| Terrain clearance deviation | - | +/-10 m of nominal terrain clearance over 1 km or more, except where such lines breach air regulations, or in the opinion of the pilot, put aircraft and crew at risk. |
| Total magnetometer system noise | - | More than 0.1 nT continuously for more than 1 km |
| Magnetic diurnal variation | - | More than 10 nT in 10 minutes non-linear either on flight lines or tie lines. |

3. AIRCRAFT EQUIPMENT AND SPECIFICATIONS

3.1 Aircraft

| | |
|--------------|----------------------------------|
| Manufacturer | - Aerocommander |
| Model | - Shrike 500S |
| Registration | - VH-KAV |
| Ownership | - Fugro Airborne Surveys Pty Ltd |

3.2 Navigation System

The GPS receiver was integrated as part of the acquisition system. Navigation displays were generated by the acquisition system software that displayed to the pilot a graphical representation of the line being flown. A pre-defined flight plan, with area boundaries and the start and end of the line co-ordinates, was loaded into memory and used for real-time navigation information. Position co-ordinates and other relevant GPS information were output and recorded by the acquisition computer.

3.3 Aircraft Magnetometers

The survey was flown using a Geometrix G-822A ultra-high sensitivity Caesium vapour magnetometer sensor with the sensor mounted in the tail stinger of the aircraft. The sensor provides a Larmor signal that is processed by high precision counters embedded within the FASDAS to provide an operating range of 20,000 to 100,000 nT.

Specifications

| | |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Nominal Sensitivity: | - 0.001 nT |
| Still Air RMS Noise: | - 0.05 nT |
| Digital Recording Resolution: | - 0.001 nT |
| Magnetic Gradient Tolerance | - >20,000 nT/m |

3.4 Automatic Compensator

The magnetometer data, together with data from the 3-axis fluxgate, was integrated in the acquisition system to produce real time compensation for the effects of the aircraft's motion, i.e. from changes in attitude and heading. The compensation coefficients were calculated from compensation flights carried out before the survey commenced. The compensated output data, with a resolution and sensitivity of 0.001 nT at a sampling rate of 10 times per second, were recorded digitally.

3.5 Gamma Ray Spectrometer System

The radiometric acquisition system consisted of a 256 channel gamma-ray spectrometer and detector system with the following specifications:

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Manufacturer: | Exploranium Inc. |
| Model: | GR-820 |
| Number of channels: | 256 |
| Crystal Volume: | 33.56 L downward looking (thermally insulated) |
| Sampling interval: | 1 s |
| Windows (keV): | Potassium: 1370 to 1570 |
| | Uranium: 1660 to 1860 |
| | Thorium: 2410 to 2810 |
| | Total Count: 410 to 2810 |
| | Cosmic: 4000 to >6000 |

Data checking in the survey system was carried out by the use of resolution procedures using known radiometric sources. To verify the system, real time display of individual crystal resolutions and system resolutions, real time display peak channel tracking information, real time display of the energy spectrum showing counts, cosmic level and system livetime were available. The survey system displayed to the operator any errors encountered in the spectrometer system.

3.6 Radar Altimeter

A Sperry Stars RT-220 radio altimeter system was used to measure ground clearance. The radio altimeter indicator provides an absolute altitude display from 0 - 750 metres (0 - 2,500 feet) with a sensitivity of 4 mV/ft. Radar altimeter data were digitally recorded every 0.1 seconds.

Specifications

| | | |
|-------------|---|-------------|
| Range: | - | 0 - 2500 ft |
| Accuracy: | - | 1% |
| Resolution: | - | 4 mV/ft |

3.7 Barometric Altimeter

The output of the Paroscientific pressure transducer was used for calculating the barometric altitude of the aircraft. The atmospheric pressure was taken from a probe and fed to the transducer. The transducer uses a precise quartz crystal resonator whose frequency of oscillation varies with pressure induced stress. The temperature of the pressure sensor was also recorded. In conjunction with the area QNH pressure and ambient temperature, the barometric altitude was calculated.

Specifications

| | | |
|-------------|---|------------------------|
| Range: | - | sea level to 10,000 ft |
| Accuracy: | - | 5 ft |
| Resolution: | - | 1 mV/ft |

3.8 Flight Data Recording

All data recorded by the data acquisition system were stored in a digital format on the removable media drive located in the DAS. This data were then transferred to the field office computers for post-flight quality control examination.

3.9 Flight Following

An integral part of the Safety Management System provides for the installation of a Flight Following System that transmits a position via satellite at pre determined intervals. The Fugro OmniTRACK system is fitted to the aircraft and position information is transmitted every 4 minutes to the Omnistar Network control centre. This information can be monitored by accessing the Fugro web page where the updated flight path is displayed. The aircraft is also fitted with an emergency switch and activation of this by the pilot or crew will notify the Omnistar Network control centre immediately. They in turn will contact FAS personnel as per the Emergency Response Plan

4. GROUND DATA ACQUISITION EQUIPMENT AND SPECIFICATIONS

4.1 Magnetic Base Station

Two Scintrex Envi Mag magnetometers were used to measure the daily variations of the Earth's magnetic field. The base stations were established in an area of low gradient, away from cultural influences. The base stations were run continuously throughout the survey flying period with a sampling interval of 5 seconds at a sensitivity of 0.01 nT. The base station data were closely examined after each day's production flying to determine if any data had been acquired during periods of out-of-specification diurnal variation. The base stations were located at Bachelor Airfield approximately 100 m apart.

4.2 GPS Base Station

A GPS base logging station was set up at the Rum Jungle Motor Inn, Bachelor. The GPS antenna was attached to the third pole from the northern end of the swimming pool fence.

The GPS base system was comprised of a GPS receiver, a logging computer, an antenna and a power supply. Data was logged and displayed in real time on the logging computer screen. The logged base data was processed with the airborne GPS data to calculate the differentially post-processed position of the aircraft.

The GPS base station position was calculated by logging data continuously at the base position over a period of approximately 28 hours. These data were then statistically averaged to obtain the position of the base station.

The calculated GPS base position was (in WGS84):

13° 02' 29.66214" S, 131° 01' 25.76217" E, 156.237 m.

5. EQUIPMENT CALIBRATIONS AND DATA ACQUISITION CHECKS

5.1 Survey Calibrations

A series of calibrations were performed as follows:

5.1.1 Dynamic Magnetometer Compensation

Carrying a magnetometer through a varying field in a non-uniform orientation produces manoeuvre noise. To compensate for this manoeuvre noise a standard compensation test flight called a “comp box” was flown. The compensation file produced also removed the majority of the heading error. Aircraft compensation tests were flown on the 4 survey line headings and also at $\pm 7\frac{1}{2}$ and 15° to the line headings (to accommodate for cross wind flying conditions). The data for each heading consists of a series of aircraft manoeuvres with large angular excursions: specifically pitches, rolls and yaws. This was done to artificially create the worst possible attitudes and rates of attitudinal change likely to be encountered while on line and compensate for any magnetic noise created by the aircraft’s motion within the earth’s magnetic field. The data was processed to obtain the real-time compensation terms. These coefficients were applied in real-time or later during post-processing if required. Note that this form of compensation will only remove those noise effects modelled in the manoeuvre test flight. Random motions of the stinger with respect to the aircraft airframe generally establish the noise floor for this type of installation. Details of the comp boxes flown for this survey are shown in the table below.

| Flown | Flights covered |
|-----------|-----------------|
| 28/6/2009 | All Flights |

Table 1: Magnetometer Compensation Details

5.1.2 Parallax

Parallax error is caused by the physical difference in distance between the various sensors, the electronic delay and software timing in the acquisition system. Hence all variables are subjected to a displacement from the GPS co-ordinates. If these variables are processed without a position offset a parallax error will usually occur. The most suitable way to treat this problem is to use the 1 second radiometric data as a base with a zero correction. This will prevent interpolation of important variables (a filtering process). The co-ordinates were moved by linear interpolation and other data variables were displaced onto the radiometric data, without change.

| Data | Parallax |
|----------------|------------|
| Radiometrics | 0 second |
| GPS | 0.6 second |
| Magnetics | 0.6 second |
| Radar Altitude | 0.5 second |
| Pressure | 0 second |
| Temperature | 0.3 second |

Table 2: Parallax Values

5.1.3 Pad Calibrations

A series of tests were taken using a set of radiometric pads of known concentrations of Potassium, Uranium and Thorium. Each crystal pack was tested individually, with data accumulated for 15 minutes. The pad calibration data were processed to determine the radiometric stripping coefficients for each crystal pack. Where aircraft had more than one crystal pack installed, the average of the stripping coefficients were used in final data processing.

5.1.4 Background and Cosmic Calibration Stacks

High-level stacks were flown over the ocean away from the effects of any land based radon. Data were collected for ten minutes at altitudes starting at 1000 feet above sea level and incrementing to 10000 feet above sea level. The high-level stack data were processed to determine the cosmic and aircraft background coefficients.

5.1.5 Height Attenuation Calibrations

Low-level stacks were flown over the Carnamah Dynamic Test Range, Western Australia. Data were collected at altitudes of 130 feet above sea level (asl), 200 ft asl, 260 ft asl, 330 ft asl, 400 ft asl and 650 ft asl. The neighbouring salt lake was flown at the same altitudes, and the data were used as a radon test. A ground survey was carried out on the same day using a calibrated gamma-ray spectrometer.

The airborne and ground data were processed to determine radioelement sensitivity and height attenuation coefficients.

5.1.6 Daily Calibrations

A set of calibrations were performed each survey day as follows:

- Magnetic base station time check
- Spectrometer resolution test
- Spectrometer button test
- Low level test line

5.1.6.1 Magnetic Base Station Time Check

Prior to each day's survey all magnetic base stations were time checked and synchronised with the time on the aircraft survey system GPS receiver.

5.1.6.2 Spectrometer Resolution Test

Once the spectrometer had stabilised a Thorium source resolution check was carried out by placing the source in a cradle specially designed to ensure precisely repeatable locations.

5.1.6.3 Spectrometer Button Test

Thorium sample checks were performed on the spectrometer before and after each day's survey acquisition. Each sample was placed in a predetermined location and data recorded for 180 sec. Relative count rates above background were within +/- 5% of the average sample checks for the duration of the survey.

5.1.6.4 Low Level Test line

To monitor the effects of soil moisture and radon and to verify the system was functioning correctly a low level test line was flown at survey altitude prior to and after each day's production. The collected data were checked by the operator to ensure the Thorium for the low level test line was within +/- 10% of the initial average. The location of the low level test line was just south of the Adelaide River, running parallel and 300m to the west of the railway line.

A 731756E 8532687N
B 735117E 8527581N
(Coordinates in GDA94 MGA52)

6. DATA VERIFICATION AND FIELD PROCESSING

All data verification was conducted at the field office in Bachelor for the duration of the survey. At the conclusion of each day's survey all magnetic, radiometric, altimeter, flight path and diurnal data were downloaded onto the field office computer for preliminary verification. All raw aircraft data were backed up at the end of each day's survey. One copy was sent to the FAS office in Perth, the other copy remaining at the field office.

6.1 Magnetic Diurnal Data

Diurnal data recorded from the primary base station was downloaded onto the field office computer. The data was checked for spikes and erroneous readings. If invalid diurnal data occurred whilst survey data was being acquired the affected section was re-flown. The diurnal data was also checked to see that the change in diurnal readings during the course of the survey did not exceed the specified tolerances. When this occurred the affected part of the survey line was re-flown. The diurnal data was merged with the aircraft data and used in the verification of the magnetic data. Diurnal data recorded on the secondary base station was also downloaded onto the field office computer.

6.2 Height Data

Radar altimeter, barometric altimeter and GPS height data from the aircraft was transferred onto the field office computer.

6.2.1 Radar Altimeter Data

The radar altimeter data was verified to check that a reasonably constant height above the terrain was flown, readings during the course of the survey did not exceed the specified tolerances and for equipment reliability.

6.2.2 GPS Height Data

The aircraft's height above the WGS84 ellipsoid each second was determined by differentially post-processing the synchronised GPS data from the aircraft and GPS base station data. The GPS height of the aircraft was verified to check for data masking and for equipment reliability.

6.2.3 Barometric Altimeter Data

As a backup to the aircraft's GPS height, barometric height was also recorded. The barometric height of the aircraft was verified to check for equipment reliability. The barometric data were also used in the processing of the radiometric data.

6.2.4 Topographical Data

After verification parallax corrections were applied, the radar altitude was subtracted from the GPS height to give the elevation of the terrain above the WGS84 ellipsoid. It was not considered necessary to make any further corrections as this data was for verification purposes only.

6.2.5 Gridding and Inspection

The topographical data was gridded and grid image enhancements were computed and displayed on screen. These were inspected for inconsistencies and errors.

6.3 Flight Path Data

The flight path data from the aircraft and the GPS base station were transferred onto the field office computer. The aircraft's precise location each second was determined by differentially post-processing the synchronised GPS data from the aircraft and GPS base station data. The flight path was recovered and plotted daily to ensure it was within specification. Any data not within specification was re-flown. The flight path data was then merged with the rest of the aircraft and diurnal data. Both the aircraft and GPS base station recorded the data in the WGS84 datum.

6.4 Magnetic Data

The real-time compensated and uncompensated magnetic data from the aircraft recorded every 0.1 second were transferred onto the field office computer. The raw magnetic data was checked to identify noise and spikes. If the noise exceeded the specified tolerances the part of the line affected was re-flown. After the magnetic data were merged with the digital flight path the following sequence of operations were carried out to allow inspection and verification of the data:

6.4.1 Diurnal Correction

The synchronised digital diurnal data collected by the base station was first subtracted from the corresponding airborne magnetic readings to calculate a difference. The resultant difference was then subtracted from the base value to produce diurnally corrected magnetic data.

6.4.2 Parallax Correction

The diurnally corrected magnetic data was corrected for system parallax using the calculated value.

6.4.3 Preliminary Gridding and Inspection

The magnetic data were gridded and grid image enhancements were computed and displayed on screen. These were inspected for inconsistencies and errors.

6.5 Spectrometer Data

Spectrometer data from the aircraft were transferred onto the field office computer. The data was verified to check that readings during the course of the survey did not exceed the specified tolerances and for equipment reliability.

6.5.1 Parallax Correction

The raw window data were corrected for system parallax using the calculated value.

6.5.2 Preliminary Gridding and Inspection

The spectrometer data were gridded and grid image enhancements were computed and displayed on screen. These were inspected for inconsistencies and errors.

7. FINAL DATA PROCESSING

7.1 Aircraft Location

The aircraft's location each second was determined by differentially post-processing the synchronised GPS data recorded on both the aircraft and GPS base station. This data is recorded in the WGS84 datum.

7.2 Magnetic Data Processing

The processing procedures applied to the magnetic data are summarised below:

- a) Apply any spike corrections to the compensated magnetic variables.
- b) Interpolate undefined magnetic values.
- c) Co-ordinate the data with post-processed GPS data.
- d) Filter diurnal values and subtract them from individual compensated magnetic readings.

| Area | Base Value |
|--------|--|
| Area 1 | 46300 nT 46500 nT 46530 nT 46550 nT |
| Area 2 | 46500 nT |

Table 3: Diurnal Base Values

- e) Apply parallax correction.
- f) Correct for regional effects of the earth's magnetic field by calculating the IGRF value at each fiducial using IGRF model 2005 and secular variation model. A base value was added back.

| Area | IGRF Model | Base Value |
|------------|------------|------------|
| Area 1 & 2 | 28/6/2009 | 46867 nT |

Table 4: IGRF Base Values

- g) Height correction using Taylor Draper to 40m AGL applied.
- h) Using the tie lines (flown at 90 degrees to the traverse lines) a set of miss-tie values were determined. These miss-tie values reflected the differences in the magnetic value between the tie lines and traverse lines over the same geographical point. Using a least squares fit algorithm, which also takes into account the statistical variation inherent in DGPS positioning, a series of corrections were applied to the traverse line data. These allowed the data to be levelled to the same base value.
- i) Following this, a FAS proprietary microlevelling process was applied in order to more subtly level the data.

7.2.1 Gridding

The final levelled magnetic data were gridded using a bi-directional spline algorithm. The data was gridded with a cell size of 25 m. Grid data from area 1 and area 2 were then merged.

7.3 Radiometric Data Processing

The radiometric data was processed using the standard IAEA window processing technique as summarised below.

- a) Co-ordinate the data with post-processed GPS data.
- b) Apply spike corrections to the radar altimeter, temperature and pressure values.
- c) Apply parallax corrections to altimeter, temperature and pressure values.
- d) Apply NASVD filtering to the 256 channel radiometric data.
- e) Apply Energy Recalibration to the NASVD filtered 256 channel radiometric data.
- f) Correct for dead time.
- g) Calculate the equivalent terrain clearance at STP (standard temperature and pressure).
- h) Remove aircraft background.
- i) Remove cosmic background.
- j) Window the 256 channel data using the IAEA standard energy windows.

- k) Remove radon background.
- l) Apply stripping ratios.
- m) Apply height corrections.
- n) Tie line levelling was applied to the total count and uranium data. Using the tie lines (flown at 90 degrees to the traverse lines) a set of miss-tie values were determined. These miss-tie values reflected the differences in the value between the tie lines and traverse lines over the same geographical point. Using a least squares fit algorithm, which also takes into account the statistical variation inherent in DGPS positioning, a series of corrections were applied to the traverse line data. These allowed the data to be levelled to the same base value.
- o) Following this, a Fugro proprietary micro-levelling process was applied in order to more subtly level the data. Micro-levelling was applied to area 1 data only.

7.3.1 NASVD Filtering

The radiometrics were produced with NASVD smoothing. Using the NASVD technique, the raw spectra were first smoothed using 5 principal components for area 1 and 4 principal components for area 2. Eigenvectors and statistics on the NASVD processing results were used for analysis.

7.3.2 Energy Recalibration

The spectral drift was checked by monitoring the position of the Potassium, Uranium and Thorium peaks on average spectra along flight lines. The peak positions were determined by using a Gaussian fitting method. Energy recalibration was applied to the spectra using a linear regression (LSQ fit) to determine the slope and intercept.

7.3.3 Dead Time

Gamma-ray spectrometers require a finite time to process each pulse from the detectors. While one pulse is being processed, any other pulse that arrives will be rejected. Consequently the 'live time' of a spectrometer is reduced by the time taken to process all pulses reaching the spectrometer. The spectra are normalised to counts per second by dividing by the live time.

7.3.4 STP Altitude

The radar altimeter data was converted to effective height at standard temperature and pressure using the expression:

$$STPAlt = RAlt * (P/1013) * (273 / (T+273))$$

where:

RAlt = the observed radar altitude in m
 T = the measured air temperature in deg C
 P = the barometric pressure in hPa

7.3.5 Cosmic and Aircraft Background Removal

The 256 channel aircraft and cosmic spectra for the aircraft were calculated from the high-level test data with the aircraft and cosmic backgrounds derived using least squares fitting applied on a channel by channel basis.

The aircraft background was removed by subtracting the computed aircraft background spectra from the dead time corrected spectra. The 256 channel cosmic background spectrum that is removed is calculated by multiplying the 256 channel cosmic factor values by the cosmic counts recorded. The effect of cosmic radiation is removed from the spectra by subtracting the resultant cosmic spectrum.

| Window | Aircraft Background | Cosmic Stripping Ratio |
|-------------|---------------------|------------------------|
| Total Count | 30.0 | 0.9200 |
| Potassium | 6.1 | 0.0530 |
| Uranium | 1.3 | 0.0425 |
| Thorium | 0.8 | 0.0520 |

Table 5: Aircraft Background and Cosmic Stripping Ratios

7.3.6 Window Definitions

The 256 channel data were summed into the standard IAEA windows.

| Window | Peak Energy (keV) | Energy Window (keV) | GR-820 Channel Window |
|-------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Total Count | - | 410 - 2810 | 34 - 234 |
| Potassium | 1460 | 1370 - 1570 | 115 - 131 |
| Uranium | 1765 | 1660 - 1860 | 139 - 155 |
| Thorium | 2614 | 2410 - 2810 | 201 - 234 |
| Cosmic | - | 4000 - 6000 | - |

Table 6: IAEA Window Definitions

7.3.7 Radon Correction

Radon corrections were applied using the spectral ratio method.

| Stripping | Value |
|-------------|--------|
| Total Count | 13.153 |
| Potassium | 0.782 |
| Thorium | 0.061 |
| Radon | 1.875 |
| Ground | 0.625 |

Table 7: Radon Stripping Values

7.3.8 Spectral Stripping

Spectral stripping was applied to the Potassium, Uranium and Thorium windows. The stripping coefficients were corrected for STP altitude.

| Stripping | Value | STP adjustment (/m) |
|-----------|---------|---------------------|
| Alpha | 0.2611 | 0.00049 |
| Beta | 0.3980 | 0.00065 |
| Gamma | 0.7863 | 0.00069 |
| A | 0.0684 | 0 |
| B | 0.0011 | 0 |
| G | -0.0171 | 0 |

Table 8: Spectral Stripping Ratios

7.3.9 Height Correction

The background corrected and stripped window data were corrected for variations in the density altitude of the detector.

| Window | Attenuation coefficient (m^{-1}) |
|-------------|---|
| Total Count | -0.0069 |
| Potassium | -0.0093 |
| Uranium | -0.0083 |
| Thorium | -0.0069 |

Table 9: STP Altitude Coefficients

7.3.10 Gridding

The final radiometric data were gridded using a minimum curvature algorithm. The data was gridded with a cell size of 25 m. Grid data from area 1 and area 2 were then merged.

7.4 Digital Terrain Model

The processing procedures applied to the terrain data are summarised below:

- a) Apply any spike corrections to the raw radar altimeter data.
- b) Interpolate undefined values.
- c) Co-ordinate the data with post-processed GPS data.
- d) Apply parallax corrections.
- e) Subtract the aircraft's height above ground from the aircraft's height above the WGS84 ellipsoid and correct for radar altimeter/GPS sensor separation.
- f) Derive surface topography values with respect to mean sea level (referenced to the geoid) by correcting the WGS84 ellipsoid values with geoid-ellipsoid separation values.
- g) Using the tie lines (flown at 90 degrees to the traverse lines) a set of miss-tie values were determined. These miss-tie values reflected the differences in the value between the tie lines and the traverse lines over the same geographical point. Using a least squares fit algorithm, which also takes into account the statistical variation inherent in DGPS positioning, a series of corrections were applied to the traverse line data. These allowed the data to be levelled to the same base value.
- h) Following this, a FAS proprietary micro-levelling process was applied in order to more subtly level the data.

7.4.1 Gridding

The final levelled digital terrain data were gridded using a bi-directional spline algorithm. The data was gridded with a cell size of 25 m. Grid data from area 1 and area 2 were then merged.

The accuracy of the elevation calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of the two input parameters, radar altitude and GPS altitude. The radar altitude value may be erroneous in areas of heavy tree cover, where the altimeter reflects the distance to the tree canopy rather than the ground. The GPS altitude value is primarily dependent on the number of available satellites. Although post-processing of GPS data will yield X and Y accuracies in the order of 1-2 metres, the accuracy of the altitude value is usually much less, sometimes in the ± 5 metre range. Further inaccuracies may be introduced during the interpolation and gridding process.

Because of the inherent inaccuracies of this method, no guarantee is made or implied that the information displayed is a true representation of the height above sea level. Although this product may be of some use as a general reference, THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE USED FOR NAVIGATION PURPOSES.

APPENDIX I – Weekly Operations Report

System: FASDAS
Aircraft: VH-KAV

Total Job kms: 4026.000 Kms

Plan Kms Remain: 3257.138 Kms

% Complete: 19.097 %

15384.1 Hrs - Progressive M/R Hrs at the start of job, prior to mobilisation

15504.1 Hrs - The hours the Periodic Inspection is actually due at start of the job

Job Number: 2053
Contract Number: QM5987
Job Name: Daly River
Area Names: Daly River
Client: Territory Uranium

| Date | Flt | Pilot initials | On board Oper initials | Production inc. Reflights Exc. Scrubs | FAS Scrub | Time | | Engine Hours on M/R | Hours to Periodic Inspectio | Job Hrs to Date | Prod. to Date | FAS Scrubs to Date | StdbY Days | Activity Contribution | Activity | COMMENTS <u>Weather, Data delivery</u> <u>Aircraft movement, etc</u> |
|---------------------|-----|----------------|------------------------|--|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------|------------|-----------------------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | Start | End | | | | | | | | | |
| 22-June-2009 | 1 | TM | MP | | | 11:04:00 | 13:04:00 | 2.0 | | | | | | 1.00 | TF | Comp-box, FOM, test flight, from Jandacot. |
| Julian Day 173 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Monday | | | | | | | | | 118.0 | 2.0 | | | | | | |
| Date 23-Jun | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Julian Day 174 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuesday | | | | | | | | | 118.0 | 2.0 | | | | | | |
| Date 24-Jun | 2 | | MP | | | | | | | | | | | 1.00 | TF | Checking mag systems on ground at Jandacot |
| Julian Day 175 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | TF | ground cals in heavy rain |
| Wednesday | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Comment | Pre-job meeting - 13:30 hrs at Oz Park. |
| Date 25-Jun | | | | | | | | | 118.0 | 2.0 | | | | | | |
| Julian Day 176 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Thursday | | | | | | | | | 118.0 | 2.0 | | | | | | |
| Date 26-Jun | | TR | TM | | | 9:00:00 | 16:30:00 | 7.5 | | | | | | 1.00 | MO | Mobilisation - KAV flew Perth to Kununurrah |
| Julian Day 177 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Comment | M Poole flew to Darwin, drove to Batchelor |
| Friday | | | | | | | | | 110.5 | 9.5 | | | | | | |
| Date 27-Jun | | TR | TM | | | 9:00:00 | 10:24:00 | 1.4 | | | | | | 0.40 | MO | Mobilisation - KAV flew Kununurrah to Batchelor. |
| Julian Day 178 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.20 | SETUP | Set up base GPS, office, aircraft, refuelling, etc. |
| Saturday | 3 | TM | MP | | | 14:29:00 | 16:06:00 | 1.6 | | | | | | 0.40 | TF | Attempted comp-box, recce flight completed. |
| Date 28-Jun | 4 | TM | MP | | | 8:18:00 | 9:32:00 | 1.2 | | | | | | 0.30 | TF | Comp-box, FOM, and flat 8 sided box. |
| Julian Day 179 | 5 | TR | | 768.862 | | 11:00:00 | 16:55:00 | 5.9 | | | | | | 0.70 | P | |
| Sunday | | | | | | | | | 100.3 | 19.7 | 768.862 | | | | | |
| Totals This Week: ▶ | | | | 768.862 | | Week Hours: ▶ | | | | 19.7 | ▲ : A/C Hrs to Next Service | | | 5.00 | | |

System: FASDAS
Aircraft: VH-KAV

15384.1 Hrs - Progressive M/R Hrs at the start of job, prior to mobilisation

Total Job kms: 4026.000 Kms

15504.1 Hrs - The hours the Periodic Inspection is actually due at start of the job

Plan Kms Remain: 0.000 Kms

% Complete: 100.000 %

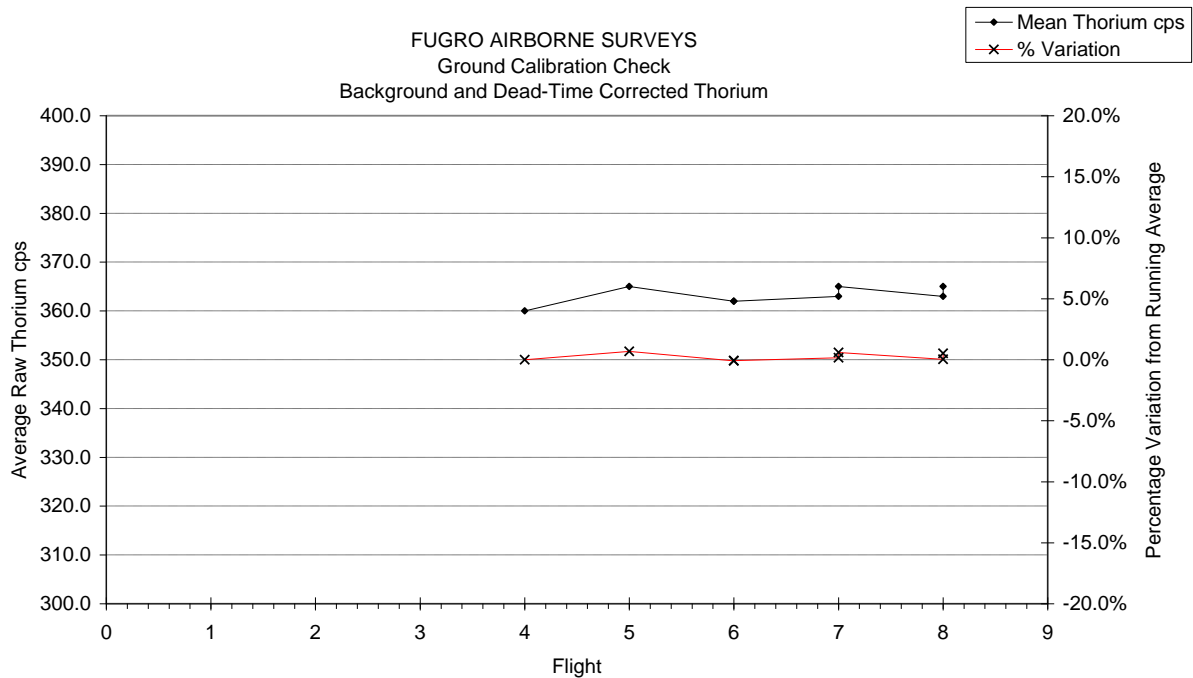
Job Number: 2053
Contract Number: QM5987
Job Name: Daly River
Area Names: Daly River
Client: Territory Uranium

| Date | Flt | Pilot initials | On board Oper initials | Production inc. Reflights | FAS Scrub | Time | | Engine Hours on M/R | Hours to Periodic Inspectio | Job Hrs to Date | Prod. to Date | FAS Scrubs to Date | Stdb Days | Activity Contribution | Activity | COMMENTS <u>Weather, Data delivery</u> <u>Aircraft movement, etc</u> |
|---------------------|-----|----------------|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------|---------------|----------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------------|----------|--|
| | | | | | | Start | End | | | | | | | | | |
| 29-June-2009 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1.00 | E | Basemags not working, trying to fix |
| Julian Day 180 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Comment | processing not working, trying to fix |
| Monday | | | | | | | | | 100.3 | 19.7 | 768.862 | | | | | |
| Date 30-Jun | | TM | | | | 9:16:00 | 9:31:00 | 0.3 | | | | | 0.50 | 0.40 | W | Fog at strip until 0900 hrs |
| Julian Day 181 | 6 | TM | | 968.559 | | 10:51:00 | 16:35:00 | 5.7 | | | | | | 0.50 | P | fog over area until 1045 hrs, hence late start. |
| Tuesday | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.10 | W | Unusable time because of late start. |
| Date 1-Jul | 7 | TR | | 771.787 | | 7:14:00 | 12:20:00 | 5.1 | | | | | | 0.50 | P | |
| Julian Day 182 | 7 | TM | | 828.251 | | 13:24:00 | 18:25:00 | 5.0 | | | | | | 0.50 | P | |
| Wednesday | | | | | | | | | 84.2 | 35.8 | 3337.459 | | | | | |
| Date 2-Jul | 8 | TM | | | | 9:06:00 | 9:19:00 | 0.2 | | | | | | 0.10 | E | Loose cable on mag 1 - plane returned to |
| Julian Day 183 | 8 | TM | | 625.752 | | 9:37:00 | 14:49:00 | 5.2 | | | | | | 0.80 | P | |
| Thursday | 8 | TR | | 62.789 | | 15:35:00 | 16:37:00 | 1.0 | | | | | | 0.10 | P | |
| Date 3-Jul | | | | | | | | | 77.8 | 42.2 | 4026.000 | | | | | |
| Julian Day 184 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.10 | Comment | Refuel before mobilisation. |
| Friday | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.40 | Comment | Waiting for refly confirmation. |
| Date 4-Jul | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 0.50 | MO | Expected mobilisation. |
| Julian Day 185 | | | | | | | | | 77.8 | 42.2 | 4026.000 | | | | | |
| Saturday | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Date 5-Jul | | | | | | | | | 77.8 | 42.2 | 4026.000 | | | | | |
| Julian Day 186 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sunday | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | 77.8 | 42.2 | 4026.000 | | | | | |
| Totals This Week: ▶ | | | | 3257.138 | | Week Hours: ▶ | | | | 22.6 | ▲: A/C Hrs to Next Service | | | 0.50 | 5.00 | |

APPENDIX II – Button Calibration Data

AIRCRAFT VH-KAV

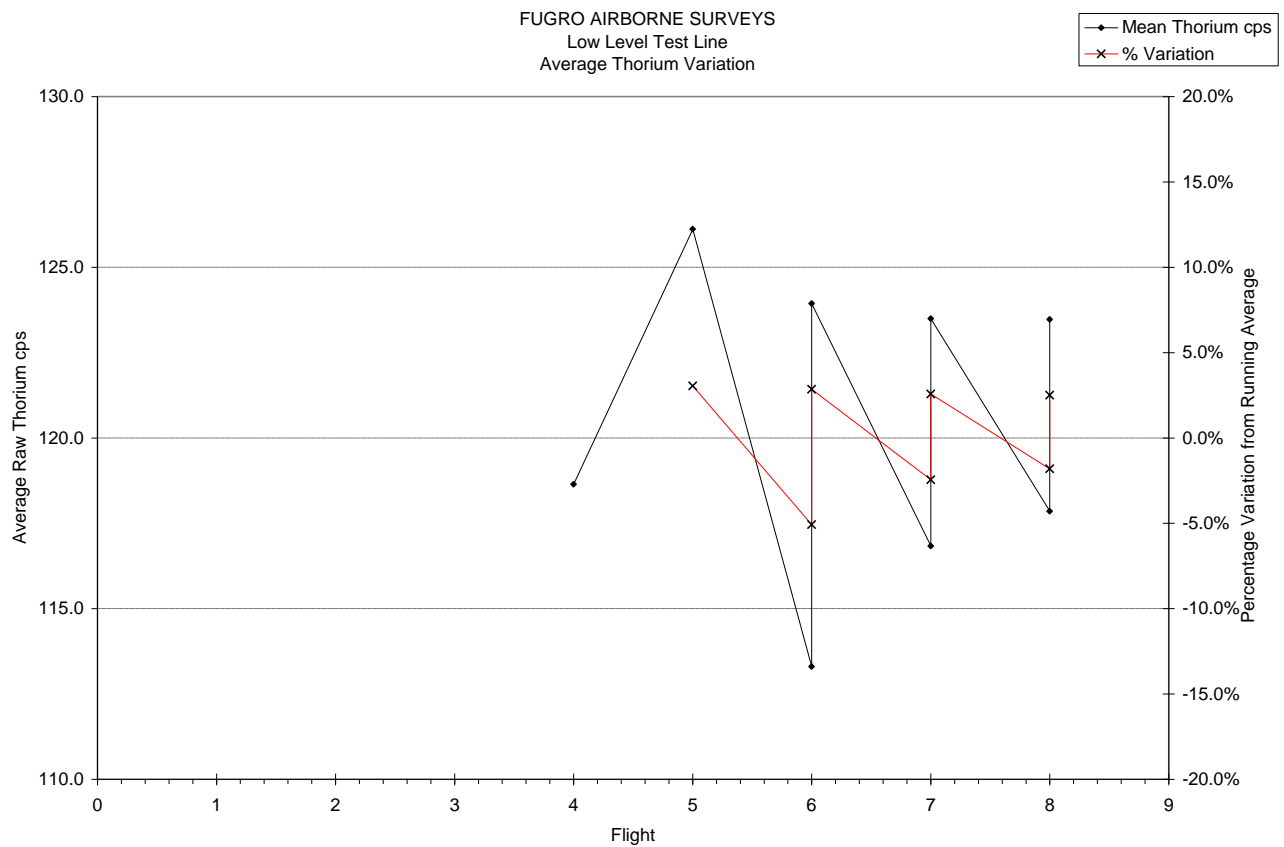
| Flt# | Th in 501/601 | Th in 502/602 | Th Counts Actual | Th Counts Used | Running Average | Allowed Minimum | Allowed Maximum | % Change |
|------|------------------|------------------|------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|----------|
| 4 | 144.0 | 504.0 | 360.0 | 360.0 | 360.0 | 324.0 | 396.0 | 0.0% |
| 5 | 142.0 | 507.0 | 365.0 | 365.0 | 362.5 | 326.3 | 398.8 | 0.7% |
| 6 | 144.0 | 506.0 | 362.0 | 362.0 | 362.3 | 326.1 | 398.6 | -0.1% |
| 6 | 148.0 | 510.0 | 362.0 | 362.0 | 362.3 | 326.0 | 398.5 | -0.1% |
| 7 | 147.0 | 510.0 | 363.0 | 363.0 | 362.4 | 326.2 | 398.6 | 0.2% |
| 7 | 154.0 | 519.0 | 365.0 | 365.0 | 362.8 | 326.6 | 399.1 | 0.6% |
| 8 | 154.0 | 517.0 | 363.0 | 363.0 | 362.9 | 326.6 | 399.1 | 0.0% |
| 8 | 135.0 | 500.0 | 365.0 | 365.0 | 363.1 | 326.8 | 399.4 | 0.5% |



APPENDIX III – Low Level Test Line Data

AIRCRAFT VH-KAV

| Flt No | Mean TC (cps) | Mean K (cps) | Mean U (cps) | Mean Th (cps) | Mean Th DTC | Running Average | % Change | Min | Max |
|--------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|----------|-------|-------|
| 4 | 2993.28 | 296.71 | 87.23 | 118.65 | 137.93 | 118.65 | | 106.8 | 130.5 |
| 5 | 3138.68 | 311.18 | 92.86 | 126.11 | 147.58 | 122.38 | 3.05% | 110.1 | 134.6 |
| 6 | 2935.67 | 291.37 | 85.60 | 113.30 | 131.36 | 119.35 | -5.07% | 107.4 | 131.3 |
| 6 | 3166.15 | 311.42 | 98.99 | 123.94 | 145.08 | 120.50 | 2.86% | 108.4 | 132.5 |
| 7 | 3253.60 | 305.43 | 110.33 | 116.83 | 137.72 | 119.77 | -2.45% | 107.8 | 131.7 |
| 7 | 3154.08 | 310.59 | 96.61 | 123.49 | 144.36 | 120.39 | 2.58% | 108.3 | 132.4 |
| 8 | 3171.33 | 305.30 | 103.59 | 117.86 | 138.20 | 120.03 | -1.81% | 108.0 | 132.0 |
| 8 | 3142.41 | 309.78 | 94.99 | 123.47 | 144.33 | 120.46 | 2.50% | 108.4 | 132.5 |



APPENDIX IV – Final Located Data Formats

Headers for final data files

AREA 1

Description File for 0.1 sec Magnetics and Digital Terrain Data

```

COMM JOB NUMBER:                                2053
COMM AREA NUMBER:                                1
COMM SURVEY COMPANY:                            Fugro Airborne Surveys
COMM CLIENT:                                    Territory Uranium Co Ltd
COMM SURVEY TYPE:                               Magnetic and Radiometric
COMM AREA NAME:                                 Daly River
COMM STATE:                                     NT
COMM COUNTRY:                                   Australia
COMM SURVEY FLOWN:                              June to July 2009
COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED:                     August 2009
COMM
COMM DATUM:                                     GDA94
COMM PROJECTION:                                MGA
COMM ZONE:                                       52
COMM
COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING:                     100 m
COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION:                   090 - 270 deg
COMM TIE LINE SPACING:                          1000 m
COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION:                        000 - 180 deg
COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE:                 40 m
COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 10 Hz dataset): 3833.3 km
COMM
COMM LINE NUMBERING
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS:                     1000101 - 1025201
COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS:                          1900101 - 1902601
COMM
COMM AREA BOUNDARY
COMM
COMM      732771      8512083
COMM      725550      8512146
COMM      725610      8519526
COMM      732835      8519461
COMM      732850      8521315
COMM      740074      8521241
COMM      740092      8523086
COMM      741897      8523070
COMM      741947      8528603
COMM      743753      8528587
COMM      743771      8531414
COMM      750991      8531371
COMM      750963      8526832
COMM      749151      8526858
COMM      749138      8524848
COMM      747332      8524865
COMM      747179      8508264
COMM      745374      8508281
COMM      743568      8508298
COMM      743552      8506453
COMM      732805      8506468
COMM      732841      8510386
COMM
COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT

```


COMM
COMM AIRCRAFT: VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S
COMM
COMM MAGNETOMETER: Geometrics G-822A CV
COMM INSTALLATION: Stinger
COMM RESOLUTION: 0.001 nT
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: Sperry RT220
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM NAVIGATION: real-time differential GPS
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1.0 s
COMM
COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: Fugro DAS
COMM
COMM BASE MAGNETOMETER: Envimag
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 5 s
COMM
COMM DATA PROCESSING
COMM
COMM CO-ORDINATES
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM MAGNETIC DATA
COMM DIURNAL CORRECTION APPLIED base value 46300, 46500, 46530, 46550 nT
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM IGRF CORRECTION APPLIED base value 46867 nT
COMM IGRF MODEL 2005 extrapolated to 2009/06/28
COMM HEIGHT CORRECTED USING Taylor Drape TO 40 m AGL
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN MICROLEVELLED
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.5 s
COMM
COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM DIGITAL TERRAIN DATA
COMM DTM CALCULATED [DTM = GPS ALTITUDE - (RADAR ALT + SENSOR SEPARATION)]
COMM DATA CORRECTED TO AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN MICROLEVELLED
COMM
COMM -----
COMM DISCLAIMER
COMM -----
COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.
COMM
COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
COMM disclaims any liability to such party.
COMM
COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any

COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
 COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
 COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
 COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
 COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
 COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
 COMM Survey.

COMM

COMM With regard to DIGITAL TERRAIN DATA, the accuracy of the elevation
 COMM calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of the two input
 COMM parameters, radar altitude and GPS altitude. The radar altitude value
 COMM may be erroneous in areas of heavy tree cover, where the altimeter
 COMM reflects the distance to the tree canopy rather than the ground. The
 COMM GPS altitude value is primarily dependent on the number of available
 COMM satellites. Although post-processing of GPS data will yield X and Y
 COMM accuracies in the order of 1-2 metres, the accuracy of the altitude
 COMM value is usually much less, sometimes in the ± 5 metre range. Further
 COMM inaccuracies may be introduced during the interpolation and gridding
 COMM process. Because of the inherent inaccuracies of this method, no
 COMM guarantee is made or implied that the information displayed is a true
 COMM representation of the height above sea level. Although this product
 COMM may be of some use as a general reference,
 COMM THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE USED FOR NAVIGATION PURPOSES.

COMM -----

COMM

COMM LINE DATA FORMAT

COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
 COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
 COMM is a null, thus:

COMM

| COMM FIELD | COMM UNITS | COMM NULL | COMM FORMAT |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| COMM Line Number | | -99999 | I7 |
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -9999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.9999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Compensated TMI | nT | -99999.999 | F11.3 |
| COMM Diurnal | nT | -9999.99 | F9.2 |
| COMM Final TMI | nT | -99999.999 | F11.3 |
| COMM Digital Terrain Model | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |

Description File for 1.0 sec Windowed Radiometrics Data

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| COMM JOB NUMBER: | 2053 |
| COMM AREA NUMBER: | 1 |
| COMM SURVEY COMPANY: | Fugro Airborne Surveys |
| COMM CLIENT: | Territory Uranium Co Ltd |
| COMM SURVEY TYPE: | Magnetic and Radiometric |
| COMM AREA NAME: | Daly River |
| COMM STATE: | NT |
| COMM COUNTRY: | Australia |
| COMM SURVEY FLOWN: | June to July 2009 |
| COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED: | August 2009 |
| COMM | |
| COMM DATUM: | GDA94 |
| COMM PROJECTION: | MGA |
| COMM ZONE: | 52 |

COMM
COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING: 100 m
COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION: 090 - 270 deg
COMM TIE LINE SPACING: 1000 m
COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION: 000 - 180 deg
COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE: 40 m
COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 1 Hz dataset): 3814.5 km
COMM
COMM LINE NUMBERING
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS: 1000101 - 1025201
COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS: 1900101 - 1902601
COMM
COMM AREA BOUNDARY
COMM
COMM 732771 8512083
COMM 725550 8512146
COMM 725610 8519526
COMM 732835 8519461
COMM 732850 8521315
COMM 740074 8521241
COMM 740092 8523086
COMM 741897 8523070
COMM 741947 8528603
COMM 743753 8528587
COMM 743771 8531414
COMM 750991 8531371
COMM 750963 8526832
COMM 749151 8526858
COMM 749138 8524848
COMM 747332 8524865
COMM 747179 8508264
COMM 745374 8508281
COMM 743568 8508298
COMM 743552 8506453
COMM 732805 8506468
COMM 732841 8510386
COMM
COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT
COMM
COMM AIRCRAFT: VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S
COMM
COMM SPECTROMETER: 256 Channel Exploranium GR820
COMM CRYSTAL VOLUME: 33.56 L
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: Sperry RT220
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM NAVIGATION: real-time differential GPS
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1.0 s
COMM
COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: Fugro DAS
COMM
COMM DATA PROCESSING
COMM
COMM CO-ORDINATES
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.5 s
COMM

COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
 COMM
 COMM RADIOMETRIC DATA
 COMM NASVD FILTERING APPLIED TO 256 CHANNEL DATA
 COMM DATA WAS ENERGY RECALIBRATED
 COMM WINDOW DATA EXTRACTED USING IAEA STANDARD WINDOWS
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 1.0 s
 COMM COSMIC, AIRCRAFT AND RADON BACKGROUNDS REMOVED
 COMM STRIPPING CORRECTIONS APPLIED
 COMM HEIGHT CORRECTED TO 40 m AGL
 COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
 COMM DATA HAVE BEEN MICROLEVELLED
 COMM AIRCRAFT BACKGROUND COEFFICIENTS
 COMM TOTAL COUNT 30.0
 COMM POTASSIUM 6.1
 COMM URANIUM 1.3
 COMM THORIUM 0.8
 COMM COSMIC COEFFICIENTS
 COMM TOTAL COUNT 0.9200
 COMM POTASSIUM 0.0530
 COMM URANIUM 0.0425
 COMM THORIUM 0.0520
 COMM STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
 COMM ALPHA 0.2611
 COMM BETA 0.3980
 COMM GAMMA 0.7863
 COMM a 0.0684
 COMM b 0.0011
 COMM c -0.0171
 COMM STRIPPING HEIGHT ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS
 COMM ALPHA 0.00049
 COMM BETA 0.00065
 COMM GAMMA 0.00069
 COMM RADON STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
 COMM TOTAL COUNT 13.153
 COMM POTASSIUM 0.782
 COMM THORIUM 0.061
 COMM SPECTRAL RATIOS
 COMM RADON (C1) 1.875
 COMM GROUND (C2) 0.625
 COMM ALTITUDE COEFFICIENTS
 COMM TOTAL COUNT -0.0069
 COMM POTASSIUM -0.0093
 COMM URANIUM -0.0083
 COMM THORIUM -0.0069
 COMM

COMM -----
 COMM DISCLAIMER
 COMM -----

COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
 COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
 COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
 COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
 COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
 COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
 COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
 COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.
 COMM

COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
 COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
 COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
 COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
 COMM disclaims any liability to such party.

COMM

COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any
 COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
 COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
 COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
 COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
 COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
 COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
 COMM Survey.

COMM -----
 COMM

COMM LINE DATA FORMAT

COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
 COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
 COMM is a null, thus:

COMM

| COMM FIELD | UNITS | NULL | FORMAT |
|------------------------------|-------|--------------|--------|
| COMM Line Number | | -99999 | I7 |
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -99999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.99999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Uncorrected Total Count | cps | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Potassium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Uranium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Thorium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Raw Cosmic | cps | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Final Total Count | cps | -9999.999 | F10.3 |
| COMM Final Potassium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |
| COMM Final Uranium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |
| COMM Final Thorium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |

Description File for 1.0 sec Raw 256 Channel Radiometrics Data

COMM JOB NUMBER: 2053
 COMM AREA NUMBER: 1
 COMM SURVEY COMPANY: Fugro Airborne Surveys
 COMM CLIENT: Territory Uranium Co Ltd
 COMM SURVEY TYPE: Magnetic and Radiometric
 COMM AREA NAME: Daly River
 COMM STATE: NT
 COMM COUNTRY: Australia
 COMM SURVEY FLOWN: June to July 2009
 COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED: August 2009
 COMM
 COMM DATUM: GDA94
 COMM PROJECTION: MGA
 COMM ZONE: 52
 COMM
 COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS
 COMM
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING: 100 m
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION: 090 - 270 deg
 COMM TIE LINE SPACING: 1000 m
 COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION: 000 - 180 deg
 COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE: 40 m
 COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 1 Hz dataset): 3814.5 km

COMM
 COMM LINE NUMBERING
 COMM
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS: 1000101 - 1025201
 COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS: 1900101 - 1902601
 COMM
 COMM AREA BOUNDARY
 COMM
 COMM 732771 8512083
 COMM 725550 8512146
 COMM 725610 8519526
 COMM 732835 8519461
 COMM 732850 8521315
 COMM 740074 8521241
 COMM 740092 8523086
 COMM 741897 8523070
 COMM 741947 8528603
 COMM 743753 8528587
 COMM 743771 8531414
 COMM 750991 8531371
 COMM 750963 8526832
 COMM 749151 8526858
 COMM 749138 8524848
 COMM 747332 8524865
 COMM 747179 8508264
 COMM 745374 8508281
 COMM 743568 8508298
 COMM 743552 8506453
 COMM 732805 8506468
 COMM 732841 8510386
 COMM
 COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT
 COMM
 COMM AIRCRAFT: VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S
 COMM
 COMM SPECTROMETER: 256 Channel Exploranium GR820
 COMM CRYSTAL VOLUME: 33.56 L
 COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1 s
 COMM
 COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: Sperry RT220
 COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
 COMM
 COMM NAVIGATION: real-time differential GPS
 COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1.0 s
 COMM
 COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: Fugro DAS
 COMM
 COMM DATA PROCESSING
 COMM
 COMM CO-ORDINATES
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
 COMM
 COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.5 s
 COMM
 COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
 COMM
 COMM BAROMETRIC DATA
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0 s
 COMM
 COMM TEMPERATURE DATA
 COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.3 s
 COMM

COMM RADIOMETRIC DATA
COMM NO PROCESSING APPLIED TO RAW 256 CHANNEL RADIOMETRIC DATA
COMM
COMM AIRCRAFT BACKGROUND COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT 30.0
COMM POTASSIUM 6.1
COMM URANIUM 1.3
COMM THORIUM 0.8
COMM COSMIC COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT 0.9200
COMM POTASSIUM 0.0530
COMM URANIUM 0.0425
COMM THORIUM 0.0520
COMM STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
COMM ALPHA 0.2611
COMM BETA 0.3980
COMM GAMMA 0.7863
COMM a 0.0684
COMM b 0.0011
COMM c -0.0171
COMM STRIPPING HEIGHT ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS
COMM ALPHA 0.00049
COMM BETA 0.00065
COMM GAMMA 0.00069
COMM RADON STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT 13.153
COMM POTASSIUM 0.782
COMM THORIUM 0.061
COMM SPECTRAL RATIOS
COMM RADON (C1) 1.875
COMM GROUND (C2) 0.625
COMM ALTITUDE COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT -0.0069
COMM POTASSIUM -0.0093
COMM URANIUM -0.0083
COMM THORIUM -0.0069
COMM
COMM -----
COMM DISCLAIMER
COMM -----
COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.
COMM
COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
COMM disclaims any liability to such party.
COMM
COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any
COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
COMM Survey.
COMM -----

COMM
 COMM LINE DATA FORMAT
 COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
 COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
 COMM is a null, thus:
 COMM

| COMM FIELD | UNITS | NULL | FORMAT |
|--|-------|--------------|--------|
| COMM Line Number | | -99999 | I7 |
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -99999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.9999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Raw Cosmic | cps | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Barometric Pressure | hPa | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Temperature | deg C | -9.9 | F5.1 |
| COMM Livetime | s | -9.999 | F7.3 |
| COMM Raw 256 Channel Radiometrics counts | | -999 | 256I5 |

AREA 2

Description File for 0.1 sec Magnetics and Digital Terrain Data

COMM JOB NUMBER: 2053
 COMM AREA NUMBER: 2
 COMM SURVEY COMPANY: Fugro Airborne Surveys
 COMM CLIENT: Territory Uranium Co Ltd
 COMM SURVEY TYPE: Magnetic and Radiometric
 COMM AREA NAME: Daly River
 COMM STATE: NT
 COMM COUNTRY: Australia
 COMM SURVEY FLOWN: June to July 2009
 COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED: August 2009
 COMM
 COMM DATUM: GDA94
 COMM PROJECTION: MGA
 COMM ZONE: 52
 COMM
 COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS
 COMM
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING: 100 m
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION: 000 - 180 deg
 COMM TIE LINE SPACING: 1000 m
 COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION: 090 - 270 deg
 COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE: 40 m
 COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 10 Hz dataset): 197.0 km
 COMM
 COMM LINE NUMBERING
 COMM
 COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS: 2000101 - 2002101
 COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS: 2900101 - 2900701
 COMM
 COMM AREA BOUNDARY
 COMM

| | |
|-------------|---------|
| COMM 732915 | 8528682 |
| COMM 734721 | 8528667 |
| COMM 734657 | 8521289 |
| COMM 732850 | 8521315 |

 COMM

COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT
COMM
COMM AIRCRAFT: VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S
COMM
COMM MAGNETOMETER: Geometrics G-822A CV
COMM INSTALLATION: Stinger
COMM RESOLUTION: 0.001 nT
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: Sperry RT220
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM NAVIGATION: real-time differential GPS
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1.0 s
COMM
COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: Fugro DAS
COMM
COMM BASE MAGNETOMETER: Envimag
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 5 s
COMM
COMM DATA PROCESSING
COMM
COMM CO-ORDINATES
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM MAGNETIC DATA
COMM DIURNAL CORRECTION APPLIED base value 46500 nT
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM IGRF CORRECTION APPLIED base value 46867 nT
COMM IGRF MODEL 2005 extrapolated to 2009/06/28
COMM HEIGHT CORRECTED USING Taylor Drape TO 40 m AGL
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN MICROLEVELLED
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.5 s
COMM
COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM DIGITAL TERRAIN DATA
COMM DTM CALCULATED [DTM = GPS ALTITUDE - (RADAR ALT + SENSOR SEPARATION)]
COMM DATA CORRECTED TO AUSTRALIAN HEIGHT DATUM
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN MICROLEVELLED
COMM
COMM -----
COMM DISCLAIMER
COMM -----
COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.
COMM
COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
COMM disclaims any liability to such party.
COMM

COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any
 COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
 COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
 COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
 COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
 COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
 COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
 COMM Survey.

COMM

COMM With regard to DIGITAL TERRAIN DATA, the accuracy of the elevation
 COMM calculation is directly dependent on the accuracy of the two input
 COMM parameters, radar altitude and GPS altitude. The radar altitude value
 COMM may be erroneous in areas of heavy tree cover, where the altimeter
 COMM reflects the distance to the tree canopy rather than the ground. The
 COMM GPS altitude value is primarily dependent on the number of available
 COMM satellites. Although post-processing of GPS data will yield X and Y
 COMM accuracies in the order of 1-2 metres, the accuracy of the altitude
 COMM value is usually much less, sometimes in the ± 5 metre range. Further
 COMM inaccuracies may be introduced during the interpolation and gridding
 COMM process. Because of the inherent inaccuracies of this method, no
 COMM guarantee is made or implied that the information displayed is a true
 COMM representation of the height above sea level. Although this product
 COMM may be of some use as a general reference,
 COMM THIS PRODUCT MUST NOT BE USED FOR NAVIGATION PURPOSES.

COMM -----

COMM

COMM LINE DATA FORMAT

COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
 COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
 COMM is a null, thus:

COMM

| COMM FIELD | COMM UNITS | COMM NULL | COMM FORMAT |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| COMM Line Number | | -99999 | I7 |
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -9999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.9999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Compensated TMI | nT | -99999.999 | F11.3 |
| COMM Diurnal | nT | -9999.99 | F9.2 |
| COMM Final TMI | nT | -99999.999 | F11.3 |
| COMM Digital Terrain Model | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |

Description File for 1.0 sec Windowed Radiometrics Data

| | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| COMM JOB NUMBER: | 2053 |
| COMM AREA NUMBER: | 2 |
| COMM SURVEY COMPANY: | Fugro Airborne Surveys |
| COMM CLIENT: | Territory Uranium Co Ltd |
| COMM SURVEY TYPE: | Magnetic and Radiometric |
| COMM AREA NAME: | Daly River |
| COMM STATE: | NT |
| COMM COUNTRY: | Australia |
| COMM SURVEY FLOWN: | June to July 2009 |
| COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED: | August 2009 |
| COMM | |
| COMM DATUM: | GDA94 |
| COMM PROJECTION: | MGA |

```

COMM ZONE: 52
COMM
COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING: 100 m
COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION: 000 - 180 deg
COMM TIE LINE SPACING: 1000 m
COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION: 090 - 270 deg
COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE: 40 m
COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 1 Hz dataset): 195.2 km
COMM
COMM LINE NUMBERING
COMM
COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS: 2000101 - 2002101
COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS: 2900101 - 2900701
COMM
COMM AREA BOUNDARY
COMM
COMM 732915 8528682
COMM 734721 8528667
COMM 734657 8521289
COMM 732850 8521315
COMM
COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT
COMM
COMM AIRCRAFT: VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S
COMM
COMM SPECTROMETER: 256 Channel Exploranium GR820
COMM CRYSTAL VOLUME: 33.56 L
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: Sperry RT220
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 0.1 s
COMM
COMM NAVIGATION: real-time differential GPS
COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: 1.0 s
COMM
COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: Fugro DAS
COMM
COMM DATA PROCESSING
COMM
COMM CO-ORDINATES
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.5 s
COMM
COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 0.6 s
COMM
COMM RADIOMETRIC DATA
COMM NASVD FILTERING APPLIED TO 256 CHANNEL DATA
COMM DATA WAS ENERGY RECALIBRATED
COMM WINDOW DATA EXTRACTED USING IAEA STANDARD WINDOWS
COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED 1.0 s
COMM COSMIC, AIRCRAFT AND RADON BACKGROUNDS REMOVED
COMM STRIPPING CORRECTIONS APPLIED
COMM HEIGHT CORRECTED TO 40 m AGL
COMM DATA HAVE BEEN TIE LINE LEVELLED
COMM AIRCRAFT BACKGROUND COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT 30.0
COMM POTASSIUM 6.1
COMM URANIUM 1.3
COMM THORIUM 0.8

```

```

COMM COSMIC COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT                                0.9200
COMM POTASSIUM                                  0.0530
COMM URANIUM                                    0.0425
COMM THORIUM                                   0.0520
COMM STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
COMM ALPHA                                    0.2611
COMM BETA                                    0.3980
COMM GAMMA                                   0.7863
COMM a                                       0.0684
COMM b                                       0.0011
COMM c                                      -0.0171
COMM STRIPPING HEIGHT ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS
COMM ALPHA                                    0.00049
COMM BETA                                    0.00065
COMM GAMMA                                   0.00069
COMM RADON STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT                                13.153
COMM POTASSIUM                                  0.782
COMM THORIUM                                   0.061
COMM SPECTRAL RATIOS
COMM RADON (C1)                               1.875
COMM GROUND (C2)                              0.625
COMM ALTITUDE COEFFICIENTS
COMM TOTAL COUNT                                -0.0069
COMM POTASSIUM                                -0.0093
COMM URANIUM                                  -0.0083
COMM THORIUM                                  -0.0069
COMM
COMM -----
COMM DISCLAIMER
COMM -----
COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.
COMM
COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
COMM disclaims any liability to such party.
COMM
COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any
COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
COMM Survey.
COMM -----
COMM
COMM LINE DATA FORMAT
COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
COMM is a null, thus:
COMM
COMM FIELD                UNITS                NULL                FORMAT
COMM Line Number          -99999                I7

```

| | | | |
|------------------------------|-----|--------------|-------|
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -9999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.9999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Uncorrected Total Count | cps | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Potassium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Uranium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Uncorrected Thorium | cps | -999.9 | F7.1 |
| COMM Raw Cosmic | cps | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Final Total Count | cps | -9999.999 | F10.3 |
| COMM Final Potassium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |
| COMM Final Uranium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |
| COMM Final Thorium | cps | -999.999 | F9.3 |

Description File for 1.0 sec Raw 256 Channel Radiometrics Data

| | |
|---|----------------------------------|
| COMM JOB NUMBER: | 2053 |
| COMM AREA NUMBER: | 2 |
| COMM SURVEY COMPANY: | Fugro Airborne Surveys |
| COMM CLIENT: | Territory Uranium Co Ltd |
| COMM SURVEY TYPE: | Magnetic and Radiometric |
| COMM AREA NAME: | Daly River |
| COMM STATE: | NT |
| COMM COUNTRY: | Australia |
| COMM SURVEY FLOWN: | June to July 2009 |
| COMM LOCATED DATA CREATED: | August 2009 |
| COMM | |
| COMM DATUM: | GDA94 |
| COMM PROJECTION: | MGA |
| COMM ZONE: | 52 |
| COMM | |
| COMM SURVEY SPECIFICATIONS | |
| COMM | |
| COMM TRAVERSE LINE SPACING: | 100 m |
| COMM TRAVERSE LINE DIRECTION: | 000 - 180 deg |
| COMM TIE LINE SPACING: | 1000 m |
| COMM TIE LINE DIRECTION: | 090 - 270 deg |
| COMM NOMINAL TERRAIN CLEARANCE: | 40 m |
| COMM FINAL LINE KILOMETRES (in the 1 Hz dataset): | 195.2 km |
| COMM | |
| COMM LINE NUMBERING | |
| COMM | |
| COMM TRAVERSE LINE NUMBERS: | 2000101 - 2002101 |
| COMM TIE LINE NUMBERS: | 2900101 - 2900701 |
| COMM | |
| COMM AREA BOUNDARY | |
| COMM | |
| COMM 732915 | 8528682 |
| COMM 734721 | 8528667 |
| COMM 734657 | 8521289 |
| COMM 732850 | 8521315 |
| COMM | |
| COMM SURVEY EQUIPMENT | |
| COMM | |
| COMM AIRCRAFT: | VH-KAV Aerocommander Shrike 500S |
| COMM | |
| COMM SPECTROMETER: | 256 Channel Exploranium GR820 |

| | |
|--|----------------------------|
| COMM CRYSTAL VOLUME: | 33.56 L |
| COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: | 1 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM RADAR ALTIMETER: | Sperry RT220 |
| COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: | 0.1 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM NAVIGATION: | real-time differential GPS |
| COMM RECORDING INTERVAL: | 1.0 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM ACQUISITION SYSTEM: | Fugro DAS |
| COMM | |
| COMM DATA PROCESSING | |
| COMM | |
| COMM CO-ORDINATES | |
| COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED | 0.6 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM RADAR ALTITUDE DATA | |
| COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED | 0.5 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM GPS ALTITUDE DATA | |
| COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED | 0.6 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM BAROMETRIC DATA | |
| COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED | 0 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM TEMPERATURE DATA | |
| COMM PARALLAX CORRECTION APPLIED | 0.3 s |
| COMM | |
| COMM RADIOMETRIC DATA | |
| COMM NO PROCESSING APPLIED TO RAW 256 CHANNEL RADIOMETRIC DATA | |
| COMM | |
| COMM AIRCRAFT BACKGROUND COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM TOTAL COUNT | 30.0 |
| COMM POTASSIUM | 6.1 |
| COMM URANIUM | 1.3 |
| COMM THORIUM | 0.8 |
| COMM COSMIC COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM TOTAL COUNT | 0.9200 |
| COMM POTASSIUM | 0.0530 |
| COMM URANIUM | 0.0425 |
| COMM THORIUM | 0.0520 |
| COMM STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM ALPHA | 0.2611 |
| COMM BETA | 0.3980 |
| COMM GAMMA | 0.7863 |
| COMM a | 0.0684 |
| COMM b | 0.0011 |
| COMM c | -0.0171 |
| COMM STRIPPING HEIGHT ATTENUATION COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM ALPHA | 0.00049 |
| COMM BETA | 0.00065 |
| COMM GAMMA | 0.00069 |
| COMM RADON STRIPPING COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM TOTAL COUNT | 13.153 |
| COMM POTASSIUM | 0.782 |
| COMM THORIUM | 0.061 |
| COMM SPECTRAL RATIOS | |
| COMM RADON (C1) | 1.875 |
| COMM GROUND (C2) | 0.625 |
| COMM ALTITUDE COEFFICIENTS | |
| COMM TOTAL COUNT | -0.0069 |
| COMM POTASSIUM | -0.0093 |
| COMM URANIUM | -0.0083 |
| COMM THORIUM | -0.0069 |

COMM

COMM -----

COMM DISCLAIMER

COMM -----

COMM It is Fugro Airborne Survey's understanding that the data provided to
 COMM the client is to be used for the purpose agreed between the parties.
 COMM That purpose was a significant factor in determining the scope and
 COMM level of the Services being offered to the Client. Should the purpose
 COMM for which the data is used change, the data may no longer be valid or
 COMM appropriate and any further use of, or reliance upon, the data in
 COMM those circumstances by the Client without Fugro Airborne Survey's
 COMM review and advice shall be at the Client's own or sole risk.

COMM

COMM The Services were performed by Fugro Airborne Survey exclusively for
 COMM the purposes of the Client. Should the data be made available in whole
 COMM or part to any third party, and such party relies thereon, that party
 COMM does so wholly at its own and sole risk and Fugro Airborne Survey
 COMM disclaims any liability to such party.

COMM

COMM Where the Services have involved Fugro Airborne Survey's use of any
 COMM information provided by the Client or third parties, upon which
 COMM Fugro Airborne Survey was reasonably entitled to rely, then the
 COMM Services are limited by the accuracy of such information. Fugro
 COMM Airborne Survey is not liable for any inaccuracies (including any
 COMM incompleteness) in the said information, save as otherwise provided
 COMM in the terms of the contract between the Client and Fugro Airborne
 COMM Survey.

COMM -----

COMM

COMM LINE DATA FORMAT

COMM A space is left between fixed fields so that a field of, for example,
 COMM A8 should only ever have a maximum of 7 characters in it, even when it
 COMM is a null, thus:

COMM

| COMM FIELD | COMM UNITS | COMM NULL | COMM FORMAT |
|--|------------|--------------|-------------|
| COMM Line Number | | -99999 | I7 |
| COMM Flight Number | | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Date (yyyymmdd) | | -99999999 | I9 |
| COMM Fiducial Number | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Time (local) | s | -9999.9 | F8.1 |
| COMM Easting | m | -99999.99 | F10.2 |
| COMM Northing | m | -999999.99 | F11.2 |
| COMM Longitude | deg | -999.9999999 | F13.7 |
| COMM Latitude | deg | -99.9999999 | F12.7 |
| COMM GPS Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Radar Altitude | m | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Raw Cosmic | cps | -99 | I4 |
| COMM Barometric Pressure | hPa | -999.99 | F8.2 |
| COMM Temperature | deg C | -9.9 | F5.1 |
| COMM Livetime | s | -9.999 | F7.3 |
| COMM Raw 256 Channel Radiometrics counts | | -999 | 256I5 |

APPENDIX V – List Of All Supplied Data

Final Located Data

- 0.1 second magnetics and digital terrain data
- 1.0 second windowed radiometrics data
- 1.0 second raw 256 channel radiometric data

Final located data for each area is in ASCII format. Contents of each are shown in Appendix IV.

Raw Initial Products

Raw initial grids were produced in Geo-referenced TIFF format GDA94/MGA52

- Raw Total magnetic intensity (nT)
- Raw Total count (cps)
- Raw Potassium count (cps)
- Raw Uranium count (cps)
- Raw Thorium count (cps)

Preliminary Gridded Data

All gridded data were delivered as merged grids as well as by area.

Preliminary gridded data was produced in ERMMapper format in GDA94/MGA52

- Total magnetic intensity (nT)
- Total count (cps)
- Potassium count (cps)
- Uranium count (cps)
- Thorium count (cps)
- Digital terrain model (m AHD)

Final Gridded Data

All gridded data were delivered as merged grids as well as by area.

Final gridded data was produced in ERMMapper format in GDA94/MGA52

- Total magnetic intensity (nT)
- Gradient Enhanced TMI (nT)
- Total count (cps)
- Potassium count (cps)
- Uranium count (cps)
- Thorium count (cps)
- Digital terrain model (m AHD)

Additional Products

A logistics and processing report