W.J. & E.E. FISHER PTY LTD

EL 5468

YEAR 1: ANNUAL REPORT ON THE EXPLORATION PROGRAM

PERIOD: 13-8-87 to 12-8-88



bу

W.J. FISHER. M.Aus.I.M.M. MICA. F.IMM AM

Including Report by G.W. Patterson, Patterson Geological Services Pty. Ltd.

3 0 SEP 1988

DEPARTMENT OF
MINES &
ENERGY

CR88/362A

EL 5468 RUNNING CREEK LOCALITY

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EXPLORATION LICENCE EL 5468

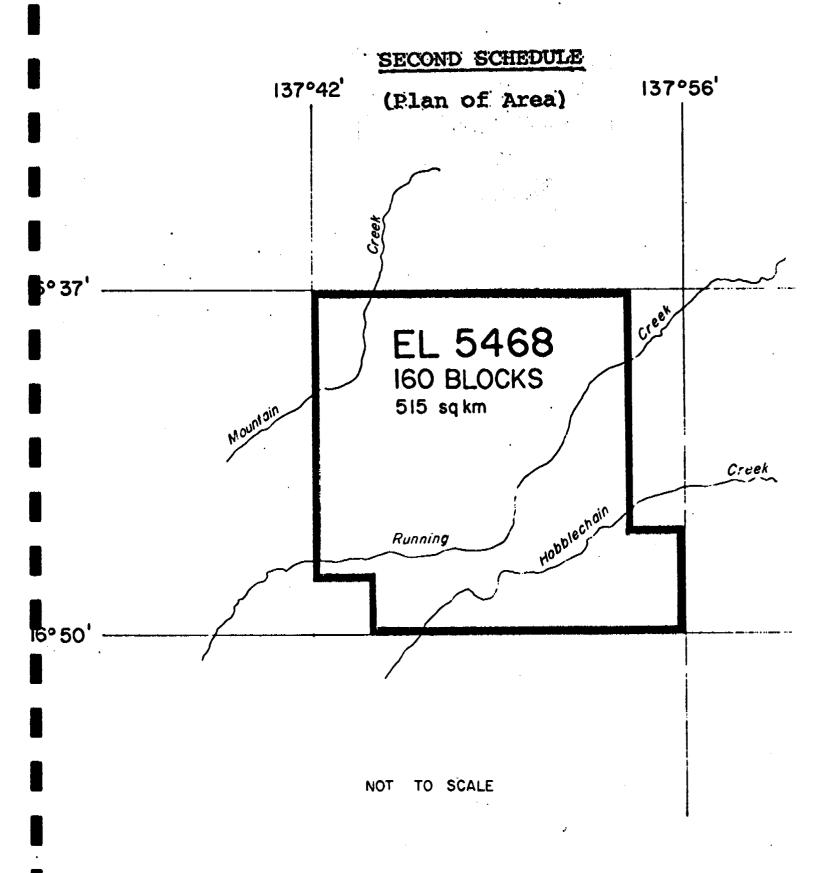
W. J. FISHER

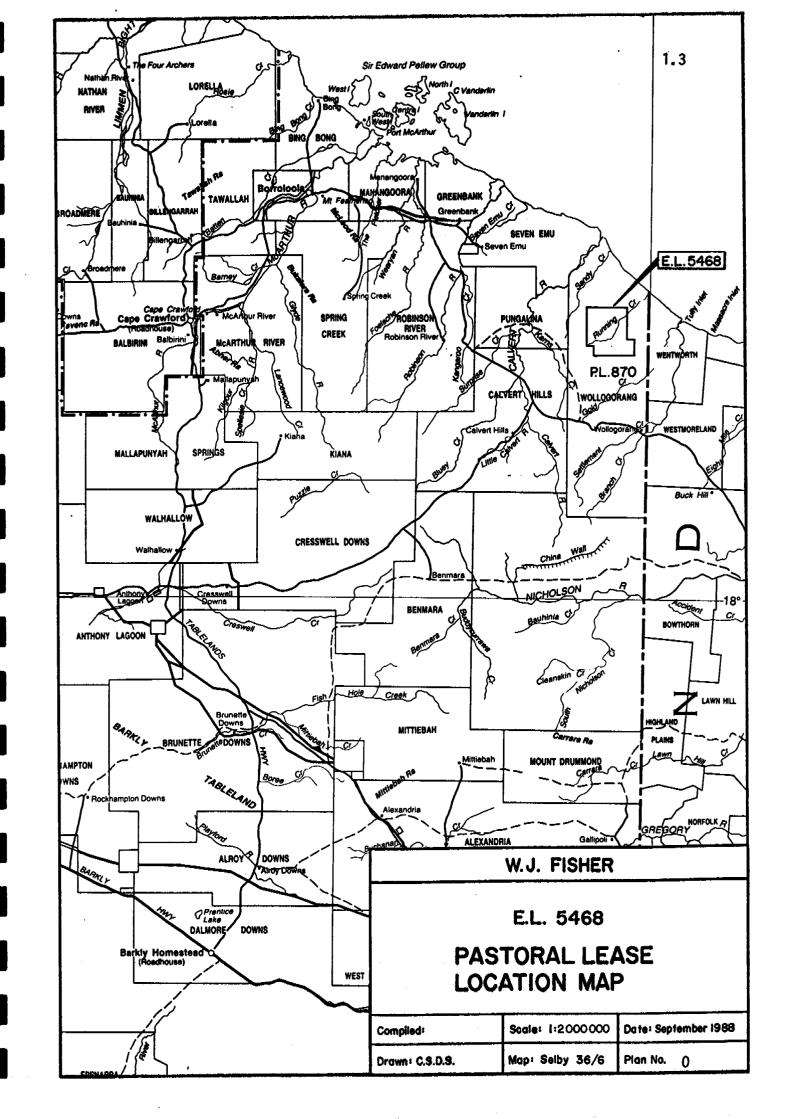
EXPLORATION PROGRAM FOR YEAR 2

from 13th August, 1988, to 12th August, 1989

	\$
Geology	6,000
Geochemistry	1,000
Rock chip sampling (including large diamond samples)	3,200
Costeaning	5,000
Ground Magnetics	1,000
Drafting	1,600
Assays	3,000
Vehicle Expenses	3,100
Helicopter - optional	
Field Supplies	1,200
Clerical, Secretarial	900
Reports	2,100
Total:	\$28.100

Depending on final results from the 1988 program, this program may be increased with emphasis on consteaning, sampling and assays, or alternatively, shallow percussion drilling.





2.1 <u>SUMMARY</u>

Exploration results to date are encouraging and provide incentive for additional field exploration in Year 2.

Results of Year 1 Stage 2 diamond sample results are not yet to hand. Samples from Year 1, Stage 1, were negative and tend to downgrade the diamond potential. A greater density of samples for diamond indicator minerals will be taken in Year 2.

Geological mapping of the identified clusters of copper bearing breccia pipes indicate a greater density of pipes in comparitively localised areas providing incentive for early percussion drilling and/or costeaning.

As many breccia pipes have minimal surface outcrop the presence of grass cover restricted detailed ground work. A greater effort will be made in Stage 2 to identify all breccia pipes within the favourable area so as to indicate maximum potential quantities of copper ore.

Detailed work on the gridded areas may result in identification of breccia pipes much greater in diameter than can be inferred from surface mapping and sampling.

W.J. Fisher, AM

M.Aus.IMM., M.MICA., Fellow.IMM

W. John

3.1 LOCATION AND ACCESS

The exploration licence is located on the northern part of Wollogorang Pastoral Lease 870 that lies next to the Queensland border. The access road from Burketown in Queensland past Wollogorang Homestead to Borroloola is the route of No. 1 Highway. Access from the Northern Territory is via the Stuart Highway, the sealed beef road Carpentaria Highway to Borroloola and thence by gravelled road with stream bed crossings to Wollogorang. A station track from Wollorogang traverses the area which is approximately 67 kms northerly from the Homestead. Refer Map 1.

4.1 TOPOGRAPHY, WATER AND CLIMATE

The topography to the west consists of the upland Masterton sandstones and underlying rhyolites and volcanics forming rugged escarpments cut by the tributaries of Running and Mountain Creeks. Most of the Licence area is flat lying with very little outcrop on the eastern sections.

The climate is tropical, cool in mid year, and extremely hot and dry in the summer. The "wet season" rainfall dictates exploration periods as much of the access road area remains soft up to July after a heavy wet season. The only permanent flowing stream is Running Creek, all others being reduced to a series of water holes in the dry season.

Though relatively flat, sandstone and volcanic outcrops retard ground vehicles when the grass is not burnt which was the case in 1987 and 1988.

In the Licence area, open eucalypt type forests with paperbarks and wattles thick in places. Tree growth if often stunted. Refer Photo 3.

Soils are invariably sandy or lateritic and are of poor quality. This is probably the reason why pastoral activity is very limited in the Exploration Licence

5.1 REGIONAL GEOLOGY

In the lowlands, the predominant formations are the weathered remnants of the Masterton Formation, sandstone and conglomerate, and its members the Pungalina Member, red-brown flaggy fine grained sandstone and silt-stone, the Hobblechain Rhyolite Member of porphyritic rhyolite and the Gold Creek Volcanic Member of basalt, dolomitic lithic sandstone, tuffaceous siltstone, volcanic agglomerate and breccia.

Widespread laterite and soil covered areas conceal most of the basement.

To the west, the same formations form rugged escarpments cut by the tributaries of Running Creek and Mountain Creek.

Further information on geology is contained in G.W. Patterson's Report.

W.J. & E.E. FISHER PTY. LTD. 6.1 MINING & EXPLORATION CONSULTANTS 19 KIRKLAND CRESCENT, KAHLIN DARWIN, N.T. 5790. **AUSTRALIA** TELEPHONES:-PRINCIPAL: W.J. FISHER, MALM.M. IN REPLY PLEASE QUOTE WJF:YNC TELEX: AA 85594 The Director of Mines, Department of Mines & Energy,

HOME OFFICE

(089) 81 9381 BUSINESS SUITE 8, RAFFLES PLAZA **BUFFALO COURT, DARWIN** G.P.O. BOX 3167, **DARWIN, N.T. 5794** (089) 81 1990

12th April, 1987.

P.O. Box 2901, DARWIN. N.T. 5794

No 5468

Attention: Titles Registrar

Dear Sir,

APPLICATION FOR AN EXPLORATION LICENCE 160 BLOCKS IN THE RUNNING CREK LOCALITY

This application is for an Exploration Licence for a period of six years over an area of 160 blocks in the Running Creek locality of the Northern Territory.

The writer was responsible for mineral exploration programs over part of this area in the 1970's. With current advances in geological knowledge of mineral structures, a further program is desirable to extend the available knowledge on the area.

The initial program for Year One would incur a minimum cost of \$25,000. It would be upgraded depending on results. The program could be increased depending on early results being available. The principal targets are copper and gold. The program will embrace all other minerals.

- (1)Research reports on Exploration Licences previously held and relinquished.
- (2) Obtain colour air photos and prepare enlargements over selected localities and prepare base geological maps on a scale suitable for the size of the Licence.
- (3) Sample and geolgoically map a number of specific targets and assay for other minerals as well as copper.

Explore for other specific targets. Exploration will be supported by 4 x 4 vehicles and depending on terrain problems, helicopter support may be required to expedite progress.

Program for Year 1	\$ _
Geology	6700
Geochemistry	2000
Gridding	2000
Drafting	2000
Assays	5000
Vehicle Expenses	3000
Helicopter/optional (will increase cost)	
Field Supplies	1500
Clerical Secretarial	800
Reports	2000
	\$25000

The writer has the financial resources and exploration experience to carry out this program. Contract geologists and other contract technical services will be obtained as and when required.

A cheque for \$885.00 is enclosed for Year 1 rent and advertising.

Yours faithfully,

W.J. Fisher,

M.Aus.I.M.M.,

M.MICA, Fellow I.M.M.

EXPLORATION LICENCE EL 5468 WILLIAM JOSEPH FISHER

INTERIM REPORT PERIOD OCTOBER, 1987

A field party of two 4×4 vehicles and four personnel carried out field exploration on **EL 5468** in October, 1987.

The following work was carried out:

Evaluation of previous exploration.

Location and examination of the areas in which micro, macro, diamonds and indicator minerals were plotted by CRAE Pty. Ltd.

Location of a number of copper bearing breccia pipes in three discrete areas, and a number of other pipes or indications of pipes in the general area.

Rock chip sampling for gold and copper.

Stream trap sampling for diamonds - large samples.

Rock chip sampling for diamonds from one breccia pipe (containing a small open cut for previous copper production) where an indicator mineral for diamonds was found by C.R.A.

Survey of the principal copper bearing groups of breccia pipes.

Additional exploration in 1988 to follow up results obtained from the last exploration program. This will be carried out within Year One.

W.J. Fisher, AM

M.Aus.IMM., M.MICA., Fellow.IMM

Principal Consultant W.J. & E.E. Fisher Pty. Ltd.

06/07/1988

EL 5468

YEAR 1 STAGE 1 EXPLORATION PROGRAM OCTOBER, 1987

8.1

The several clusters of Cu bearing breccia pipes in the Running Creek locality have long been a source of interest.

Secondary copper, malachite in the exposed kaolinised trachyte, was noted by early cattlemen.

In the 1930's, a lease was obtained by Mt. Isa prospectors No. 33C over a copper bearing outcrop in the midst of a pipe cluster north of Running Creek. Over a period of many years, a small open pit was developed and high grade secondary copper ore was trucked to Mt. Isa. Tonnage is not known, but would have been small.

Before this period, Masterton, with Aboriginal tribesmen, produced high grade secondary copper ore in the 1950's from a series of widely dispersed Cu bearing pipes of a similar nature to Running Creek in the Red Bank area, approximately 50 kms south of the Running Creek clusters. Various companies explored some of these by diamond drilling and later developed a small open pit in the Red Bank pipe.

It is logical to assume that there are more pipes within this area of interest that do not have visible evidence of Cu mineralisation.

Though reasonable grades of Cu mineralisation were obtained by diamond drilling in the Red Bank cluster, the originating depth is unknown. The distance separation of the various known mineralised pipes preclude a central mine development system.

The Running Creek locality in the past was explored for diamonds and for radiometric anomalies by a major company, i.e. C.R.A., and for copper by Euralba Mining Ltd. in the late 1960's and early 1970's.

The CRA report on EL 4077 confirms the existence of several micro diamonds in the Running Creek drainage in the Running Creek yard locality.

8.1 Continued

A sample of the pipe formation from ML33A in the Running Creek area contained a diamond indicator mineral, a pyrope garnet, though there was no reported followup.

The mineralised kaolinised trachyte comprising the pipe filling is a very light coloured material bearing no appearance or physical relationship with kimberlite, the sought for target for diamonds.

The trachyte and overlying sandstone may be an infilling of a collapsed crater and the original ejection may be a different material.

The objective of this first phase of exploration was to locate the various pipe groups in the Running Creek area, and obtain stream trap and in situ samples for kimber-lite trace elements, and for micro diamonds.

Rock chip samples were collected for determining a multi mineral suite that may exist in the pipe system including gold and silver, and soil samples -80# for the same purpose.

During field work, the various groups were locked in with surveys and additional possible pipes located within the prospective area $8\ km\ x\ 8\ km$.

Providing the samples taken return positive results, followup work will consist of setting up a large grid and tying together the various pipes and pipe groups.

Supplementary work will consist of costeaning a number of positive and suspected pipes to provide subsurface information, and more precisely determine diameters.

Sometimes, the only indicators are circular, in dipping S/S relics or S/S domal clusters within the pipe circumference.

Secondary copper in the circumference sandstones or the internal S/S is a good indicator of a Cu bearing pipe.

Trachyte may outcrop with very little evidence of circumference or internal S/Ss. When the trachyte is kaolinised and carrying secondary Cu, then it may be assumed to be a pipe filling.

Some domal clusters of S/S on a circular pattern may also indicate the existence of pipes below the soil cover.

As mentioned earlier, the first stage of exploration in October, 1987, was orientated to relocating copper bearing pipes known to the writer and tying them in to each other.

Though the grass was not burnt slowing down the program, four discrete areas containing one or more breccia copper bearing pipes were located, grid boundaries established for a follow up grid controlled geological mapping program as the second stage of the first year's exploration program.

Several other breccia pipes previously known were also re-located. As there was no surface evidence of copper content, further work will be deferred to Year 2.

Several other pipes are known to exist within the most prospective area and they await relocation.

A number of rock chip samples were taken for copper and gold assays, and for multi mineral scans.

20 Kg to 40 Kg -4mm sieved samples were taken from several trap sites in the prospective area for assay for diamond indicators, including one 40 Kg sample from the old mine dump at relinquished ML33C.

The weather conditions were formidable with very high temperatures. Storm buildup dictated an end to this stage as even one severe storm would create difficulties on many of the soft clayey flats.

Four personnel supported by two 4x4 vehicles with trailers carried out this program. Kilometres travelled exceeded 3,000 for each vehicle.

8.1 Continued

Diamond samples were despatched to the Ashton Mining laboratory in Perth. W.A., and rock chip and soil samples were processed by Analabs. Darwin.

The results obtained from the diamond samples were negative and additional samples further upstream on Running Creek will be taken in Stage 2.

YEAR 1 STAGE 2 EXPLORATION PROGRAM EARLY AUGUST, 1988

8.2

Three personnel, W.J. Fisher, S.L. Fisher and geologist, Bill Patterson, supported by two 4×4 vehicles completed the second stage under better climatic conditions than the first stage.

Operating from a base camp on Running Creek, the four areas identified in Stage 1 Area 1 were carefully gridded on a northing and easting pattern at 50 metre intervals, using 117mm steel fence droppers. The base line and central subsidiary baselines were marked with joined fence droppers for better visibility.

Bill Patterson carried out geological mapping with 50 metre control. The high grass throughout the grid will require some followup geological mapping in areas of poor or no outcrop.

Additional grids were established over two other systems and party completed. Geological mapping was continued over these areas but ground conditions, very rough in places, precluded complete mapping.

Sufficient data is now available to determine the importance of the three localities. As the next stage requires costeaning and/or drilling or both, a decision was taken to mark out mineral claims to protect the more substantive work proposed in Year 2.

Five 40 Kg -4mm diamond samples were taken from traps in Running Creek and its upstream tributaries. Two rock chip samples in an area of minor copper showings on a Running Creek tributary were taken for copper assays and multiscan assays. Extensive outcrops of what appears to be magnesite occur in the creek banks near the sample locations.

A report on the geological mapping by G.W. Patterson is included.

On return to Darwin, the diamond samples were despatched to Ashton Mining's Perth laboratory for examination.

EL 5468

EXPLORATION COSTS

YEAR 1 - STAGES 1 & 2

	\$
Assay	2045
Geological Expenses	15300
Vehicle Hire	6112
Administration/Secretarial	4160
Field Assistant	1380
Field Supplies, Fuel, Accommodation	2996

Total Expenditure \$31,993

Note: Additional costs including further assaying expenses still to come - approximately \$2000

PATTERSON GEOLOGICAL SERVICES PTY. LTD.

REPORT ON

INVESTIGATION OF COPPER PROSPECTS
WITHIN EL5468, RUNNING CREEK, N.T.

Author:

G. W. Patterson

Date:

27th August, 1988

on behalf of W.J. & E.E. Fisher Pty. Ltd.

EL 5468

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Plans Attached

V 1.	EL5468	W.J. Fisher Mineral Claims Locality Plan Scale 1: 22000 (approx)
√2.	EL5468	Running Creek Mine Area, Geology Scale 1: 1000
√3.	EL5468	Salt Lick Area, Geology Scale 1: 1000
/4.	EL5468	Running Creek Mine Area: Distribution of possible trachyte plugs. Scale 1: 5000

EL 5468

EXPLORATION PROGRAM REPORT

27.08.1988

1. SUMMARY AND CONCLUSIONS

Mapping of the Running Creek mine and Salt Lick areas is sufficiently detailed to select some drill targets for copper mineralisation. The Felix area needs to be remapped before drill targets can be selected.

There appears to be considerable potential for copper mineralisation in the areas selected for mineral claim applications.

Further exploration over the remainder of the EL for both copper and diamonds appears to be warranted.

2. RECOMMENDATIONS

- 2.1 Remapping of the Felix area should be carried out, preferably after the grass has been burnt. Suitable drill targets could then be selected.
- 2.2 Drill targets, using a drilling rig with R.C. down-hole hammer capability, should be selected on Running Creek mine area copper bearing pipes, commencing with the pipe enclosing the open cut.
- 2.3 If encouraging, the R.C. drilling should be followed up by deeper diamond drilling to test sulphide grade at depth.
- 2.4 Gemco type auger drilling could be employed to test sub outcrop in concealed areas at Running Creek mine and areas such as the Salt Lick vegetation anomaly.
- 2.5 Reconnaissance should be continued for further copper bearing pipes throughout the E.L. and continued surveillance should be dept for diamonds and kimberlitic indicator minerals.

3. INTRODUCTION

Reconnaissance and sampling of EL 5468 was undertaken by W.J. Fisher during 1987. In August, 1988, I was engaged to carry out detailed geological mapping and assess the potential of three areas currently being gridded, and over which mineral claim applications could possibly be made at a later date. 12 days were spent in the area from 4th to 15th August, 1988.

4. LOCATION AND ACCESS

Exploration Licence 5468 of 160 graticules centred on Running Crek yard, covers most of the catchment of Running Creek and part of the catchments of Mountain Creek and Hobblechain Creek. The EL is in the central part of the Selby 1: 100,000 Sheet, adjacent to the Queensland border in the southern Carpentaria Gulf. Access is by the Calvert River road through Wollogorang.

5. PREVIOUS EXPLORATION

Exploration in the Running Creek region was undertaken by Euralba Mining N.L. in 1971. This involved investigation and mapping by H. Shannon of copper occurrances associated with trachyte plugs within AP3230. Two areas referred to by Shannon as Running Creek west and Felix Prospect were mapped mostly by compass and pace survey. A number of intrusive trachyte and breccia plugs were recorded and the occurrence of a number of possible plugs was postulated.

Investigation for diamond occurrence was carried out by CRA Exploration Pty. Ltd. from 1983 to 1986 within ELs 4077 and 4166. The work involved drainage sampling for kimberlitic indicator minerals, detailed airborne magnetic and radiometric surveys, and follow up ground investigation of airborne anomalies. One macro-diamond and three micro-diamonds were recorded from drainage samples in the vicinity of Running Crek yard and a pyrope garnet was recorded from the dump of the copper bearing breccia pipe at the abandoned Running Creek mine.

6. GEOLOGY AND MINERALISATION

Rocks of the area are predominantly sandstones, regarded as belonging to the Masterton Formation of the Lower Proterozoic Tawallah Group. Within the area examined, B.M.R. mapping shows the outcropping rocks as the Gold Creek member of the Masterton Formation. This is described as including basalt, dolomitic lithic sandstone, tuffaceous siltstone, volcanic agglomerate and breccia. Euralba mapping by H. Shannon has shown breccia to be present as intrusive plugs or pipes generally of a trachytic nature. Copper occurrence appears to be directly related to these intrusive trachytes.

The Pungalina member of the Masterton Formation, distinguished by halite casts in fine grained flaggy sandstone, is present at the Salt Lick prospect in the southern part of the area. The Hobblechain Rhyolite member, widespread some distance south of Running Creek, may also be present at Salt Lick underlying the flaggy sandstone.

Copper occurs as secondary minerals in intrusive trachytes, usually accompanied by brecciation. Only one economic occurrence of copper is known, a small production of carbonate ore having been achieved by open cut at the Running Creek mine. The prospect is similar to, though smaller, than the copper bearing intrusive pipe at the Redbank mine west of Wollogorang.

7. WORK DONE

The primary objective was to map in detail a 40 ha area regarded as possible mineral claim applications, gridded This area is centred on the abandoned Creek 1 and 2. Running Running Two areas, Felix and Salt Lick, Creek copper mine. selected also for possible mineral claim applications, south of Running Creek claims, were also to be examined. and Felix had been previously mapped by Euralba in but no mapping had been done on Salt Lick. Running Creek and Salt Lick were both geologically mapped at 1: 1000 scale on 50m x 50m grids laid off from Topofil and compass surveyed baselines. A similar grid was laid out on Felix, but the ground was not remapped.

In each case, an initial designated 10,000E, 10,000N was used. Thus coordinates in any one area are unrelated to coordinates in other areas.

7.1 Running Creek

Shannons mapping of the Running Creek mine area was essentially correct, except for topographic detail, which was considerably in error due to the rough survey method (mostly compass and pace).

Eleven separate trachyte occurrences were mapped, six of which are obviously copper bearing. One, in the vicinity of 9600E, 9850N, is probably a flow, but the remainder appear more likely to be intrusive.

Copper mineralisation, mostly malachite, but in some cases azurite, crysocolla and possibly turquoise, was observed in trachyte, and to a lesser degree as malachite in sandstone.

There are various indications of the presence of concealed intrusive plugs. These include brecciation, occasionally secondary copper mineralisation in sandstone, and the circular disposition of some sandstone outcrops. In all, a total of 21 pipes with diameters ranging from 40m to 120m are believed to occur within the area mapped. The potential of these plugs for copper occurrence is discussed in Section 8 below.



W.J. & E.E. FISHER PTY. LTD.

EXPLORATION & MINING CONSULTANTS



HOME OFFICE

19 KIRKLAND CRESCENT, KAHLIN DARWIN N.T. 5790 AUSTRALIA

PRINCIPAL: W.J. FISHER, AM M.Aus.I.M.M., M.MICA, F.I.M.M. (London)

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DARWIN N.T. 5794 (089) 81 1990 FAX: (089) 41 1926

INTERNATIONAL FAX: 0111-61-89-411926

2nd November, 1988

The Mining Registrar,
Department of Mines & Energy,
GPO Box 2901,
DARWIN. NT 0801

Dear Sir.

EL 5468 RUNNING CREEK AREA

In the Year 1 Annual Report, a minor error occurred in the geological report submitted by Patterson Geological Services. Note attached letter from Mr. Patterson.

A copy of the amended Page No. 4 is attached for inclusion in the Report in place of Page No. 4

A copy of Mr. Patterson's referral letter on this error is attached.

Yours faithfully,

FILETIEN 1988 PO PARTHER OF NOV 1988 PO PARTH

W.J. Fisher, AM M.Aus.IMM., M.MICA., Fellow.IMM

PATTERSON GEOLOGICAL SERVICES Pty. Ltd.

G.W.(Bill) Patterson M.A.I.M.M., 4 Glyndon Rd., Camberwell VIC 3124 TEL: (03) 836-7748

16th October, 1988

Mr W.J. Fisher
W.J. & E.E. Fisher Pty. Ltd.,
P.O. Box 3167
DARWIN
NT 0801

Dear Joe,

Re EL5468, Annual Report

Apart from several minor type errors, there appears to be only one error in my report on the Running Creek area included in the above. This is on page 4, third paragraph in section 7.2. "The nature of the copper occurrence in the south eastern quadrant". should read "north western quadrant". The error was mine in the original draft.

Kind Regards,

Sincerely

(G.W. Patterson)

7.2 <u>Felix</u>

A 50m x 50m grid was laid out over most of the Felix mineral claim area, and it was intended that Shannon's mapping would be adjusted to fit the grid. However, it was found that the scale variation due to the compass and pace method used in the original mapping was too great. The area needs to be remapped, but the current field conditions due to unburnt grass, would make this difficult.

In the meantime, Shannon's map clearly indicates the existence of at least one intrusive trachyte, and the presence of other plugs is indicated by several circular sandstone breccia occurrences.

The nature of the copper occurrence in the north western quadrant of the mineral claim is unclear, but it appears to be in a poorly outcropping zone between two tuffaceous sandstone layers. To the west of the main copper locality, some copper was observed in a small sandstone breccia outcrop near the 9550E, 9850N grid peg. This suggests the presence of copper bearing pipes similar to those in the Running Creek mine area.

7.3 <u>Salt Lick</u>

Although hindered by unburnt grass, outcrop mapping was completed over most of the $50m \times 50m$ grid on the Salt Lick mineral claim area.

Secondary copper minerals, mostly malachite, occur in abundance in fractured layered trachyte in the centre of a 16 ha gridded area. Trachyte outcrops extend with an apparent south westerly trend into the south western corner. Extensive outcrops of a brown coloured fine grained, sometimes amygdaloidal volcanic, appear to surround the trachyte, but the relationship of the two is unclear.

Copper occurrences at Redbank west of Wollogorang and at Running Creek is invariably associated with intrusive plugs. Except for absence of breccia, the layered trachyte at Salt Lick appears identical to that exposed in the Redbank and Running Creek open cuts. If the Salt Lick trachyte is indeed intrusive, then it must form extensive bodies which, if copper bearing throughout, could constitute a large resource. The existence of two small circular quartzitic sandstone breccia outcrops, one at 9950E, 9550N, and the other at 9750E, 9650N, support the possibility of underlying intrusive plugs.

A flaggy, ripple marked fine grained sandstone with occasional halite casts probably overlies the volcanics. This answers to the description of the Pungalina Member of the Masterton Formation, and the volcanics could belong to the Hobblechain Ryholite member.

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7.4 Running Creek Reconnaissance

A visit was made to a reported copper occurrence in a tributary of Running Creek about 7 kms upstream from Running Creek yard. The locality had been relocated by W.J. Fisher, but only minor copper was found in a spheroidally weathered volanic. The rock, probably basalt of the Gold Creek Volcanic member of the Masterton Formation, contains an appreciable amount of what appears to be magnesite in more or less conformable lenses and seams.

Several $-4 \, \text{mm}$ drainage gravel samples for kimberlitic indicator minerals were collected by W.J. Fisher from trap sites in the Running Creek catchment.

8. POTENTIAL FOR MINERAL OCCURRENCE

There appears to be considerable potential for copper occurrence and some potential for diamond occurrence.

8.1 Copper Potential

The only copper exploited in the area has been the carbonate ore mined from the small open cut in the centre of the Running Creek mine area. This occurrence is similar to, although smaller, than the Redbank deposit, where a significant resource is believed to have been indicated by drilling. No drilling has been undertaken at Running Creek.

Mapping at Running Creek has defined a number of copper bearing trachyte pipes, four of which appear to have a mean diameter of 40m or greater. An additional 17 possible pipes have been inferred from structural features, brecciation and the presence of copper in sandstones. All 21 are shown diagrammatically on a 1: 5000 scale plan of the mineral claims area. The plan depicts only pipes with a minimum mean diameter of 40m.

At an average density of 2.6, tonnages of trachyte pipes to $40\,m$ depth have been estimated: -

<u>Diameter (m)</u>	Tonnes/m of depth	<u>Tonnes to 40m depth</u>
40	3300	132000
50	5100	204000
60	7300	292000
70	10000	400000
80	13000	520000
100	20000	800000
120	29000	1160000

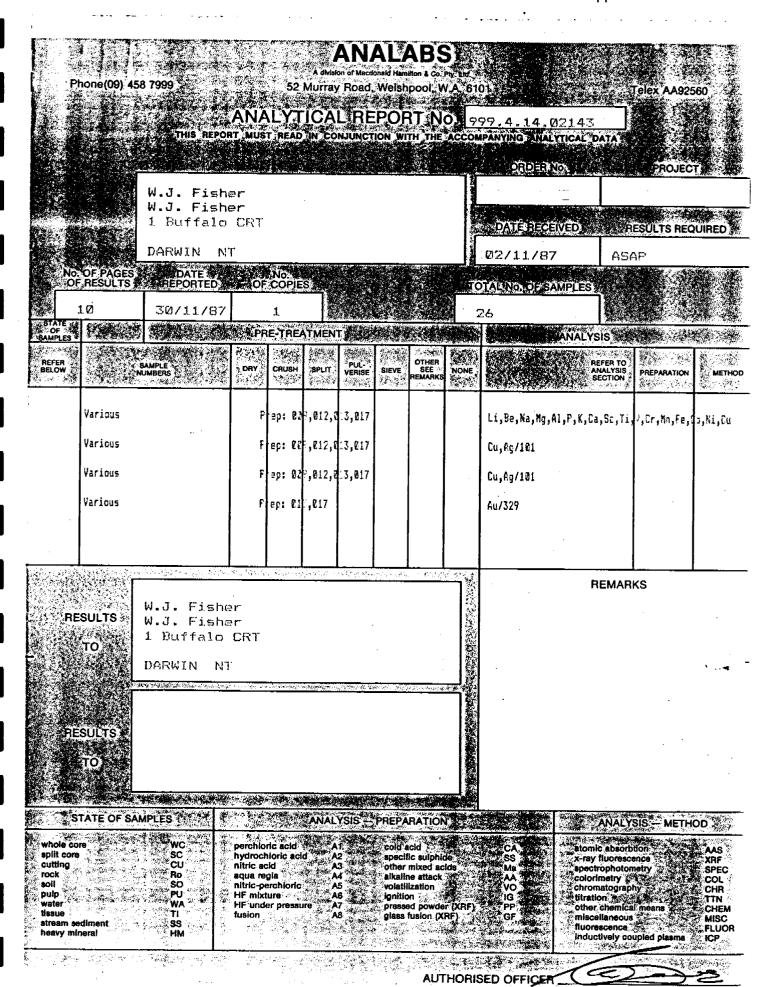
Using the above figures, the potential total tonnage to 40m depth for the 21 pipes would be approximately 6.3 million tonnes.

It should be emphasised that these figures are hypothetical, based on an assumption that the pipes, if present, all contain significant copper mineralisation.

Nothing is known at this stage regarding surface leaching, depth to sulphides or whether secondary enrichment occurs. These are all important factors, and some drilling should be undertaken on selected targets as soon as possible.

No attempt can be made to assess the potential of Felix and Salt Lick prospects until further work is undertaken. Some drilling could be useful in determining the extent of the copper mineralisation around the central discovery point, and also to test the concealed ground beneath the nearby "Salt Lick".

G.W. Patterson



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3	19153	1.7		551	5900	44500	<u> </u>	35800	497	c ₂
4	19154			1 	****		****	Miss	A	***
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7	19158		15746					4		<u></u>
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12	19162		sures			M	wirr	MU.	at da	ne
13	19163	4	<u>J.</u>	455	<u> 309</u>	63200	465	69100	365	17
14	19164	5	3	298	784	36900	13500	<u>33000</u>	<u>:1700</u>	<u> </u>
15	19165			253	920	19800	-#·	7620.0	292	
16	19167	11	* · · ·	<u></u>	7 3 V)		167	 V.02 8 83 - NO	2 19 2	
17	19168		3.	410	309	92466		1000000	6.6.1	£
18	19169	-,								
19	19170	S	1.	551	B54	<u> 85200</u>	3470	107000	1390	. 7
20	19171	7	2	646	2960	87000	356Ø	<u> 59900</u>	1020	1.54
21	19172	.55	1	652	2540	103000	.842	122000	514	· "/
22	19173	mare .	<u></u>	a-70						
23	19174	5		439	762	101000	488	124000	933	1.4
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		;	999	7.4.14.0)2143.	30/11/	87		3	DF 1 (7)
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3	19152	2220	125	147	982	39100	27	23	21000	290
4	19153	1990	my my a	1.30	517	435000	82	<u> </u>	23000	196
5	19154	12771		book	mn			*****	. 1101	
6	19155	16888	187	232	377	58200	139	43.fA	7.6080	43_
	19156			, um			w		1111	,
7	19158	W-57					inu			5
8	19159	1.6900	152	102	274	54200	13	1.3	50000	1.5
9	19160	1300	21.	215	37	6280,0	<5	1.3	210	7
10	19161	18200	105	63	126	11200	<5	< 1.70	70	8
11	19162		m i		Mr.		*	*****		wie Ma
12	19163	11600	81	139	1.77	22600	15	12	130	-7
13	19164	2450	36	221	86	21800	40	56	26000	<5
14	19165		u.n.	W-**1	щ.		-	Most	****	.м.
15	19166	1510	17	113	278	8210.0	23	1.4	55.75(2)	₹5
16	19167	,	*****	10·10	<u></u>		- TRAIT			
17	19168	18800	34	56	308	57100	24	13	110000	(5
18	19169			****					: : W.H.C.U. I	
19	19170	16500	55	66	133	28200	1.4	<1.00	6200	
20	19171	1.0700	98	95	158	2/27/20	****			Are.
21	19172	17700	58					11	<u> </u>	< 55
22				49	187	15500	19	বি গ	4/35/6/	
23	19173		IRM	, mar	Anta			Ma.	WW	
24	19174	19700	. 45	51	275	14000	<5_	< 3.00	340	7
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	2	19152	21	27	99	M t >	<20 0	Ø5	73.4167	***	۷. ۲)
	3	19153	20	9 1	115	<10	< 20	<0.5	349	1.3	26
	4	19154	en-		=16		al d				110
	5	19155	1.07	39	154	< 1.03	< 7 th	<0.5	1230	13.13	4.4
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	7	19158	, Batt	ur-s	1974		,,,,,	Mary tr			.,:-
	8	19159	19	33	183	14	<20	<0.5	903	40	84
	9	19160	48	18	25	<10	<20	Ø.5	549	64	9 8
	10	19161	60	42	1.67	< 1.02	<20	<0.5	1.120	33	70
	11	19162		1 da	3. Cy)	N. 152 W. J.	71.16. W.F		U. Seedales	(-,2)	/ V)
	12	19163	28	22:	136	<10	<20	<Ø.5	1020	3503	61
	13	17164	254	48	30	<10	< 28	Ø , 5	544	A. 1	86
	14	19165	elen tun C			5, .e. y.,	×.2.90	XV v v.'			
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T	17	19168	116	52	249	1 75			4 -7 (-) (-%		**** ,r
	18	19169	.hh. 1.h		2. 16p °Y	1, 70	<20	5.1/1	1787		ing of
	19	19170	85	43	248	14	<80	Ø . 5	4.774.0	3501	
	20	19171	163	34	345	7.4 2.4			1310		
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4	22	19173				<10	<20	<00.5	935	38	77
	23	19174	 39		63.6% Tr				4 C7 A C78		
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1	19151	SNR	SMR	SNR	SNR	SNR	SNR	SMR	SNR.	SNR
2	19152	<20	. 33	<5	1	<10	<5	<5	<20	2
3	19153	<20	<20	<5	1	< 1.05	<5	<.5	<20	2
4	19154		····	ш.	1814		Serve	kotos	en haan	
5	19155	< 22.03	24	6	2	< 1.02	<5	6	<2 <u>0</u>	<u> </u>
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7	19158		· tests		Mara					`m
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10	19161	<\$0	32	9	2	< tØ	<5	7	<20	4
11	19162				<u></u>					101/2
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16	19167			4144	4	no.				
17	19168	<20	29	8	53	11	<5	9	<20	Eq.
18	19169			,	1197	1	******		4.,	,
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20	19171	<1265	512	Ģ	2	< 100	<5	6	<20	Д,
21	19172	<20	40	Ģ		< 1.00	<5	9	< 22(2)	<u>Ľ</u> ,
22	1 917 3			 -	18007	6 111		44	*	
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24	19175		nas.		906		nin	L		
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Results in ppm unless otherwise specified

T = element present; but concentration too low to measure

X = element concentration is below detection limit.

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Results in ppm unless otherwise specified

T = element present; but concentration too low to measure

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•	·	•	5 99	2.4.14.0	02143	30/11/	/87		9 (OF 1.03	
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1	19151	SNR	SNR	SMR	SNR	COLUMN	(Carles				
2	19152	<2	<2	< 1.00	<10	SNR	SNR	SNR	SNR	SNR	
3	19153	<2	<2	< 1.0)	<1.0	<10 <10	<0.02	<u> </u>	11	< 7000.	
4	19154	100	% <i>id.</i>	N.J. VJ		<u></u>	<0.02	<u> </u>	< 101	< 2001	
5	19155	<2	3	<10	< 1.00	< 1 (2)	<0.02	< 2010)	< 1.70		
6	19156		Suit.	× 3 (0)		% J VI	SW-W2	\$ 277171 		<299 <u>0</u>	
7	19158	w.,,,			717	****			v 100		
8	19159	<2	3	<100	< 3.03	< 1.03	<0.02	<2200	< 1.03	<200	
9	19160	<2	<2	<10	<10	<10	<0.02	<200	12	<200	
10	19161	<2		< 1.0	<1.00	<10	<0.02	<2200	11	<200	
11	19162	<u></u>		1. 10.0 7. 2	4 13. 4.2	7, 21. W.F		**************************************	.1. ,1.	% ac v030	
12	19163	<2	<2	< 1.00	<1.22	< 1.00	<0.02	<200	< 3.60	<200	
13	19164	<2	4	<10	<10	< 1.0	<0.02	<200	22	<200	
14	19165	\$1,000				State Tak		- 5-4-14-1 		*. JS J7 1 U 1	
15	19166	<.5	<.2	< 10	<10	<1.0	<0.02	<2000	< 1.03	(200	
16	19167							****	RI FEL		
17	19168	<2	5.	<1.0	< 1.03	<1.00	<0.02	_<220	17	< 20 O1 O1	
18	19169	4		мъ	me .	p.m.	- :		110"		
19	19170	<2	4	< 1.12)	<1.0	< 1.00	<0.02	<200	12	<200	
20	19171	<2	Ą	< 1.2)	<100	< 1.00	<0.02	<200	21	<2M0	
21	19172	<22	5	< 1.0)	<u>0,t></u>	<1.0	<0. 0 2	<200	16	<200	
22	19173			u	2772		Manday	Rada .		,,	
23	19174	<2	B)	< 1.00	<10	<1.0	<0.02	<2000	14	<2000	
24	19175	Min		PTALL .		<u></u> . '	mus	teu.			
25	19179	e; a pe	CME	GVID:	WANG	SME	SMB	QF 10	CV.O	C14/1D	

Results in pom unless otherwise specified

T = element present; but concentration too low to measure

X = element concentration is below detection limit

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	, A	,	999	2.4.14.0	2143	30/11/	87		101	DF 1 (7)
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1	19185	<2	i.	≤1Ø	<10	<1.00	<0,02	<200	12	<200
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Results in ppm unless otherwise specified

T = element present; but concentration too low to measure

X = element concentration is below detection limit

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Darwin

Cnr. Coonawarra & Mataram Roads, Winnellie, N.T., 5789 Telephone (089) 84 3849 (P.O. Box 39344, Winnellie, N.T., 5789)

TO:	ANALABS - PERITI	DATE: 31 8 88 NO. OF PAGES:!
FROM:	CHA5 '	FAX NO: (089) 84 3984
SUBJECT:	Analy	isis Requested over the phone

Res 999.4.14.02143

Sample	Cu	<u>Ag</u> .	<u>Au</u>
19154	150	×	. ×
19156	25	0:5	×
19158	45	×	×
19162	900	×	×
19165	1150	×	×
19167	190	×	×
19169	550	×	×
19173	900	×	×
19 175	265	×	X
Method	101	101	329
Detaction Limits	5	0.5	0.02

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ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICAT & MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA (EET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) D.P.O. Other: O **INDICATORS** CREEN SIZE +0.8 +0.5 +0.4 TOTAL M. N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M. EPARATION 3. ANATASE 4. ANDALUSITE 1. DIAMOND 5. APATITE 2. AMPHIBOLE 1. ALMANDINE 10. CASSITERITE 2. PYROPE 8. BIOTITE 9. BRONZITE 6. AXINITE 7. BARITE 1. CHROME DIOPSIDE 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS 15. DIASPORE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 12. CORUNDUM 4. CHAOMITE 18. EPIDOTE 20. FLUIORITE 17. ENSTATITE 19. FLORENZITE 16. DIOPSIDE 5. PICROILMENITE 25. KYANITE 23. HEMATITE 24. ILMENITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 8. ZVACON KIMB 27. MAGNOPHORITE 28. MICA 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 7, PHILOGOPITE 35. PRIDERITE 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHNITE 31. OLIVINE 32. ORTHOPYROXENE 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 39. RUTILE 40. SCHEELITE 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 44. STAUROLITE 45. SULPHIDES 50. 2005SITE 11. 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE 12. 55. XENOTIME 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 54. CHRYSOSERYL 51. ZIRCON **6**0. 58. 58. PHOSPHATE 86. 63.

1 1 DEC 1987 **ASHTON MINING LIMITED** INDICA: 3 MINERALS - LABORATORY DATA .. EET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) E. L. Number Project D.P.O. AU Auger RT Rotery D: Diamond G Drainage Rock Loam green Grains Kimberlitic Indicators: K: I. Other: O Gold: G 375.00 Weight after TBE. Total Weight: 90. n INDICATORS +0.5 +0.4 SCREEN SIZE TOTAL M. N.M. M. N.M. N.M. SEPARATION M. N.M. F ANDALUSITE 5. APATITE 2. AMPHIBOLE 3. ANATASE V 1. DIAMOND 1. ALMANDINE 9. BRONZITE 10. CASSITERITE 2. PYROPE 7. BARITE 6. BIOTITE 6. AXINITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 15. DIASPORE 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS 12. CORUNDUM 11. CLINOPYROXENE 4. CHROMITE 20. FLUORITE 18. EPIDOTE 19. FLORENZITE 17. ENSTATITE 16. DIOPSIDE 5. PICROILMENITE 25. KYANITE 23. HEMATITE 24. ILMENITE 22. GOLD 6. ZIRCON KIMB 28. MICA 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 27. MAGNOPHORITE 26. LIMONITE 7. PHILOGOPITE 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITÉ 31. OLIVINE 32. ORTHOPYROXENE 33. PLATINUM 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 39. RUTILE 40. SCHEELITE 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 44. STAUROLITE 45. SULPHIDES 10. 42. SPHENE 43. SPINEL 41. SILLIMANITE 50. 21088ITE 11. 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 48. FU 46. TANTALITE 12. 55. XENOTIME 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 54. CHRYSOBERYL 51. ZIRCON 13. 59. 60. 57. 58. 56. PHOSPHATE 65. 64. 62. 61.

ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICAT RMINERALS - LABORATORY DATA: EET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) D.P.O. Project E. L. Number G Orainage AT Rotary R Negative Possible Positive Diamond Recovery: D Other: O Weight after TBE. Mineralogist: **INDICATORS** CREEN SIZE +0.5 TOTAL EPARATION M. N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M. N.M. M. 1. DIAMOND 2. AMPHIBOLE 3. 4. ANDALUSITE 5. APATITE 1. ALMANDINE 2. PYROPE 6. AXMITE 7. BARITE S. BIOTITE 9. BRONZITE 10. CASSITERITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 12. CORUNDUM 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS 15. DIASPORE 4. CHROMITE 16. DIOPSIDE 17. ENSTATITE 18. EPIDOTE 19. FLORENZITE 20. FLUORITE 5. PICROLMENITE 23. HEMATITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 6. ZIRCON KIMB 27. MAGNOPHORITE 7. PHLOGOPITE 26. LIMONITE 28. MICA 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 31. OLIVINE 32. ORTHOPYROXENE 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 39. . RUTILE 40. SCHEELITE 42. SPHENE 43. SPINEL 41. SALLIMANITE 44. STAUROLITE 45. SULPHIDES 11. 50. ZIOSSITE 47. TOPAZ 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE 49. WOLFRAMITE 12. 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 54. CHRYSOBERYL SS. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON 13. 57. 58. 59. 56. PHOSPHATE 60. 14. 62. 63. 64. 61. 65. 15.

11 DEC 1987

ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICAT RMINERALS - LABORATORY DATA: EET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) NT D.P.O. Project E. L. Number RT Rotary Bunk Gold: G Other: O 460. Weight after TBE. 21 **INDICATORS** +0.5 ICREEN SIZE +0.8 TOTAL M. N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M. EPARATION M. N.M. 1. DIAMOND 2. AMPHIBOLE 3. ANATASE 4. ANDALUSITE 5. APATITE 1. ALMANOINE 2. PYROPE 6. AXIMITE 7. BARITE 8. BIOTITE 10. CASSITERITE 9. BRIONZITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 12. CORUNDUM 13. CR-SPINEL 15. DIASPORE 14. CU-MINERALS Y 4. CHROMITE 16. DIOPSIDE 17. ENSTATITE 18. EPIDOTE 19. FLORENZITE 20. FLUORITE 5. PICROILMENITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 23. HEMATITE 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 6. ZIRCON KIMB 26. LIMONITE 27. MAGNOPHORITE 28. MICA 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 7. PHLOGOPITE 31. OLIVINE 32. OATHOPYROXENE 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITE 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 38, ROCK FRAGMENTS 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 37. PYROCLORE 39. RUTILE 38. PYRITE 40. SCHEELITE 42. SPHENE 44. STAUROUTE 45. SULPHIDES 11. 50. 2)OSSITE 47. TOPAZ 48. TOURMALINE 49. WOLFRAMITE 46. TANTALITE 52. ANDRADITE 54. CHRYSOBERYL 55. XENOTIME 53. GALENA 51. ZIRCON 13. 57. 58. 60. 50. 56. PHOSPHATE 61. 62. 63. 64. 65.

. 11 DEC 1987 **ASHTON MINING LIMITED** INDICAT: I MINERALS - LABORATORY DATA! EET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) E. L. Number D.P.O. Project emple ype AT Rotary B Bulk G Drainage Loam R Rock Megative Possible Positive Kimberlitic Indicators: K: I. Diamond Recovery: 0 Gold: G Other: 0 Weight after TBE. Mineralogist: **INDICATORS** CREEN SIZE +0.6 +0,5 10.4 TOTAL M. N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M. M. H.M. EPARATION 1. DIAMOND 5. APATITE 2. AMPHIBOLE 3. ANATASE 4. ANDALUSITE ALMANDINE 2. PYROPE 9. BRONZITE 10. CASSITERITE 7. BARITE 8. BIOTITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 12. CORUNDUM 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS 15. DIASPORE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 4. CHROMITE 16. DIOPSIDE 17. ENSTATITE 18. EPIDOTE 19. FLORENZITE 20. FLUORITE 5. PICROILMENITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 23. HEMATITE 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 6, ZIRCON KIMB 27. MAGNOPHORITE 28. MICA 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 26. LIMONITE 7. PHLOGOPITE 31. OLIVINE 32. ORTHOPYROXENE 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITE 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 9. BAONZITE KIMB 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 39. RUTILE 40. SCHEELITE Ю. 45. SULPHIDES 42. SPHENE 43. SPINEL 44. STAUROLITE 41. SILLIMANITE 11. 50. ZIOSSITE 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE 12. 55. XENOTIME 54. CHRYSOBERYL 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 51. ZIRCON 50. **0**0. 56. PHOSPHATE 57. 58. 62. 63. 64. 65.

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										AS	HTON MIN	ING LIMITED				11 DEC 1987
								IND	CAT	7 MIN	ERALS — L	ABORATORY DA	ATA: EET			8.12.87
							•						Jos Fis	ker same	SAMPL	9177
:ate:	N.7	~	P.O.			Project			E. 1	L. Number	,	COMMENTS (P			Signature	٠
ample	G Drainage	L	F	a Rock	B Bulk		HMC Panned Conc	AU		RT Rotary	O Diamond	Ţ <u></u>			Púsitive Negative	
fork equired		Kimberlit Indicator			Diamond Recovery:		$\neg \vdash$	okd: G		Oth	er: O	Several	Nork g	reen cho	vite Possible	Positive
otal Wei	pht:					Weigh	t after Ti	3E.	フ	60,		groins	few 440	ius of	malacl	ite.
bserver:	ten:					Miner	elogist:		D,	2 1					· · · · ·	
	•	-			INDIC	ATOR	RS									
CREEN	SIZE		+0	75	+0	1.5	+	0.9	-0	2.4	TOTAL				\ n 's	lachite
EPARAT	ION		M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	IOIAL				./_	
1. DIAM	XHD CHK											1. ALMANDINE	2. AMPHIBOLE	3. ANATASE /F	4. ANDALUSITE	5. APATITE
2. PYRO	PE				ļ							6. AXINITE	7. BARITE	8. BIOTITE	9. BRONZITE	10. CASSITERITE
3. CHRO	ME DIOPSIDE				<u> </u>			ļ		ļ		11. CLINOPYROXENE	12. CORUNDUM	13. CR-SPINEL	14. CU-MINERALS	15. DIASPORE
4. CHRO	MITE									ļ		16. DIOPSIDE	17.	18.	19. FLORENZITE	20. FLUORITE
5. PICRO	MEMTE							-		-		21. GARMET	ENSTATITE 22. GOLD	EPIDOTE 23. HEMATITE	24. ILMENITE	25. KYANITE
6. ZIRCO					╄			-	<u> </u>	ļ.			GOLD 27.	HEMATITE 26.		KYANITE 30.
7. PHILO	GOPITE									ļ		26. LIMONITE	MAGNOPHORITE	MICA	29. MONAZITE	MUSCOVITE
8. OLIVI	NE KIMB.			1	ļ			 	ļ			31. OLIVINE	32. ORTHOPYROXENE	33. PLATINUM	34. PREHNITE	35. PRIDERITE
	ZITE KIMB.									—		36. PYRITE	37. PYROCLORE	38. ROCK FRAGMENTS	39. RUTILE	40. SCHEELITE
10.					-	ļ		-		ļ		41. SALLIMANITE	42. SPHENE	43. SPINEL	44. STAUROUTE	45. SULPHIDES
11.		-		├	 			 		-		46. TANTALITE	47. TOPAZ	48. TOURMALINE	49. WOLFRAMITE	50. ZIOSSITE
12.			ļ	 	+			 		 		51. ZIRCON	52. ANDRADITE	53. GALENA	54. CHRYSOBERYL	55. XENOTIME
13.		-	-	 	+	\vdash		1		+		56. PHOSPHATE	57.	58.	5e.	60.
14.			-		+	1		 	-			61.	62.	63.	64.	65.

11 DEC 1987 **ASHTON MINING LIMITED** INDICAT & MINERALS - LABORATORY DATA! EET Date 7.12.87 SAMPLE 19178 COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) D.P.O. Project E. L. Number Negative Possible Positive Kimberlitic Indicators: K: I. Diamond Recovery: D Gold: G Other: O Weight after TBE. DIL Mineralogist: **INDICATORS** +0.5 +0.4 ~0.4 CREEN SIZE +0.8 TOTAL SEPARATION N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M. М. N.M. M. 1. DIAMOND 2. AMPHIBOLE 4. ANDALUSITE 3. ANATASE S. APATITE T. ALMANDINE 2. PYROPE 10. CASSITERITE 6. AXINITE 9. BRONZITE 7. BARNTE 8. BIOTITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 12. CORUNDUM 14. CU-MINERALS 15. DIASPORE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 13. CR-SPINEL 4. CHROMITE 17. ENSTATITE 18. EPIDOTE 20. FLUORITE 16. DIOPSIDE 19. FLORENZITE 5. PICROILMENITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 23. HEMATITE 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 6. ZIRCON KIMB 30. MUSCOVITE 28. MICA 26. LIMONITE 27. MAGNOPHORITE 29. MONAZITE 7. PHLOGOPITE 32. ORTHOPYROXENI 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHINTE 35. PRIDERITE S. OLIVINE KIMB. 31. OLIVINE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 40. SCHEELITE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 37. PYROCLORE 39. RUTILE 36. PYRETE 10. 45. SULPHIDES 43. SPINEL 44. STAUROLITE 41. SILLIMANITE 42. SPHENE 11. 50. ZKOSSITE 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE 12. 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 54. CHRYSOBERYL 55. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON 13. 57. 58. 59. 60. 56. PHOSPHATE 14. 62. 65. 63. 54. 61. 15.

1 1 DEC 1987

								INDIC	CAT			ING LIMITED ABORATORY DAT			SAMPI	11 DEC 1987
						1	•				· 			er son	ple 1 Signature	9178
late:	MT	D.I	P.O.			Project			E. L	. Number		COMMENTS (Ple				
ample ype	G Drainage	L		R Rock	B Bulk		HMC Panned Conc	AU Auge		RT Rotary	D Diamond	A few		I chlori	Positive Negative Possible	Boeithea.
fork equired		Kimberlit Indicator			Diamond Recovery:	Ð	Go	ld: G		Othe	er: O	GNEEN	graius s	7 64671	Te l'amon	
ctal Welg	ht:					Weigh	nt after TB	E.		416	9 ₄					
,	Ame					Miner	alogist:		1	2 _	٦,					
inge.					INDIC	ATO	RS								· · ·	
CREEN S	IZE		+	0.8	+9	18	+0	4	-0),4	TOTAL					
EPARATI	ON		M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	₩.	N.M.						
1. DIAMO	ND						ļ	:				1. ALMANDINE	2. AMPHIBOLE	3. ANATASE	4. ANDALUSITE	5. APATITE
2. PYROP	€		_	<u> </u>			ļ			<u> </u>		6. AXINITE	7. BARITE	8. BIOTITE	9. BRONZITE	10. CASSITERITE
	ME DIOPSIDE			-						<u> </u>		11. CLINOPYROXENE	12. CORUNDUM	13. CR-SPINEL	14. CU-MINERALS	15. DIASPORE
4. CHRO				<u> </u>			ļ					16. DIOPSIDE	17. ENSTATITE	18. EPIDOTE	19. FLORENZITE	20. FLUORITE
4 ((9)	LMENITE			<u> </u>	-					<u> </u>		21. GARNET	22. GOLD	23. HEMATITE	24. ILMENITE	25. KYANITE
6. ZIRCOI 7. PHLOG				-	-					 		26. LIMONITE	27. MAGNOPHORITE	28. MICA	29. MONAZITE	30. MUSCOVITE .
8. OLIVIN				 -						}		31. OLIVINE	32. ORTHOPYROXENE	33. PLATINUM	34. PREHNITE	35. PRIDERITE
e.BRONZ	TTE KIMB.			 			1.					36. PYRITE	37. PYROCLORE	38. ROCK FRAGMENTS	39. RUTILE	40. SCHEELITE
ю.						<i>:</i> .						41. SILLIMANITE	42. SPHENE	43. SPINEL	44. STAUROLITE	45. SULPHIDES
11.						<u> </u>	ļ					46. TANTALITE	47. TOPAZ	48. TOURMALINE	49. WOLFRAMITE	50. ZIOSSITE
12,		<u> </u>					<u> </u>		-	<u> </u>		51. ZIRCON	52.	53.	54. CHRYSOBERYL	55. XENOTIME
13.						ļ		ļ		1			ANDRADITE 57.	GALENA 58.	59.	60.
14.								<u> </u>			ļ	56. PHOSPHATE 61.	62.	63.	64.	65.
15.			1	1					1]		ļ - "				

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ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEET COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) Signature: Project ASHTON D.P.O. ata: E. L. Number HMC Panned Conc R Rock AU Auger B Bulk **Positive** Loam Rotary Diamond Negative Possible Positive Kimberlitic /ork Diamond Recovery: 0 V Indicators: K: I. Gold: G equired Other: O otal Weight: Weight after TBE. Mineralogist: bserver: **INDICATORS** CREEN SIZE +0.8 +0.5 +0.4 TOTAL EPARATION N.M. N.M. M. М. N.M. M. N.M. 1. DIAMOND 3. ANATASE 2. AMPHIBOLE 4. ANDALUSITE 5. APATITE ALMANDINE 2. PYROPE 6. AXINITE 7. BARITE 9. BRONZITE 8. BIOTITE 10. CASSITERITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 12. CORUNDUM 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS 15. DIASPORE CLINOPYROXENE 4. CHROMITE 16. DIOPSIDE 19. FLORENZITE 20. EPIDOTE 5. PICROILMENITE ENSTATITE FLUORITE 23. HEMATITE 22. GOLD 8. ZIRCON KIMB GARNET ILMENITE KYANITE 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE 26. LIMONITE 7. PHLOGOPITE MAGNOPHORITE MICA 31. 33. PLATINUM 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITE OLIVINE ORTHOPYROXENE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 40. SCHEELITE RUTILE 10. 44. STAUROLITE 42. SPHENE 41. SILLIMANITE 43. SPINEL 45. SULPHIDES 11. 46. TANTALITE 47. TOPAZ 50. 48. TOURMALINE 49. WOLFRAMITE ZIOSSITE 12. 54. CHRYSOBERYL 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 55. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON 13. 56. PHOSPHATE 57. 58. 59. 60. 14. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65.

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State: N.T.).P.O.			Project		F 1	Numbe	·	COMMENTS (PI	lease Print Clearly)		Signat	ure:-
Sample G Type Drainage	Loan	R R	ock	B Bulk		iC nned At nc At		RT	D Diamond		residue	of light	Negati	
Mark Required	Kimberi Indicate	itic rs: K: I. 🗸		Diamond Recovery:	D	Gold: G		Ott	her: O		21, 2 -0 7			
Total Weight:					Weight at	fter TBE.	0	.5	9	V219 5	suall	residue	. No n	rinevols
Shearver:	į	2, L			Mineralo	gist:	ľ	<u> 2 (</u>	<u></u> .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>	
		•	!	INDIC	ATORS	3	/							
SCREEN SIZE		+0.	8 /	+0	.5	+0.4	-0.	4	TOTAL			·		
8EPARATION		M.	N.M.	M.	N.M.	M. N.M.	М.	N.M.	101712	_			·	
1, DIAMOND										1. ALMANDINE	2. AMPHIBOLE	3. ANATASE	4. ANDALUSITE	5. APATITE
2. PYROPE									ļ	6. AXINITE	7. F	8. BIOTITE	9. BRONZITE	10. CASSITERITE
3, CHROME DIOPSID	E	,		<u> </u>			_			11. CLINOPYROXENE	12. CORUNDUM	13. CR-SPINEL	14. CU-MINERALS	15. DIASPORE
4. CHROMITE 5. PICROILMENITE										16. DIOPSIDE	17. ENSTATITE	18. EPIDOTE	19. FLORENZITE	20. FLUORITE
S. ZIRCON KIMB								•		21. GARNET	22. GOLD	23. HEMATITE	24. ILMENITE	25. KYANITE
7. PHLOGOPITE			· ·		•	-		•	 	26. LIMONITE	27.	28.	29.	30. MUSCOVITE
8. OLIVINE KIMB.									<u> </u>	31.	MAGNOPHORITE 32.	MICA 33.	MONAZITE 34.	35. PRIDERITE
9. BRONZITE KIMB.										OLIVINE 36. PYRITE	37. PYROCLORE	PLATINUM 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS	PREHNITE 39.	40. SCHEELITE
10.	·		`								42.	43.	RUTILE 44.	
†1.										41. SILLIMANITE	SPHENE	SPINEL	STAUROLITE	45. SULPHIDES 50.
12.										46. TANTALITE	47. TOPAZ	48. TOURMALINE	49. WOLFRAMITE	ZIOSSITE
19.										51. ZIRCON	52. ANDRADITE	53. GALENA	54. CHRYSOBERYL	55. XENOTIME
14.										56. PHOSPHATE	57.	58.	59.	60.
15.										7 61.	62.	63.	64.	65.

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ASHTON MINING LIMITED

INDICAT | MINERALS -- LABORATORY DATA! EET 19180 COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) E. L. Number D.P.O. Project State: HMC Panned Conc Positive RT Rotary R Bock B Bulk Samele Orainage Loam Auger Diamond Negative Possible Positive Work Kimberlitic Diamond Gold: G Other: O Indicators: K: I. Recovery: D Required Total Weight: Weight after TBE. Mineralogist: Observer: **INDICATORS** SCREEN SIZE +0.8 +0.5 +04 -04 TOTAL N.M. N.M. SEPARATION N.M. M. М. N.M. M. 1. DIAMOND 5. APATITE ALMANDINE AMPHIBOLE ANATASE ANDALUSITE 2. PYROPE 8. BIOTITE 10. CASSITERITE AXINITE RARITE BRONZITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 15. DIASPORE 13. CR-SPINEL 14. CU-MINERALS CLINOPYROXENE CORUNDUM 4. CHROMITE 16. DIOPSIDE 17. ENSTATITE 20. FLUORITE 19. FLORENZITE EPIDOTE 5. PICROILMENITE 22. GOLD 23. HEMATITE 25. KYANITE 24. ILMENITE 5. ZIRCON KIMB GARNET 27. MAGNOPHORITE 30. MUSCOVITE 26. LIMONITE 29. MONAZITE 7. PHILOGOPITE MICA 33. PLATINUM 34. PREHNITE 31. 35. PRIDERITE 8. OLIVINE KIMB. OLIVINE ORTHOPYROXENE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 36. PYRITE 39. RUTILE 37. PYROCLORE 38, ROCK FRAGMENTS 40. SCHEELITE 10. 42. SPHENE 43. SPINEL 41. SILLIMANITE 45. SULPHIDES STAUROLITE 41. 47. TOPAZ 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE 49. WOLFRAMITE ZIOSSITE 12. 52. ANDRADITE 54. CHRYSOBERYL 55. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON GALENA 13. 58. 56. PHOSPHATE 57. 60. 61. 62. 65. 63.

ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICAT: 1 MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA! EET SAMPLE Signature:-COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) D.P.O. Project F I Number State HMC Panned Conc Positive D Diamond Rock Bulk Drainage Negative Type Rotary Possible Positive Kimberlitic Diamond Recovery: D Nork Gold: G Other: O Indicators: K: I. Weight after TBE. Total Weight: Mineralogist: Shearwar **INDICATORS** +08 +0.4 -0.4 SCREEN SIZE TOTAL N.M. N.M. N.M. SEPARATION N.M. M. M. 1. DIAMOND 2. AMPHIBOLE 3. ANATASE ALMANDINE ANDALUSITE APATITE 2. PYROPE 7. BARITE 6. AXINITE 8. BIOTITE 9. BRONZITE CASSITERITE **2. CHROME DIOPSIDE** 14. CU-MINERALS 13. CR-SPINEL 15. DIASPORE CLINOPYROXENE CORUNDUM 4. CHROMITE 19. FLORENZITE DIOPSIDE ENSTATITE EPIDOTE FLUORITE S. PICROILMENITE 21. 22. GOLD 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 6. ZIRCON KIMB GARNET HEMATITE 26. LIMONITE 30. MUSCOVITE 7. PHLOGOPITE MAGNOPHORITE MONAZITE 33. PLATINUM S. OLIVINE KIMB. 31. ORTHOPYROXENE PREHNITE PRIDERITE OLIVINE 9. SRONZITE KIMB. 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 37. PYROCLORE 39. 36. PYRITE 40. SCHEELITE RUTILE 45. SULPHIDES 42. SPHENE 43. SPINEL STAUROLITE SILLIMANITE 49. WOLFRAMITE 47. TOPAZ 46. TANTALITE 48. TOURMALINE ZIOSSITE 12. 52. ANDRADITE 53. GALENA 55. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON CHRYSOBERYL 57. 58. 59. 56. PHOSPHATE 62. 64. 65.

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	D.P.O.			Projec						COMMENTS (FISHER	Sign	1918/ shure:-
• 100		R Rock	B. Bulk		HMC Panned	AU		RT Rolary	D Diamond		CK RESOLE		Posi	
Klenios	ritic lors: K: L		Diamond Recovery		Conc	old: G		Othe		/			Neg. Post	ative sible Positive
					ht after Ti			UMB	r: U	 				
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										ZIRCON	52. ANDRADITE	53. GALENA	54. CHRYSOBERYL	55. XENOTIME
·										56. PHOSPHATE	57.	58,	59,	60.
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ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEET

	INDICATOR MINERALS — LA		Da e /8- 3-89 SAMPLE 19181
States NT 0.P.O.	Project E. L. Number	COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly)	Signature:—
Sample G L R Rock Bulk		ACID DEESTED REVIX	Positive Necative
Work Required Recovery:	D Gold: G Other: O		Posible Positive
Total Weight: 7 by	Weight after TBE. /- Og.	VERY FEW GRAINS	REMAIN IN SAMPLE
Observer: 6- BM"	Mineralogist: 1817	 	
INDIC	ATORS	ROCK FRAGS OF HIGH	HLY ALTEREN, PERREGINOUS MATERIA
	107 -0.4 TOTAL		
SEPARATION M. N.M. M.	N.M. M. N.M. N.M.		
2. NYROPE			3. AMATASE 7 4. AMOALUSITE 5. APATITE
3. CMROME DIOPSIDE			8. 9. 10. CASSITERITE
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S. PICACILMENITE		16. 17. DIOPSIDE ENSTATITE	18. 19. 20. FLORENZITE RLUORITE
5.29FCON IGMB		21. 22. Garnet Gold	23. 24. 25. KYANITE KYANITE
7. PHLOSOPITE . 1		26, 27. LIMONITE MAGNOPHORITE	28. 29. 30. MICA. MONAZITE MUSCOVITE
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3. BIPONZITE KIMB.			38. ROCK P. S9. 89. SCHEELITE SCHEELITE
11.			43. 44. 45. STAUROLITE SULPHIDES
12.			48. 49. 50. ZIOSSITE
13.			53. 54. 55, GALENA CHRYSOBERYL XENOTIME
14.			58. 59. 60.
15.			68. 64. 65.

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some NT o	.P.O.			Project	7	tsht	ON E.	L. Number		COMMENTS (P	lease Print Clearly)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Signature		
Semple 6 Type Drainage Loam		R Rock J	B Bulk		HMC Panned Conc	AU Aug		RT Rotary	D Diamond					Positive Negative		
Wark Kimberi Required Indicato		. [Diamond Recovery:	/		old: G		Oth	er: O	ļ	 		•	Possible	Positive	
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9. BRONZITE KIMB.										36.	37.	38, ROCK FRAGMENTS	39.		40. SCHEELITE	
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ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEET

INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEFT SAMPLE Joe Fisher COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) D.P.O. State: Project E. L. Number HMC Panned Conc R Bock RT Rotary **Positive** Samole B ΑU D Diamond Type Draines Auger Negative Possible Positive Kimberlitic Work Diamond indicators: K: I. Gold: G Other: O Required Recovery: D Total Weight: Weight after TBE. Mineralogist: Observer **INDICATORS** 5 7 740 mm SCREEN SIZE +0.8 +0.5 +0.4 / -0.4TOTAL SEPARATION M. N.M. M. N.M. N.M. М. N.M. M. 1. DIAMOND 2. AMPHIBOLE 5. APATITE ALMANDINE / ANATASE ANDALUSITE 2. PYROPE 7. BARITE AXINITE BIOTITE BRONZITE CASSITERITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 12. 15. DIASPORE CLINOPYROXENE CORUNDUM CR-SPINEL CU-MINERALS 4. CHROMITE 20. FLUORITE 19. DIOPSIDE 5. PICROILMENITE ENSTATITE EPIDOTE 23. HEMATITE 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 25. KYANITE 6. ZIRCON KIMB ILMENITE 26. LIMONITE 30. MUSCOVITE 29. MONAZITE 7. PHLOGOPITE MAGNOPHORITE MICA 31. 8. OLIVINE KIMB. 34. PREHNITE 35. PRIDERITE OLIVINE ORTHOPYROXENE **PLATINUM** 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 36. 37. PYROCLORE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 40. SCHEELITE PYRITE RUTILE 10. 41. SILLIMANITE 43. SPINEL 45. SULPHIDES SPHENE STAUROLITE 11. 50. 46. TANTALITE 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 48. TOURMALINE ZIOSSITE 12. 55. XENOTIME 51. ZIRCON 13. ANDRADITE GALENA CHRYSOBERYL 56. PHOSPHATE 57. 58. 59. 60. 14. 61. 62. 63. 64. 65. 15.

ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEET

COMMENTS (Please Print Clearly) Signature: D.P.O. E. L. Number HMC Panned Conc R Rock 8 Bulk RT Rotary Positive Auger Diamond Negative Kimberlitic Possible Positive Diamond Indicators: K: L Recovery: D Gold: G Other: O Total Weight: Weight after TRF 40 BV.G. Observer: Mineralogist: **INDICATORS** SCREEN SIZE +0.8 +0.5 +0.4 TOTAL SEPARATION M. N.M. M. N.M. M. N.M М. N.M. 1. DIAMOND 3. ANATASE 2. AMPHIBOLE 1. ALMANDINE 4. ANDALUSITE 5. APATITE 2. PYROPE 6. AXINITE 7. BARITE 8. BIOTITE 9. BRONZITE 10. CASSITERITE 3. CHROME DIOPSIDE 11. CLINOPYROXENE 14. CU-MINERALS 13. CR-SPINEL 15. DIASPORE 4. CHROMITE CORUNDUM 16. DIOPSIDE 17. ENSTATITE 18. EPIDOTE 19. FLORENZITE 20. FLUORITE **5. PICROILMENITE** 21. GARNET 22. GOLD 23. HEMATITE 6, ZIRCON KIMB 24. ILMENITE 25. KYANITE 7. PHILOGOPITE 26. LIMONITE 27. MAGNOPHORITE 28. 29. MONAZITE 30. MUSCOVITE MICA B. OLIVINE KIMB. 31. OLIVINE 32. ORTHOPYROXENE 33. PLATINUM 35. PRIDERITE 34. PREHNITE 9. BRONZITE KIMB. 36. PYRITE 37. PYROCLORE 38. ROCK FRAGMENTS 39. RUTILE 40. SCHEELITE 10. 41. SILLIMANITE 42. SPHENE 44. STAUROLITE 43. SPINEL 45. SULPHIDES 11. 46. TANTALITE 47. TOPAZ 49. WOLFRAMITE 48. TOURMALINE 12. ZIOSSITE 52. ANDRADITE 51. ZIRCON 53. GALENA 54. CHRYSOBERYL SS. XENOTIME 13. 14. 56. PHOSPHATE 58. 59. 60. 62. 63. 15. 64. 65.

ASHTON MINING LIMITED INDICATOR MINERALS — LABORATORY DATA SHEET

										•	To	e Fish	2 🗸	19183
State: N T	D.P.O.			Project			le i	Numbe	-	COMMENTS (PA	ease Print Clearly)		Signatur	*- Z.D.
State: Semple G Type Drainage	L Loam	R Rock	B Bulk		HMC Panned Conc	AU Auge		RT Rotary	D Diamond	Small	reside	ί.	Positive Negative Possible	
Work Required	Kimberlitic Indicators: K:		Diamond Recovery:	D	Go	old: G		Ott	ner: O	A Co	w rough	Beta	hedrons	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Weight:		. 7	by	Weigh	nt after TE	BE.	ļ	<i>y</i> .		pale	brown.	mineral	gimila	to
Observer:	Q,	<u> </u>	0	Miner	alogist:			D	۷.	gra	ine in	micro	fraction	s
		``	INDIC	ATO	RS	•					2. 2. a	mary sec	99 96.	<u> </u>
SCREEN SIZE		+0.8	+0	.5	+(0,4	-0).4	TOTAL	Miner	a in	calcium	titana	te
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3. CHROME DIOPSIDE				ļ	<u> </u>	<u> -</u>	<u> </u>		ļ	11. CLINOPYROXENE	12. COBUNDUM	13. CR-SPINEL	14. CU-MINERALS 7	15. DIASPORE
4. CHROMITE			ļ	 	ļ				<u> </u>	16.	17.	18. EPIDOTE	19. FLORENZITE	20. FLUORITE
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13.				<u> </u>	+-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	 	 	56. PHOSPHATE	57	58.	59.	60.
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Appendix 4

CLASSIC COMLABS LTD

FORM 36

REPORT AC 8DN036/
ANALYSIS PARM

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SOIL SAMPLES EL 5468

Year 1

19154	Soil sample from Felix Cu area.
19156	Soil sample from a possible pipe (s/s/circle) in SW corner of Felix area.
19158 A&B	Soil sample from Saltlick area where a 50 kg sample was taken for diamonds +1.5mm and -3mm.
19162 A&B	Soil sample from possible pipe (bleached trachyte) SW corner of Saltlick area.
19165 A&B	Soil sample from Cu bearing breccia/trachyte) south of Running Creek Mine. 32 C.P.S. (hot spot).
19167 A&B	Soil sample from possible pipe s/s/ east of and next to 19165.
19169 A&B	Soil sample from middle of large pipe west of 19165. small pit in cu.ore on eastern edge.
19173 A&B	Soil sample from Cu. bearing pipe adjacent to and northerly from Running Creek Mine.
19175 A&B	Soil sample from most northerly pipe from Running Creek Mine. Trace Cu. in trachyte.

ROCK CHIP SAMPLES EL 5468

Oct. 1987 Field Exploration Year 1

19151	Rock chip kaolinised trachyte pipe on east boundary of Felix - could be large pipe. No visible Cu.
19152	Cu. bearing brecciated sediments Felix West exposure.
19153	Cu. bearing brecciated sediments Felix East exposure. 50 M. east of 19152.
19155	Volcanics showing through sandstone rim about 25-30 M north of 19152.
19159	Rock chip sample of Cu. bearing trachyte "Saltlick" prospect. Note pipe possible 150 M dia.
19160	Rockchip sample of domal s/s east of 19159 about 50M. Trace of trachyte.
19161	Rockchip sample of kaolinised trachyte in a pipe formation SW corner "Saltlick" area.
19163	Rock chip sample of kaolinised trachyte and s/s on domal centre of plug in NE corner of Felix.
19164	Rockchip sample of radioactive kaolinised, brecciated trachyte on edge of large pipe south of Running Creek mine.
19166	Rockchip sample of s/s on a possible pipe next to 19164 (west).
19168	Rock chip sample of Cu. bearing pipe (small) to west of 19164.
19170	Rockchip sample of Cu. bearing trachyte in situ to NW of Runing Creek Mine - open cut.
19171	Rock chip sample of Running Creek mine dump (for trace elements).
19172	Rock chip sample from first pipe (costean) northerly and next to Running Creek mine pipe. Cu. bearing.
19174	Rock chip sample on possible large pipe on 105° from open cut.
19179	Rock chip sample bleached trachyte exposure next to road peg north of Felix. Could be in large pipe.
19185	Rock chip sample from kaolinised trachyte in large pipe 0.4 km. west of track to Mountain Creek at 6.6 km. from big creek 1 km. from Running Creek.

EL 5468

ROCK CHIP STREAM AND SOIL SAMPLES FOR DIAMOND EXAMINATION

EXPLORATION SURVEY - OCTOBER, 1987

Stage 1 of Year 1

•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
19157	Sieved sample from beginning of stream system at "Saltlick" about 50 kg - 1½mm & + 1½mm - 3mm
19176	Sieved - 3mm stream sample from trap (poor) in laterite ck. 0.3 Km upstream from rd xing (turn off to Run.Ck. Mine)
19177	Laterite Ck good trap 50m downstream from Felix track over 1st laterite ck,
19178	Sieved - 3mm stream sample from poorly defined trap upstream 100m from Felix track over 2nd laterite Ck.
19180	Sieved - 3mm stream sample from small trap 50m downstream from junction of the two laterite creeks crossed by the Felix track.
19181	8 Kg rock chip sample from trachyte (cu bearing) pipe west of breccia pipe
19182	Rock chip channel (rough) sample from Side of decline to open pit. next to water. 50 Kg.
19183	Rock chip sample about 8 Kg from most northerly Cu bearing (faint) trachyte pipe from open pit.

STAGE 2 1ST YEAR AUGUST, 1988

SAMPLES FOR DIAMOND INDICATOR MINERALS

W. J. FISHER

`19186	41 Kg	Detrital material from breccia pipe - 40mm
19187	40 Kg	-40mm material from a trap in a tributary of Running Creek
19188	39 Kg	-40mm material of a trap in a dry channel of Running Creek
19190	40 Kg	-40mm material from a trap in an upstream tributary of Running Creek.
19192	40 Kg	-40 mm material from a trap in another upstream tributary of Running Creek.
		SAMPLES - OTHER
19189	2 Kg	Rock Chip Sample for Cu, Au and multielement scan.
19191	2 Kg	Volcanics with quartz seams in a creek north but close to 19189.

188 09/29 10:29 ___

☎ 089 32 3531 Classic Amdel NT

02



Amdel Limited (Incorporated in S.A.) 31 Flemington Street, Frewville, S.A. 5063

Telephone: (08) 372 2700

P.O. Box 114, Eastwood, S.A. 5063

Telex: AA82520 Facsimile: (08) 79 6623

23 September 1988

Classic Comlabs Ltd., Marjorie St., BERRIMAH, N.T. 5788

ATT: A. SANDERS

REPORT G 7731/89

YOUR REFERENCE:

Sample Despatch Advice Sheet 0723

IDENTIFICATION:

19193

MATERIAL:

Rock sample

DATE RECEIVED:

13 September 1988

WORK REQUIRED:

Petrography (1 Code MA1.3)

Investigation and Report by: Frank Radke

Manager ~ Geological Services: Dr Keith J Henley

for Dr William G Spencer General Manager Applied Sciences Group

рb

Offices in Sydney, Melbourne, Perth, Brisbane, Canberra, Darwin, Townsville, Represented world-wide

(j) amdel

1.

PETROGRAPHY OF A TRACHYTE

SAMPLE: 19193: TSC50956

Rock Name:

Trachyte

Hand Specimen:

This is a massive rock with a dark reddish-brown colour and an aphanitic character. Staining with sodium cobaltinitrite after a hydrofluoric acid etch shows that the rock contains abundant finely intergrown potash feldspar.

Thin Section:

An optical estimate of the constituents gives the following:

	<u>**</u>
Groundmass feldspar	65
Sericite/clay	25
Chlorite	1
Feldspar phenocrysts	Tr-1
Opaques and semi-opaques	9

This sample consists mainly of small feldspar laths ranging up to 0.5 mm long. The feldspar laths generally have elongate, prismatic shapes and exhibit a very vague preferred orientation defining a weakly developed subtrachytic texture. Staining of the hand specimen shows that the feldspar laths consist mainly if not exclusively of potash feldspar although minor plagioclase could also be present. A small number of larger prismatic feldspar phenocrysts up to 1 mm in size are also disseminated through the rock.

The groundmass feldspar generally has a translucent, reddish-brown colour produced by very finely divided iron oxide inclusions. This feldspar also shows moderate alteration to finely divided sericite/clay. The larger feldspar phenocrysts also show moderate to pervasive alteration to sericite/clay but generally lack a translucent, reddish-brown colour. These finely divided iron oxide inclusions in the groundmass feldspar would account for the reddish-brown colour of the rock in hand specimen.

Significant amounts of opaque to translucent iron oxides form irregular patches up to 0.3 mm wide which are located interstitial to the feldspar laths. A small number of somewhat prismatic disseminated opaque grains are also disseminated through the rock. Opaques also occur locally as narrow fracture and vein fillings below 0.1 mm wide. Some of the opaque patches contain intergrowths of a green phyllosilicate believed to be chlorite. This chlorite has a bright green pleochroic colour and low to moderate birefringence.

(j) amdel

2.

This is thought to be a fine-grained volcanic rock which has been termed a trachyte due to the high proportion of potash feldspar. It is considered possible that the potash feldspar could be largely of metasomatic origin replacing original plagioclase in a rock such as an andesite or trachyandesite. The rock also shows moderate alteration to opaque to translucent iron oxides and finely divided sericite/clay. Minor amounts of a green phyllosilicate believed to be chlorite are also present as a later stage alteration product.



PHOTO 1. PANORAMA RUNNING CREEK MINE. BRECCIA COPPER BEARING PIPE. OUTER SANDSTONE RIM IN BACKGROUND OCTOBER 1987.



PHOTO 2. 40KG SIEVED — 4MM DIAMOND SAMPLE. FELIX PROSPECT AUGUST 1988.



PHOTO 3. GENERAL VIEW OF OPEN FOREST RUNNING CREEK LOCALITY AUGUST 1988.

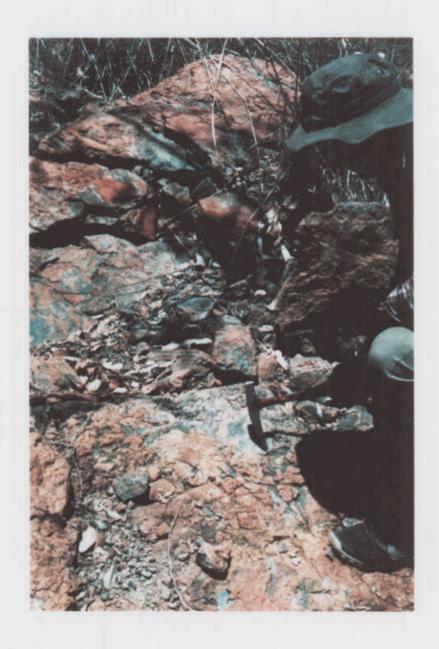
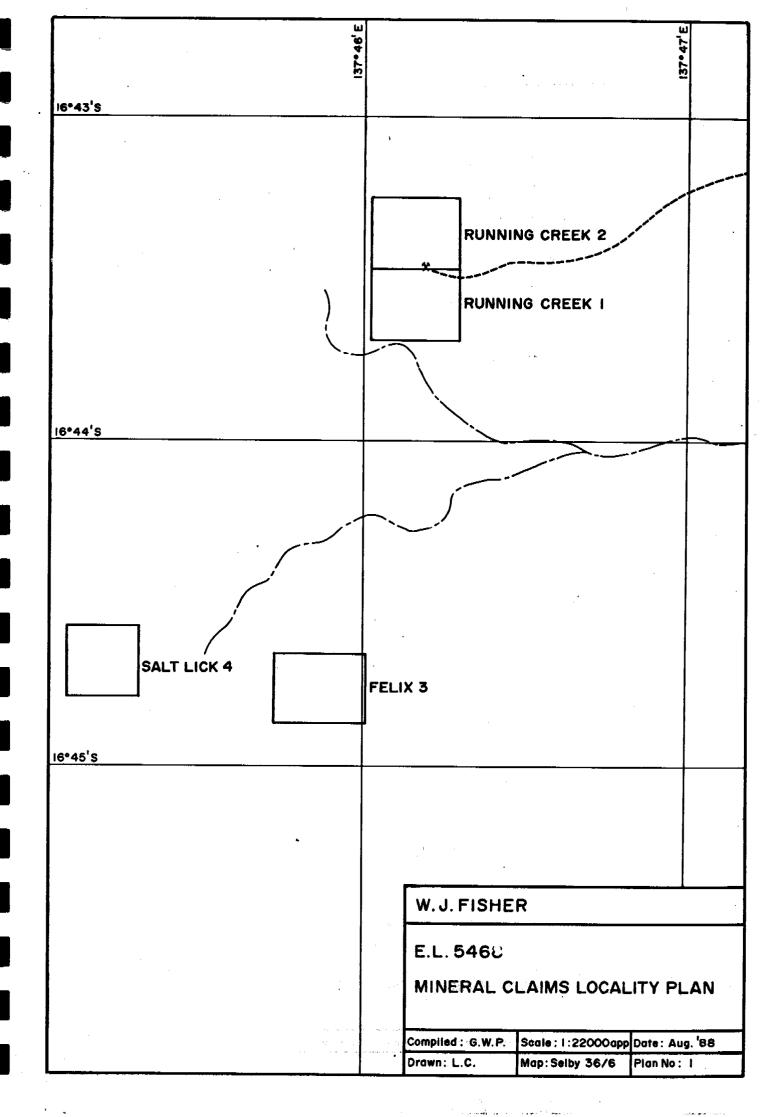
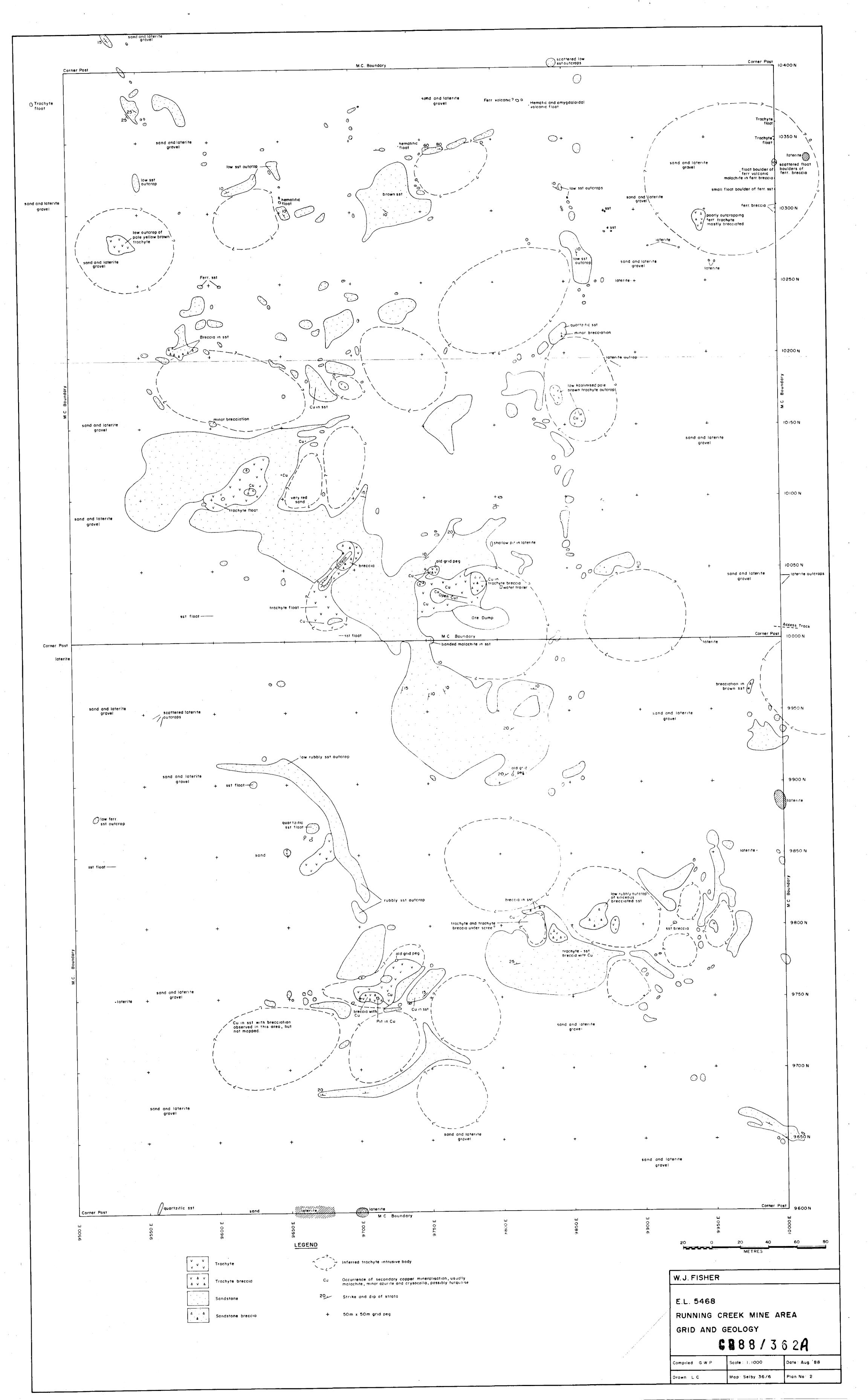


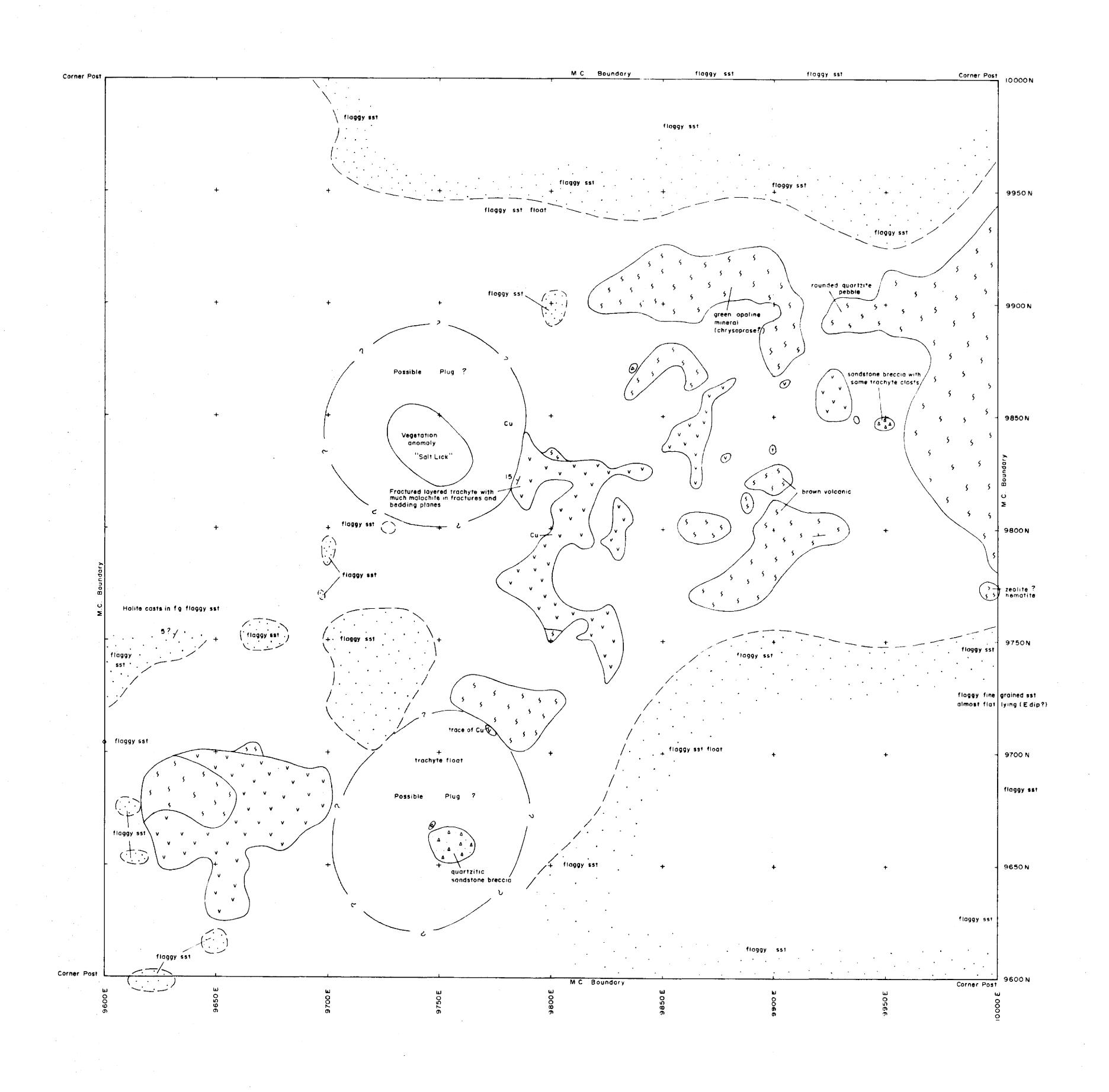
PHOTO 4. MALACHITE IN KAOLINISED TRACHYTE "SALT LICK" LOCALITY.

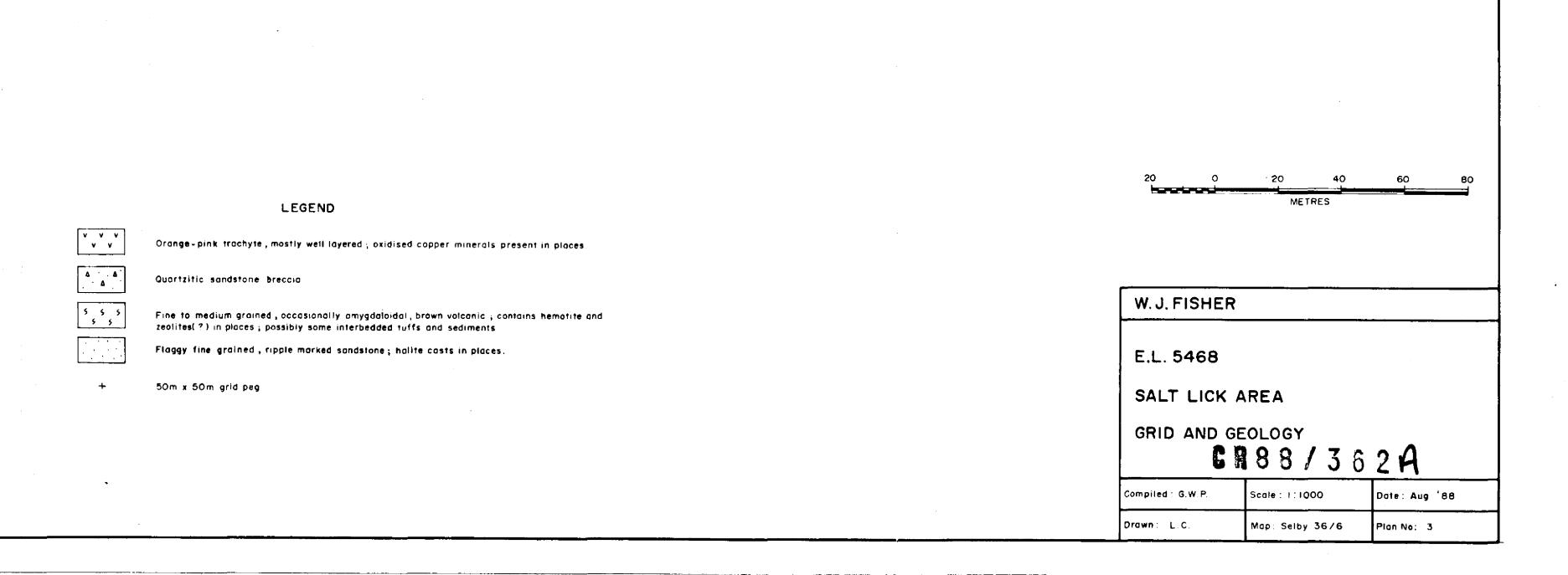


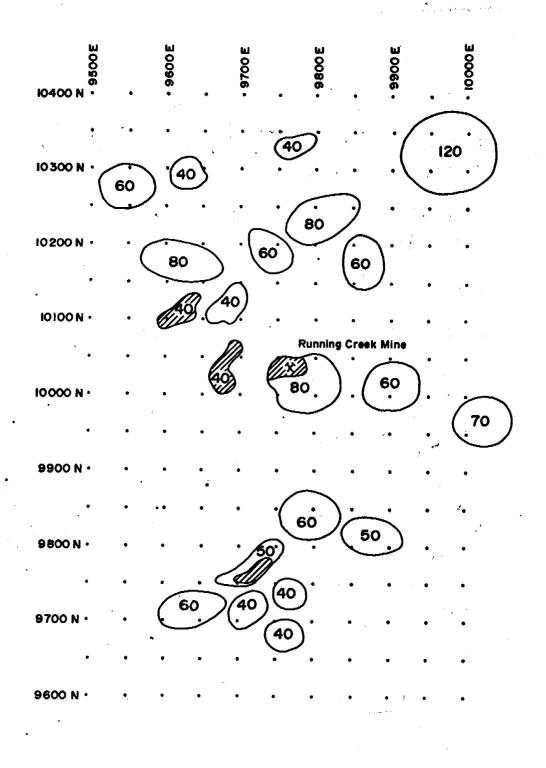
PHOTO 5. COLLECTING SAMPLE FROM STREAM TRAP 40 KG — 4MM.













Outcropping trachyte with copper

Possible plug with mean diameter (m)

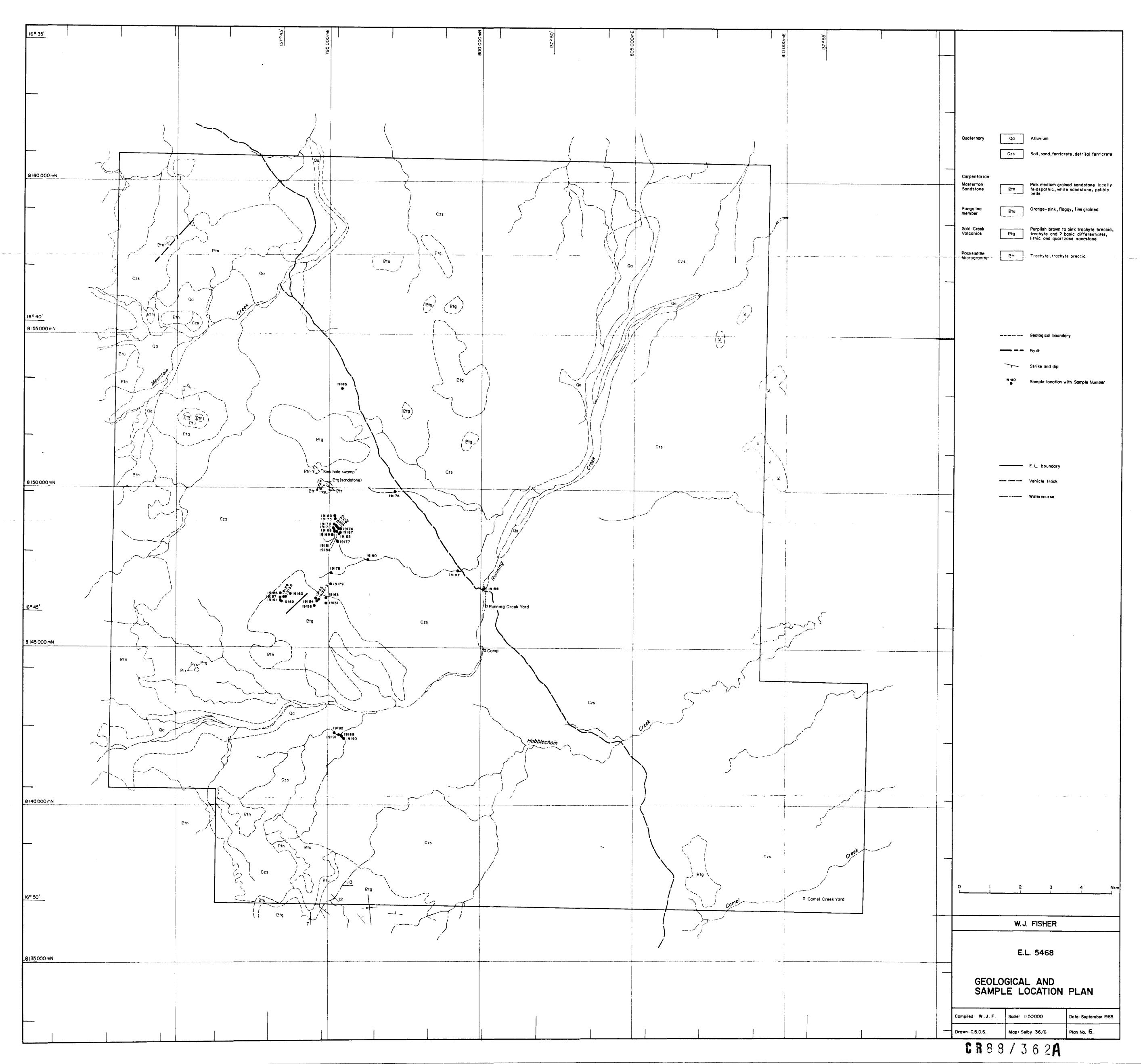
W.J.FISHER

E.L. 5468 - GRID I

RUNNING CREEK MINE AREA SHOWING DISTRIBUTION OF POSSIBLE TRACHYTE PLUGS 40-120m DIAM.

Compiled: 6.W.P.	Scale: 1:5000	Date: Aug. '88		
Drawn : L.C.	Map: Selby 36/6	Plan No: 4		





SAMPLE SECTION: SE CORNER BLOCK 1. Quote this 1:100 000 sheet number: 2. Quote the number above and in the centre of the one minute column: 3. Quote the number to the left and in the centre of the one minute row: SAMPLE REFERENCE: PRODUCED by the Department of Mines and Energy, Derwin, using base mapping provided by the Division of National Mapping. NOTE TO MAP USERS: Mining Tenements on this map are plotted from descriptions supplied by the horders and the Northern Territory takes no responsibility as to their accuracy.

TRANSVERSE MERCATOR PROJECTION

Built-up area; National route marker

Secondary road; Embankment

Minor road; Road bridge

Power transmission line; Fence

Gate: Cattle gnd

Principal road and highway; Cutting

Railway; Station; Railway bridge

TN MN

MAGNETIC DECLINATION

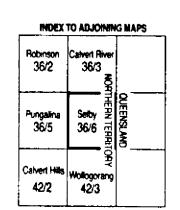
Correct 1974 Annual Change 36" Westerly

FULL LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE VALUES ARE SHOWN AT THE SHEET CORNERS, WITH EVERY 10' VALUE BEING LABELLED AROUND THE NEATLINE.

10 000 METRE INTERVALS OF THE UNIVERSAL TRANSVERSE MERCATOR GRID, ZONE 53 (AUSTRALIAN MAP. GRID) ARE ALSO SHOWN EXTERNALLY.

Aboriginal Land Claim Boundary Licence to treat tailings Exploration Licence (application) ... Exploration Licence (granted) .. Machinery Lease Mineral Claim .. Business Area ... Mineral Lease (Northern) Dredging Claim .. Tenement number Exploration Retention Lease .. Prospecting Area .. Extractive Mineral Lease EML Quarry Area .. Extractive Mineral Permit ... Residence Area Garden Area GA Residence Lease . Gold Mining Lease

Water Right ..



ROBINSON RIVER SE 53-4

1:100 000 MINING TENURE NORTHERN MINERAL FIELD CR88/362A

SELBY

Refer to this map as:-36/6