

TITLE: THIRD ANNUAL REPORT ON THE KURUNDI
PROSPECT, BONNEY WELL, N.T.

TENEMENT NO: EXPLORATION LICENCE 4815

PERIOD: 23RD OCTOBER 1987 TO 22ND OCTOBER 1988

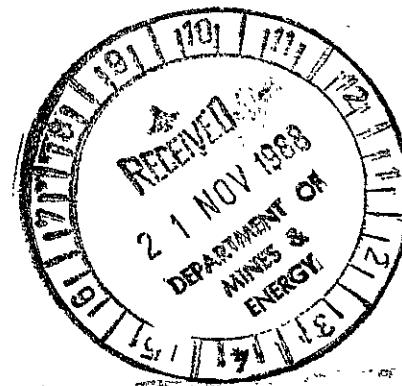
**TENEMENT
HOLDERS:** MINERAL HORIZONS NL
11TH FLOOR
28 THE ESPLANADE
PERTH WA 6000

AUTHOR: D.D. BOYER

DATE: 15TH NOVEMBER 1988

1:250,000 Sheet SF53-2, SF53-3 Bonney Well, Frew River
1:100,000 Sheet 5856 Davenport Range

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C O N T E N T S

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by M. Spence

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S U M M A R Y

Exploration carried out on E4815 during the third year of tenure included a helicopter supported stream sediment sampling programme, geological mapping, rock-chip sampling, and an intensive trenching programme aimed at bulk testing auriferous alluvials in the Kurinelli locality.

No new targets were generated by the stream sediment sampling but rock-chip sampling in the vicinity of Kurinelli has confirmed the presence of widespread gold mineralization. Subsequent exploration will concentrate on further evaluation of the alluvials and bedrock gold targets in the eastern portion of the licence.

1. INTRODUCTION

This report covers exploration carried out on the Kurundi prospect, EL4815, during the twelve months ending October 22, 1988.

Exploration completed during the year included geological mapping rock-chip sampling, helicopter supported geochemical sampling, trenching, and geochemical analysis.

2. LOCATION AND ACCESS

Access is via the sealed Stuart Highway to the Kurundi/Epennara turnoff 87km south of Tennant Creek, then by graded unsealed road 53km to Kurundi Station Homestead (see Drawing No. NT 1/010).

3. TENEMENTS

The exploration licence is shown on Drawing No. NT 1/010 and is located on the Bonney Well and Frew River 1:250,000 sheets.

<u>Tenement No.</u>	<u>Blocks</u>	<u>Granted</u>	<u>To</u>	<u>Rent</u>
EL4815	215	23/10/85	22/10/91	\$2160

4. HISTORICAL NOTES AND PREVIOUS EXPLORATION

For historical notes on the area see Cullen, 1987.

5. GEOLOGY

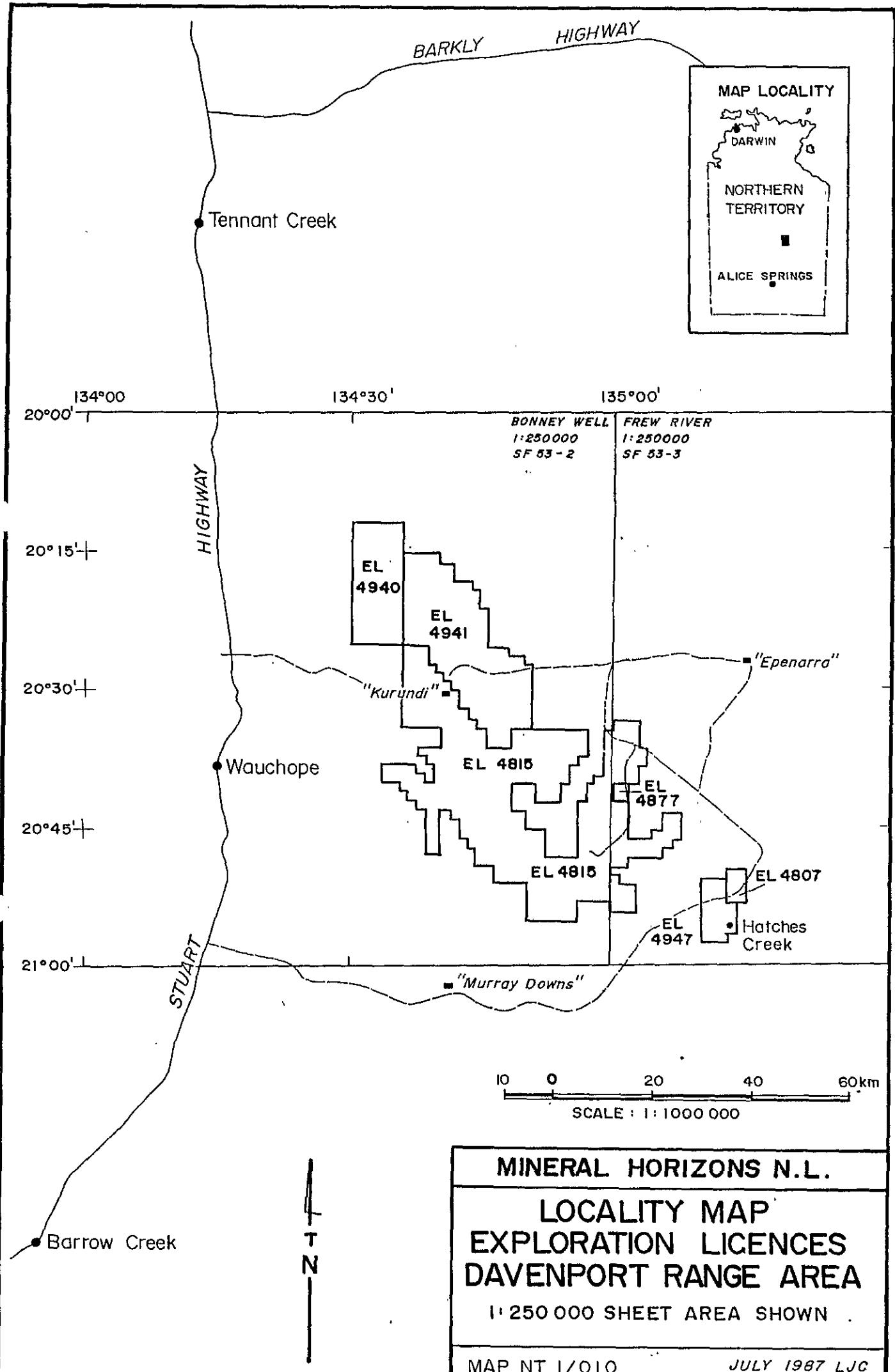
For a geological description of the area see Cullen, 1987 and also Appendix 1.

6. RECENT EXPLORATION

6.1 Stream Sediment Sampling

A helicopter assisted stream sediment survey was conducted over the major portion of EL4815 in late 1987.

In all, 115 samples were collected, split into approximately 1kg and 10kg lots and despatched for analysis. These samples are located on Drawing No. MH13-3.



The 1kg samples were sent to AAL Pine Creek for gold fire assay in order to get an indication of any gold mineralisation in areas of the EL which had previously been unsampled.

The larger (10kg) samples were despatched to Classic Laboratories Perth for sizing and analysis of each portion for gold (20g Aqua Regia digest) and base metals. However, a mistake by the laboratory in preparation of the samples apparently led to them all being pulverised and analysis has since been deferred.

Results from the initial (Pine Creek) assays revealed very low gold values in most of the samples - 81 out of 105 had values of 0.01g/t gold or greater and 5 samples yielded values of 0.02g/t. The lower limit of detection of the analysis method is 0.01g/t.

The five samples containing 0.02g/t gold were sieved and that material which was able to be sized and recovered was used to determine gold content. Details of these five samples are given in Table 1.

EL4815 Stream Sampling Programme.

TABLE 1

Sample No/ Map ref No.	Size of catchment area	Stream order	Lithology (s) drained	Structure drained	Fractions containing gold	Type channel
D062/94	5km ²	3 ^o	Kudinga Basalt Alinjabon Sst	Eastern nose area Bonneys syncline	+75 -75	2m wide gravel channel cut 4m in cobble/pebble
D112/99	4km ²	3 ^o	Alinjabon Sst Erroloia Est	" "	+75 -75	20 m wide major cut 4 m in cobble/ pebble alluvium
D105/101	4km ²	2 ^o	Lennec Ck fm Kurinelli Sst	gently folded and Quartz intruded N side of fold belt	+75 -75	deeply cut channel of gravel, cobbles, sand Qtz intr adjacent
D124/105	2 km ²	2 ^o	Kurinelli Sst	shedding from fold belt in ranges	Mil	shallow channel cobble boulder sand cut in alluvium
D113/1	7km ²	2 ^o	Alinjabon Sst Lennec Creek Fm	fold belt in Ranges	+75	drains area outside (EL4941)

6.2 Geological Mapping and Rock-chip sampling

A comprehensive programme of geological mapping and rock-chip sampling was carried out over the eastern portion of the licence. Details of this work are included in a report entitled "Interim Report - E4815, NT Third Year of Tenure" and dated December 1987 (Cullen 1987a) - a copy of which has already been lodged with the Northern Territory Department of Mines and Energy.

6.3 Trenching and Bulk Sampling Programme

An extensive bulk testing programme was carried out over the auriferous alluvials in the vicinity of Kurinelli Bore, in the eastern portion of the licence, in September 1988. A total of 27 trenches were excavated on E4815 during this programme and a total of 12.4 tonnes of bulk alluvial material was placed in sealed 44 gallon drums for future testing.

Full details as to the methodology employed and the location of the trenches are given in Appendix 1.

7. RESULTS

7.1 Stream Sediment Sampling

As can be seen from Table 2, of the five sets of sieved samples analysed only 2 returned gold values and these did not appear to be consistent with the initial results. The remainder of the pulps from these analyses were then despatched to AAL for gold analysis by fire assay. A 50g charge was utilized for each assay and thus not all size fractions were capable of being assayed. Results from this technique yielded four out of five samples with positive gold values, but not particularly consistent with the original data.

TABLE 2

Comparison Assay Results, AAL and Classic Labs.

Sample	Assay Result from 1kg sample sample AAL Au g/t	Assay Result from Classic Labs size	Au g/t	Re-assay by AAL or Classic Labs pulp * Au g/t (R)
D062	0.02	1.18 +600 +250 +150 +75 -75	(blank) <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	0.01 (<0.01) 0.02 0.02
D112	0.02	1.18 +600 +250 +150 +75 -75	<0.01 <0.01 0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	0.04 0.02 (<0.01)
D105	0.02	1.18 +600 +250 +150 +75 -75	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.01 0.03	<0.01 <0.01 0.02 (<0.01) 0.04
D124	0.02	1.18 +600 +250 +150 +75 -75	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	<0.01 (<0.01) <0.01 <0.01
D118	0.02	1.18 +600 +250 +150 +75 -75	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01 <0.01	<0.01 <0.01 <0.01 0.02

*Results obtained only where enough sample.

The results of the analyses by AAL (See Drawing No. MH13~4) indicate fairly widespread gold mineralization in the exploration licence, but do not allow for interpretation as to the type or size of mineralization to be expected.

7.2 Geological Mapping and Rock-chip sampling

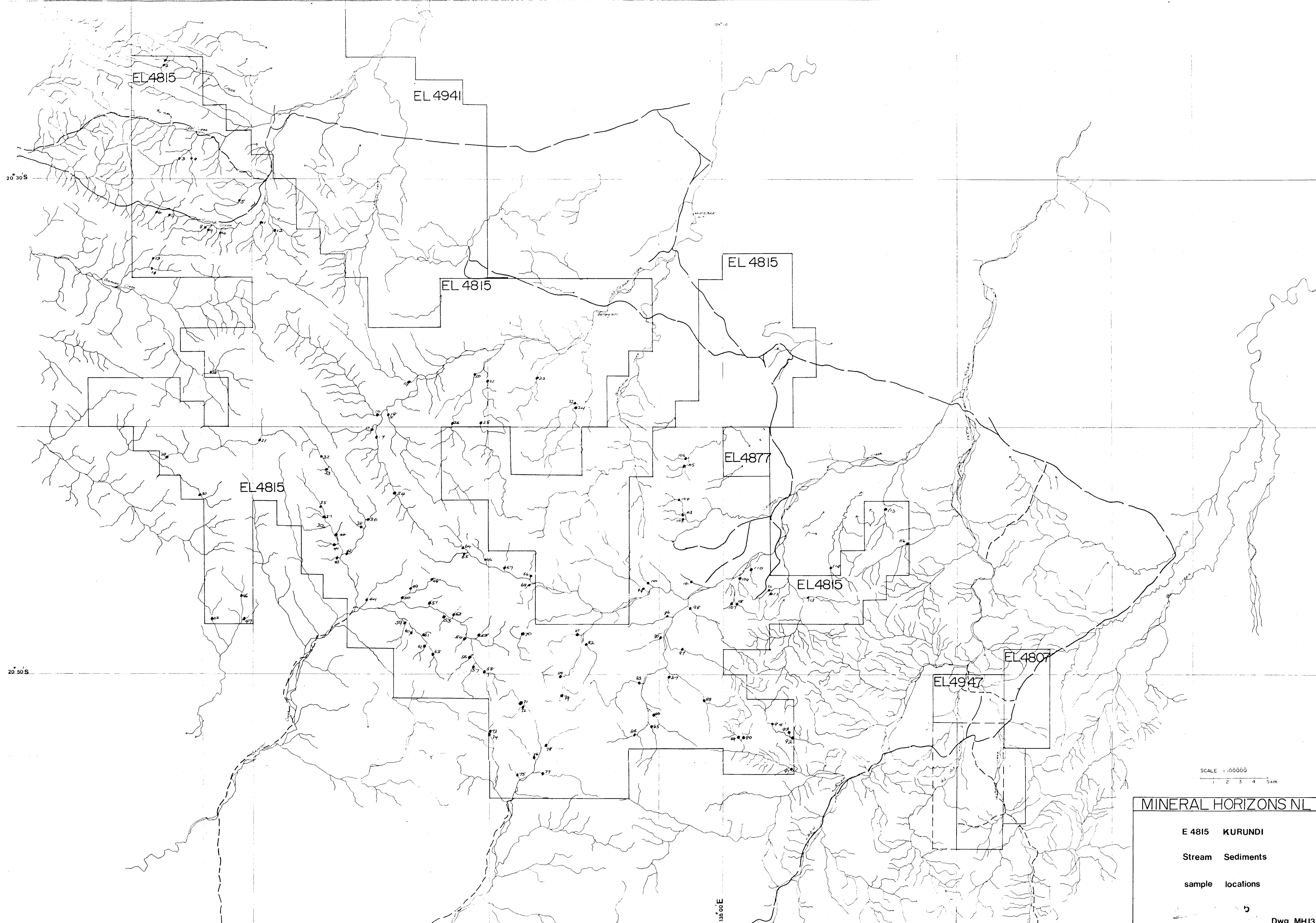
The results of this programme are discussed in the report by Cullen (1987a). Briefly, the work confirms the widespread nature of gold mineralization in the Kurinelli Bore area, and additional detailed groundwork to define specific gold targets is recommended.

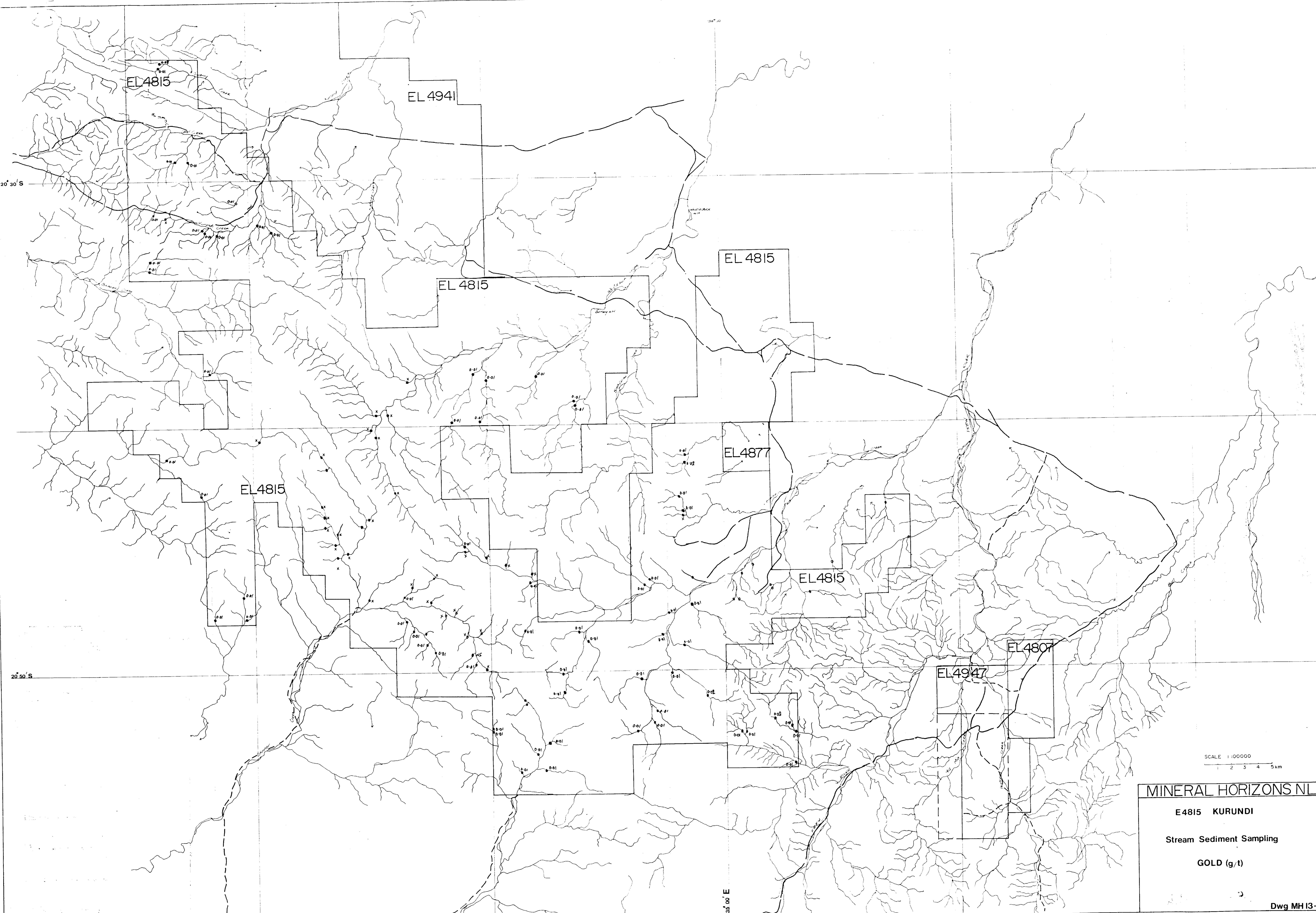
7.3 Trenching/Bulk Sampling

The gold content and gold recoverability of the bulk samples collected will be determined in a subsequent programme.

REFERENCES

- CULLEN, L. 1987 - ANNUAL REPORT FOR E4815 - KURUNDI DISTRICT, NT (UNPUBLISHED).
- CULLEN, L. 1987a - INTERIM REPORT E4815 - KURUNDI NT, THIRD YEAR OF TENURE (UNPUBLISHED).





A P P E N D I X 1

KURINELLI BORE PROSPECT
ALLUVIAL GOLD EXPLORATION PROGRAMME
SEPTEMBER 1988

MARTIN SPENCE
GOLDFIELDS RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD

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DIAGRAMS

MH 13-5	LOCATION MAP
MH 13-6	COSTEAN LOCATIONS
MH 13-7	COSTEAN SECTIONS & SAMPLE NUMBERS

1. SUMMARY

The Kurinelli Bore Prospect (EL 4815 and EL 4877) was tested for its alluvial gold potential by bulk sampling during September 1983.

Topographically the area consists of a hilly terrain with broad alluvial filled valleys. Limited conglomeratic beds are evidenced at surface as rounded to sub-angular polymictic lag.

The majority of the drainage consists of a fine to very fine grained sandy silt produced by sheet-wash effect.

Sampling was undertaken to asses the volume and grade of alluvium by utilizing a back-hoe to excavate costeans.

The spoil was placed in 220 litre drums and forwarded to Tennant Creek for shipment to Darwin for analysis by an undetermined method. Gold panned from various costeans was extremely fine and "hid" under associated heavy minerals. It is proposed that the costean spoil should be initially tested by the cost-effective 10kg bottle roll cyanide leach method.

2. LOCATION AND ACCESS (Drawing No. MH13-5)

The Kurinelli Bore prospect is located on the eastern side of Exploration Licence 4815 and the northern portion of Exploration Licence 4877.

The prospect is centred some 450 kms north of Alice Springs, access is via the sealed Stuart Highway to the Kurundi - Epennara turn-off and then 50kms by graded road to the Kurundi homestead and a further 60kms by graded road and tracks to Kurinelli Bore.

3. GEOLOGICAL AND GEOMORPHOLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS

The area was not mapped by the author, the following comments are made from rapid visual inspection.

The dominant geology consists of sediments and mafic intrusives striking roughly north-south and occasionally standing proud as hills.

Gold mineralization is hosted by white (buck) quartz, weakly altered and showing minor copper carbonate and galena.

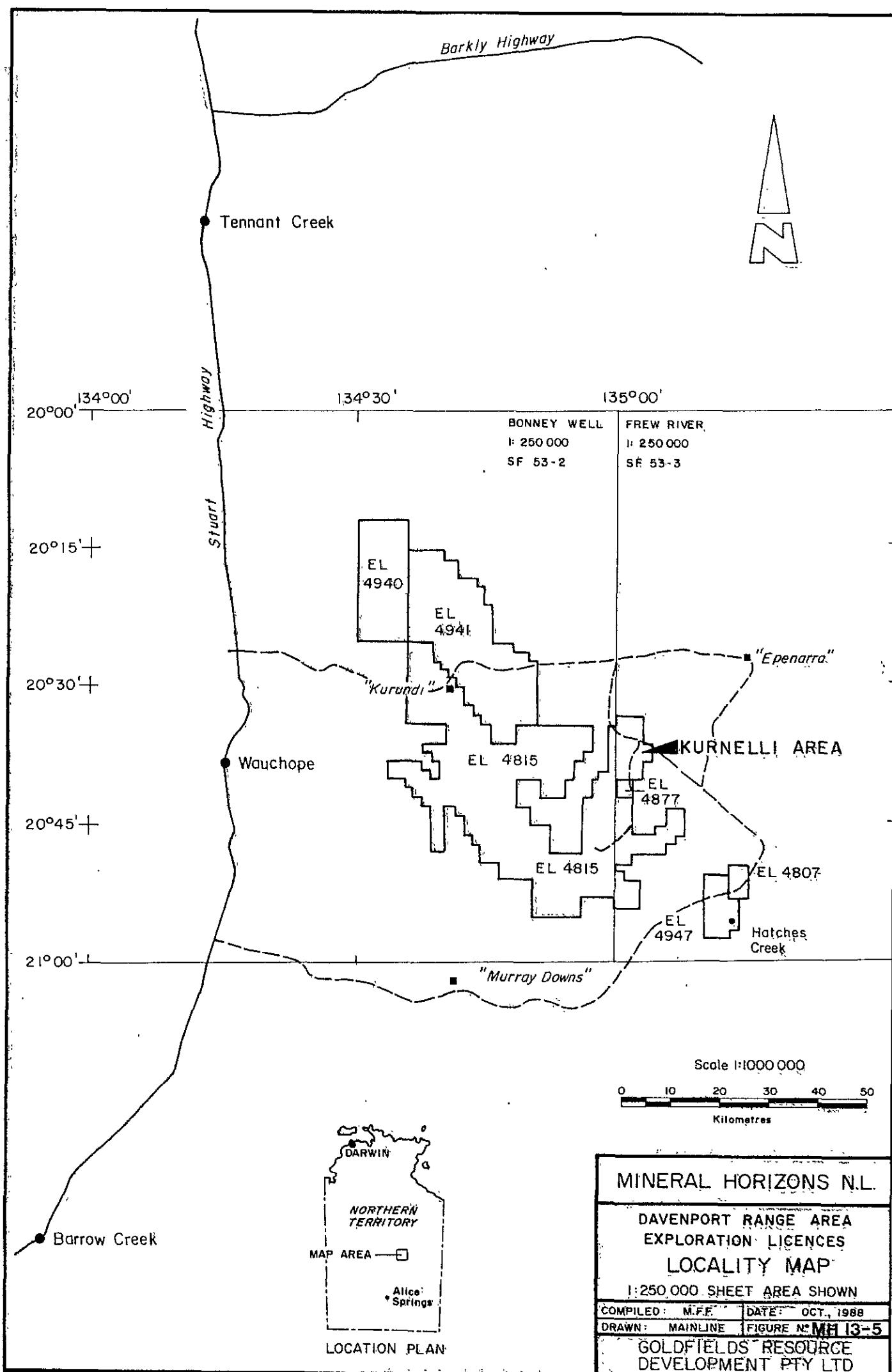
The following was noted at Ray Hall's prospect (MC59, within EL 4815):

1. A flat lying 1.5m thick quartz vein, dipping at 25° west with a 15° north plunge that lies within a dextral thrust as evidenced by tensional off-shoots.
2. A later sinistral fault has reactivated along the primary line of weakness and drag folded the quartz vein.
3. Nugget and vein form gold is only located on the upper portion of the quartz vein decreasing to less than 0.1g/t in the lower part. There is no wall rock mineralization.

It is believed that the latter is indicative of supergene mobilisation of the gold along the fault zone.

4. At present, the prospect is being mined by a Kato excavator in preparation for treatment at a Tennant Creek Mill.

No geological exploration such as mapping or drilling has been undertaken. The assumption being that the joint venture partners are going to "rip the top" off the high grade ore with minimal expenditure.



Geomorphologically the area consists of short weakly incised drainages that empty into alluvial filled valleys.

The alluvial fill deepens rapidly away from the hills and contain meandering intermittent creeks. Areas where higher energy drainage has occurred are shown at surface by rounded polymictic lag.

The following will dramatically affect the alluvial potential:-

1. Gold discovered in the area is nugget form, immediately about the parent quartz vein.
2. Gold tenor decreases rapidly away from the primary source.
3. The recent drainage is of such low energy deposition that any gold occurrence will be the very fine fraction.

4. EXPLORATION UNDERTAKEN DURING SEPTEMBER 1988

Costean locations and a broad geomorphological interpretation are presented in MH13-6. Costean mapping is presented as Drawing No. MH13-7

Photographs with brief text are included as Appendix 1.

Costeans were sited using the following parameters:-

1. located within alluvium downslope from known historical and recent gold workings.
2. Staggered costeans were dug down drainage to gauge the decrease in grade away from these primary sources.
3. Costean bearings were determined by the present drainage flow directions as limited paleo drainage indicators occur. It is proposed that the present drainage loosely reflects the ancient systems. A total of 29 costeans were dug and sampled using a back hoe excavator to dig to refusal. Costeans were generally 18 metres long and reached an average of 1.0 metres depth.

If more than one sedimentary horizon was observed, each was sampled independantly, the upper horizon given the suffix A to its costean number, the lower suffixed B.

The costean spoil was packed in 220 litre drums, the lids welded on and transported to Tennant Creek for shipment to Darwin.

Costeans were back filled and the area smoothed over immediately after sampling.

4.1 PROBLEMS ASSOCIATED WITH THIS METHOD OF EXPLORATION

1. The vast area to be tested effectively would necessitate a major exploration programme.
2. The deep alluvium was not fully tested as it becomes compacted at depth and impenetrable by back-hoe.
A more efficient method may be the use of an excavator or auger drill.

5. RECOMMENDATIONS

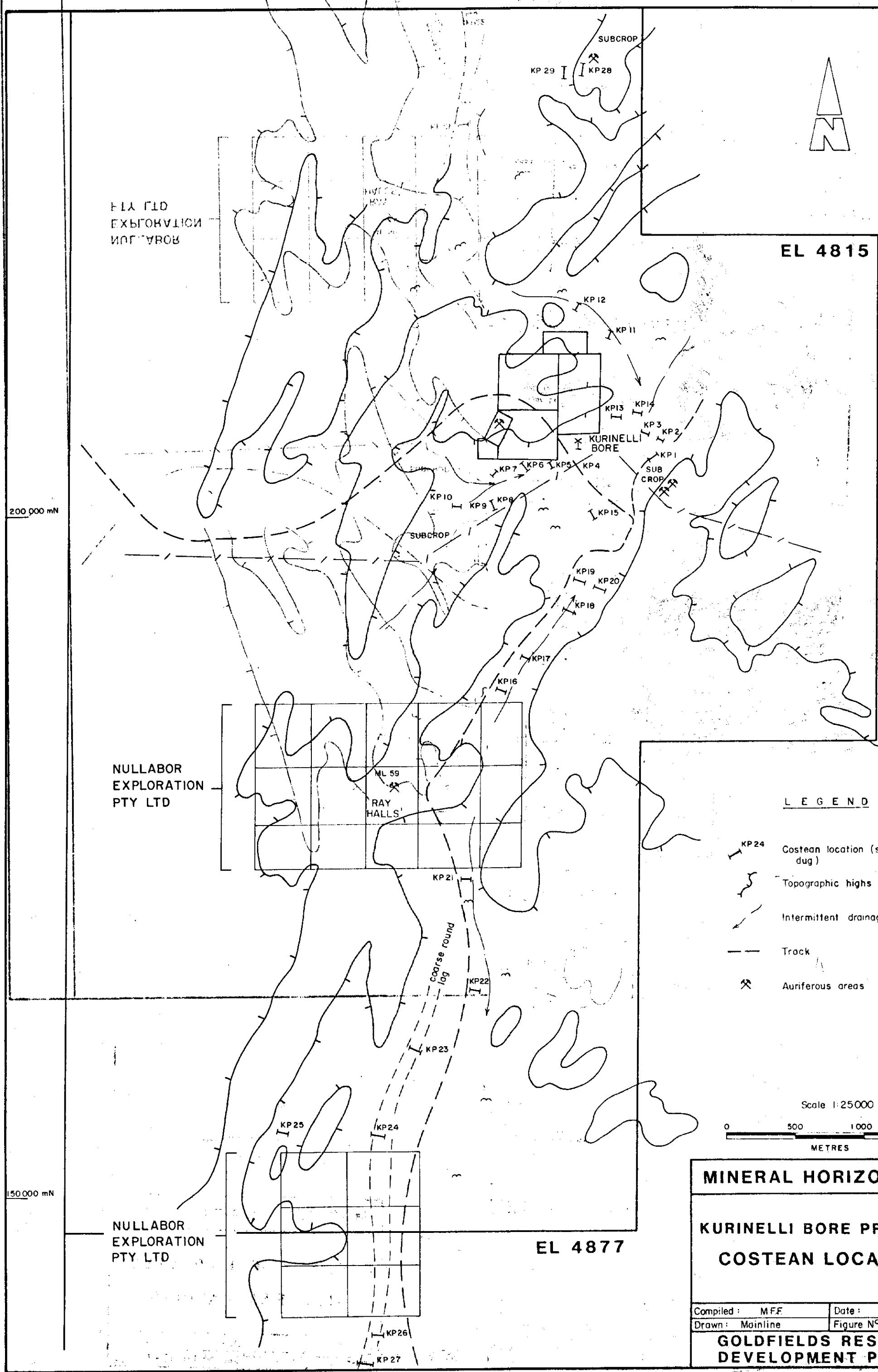
Very fine gold was panned from the costeans located near to historical gold workings. The fine nature of the gold may affect the efficiency of mechanical separation.

It is recommended that the 10kg bottle roll cyanide leach assay method be initially used to test the samples.

M. SPENCE,

GOLDFIELDS RESOURCE DEVELOPMENT PTY LTD

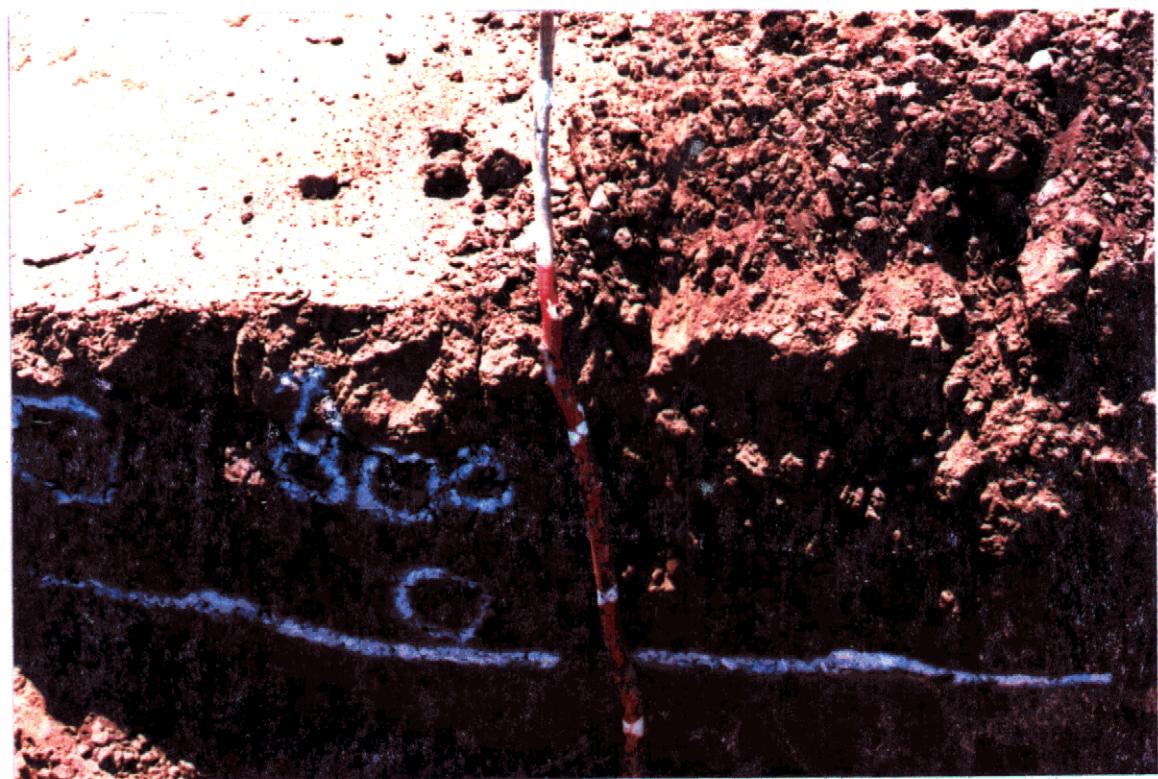
SEPTEMBER, 1988.



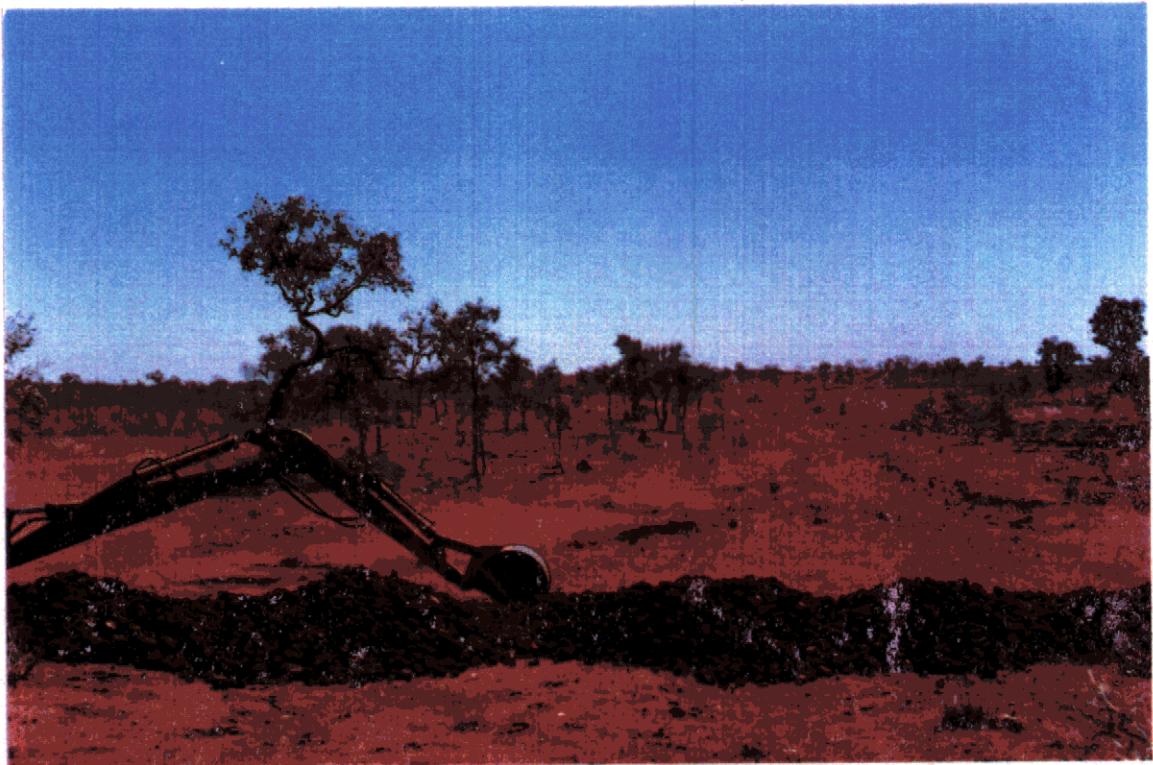
A P P E N D I X 1



ALLUVIUM ON A BASAL SUB ANGULAR CONGLOMERATE



ROUND QUARTZ AND BASALT OVERLYING FINE ALLUVIUM



COSTEANING ACROSS THE HEADWATERS OF A RECENT DRAINAGE

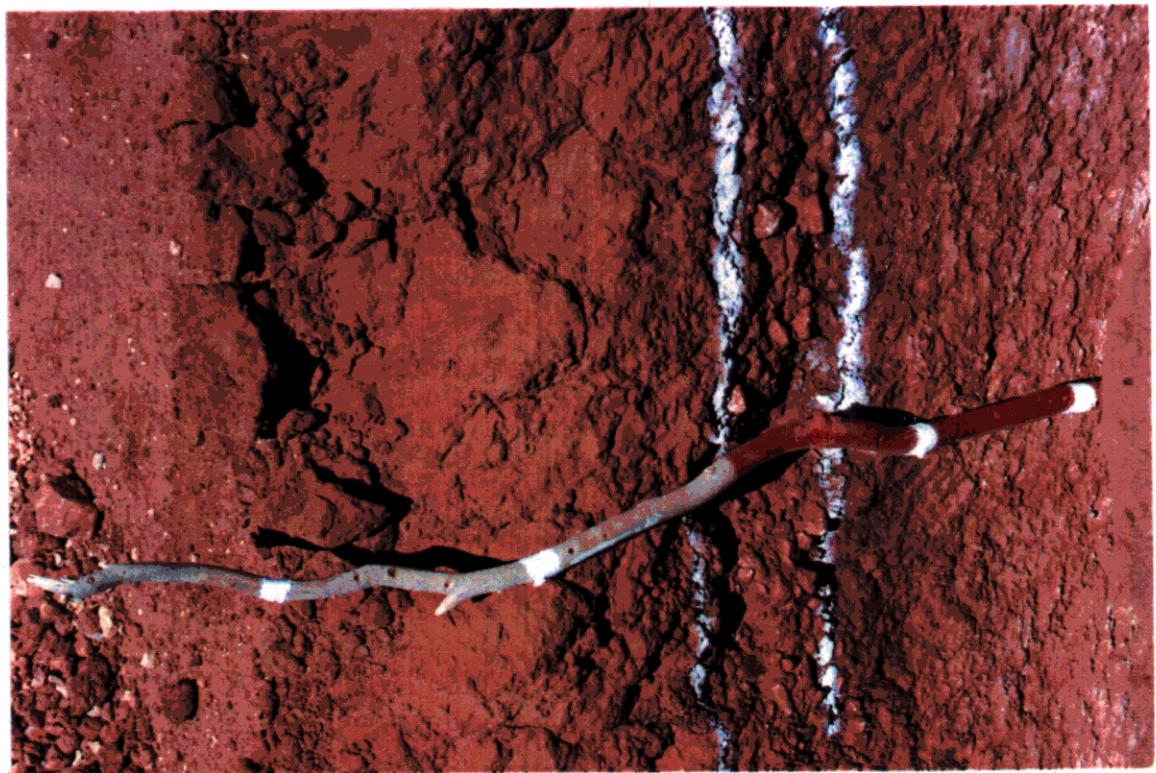


SAMPLE A ON RIGHT:- OVERLYING ALLUVIUM (J)

SAMPLE B ON LEFT:- PALLID ZONE OF DOLERITE (KPL)



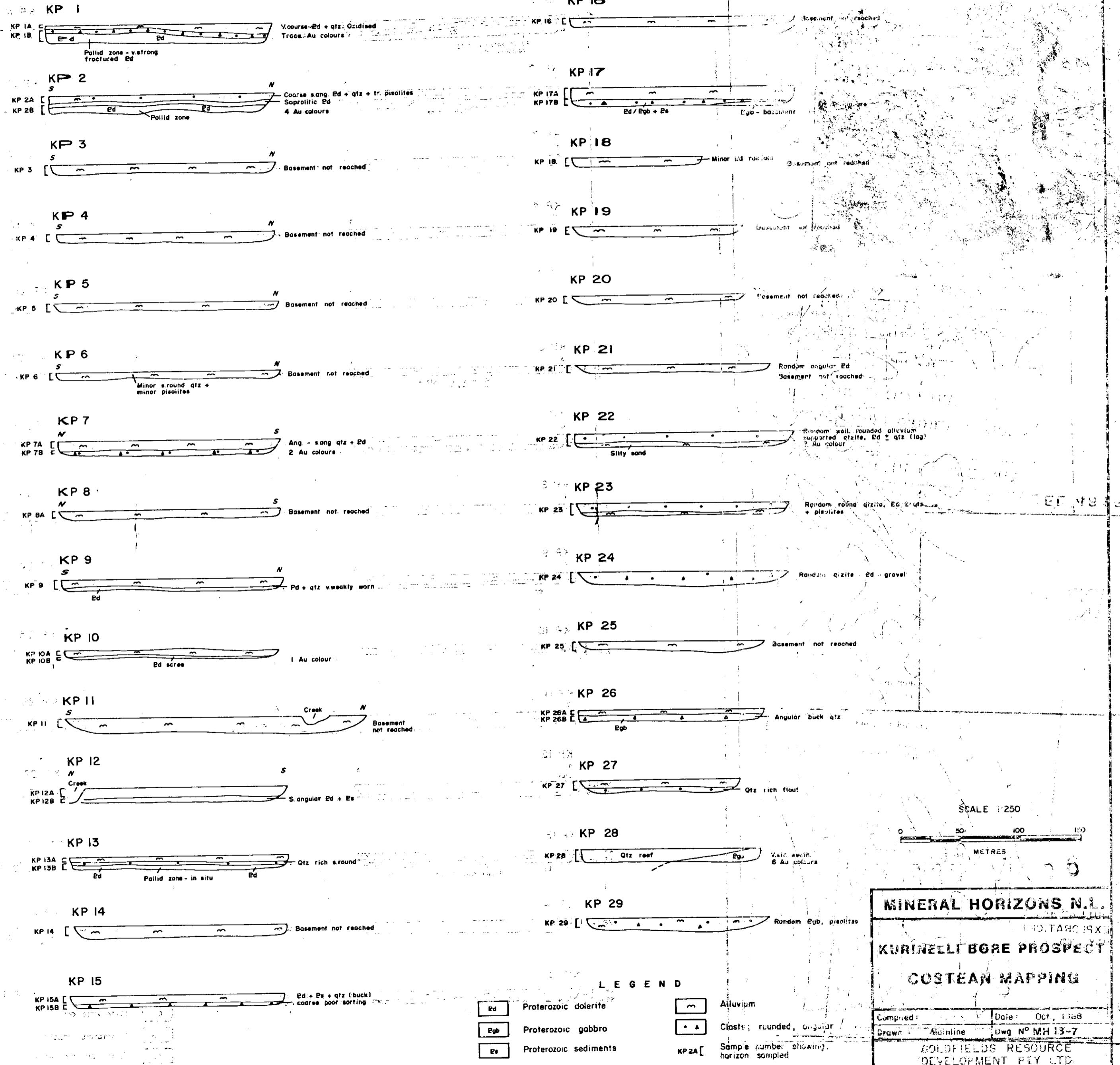
SAMPLING COSTEAN 12. NOTE: 2 HORIZONS SAMPLED



COSTEAN KP13 BAND OF SUB-ROUND QUARTZ IN ALLUVIUM



KP28 FLAT LYING QUARTZ VEIN IN GABBRO



A P P E N D I X _ 2

ANALYSIS REPORT**Australian
Assay
Laboratories
Group**

PINE CREEK: Ward Street, PINE CREEK 5782
PO Box 41, PINE CREEK 5782
Ph (089) 76 1262 or 76 1261
Fax (089) 76 1310 Tlx 85928

MINERAL HORIZON

Report: PC 07794

DATE: 14/09/1987

Client reference: D051A

Copies to:

SAMPLES: received 10/09/1987	TYPE	PREPARATION CODE
------------------------------	------	------------------

ANALYSIS	Code	Quality Parameter	Detection Limit	Units
Au	FA50/D610	Acc. ± 15%	0.01	ppm
Au (R)	+++	+++	0.01	ppm

SENIOR ASSAYER: Ian McKay

ANALYSIS REPORT**Australian
Assay
Laboratories
Group****REPORT: PC 07794****Page 1 of 5**

	Sample	Au	Au (R)
	D 051	0.01	0.01
	D 052	0.01	
	D 053	0.01	0.01
	D 054	0.01	
	D 055	0.01	
	D 056	0.01	
	D 057	0.01	
	D 058	0.01	
	D 059	0.01	
	D 060	0.01	
	D 061	0.01	
	D 062	0.02	
	D 063	0.01	
	D 064	0.01	
	D 065	0.01	
	D 066	0.01	0.01
	D 067	0.01	
	D 068	0.01	
	D 069	0.01	0.01
	D 070	0.01	
	D 071	<0.01	
	D 072	0.01	
	D 073	0.01	
	D 074	0.01	0.01
	D 075	0.01	

Data in ppm unless otherwise stated.

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Sample	Au	Au(R)
D 076	<0.01	
D 077	0.01	
D 078	0.01	
D 079	0.01	
D 080	0.01	
D 081	0.01	
D 082	0.01	
D 083	0.01	
D 084	0.01	
D 085	0.01	0.01
D 086	<0.01	
D 087	0.01	
D 088	0.01	
D 089	<0.01	<0.01
D 090	<0.01	
D 091	0.01	
D 092	<0.01	
D 093	0.01	0.01
D 094	0.01	
D 095	0.01	
D 096	0.01	
D 097	0.01	
D 098	0.01	0.01
D 099	0.01	
D 100	0.01	

Data in ppm unless otherwise stated.

ANALYSIS REPORT
**Assay
Laboratories
Group****REPORT: PC 07794****Page 3 of 5**

Sample	Au	Au(R)
D 101	0.01	
D 102	0.01	0.01
D 103	0.01	
D 104	0.01	
D 105	0.02	
D 106	0.01	
D 107	0.01	
D 108	0.01	
D 109	0.01	
D 110	0.01	
D 111	0.01	
D 112	0.02	0.01
D 113	0.01	
D 114	0.01	
D 115	0.01	
D 116	0.01	
D 117	0.01	
D 118	0.02	0.01
D 119	0.01	
D 120	0.01	
D 121	0.01	
D 122	0.01	
D 123	0.01	
D 124	0.02	
D 125	0.01	

Data in ppm unless otherwise stated.

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Sample	Au	Au(R)
D 126	0.01	
D 127	0.01	0.01
D 128	0.01	
D 129	0.01	0.01
D 130	0.01	
D 131	0.01	
D 132	0.01	
D 133	0.01	
D 134	0.01	
D 135	0.01	
D 136	0.01	0.01
D 137	0.01	
D 138	<0.01	
D 139	<0.01	
D 140	<0.01	
D 141	<0.01	
D 142	<0.01	
D 143	<0.01	
D 144	<0.01	
D 145	<0.01	
D 146	<0.01	<0.01
D 147	<0.01	<0.01
D 148	<0.01	
D 149	<0.01	
D 150	<0.01	

Data in ppm unless otherwise stated.

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Sample	Au	Au(R)
D 151	<0.01	
D 152	<0.01	
D 153	<0.01	
D 154	<0.01	
D 155	<0.01	
D 156	<0.01	<0.01
D 157	<0.01	
D 158	<0.01	
D 159	<0.01	
D 160	<0.01	<0.01
D 161	<0.01	
D 162	<0.01	<0.01
D 163	<0.01	
D 164	<0.01	
D 165	<0.01	<0.01
D 166	<0.01	

Data in ppm unless otherwise stated.

A P P E N D I X 3

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (A.1)	ASSAY RESULT (A.2)
		FILM	RUN	PHOTO					
1	D118	CAC 2691	4	670 691	590 420	LJC	Very coarse gravel	0.02 (0.01)	
2	D069	✓	✓	✓	500 417	JW	V. coarse. gravel. Stream 8m wide. Sample from tail of bar.	0.01 (0.01)	
3	D119	✓	~	~	600347	LJC	Sloping gradient stream cutting bedrock. Numerous traps	0.01	
4	D070	✓	~	~	608347	JW	Eugranular sediment in stream 2m wide. Channel sample through tail of sand bar	0.01	
5	D075	✓	5	600, 601	644316	JW	Stream 4m wide. Sampled tail of gravel bar. Small amount of sieved fraction	0.01	
6	D120	✓	~	~	583 307	LJC	Stream 3m wide. Sand in bottom of cobbly stream bed sampled	0.01	
7	D071	✓	~	~	593 306	JW	Stream 3m wide. 1m channel sample through gravel bar tail	<0.01	
8	D073	✓	✓	~	618 296	JW	Stream 3m wide. Sample from inside of meander, downstream of apex	0.01	
9	D072	✓	✓	✓	621 295	JW	Stream 8m wide, very cobbly. Tail of gravel bar sampled	0.01	
10	D121	✓	✓	✓	629 292	LJC	Sampled eastern channel & two. Sandy section, no distinct traps. Cobbles/pebbles predominate	0.01	
11	D074	~	~	✓	659 298	JW	Stream 3m wide. Sampled tail of gravel bar. Mainly small sediment size in sample	0.01 (0.01)	
12	D122	✓	~	~	670 293	LJC	Channel 20m wide of boulders. Mineral sand component, poor trap	0.01	
13	D068	✓	~	✓	580 272	JW	Stream 4m wide. Many angular blocks upto 40cm	0.01	
14	D117	✓	~	~	580 266	LJC	Channel 2-3m wide, mainly cobble/boulder-filled	0.01	
15	D160	✓	6	576 577	710 202	LJC/JW	Channel 8m wide, sandy main channel, cutting 1m into alluvium. Schistose, highly faulted outcrop in bar	<0.01	
16	D164	✓	✓	✓	745 155	JW	Stream channel 15m wide. V. cobbly, bouldery. Sample on downstream side of lg. boulder	<0.01	
17	D156	✓	✓	✓	742 147	LJC	Channel 8m wide, v. sandy occ. Cobbly/pebbly	<0.01 (<0.01)	
18	D165	✓	✓	✓	753 154	JW	Stream 10m wide. V. cobbly s/lng. Sampled tail of gravel bar	(0.01 (<0.01))	

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (Au1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au2)
		FILM	Row	Photo					
19	D158	CAC 2691	6	576- 580	767 181	LJC	Major channel 15m wide, 4m deep. V. gravelly, Sandy.	<0.01	
20	D081	✓	✓	577, 579	817 187	JW	Stream 10m wide. Sample from downstream end of bar.	0.01	
21	D080	✓	✓	580, 577, 579	826 180	JW	20m wide braided channel edge of sand bar sampled.	0.01	
22	D079	✓	✓	579, 580	862 182	JW	Stream 8m wide. Sample from bedrock trap.	0.01	
23	D125	✓	✓	✓	890 165	LJC	Sandy channel 15m wide, no trap.	0.01	
24	D126	✓	✓	✓	890 161	LJC	15-20m wide channel. Gen. Cobbly, occ. sand bars.	0.01	
25	D127	✓	✓	✓	821 150	LJC	60m wide major drainage. Sandy, cobbly, boulders	0.01 (<0.01)	
26	D128	✓	✓	✓	800 150	LJC	20-25m wide Cobbly, sandy. No trap, cobble bar.	0.01	
27	D157	✓	✓	576 577	742 147	LJC	10m wide channel, boulders cobbles	<0.01	
28	D066	✓	✓	574 576	622 187	JW	Stream 10m wide. 2m channel sample across tail of gravel bar	0.01 (<0.01)	
29	D067	✓	✓	574	590 125	JW	Stream 10m wide. Sample upstream from rock bar.	0.01	
30	D116	✓	✓	574 576	615 097	LJC	Subsidiary to main channel in alluvial plain. Cobbly, sandy 2m wide.	0.01	
31	D163	✓	✓	✓	653 133	LJC/JW	10-20m wide channel, V. Cobbly, minor sand. Sample of sand/clay.	<0.01	
32	D150	✓	✓	576 577	704 125	LJC	2m wide channel, cobble/boulders	<0.01	
33	D100	✓	✓	✓	708 115	JW	At distrib. into main valley channel. Tail of sand bar. V. cobbly creek.	0.01	
34	D149	✓	✓	✓	758 098	LJC	Main channel, boulder cobbles, minor sand.	<0.01	
35	D155	✓	✓	✓	703 088	LJC	40m wide sandy cobbly channel. Overgrown.	<0.01	
36	D148	✓	✓	✓	738 078	LJC	20m wide braided channel, occ sand traps.	<0.01	
37	D162	/	/	/	705 080	JW	Stream 2m wide. Sampled J. small gravel bar tail + cobbly s/ang.	<0.01 (<0.01)	
38	D094	✓	-	-	732 012	JW	Main drainage channel through gorge. Sampled inside of poorly sorted meander. High proportion of vegetable mat.	0.01	

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (Au1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au2)
		Film	Row	Photo					
39	D154	CAG 2691	6	576, 577	706 072	LJC	10m wide channel, cobbly, sandy bed	<0.01	
40	D161	/	/	/	715 067	JW	Stream 4m wide. Sample from downstream end of gravel bar. V. poorly sorted, ang. cobbles to sand.	<0.01	
41	D153	/	/	/	714 059	LJC	5-10m wide channel, cobbly - pebbly / sandy. Sub. ang. fragments of gts and sandstone.	<0.01	
42	D152	/	/	/	722 053	LJC	10-15m Sandy, v. ang. cobbles, trap of gts and sandstone. Sampled.	<0.01	
43.	D160	/	/	/	715 050	JW.	Stream 5m wide. Sample from downstream end of sandbar. Sediment generally cobbly, sub. ang. poorly sorted	<0.01	
44.	D147	/	7	509, 507	737 018	LJC	Channel 10-20m wide, v. sandy, occ. cobbles, pebbly.	<0.01 (<0.01)	
45	D114	/	7	509, 510	623 004	LJC	Channel 5m wide, 1-2m cut into alluvium. V. cobbly.	0.01	
46	D115	/	/	/	644 022	LJC	15m wide channel in cobbly flood plain. Main channel cobbly	0.01	
47	D065	/	/	/	647 003	JW.	Stream 2m wide. Channel sample at an angle to the channel. Minor large fraction.	0.01	
48	D145	/	/	507, 505	784 033	LJC	30m wide flood channel. 10m wide channel of v. quartzose sand and cobbles	<0.01	
49	D146	/	/	/	768 027	LJC	10m wide channel of boulders w/occ. cobbly sand lag	<0.01 (<0.01)	
50	D098	/	/	/	762 020	JW.	Stream 15m wide. Base of fall into waterhole sampled - cobbles and v. fine grained sediment	0.01 (0.01)	
51	D144	/	/	/	783 015	LJC	Minor stream floodout <1m wide cut 1m into cobbles and alluvium.	<0.01	
52	D142	/	/	/	793 006	LJC	Minor stream with dry holes, cobbles, occ. sand lag. 2-3m cut into sediment.	<0.01	
53	D143	/	/	/	801 007	LJC	Minor flood out of coarse gts (ang) and red sand.	<0.01	
54	D090	/	/	/	809 990	JW	Stream, very poorly defined, v. silty, loamy. (Sample similar to soil sample)	<0.01	

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MRP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (Au1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au2)
		Film	Row	Photo					
55	D138	CAG 2691	7	507, 505	819 992	LJC	2m wide channel pebbly coarse sand. Bed cut 1/2 m into giz alluvium	<0.01	
56							Sample not collected. Channel too small.		
57	D137	-	-	-	817 968	LJC	5m wide channel cut 2m into giz alluvium. Pebbly, Coarsely sandy trap	0.01	
58	D089	-	-	-	823 965	JW	Stream 2m wide. Downstream end of gravel bar sampled. Red-grained sediment.	<0.01 (<0.01)	
59	D097	/	/	/	765 000	JW	Stream 2m wide. Med. grain sample taken downstream from fine grained basic rock bar.	0.01	
60	D096	/	/	/	770 995	JW	Stream 5m wide. Sampled at downstream end of v. cobbley small gravel bar.	0.01	
61	D159	/	/	/	778 993	LJC/JW	Small floodout, red sand/ang giz screes, overgrown with Spinifex.	<0.01	
62	D095	/	/	/	780 984	JW	Stream 2m wide. V. cobbley sub-ang. frags. Sample taken on upstream side of stream junction	0.01	
63	D094	/	/	/	787 977	JW	Stream 3m wide, downstream from gravel bar, poorly sorted	0.01	
64	D093	/	/	/	808 058	JW	Stream 1-2m wide, angular cobbles. Sampled tail of small gravel bar.	0.01 (0.01)	
65	D141	/	/	/	808 053	LJC	4m wide channel, rounded Cobble-pebbles, minor sand.	<0.01	
66	D092	/	/	/	825 048	JW	Broad streambed upstream of 3 distributaries. Sampled tail of small gravel bar.	<0.01	
67	D140	/	/	/	838 043	LJC	5m wide channel, Cobble-boulder-pebble. Sample taken of sand/gravel lags.	<0.01	

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION.	ASSAY RESULT (Au 1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au 2)
		FILM	Row	Photo					
68	D139	CAC 2691	7	507- 505	857 036	LJC	5m wide channel, boulders, cobbles in bed. Channel cuts through sub ang. screes. Sand lag sampled.	<0.01	
69	D091	-	-	-	857 030	JW.	Stream 3m wide with sub.ang. cobbles, clay. Streambed centre sampled.	0.01	
70	D136	/	8	489 490	853 992	LJC	3m wide channel with cobbles, pebbles, sand. Very qtz-rich. Trap site on inside of bend.	0.01 (0.01)	
71	D086	-	-	-	852 942	JW	Stream 2m wide, 10m upstream from junction. Sub.ang. cobbles	<0.01	
72	D087	-	-	-	852 938	JW	Stream 4m wide. Sampled downstream from rock bars	0.01	
73	D133	-	-	-	828 921	LJC	Channel 1-2m wide, cobbly. Sampled at junction with main stream	0.01	
74	D134	/	-	/	827 918	LJC	Main channel of above junction. Cobbly-pebbly, occ. sandy	0.01	
75	D132	-	-	-	848 888	LJC	25m wide channel, cobble-filled, cut 1m into cobbly-sandy alluvium.	0.01	
76	D085	-	-	-	861 892	JW	Stream 3m wide. Downstream end of gravel bar. Sampled. Seds. poorly sorted, sub.ang. to ang.	0.01 (0.01)	
77	D131	/	-	-	847 890	LJC	5-8m wide channel, predominantly cobble-filled. Occ. channel sand in bottom.	0.01	
78	D084	/	-	-	870 910	JW	Stream 10m wide, sampled downstream from rock bars.	0.01	
79	D135	/	7	503 505		LJC	V. cobbly bed, v. little sand. At stream junction, no defined trap.	0.01	
80	D088	/	-	-	880 961	JW	Shallow cobbly stream, sub-ang. boulders. Sampled downstream of v. large boulder.	0.01	
81	D113	/	-	-	892 992	LJC	Stony cobbly bed, sample taken on bend.	0.01	

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AIR PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (Au.1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au.2)
		Film	Row	Photo					
82	D064 CAG 2691	7	503 505	898 986	JW.		Stream 10m wide. Sampled from tail of gravel bar, containing occ. cobbles	0.01	
83	D129	/	502 503	937 956	LJC		Channel 10m wide, cut in deep. Cobbly-bouldery, occ. sand in hollows. No significant trap.	0.01 (0.01)	
84	D083	/	/	934 917	JW		Stream 8m wide. Downstream tail of small island Sampled.	0.01	
85	D130	/	/	948 923	LJC		10-15m wide channel V. cobbly, bouldery. minor sand in low areas	0.01	
86	D082	/	/	949 932	JW		Stream 2m wide. Channel sample across bed, down- stream of small meander.	0.01	
87	D063	/	/	960 960	JW		Stream 8m wide, low banks. Poorly sorted bed. Sample from downstream end of gravel bar.	0.01	
88	D112	/	/	987 943	LJC		20m wide channel. Cobbly. Some cementation of cobbly alluvium	0.02 (0.01)	
89	D111	/	/	012 916	LJC	Hatches C.E.	3-4m wide channel cut into sand-pebble-cobble alluvial plain. Sampled mid-stream.	0.01	
90	D110	/	/	502 014 915	LJC		Major channel draining from north. Very cobbly. Sampled 8m wide trap.	0.01	
91	D109	/	8	494 493	051 892	LJC	Braided channel 50m wide cut 1m into alluvium. Sampled northernmost channel - sand/cobble trap	0.01	
92	D061	/	/	501 502	051 915	JW	Stream 3m wide, fine sand bed. Sample at tail of gravel bar, under a bank scour.	0.01	
93	D060	/	/	048 919	JW		Stream 20m wide. Sample of poorly sorted material on downstream tail of gravel bar.	0.01	
94	D062	/	/	036 925	JW		Stream 2m wide. Sampled by channel sampling tail of gravel bar downstream from NE Horning Tributary.	0.02	

94 007

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SITE NO.	SAMPLE NO.	AER PHOTO DATA			AUSTRALIAN MAP GRID REFERENCE	SAMPLER	REMARKS, SITE DESCRIPTION	ASSAY RESULT (Au1)	ASSAY RESULT (Au2)
		Film	Row	Photo					
95	D108	CAG 2691	8	501 502	955 990	LJC	10m wide channel cut in alluvial plain. Major channel trap site, cobbles, sand.	0.01	—
96	D107	/	/	—	960 005	LJC	10 m wide channel, small post-draining tributary. Predominantly cobbles, minor sand. Alluvium in bank	0.01	—
97	D059	/	/	—	970 980	JW	Stream in 30 m. wide gorge. Sample of sediment on downstream side of large boulder.	0.01	—
98	D058	/	/	—	976 010	JW	Stream channel 15m wide. Sample from downstream tail of small island. Sediment poorly sorted.	0.01	—
99	D106	/	6/7	582, 584 503	941 027	LJC	20 m wide channel adjacent to escarpment. Sand - Gbble bed.	0.01	—
100	D057	/	/	—	945030	JW	Stream 3m wide. Sample from trap on northern side, downstream from tributary.	0.01	—
101	D105	/	/	—	961 030	LJC	Cobbly pebbly trap site. Mainly quartz.	0.02	—
102	D076	/	/	—	970 079	JW	Stream 3m wide. Sample from downstream end of gravel bar. Very fine grain size, equigranular.	<0.01	—
103	D123	/	/	—	970 092	LJC	Minor channel 2-3m wide cut 1m into cobbly alluvial plain.	0.01	—
104	D077	/	/	—	968 093	JW	Stream 7m wide, ill-defined sample from tail of gravel bar. Poorly sorted	0.01	—
105	D124	/	6	582 584	972 118	LJC	4m wide channel, cobble - boulder filled, cut 1-2m into alluvial plain.	0.02	—
106	D078	/	/	—	973 125	JW	Stream 6m wide. Rock outcrop bed. Sample downstream from small island.	0.01	—
107	D056	/	7	500 501	Narraco Crk 006 015	JW.	7m up N.E. flowing tributary from main stream. Channel sample length - 1m. Predominantly cobbles.	0.01	—

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E4815

TO 22/10/88

Major activity	Staff salaries	Staff wages	Consultants/ contractors' fees	Vehicles	Travel Other	Accom.	Field Accom.	Field Equip.	Office Equip.	Other	Sub- Totals
Geology	1170		47396	19322		2384		1794		2638	74704
Geochemistry			1943								1943
Geophysics											
Access											
Gridding											
Drilling:											
- diamond											
- other											
Drafting		107									107
Metallurgy											
Engineering											
Environmental											
Other											
SUBTOTALS	1170	49446		19322		2384		1794		2638	76754
			TOTAL			76754					
			LOCAL OFFICE OVERHEADS			9066					
			HEAD OFFICE OVERHEADS			10122					
			G R A N D T O T A L			\$95942					

NORTHERN TERRITORY GEOLOGICAL SURVEY - GEOSYSTEM DATA SHEET

REPORT NO.

SECURITY

REPORT TITLE

Third Annual Report on the Kurundi Prospect

AUTHOR(S)

D.D. Boyer

PUBLISHER

PLACE OF PUB'N

DATE OF PUB'N

DATA TYPE

Unpublished

PAGES OF TEXT

5

ACCOMPANIMENTS

DRILL. CORE?

/

LICENCE NO.

EL 4815

PROJECT YEAR(S)

3

LICENSEL(S)

Mineral Horizons NL

JOINT VENTURE(S)

/

OPERATOR(S)

Mineral Horizons NL

1:1 000 000

1: 250 000

Bonney Well (SF53-2) and Frew River (SF53-3)

1: 100 000

Davenport Range (5856)

1: 50 000

PROSPECT NAME(S)

Kurundi

SITE LOCATION

LAT: $20^{\circ}30'$ LONG: $136^{\circ}00'$

TECTONIC UNIT

MAJOR TERM

 PETROLEUM GEOLOGY METALLIFEROUS MINERALS NONMETALLIFEROUS MINERALS

MINOR TERMS

DRILLING

 GEOPHYSICS

AERIAL SURVEYS

 GEOCHEMISTRY

GENERAL

 DIAMOND MAGNETIC STREAM SEDIMENT GEOL MAPPING PERCUSSION RADIOACTIVITY SOIL PHOTOGEOLOGY AUGER EM SURVEYS ROCK CHIP CRIDDING ROTARY

GROUND

 WATER METHODS EM SURVEY METHOD OTHER REGIONAL GEOLOGY IP SURVEY METHOD DRAINAGE TESTING LOCAL GEOLOGY SEISMIC SURVEYS DRILL CORE ANALYSIS STRATIGRAPHY RESISTIVITY SVS ASSAYING RECONNAISSANCE GEOPHYSICAL ANOM GEOCHEMICAL ANOM LOGGING GRAVITY SURVEYS

NOTES

ABSTRACT

INDEXED BY/DATE

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