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# **Palm Valley 13**

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Well Completion Report (Basic) – Revision 3

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21 August 2018 – 13 October 2018

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OL3

Amadeus Basin

Northern Territory

Submission Date

21 May 2019

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## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

<b>Abbreviation</b>	<b>Full Text</b>	<b>Abbreviation</b>	<b>Full Text</b>
AHD	Australian Height Datum	MMscf/d	Million standard cubic feet per day
API	American Petroleum Institute	mRT	Metres Rotary Table
Az	Azimuth	mSS	Metres Sub Sea
bbls/hr	Barrels per hour	mV	Millivolts
bbls	Barrels	MWD	Measurements while drilling
BTC	Buttress connection	m BRT	Metres Below Rotary Table
CBL	Cement Bond Log	NPT	Non-Productive Time
DP	Drill Pipe	NA	Not Applicable
EMW	Estimated Mud Weight	OL	Operating Lease
FIT	Formation Integrity Test	o	Degrees
Fm	Formation	ppf	Pounds per foot
ft3/sk	Cubic feet per sack	ppg	Pounds per gallon
GOC	Gas-Oil Contact	psi	Pounds per square inch
HKW	Highest Known Water	PV1	Palm Valley 1
Hrs	Hours	PV2	Palm Valley 2
In	Inches	PV6b	Palm Valley 6b
Inc	Inclination	PV7	Palm Valley 7
KCL	Potassium Chlorite	PV13	Palm Valley 13
kg	Kilogram	QTY	Quantity
km	Kilometres	SIts	Siltstone
lb/ft	Pounds per foot	Sst	Sandstone
LCM	Loss control materials	TD	Total Depth
LS2	Lower Stairway 2 Sandstone	TVD	True Vertical Depth
m	Metres	TVT	True Vertical Thickness
MD	Measured Depth	WBM	Water Based Mud
mGL	Metres ground level		

# 1 INTRODUCTION AND SUMMARY

The Palm Valley Gas Field is situated within the Amadeus Basin approximately 130 km west-southwest of Alice Springs (Figure 1). It is a doubly plunging anticline with surface expression of approximately 350m and an anticlinal structural axis that can be traced for over 30 km. The discovery well, Palm Valley 1, was drilled in 1965, and since then 10 additional wells have been drilled. The gas field is classified as a Type 2 fractured reservoir, meaning that a natural fracture network provides permeability both laterally and vertically to a low porosity and low permeability rock matrix. The field produces dry gas with a highest known water (HKW) of 1250 mSS.

The Palm Valley Field is currently on production with ~10MMscf/d production capacity from high permeability natural fractures and very low permeability matrix of the Lower Stairway and Pacoota Sandstones. The Palm Valley 13 (PV13) well targeted areas of high natural fracture density within the Lower Stairway Sandstone, Horn Valley Siltstone and Pacoota Sandstone. The well was drilled highly deviated to intersect the target horizons and as many natural fractures as possible.

PV13 targeted an area of predicted high natural fracture density within the Pacoota Sandstone and TD'd after encountering encouraging gas flows within the Pacoota Sandstone to the northeast of PV13 (Figure 2 and Figure 3). Fractures at Palm Valley are fold and fault related, and their orientation, distribution and intensity can be predicted using the structural geometry of the fold and faults. The orientation of fold related fractures is related to bedding orientation in that the fractures are predominantly oriented at a high angle to bedding.

PV13 was spudded on August 21st, 2018 and was completed with tubing and packer and awaiting tie in to the Palm Valley facilities on October 18th, 2018 after intersecting gas flows of 12MMscf/d within the Pacoota P1 Sandstone.

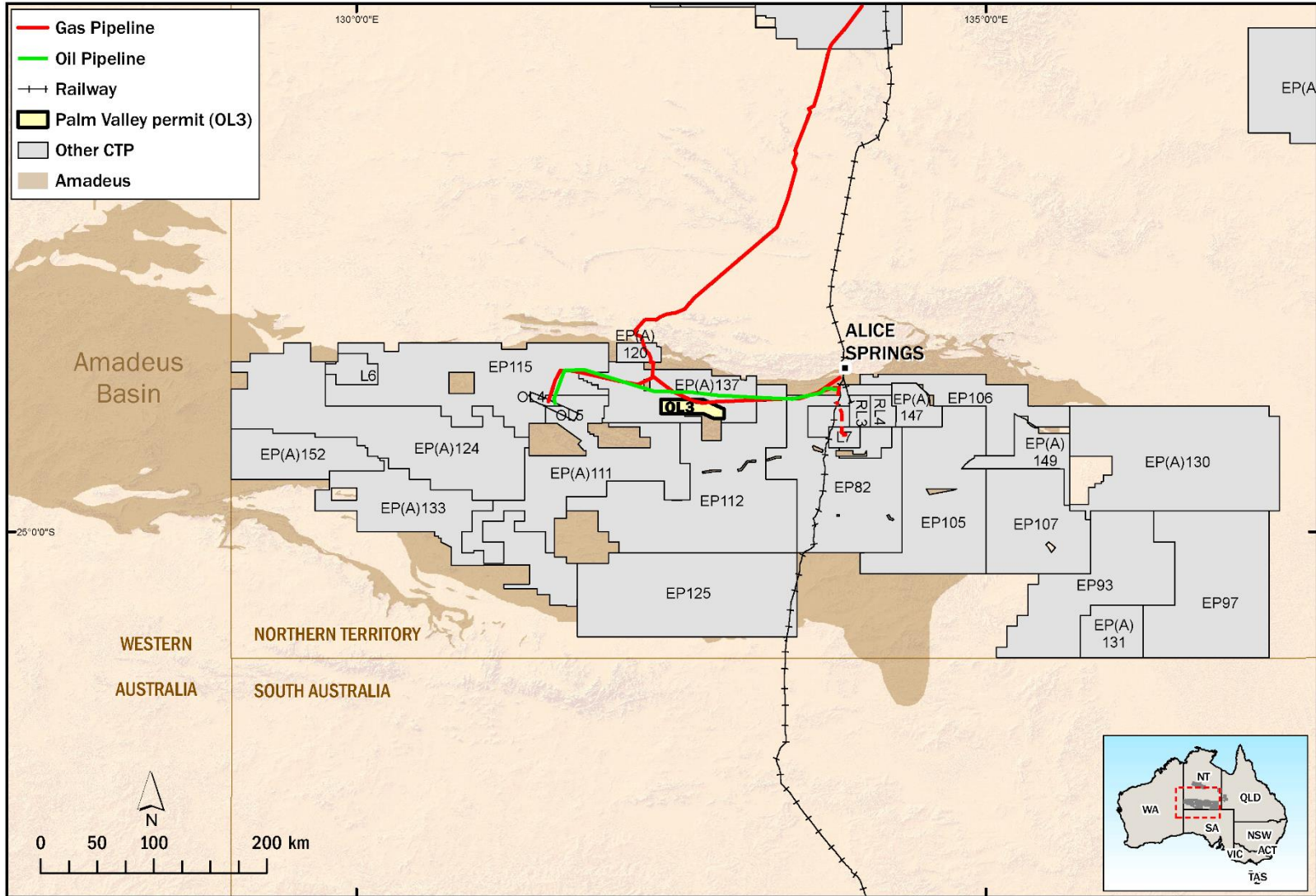
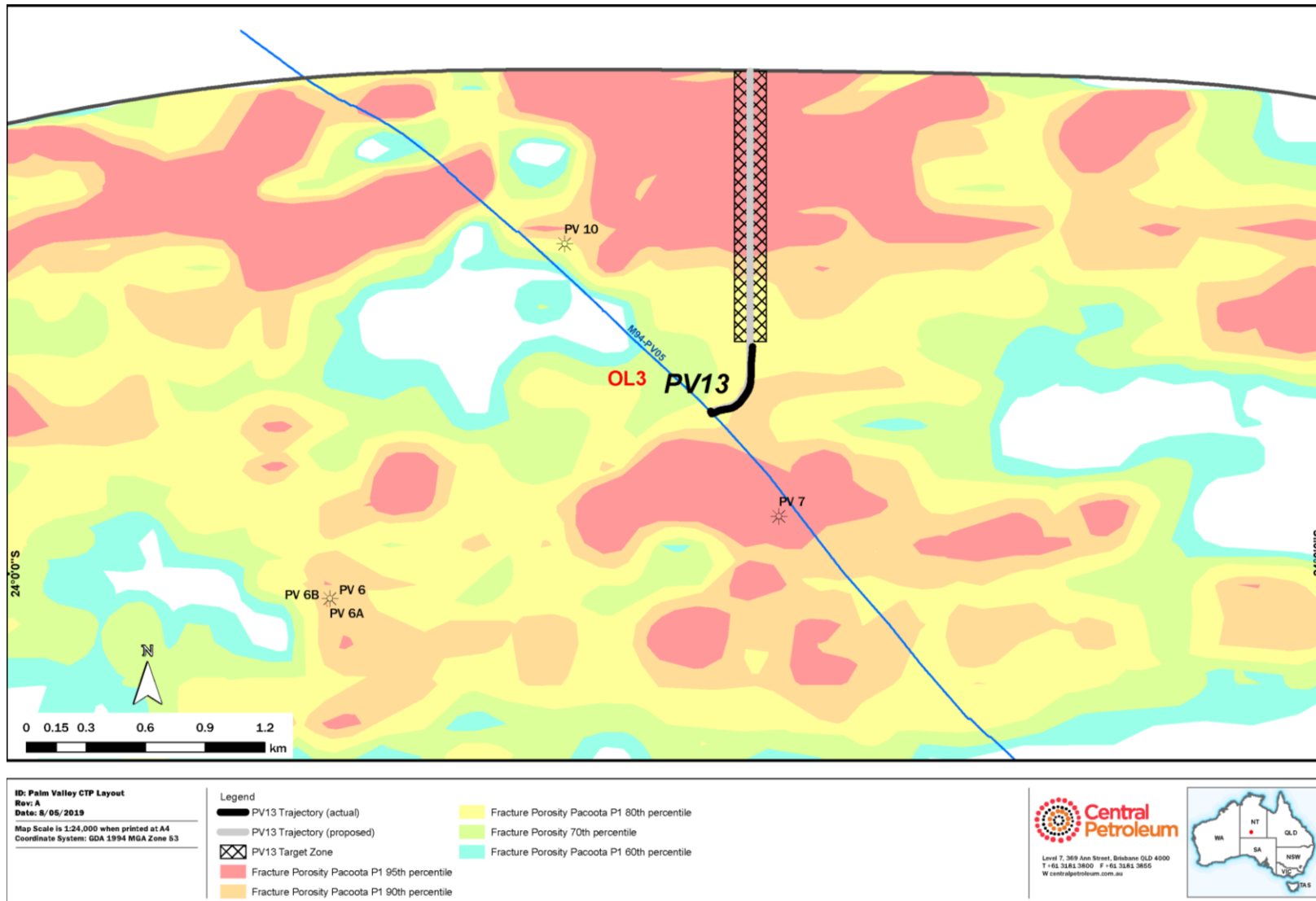


Figure 1 — Palm Valley locality map within OL3



**Figure 2 — The primary target for PV13 is a zone of predicted high fracture density within the Pacoota P1, approximately 900 m north of PV7 at a depth of ~1830 mGL.**

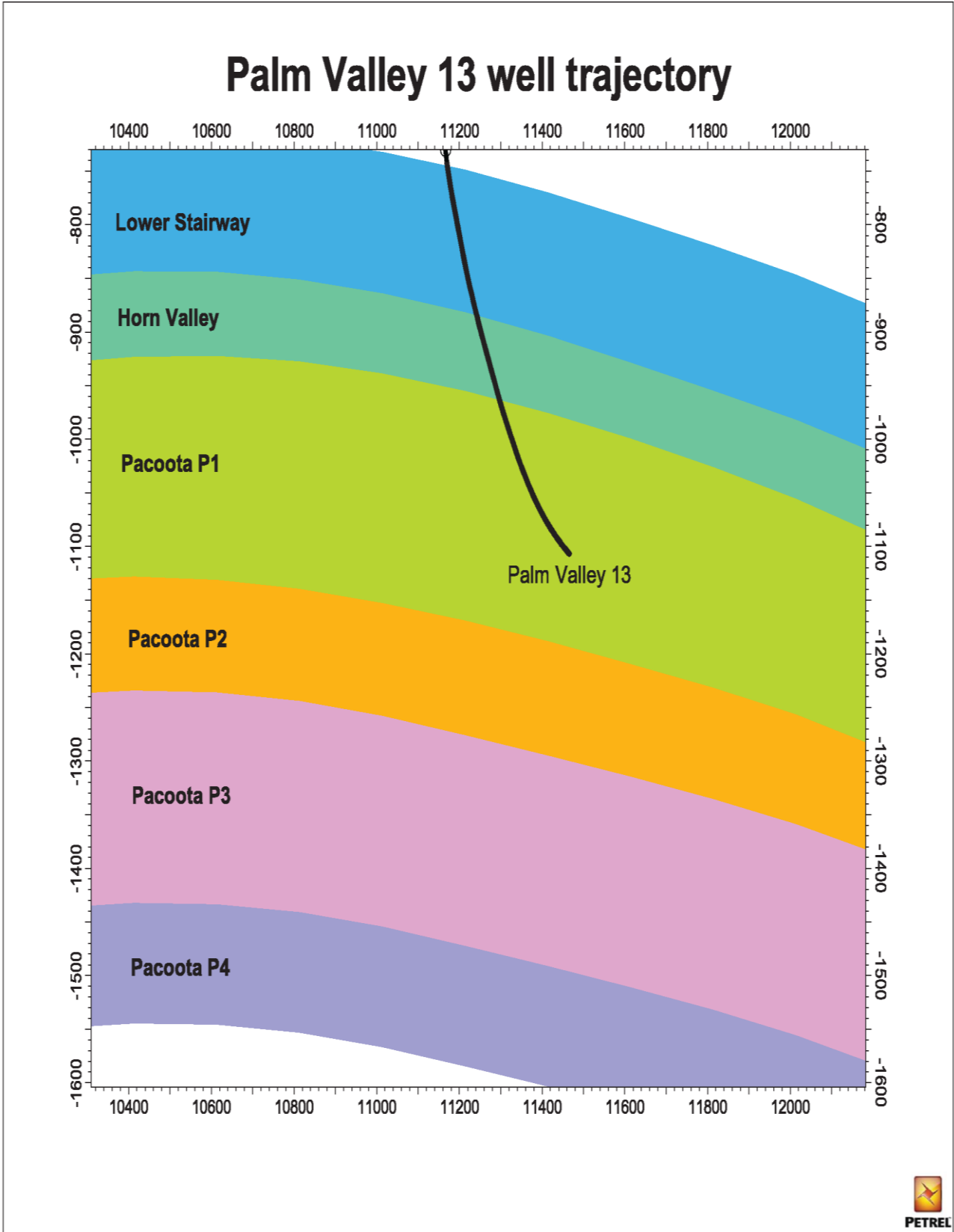


Figure 3— Palm Valley 13 Well Trajectory



## 1.1 GENERAL DATA

Table 1: Palm Valley 13 Well Index Sheet

Well Name	Palm Valley 13		Petroleum Title	OL3		Basin	Amadeus	
Well Purpose	Appraisal		Status	Suspended		Parent Well Name, if any		
Spud Date	21/08/2018		TD Date	13/10/2018		Rig Release Date	18/10/2018	
Primary Objective	Pacoota P1 Sandstone				Rig(s) Name	Ensign 932		
Secondary Objective	NA				100K Map Sheet	Hermannsburg 5450		
Total Depth		MD	TVD		Side-Track Kick-off Depth, if applicable	NA		
	Driller	2242.00	1988.70					
	Logger	NA	NA		Drill Datum <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> DF <input type="checkbox"/> RT <input type="checkbox"/> KB	Elevation Datum: AHD GL Elevation: 843.04m Drill Datum Elevation: 848.89m		
Location (GDA94 Datum with GRS80 Ellipsoid using MGA94 Grid)	Coordinates	Surface	Bottom Hole					
	Latitude	23°59'35.2819" S	23°59'20.6240" S		Seismic Station, if applicable	Survey	Inline	Xline
	Longitude	132°43'33.4332" E	132°43'41.5524" E			M94		PV-05
Zone	Easting	268 651.098	268 873.350		Shot point			
53	Northing	7 344 666.120	7 345 120.852			36		
Well Summary								
<p>The Palm Valley 13 well was spudded on 21 August 2018 targeting gas in the Lower Stairway and Pacoota P1 Sandstone in an area of predicted high natural fracture density. The well was drilled directionally into the Horn Valley Siltstone with water-based and air/foam mud, where a 7" intermediate liner was cemented. Gas shows were observed in the Lower Stairway Sandstone and Horn Valley Siltstone while drilling with air/foam with a flow test (0.02MMscf/d) performed before the 7" intermediate liner was run. The well was then drilled out with air/foam into the Pacoota P1 Sandstone with the aim to maximize connection with any natural fractures. An increase in gas shows at 1946m MD necessitated a production test which recorded 0.56MMscf/d. Subsequent drilling observed other increases in gas shows with production tests ranging between 10.7MMscf/d and 13.6MMscf/d until TD of 2242.00m MD. 3-1/2' tubing and a packer were run and the well suspended for future facilities tie-in. The rig was released on 18 November 2018.</p>								
Hole and Casing Design (Drillers Depths)						Drilling Fluid		
Type	Hole Size	Depth (mMD)	Casing Size	Shoe mMD	Shoe mTVD	Hole Size	Type	
Conductor 1	24 inch	23.5	20 inch	23.5	23.5	24 inch	WBM – Gel	
Conductor 2	17.5 inch	249.0	23.375 inch	248.9	248.9	17.5 inch	WBM – KCL/Gel	
Surface	12.25 inch	1119.0	9.625 inch	1116.5	1116.43	12.25 inch	WBM – KCL/Gel	
Intermediate Liner	8.5 inch	1845.0	7 inch	1842.0	1779.6	8.5 inch	WBM – KCL/Gel Air/Foam	
						6.125 inch	Air/Foam	
Stratigraphy – Formation Tops (Loggers Depths)				Formation Evaluation				
Formation	Depth			Run	Measurement	Depth Interval		
	mMD	mTVD	mTVDGL			From (mMD)	To (mMD)	
Hermannsburg Sandstone	5.85	5.58	0.0	1	CBL - 9.625" casing	0.00	1124.31	
Park Siltstone	389.0	389.0	383.15	2	CBL – 7" liner	542.96	1856.03	
Mereenie Sandstone	423.0	423.0	417.15	3	MWD – Gamma Ray	1842.00	2242.00	
Carmichael Sandstone	998.0	998.0	992.15		MWD - Temperature	1842.00	2242.00	

Stokes Siltstone	1082.0	1082.0	1076.15		MWD – Rate of Penetration	1842.00	2242.00
Upper Stairway Sst	1412.0	1407.0	1401.15				
Middle Stairway Sst	1437.0	1430.9	1425.05				
Lower Stairway Sst	1608.0	1584.1	1578.25				
Horn Valley Siltstone	1761.0	1714.7	1708.85				
Pacoota P1 Sandstone	1864.0	1797.3	1791.45				
Total Depth	2242.0	1988.7	1982.85				
Mud Logging			Formation Testing (DST)			DFIT	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No
Total Gas and C1-C5 chromatograph from 0 mMD to 2242.0 mMD			No DST's were run, however a flow tests while drilling with air/foam were performed.				
Coring			Hydrocarbon Shows				
NA			1455mMD to 1946mMD – up to 1% mud gas, flow rate of 0.56MMscfd in the Pacoota P1 1946mMD to 2242mMD – mud gas sensor reading 100% at 2022m MD, flow rates from 10.7 - 13.6MMscfd while drilling with air/foam through the Pacoota P1				
Completion							
3-1/2' tubing and a packer were run and the well suspended for future facilities tie-in. The rig was released on 18 November 2018.							

## 2 DRILLING

### 2.1 EQUIPMENT INSTALLED ON THE WELL HEAD

For the well schematic and wellhead equipment, see appendix A

### 2.2 CASING DETAILS

Table 2: PV13 casing details

FINAL WELL CONSTRUCTION									
Interval	Hole Specifications			Casing Specifications					
	Hole Size	From	To	OD	Weight	Grade	Thread	Casing Top	Shoe Depth
	[in]	[mRT]	[mRT]	[in]	[lb/ft]			[mRT]	[mRT]
Conductor – 1	24	5.85	23.5	20	94.0		Welded	5.85	23.5
Conductor – 2	17-1/2	23.5	249.0	13-3/8	54.5	K-55	BTC	5.85	248.9
Surface	12-1/4	249.0	1119.0	9-5/8	36.0	K-55	BTC	5.85	1116.5
				9-5/8	43.5	N-80	BTC	619.2	698.0
Intermediate - Liner	8-1/2	1119.0(MD) 1119.0(TVD)	1845.0(MD) 1782.0(TVD)	7	26.0	P-110	BTC	641.8(MD) 641.8(TVD)	1842.0(MD) 1779.6(TVD)
Production	6-1/8	1845.0(MD) 1782.0(TVD)	2242.0(MD) 1988.7(TVD)	Open Hole: 1842.0 – 2242.0m (MD), 1779.6 – 1988.7m (TVD)					

## 2.3 PALM VALLEY 13 TIME DEPTH CURVE



Palm Valley 13. Proposed vs Actual Time - Depth Curve

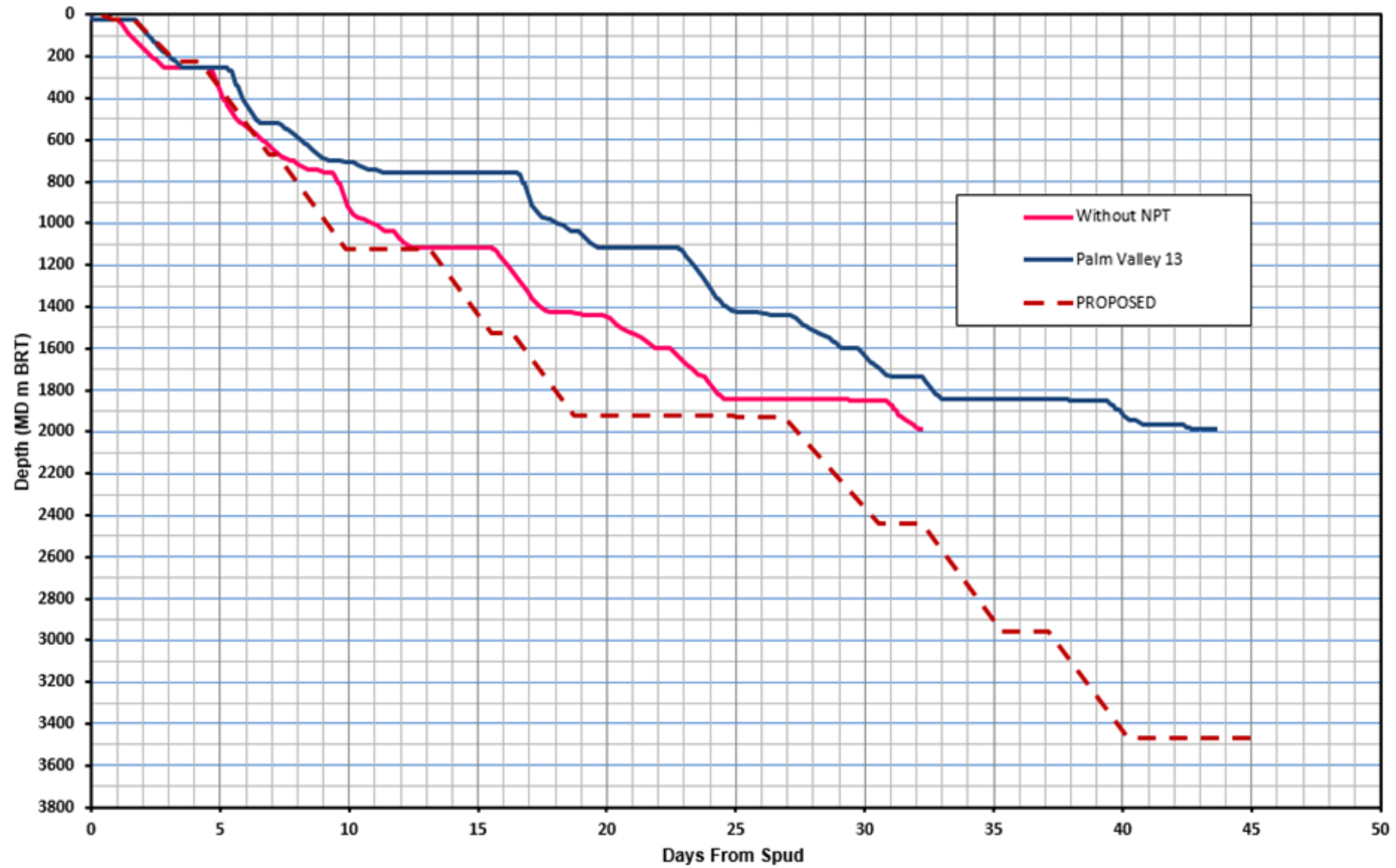


Figure 4— Palm Valley 13 Time Depth Curve

## 2.4 DEVIATION SURVEYS

Table 3: PV13 Deviation survey

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY			
MD	TVD	INC.	AZ.
(m)	(m)	(o)	(o)
0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
188.00	188.00	0.25	0.00
409.00	409.00	1.00	0.00
603.00	603.00	0.50	0.00
795.00	795.00	1.00	0.00
998.00	998.00	0.25	0.00
1114.00	1114.00	0.75	0.00
1125.26	1125.21	0.96	179.86
1131.35	1131.30	0.98	183.15
1150.64	1150.58	1.14	99.29
1169.87	1169.81	2.46	65.94
1189.15	1189.05	4.56	67.49
1208.46	1208.27	6.22	84.21
1227.78	1227.46	7.18	89.57
1246.13	1245.64	8.43	86.73
1266.33	1265.61	9.08	75.21
1285.64	1284.65	10.09	62.20
1304.77	1303.45	11.04	60.74
1324.09	1322.39	11.85	62.84
1343.40	1341.23	13.56	68.21
1362.93	1360.14	15.34	72.37
1382.06	1378.52	16.79	72.83
1401.37	1396.93	18.35	72.57
1420.79	1415.26	20.27	75.72
1440.14	1433.40	20.40	76.89
1459.42	1451.38	21.98	79.06
1478.55	1469.01	23.73	81.56
1497.84	1486.56	25.26	80.88
1517.13	1503.90	26.74	77.82
1536.44	1521.04	28.10	74.23

DIRECTIONAL SURVEY			
MD	TVD	INC.	AZ.
(m)	(m)	(o)	(o)
1555.76	1538.06	28.42	69.84
1575.08	1555.08	28.03	65.30
1596.74	1574.18	28.31	60.13
1615.96	1591.02	29.34	54.51
1635.35	1607.82	30.61	48.36
1654.79	1624.46	31.67	42.46
1673.96	1640.74	32.17	38.85
1693.26	1657.04	32.59	35.57
1712.56	1673.40	31.48	39.44
1730.68	1688.75	32.73	36.50
1750.48	1705.23	34.54	33.94
1769.74	1721.03	35.33	29.94
1788.98	1736.70	35.57	25.45
1808.36	1752.42	36.08	21.46
1827.72	1768.06	36.15	15.39
1878.03	1808.84	35.65	7.45
1906.82	1831.59	39.95	2.77
1935.75	1853.73	40.19	0.54
1966.15	1876.26	44.13	0.92
1997.00	1897.66	48.00	1.89
2022.13	1913.77	52.25	2.68
2051.08	1930.41	57.51	3.42
2080.06	1945.04	61.86	5.22
2108.75	1957.44	66.89	5.56
2139.41	1968.23	71.90	5.73
2168.38	1975.87	77.51	5.20
2179.82	1978.27	78.29	5.04
2198.09	1981.73	79.85	5.03
2217.38	1984.97	80.79	4.77
2242.00	1988.66	82.00	4.50

## 2.5 CEMENTING OPERATIONS

### CONDUCTOR-1

A 20" conductor pipe was cemented in place using Halliburton as a 3<sup>rd</sup> party cementer to a depth of 23.5mRT by spotting 3.5bbbls of 15.8ppg cement slurry inside the 20" conductor from 23.5m – 20.0m and pumping 17bbbls of 15.8ppg SwiftCem cement down the annulus through a cement stinger welded to the outside of the conductor pipe. All surface samples of cement cured as per program and Central Petroleum was satisfied with the integrity of the cement and conductor.

## **CONDUCTOR-2**

The API 5CT, 13-3/8" 54.5ppf K-55 conductor #2 string was run to 249 mRT and cemented to surface by pumping 122.1bbls of 12.5ppg Lead cement slurry and 41.8bbls of 15.8ppg Tail cement slurry. The cementing operations were performed by Halliburton as a 3<sup>rd</sup> party. The cement was displaced with 120.5bbls of displacement fluid with full cement returns to surface with no top up cement job required. The cement plug was bumped at 330psi and the casing was pressure tested to 1,500psi with floats holding post bleed down of pressure.

## **SURFACE CASING**

The API 5CT, 9-5/8" 36/43.5ppf K-55/N-80 surface casing string was run to 1116.5 mRT and cemented to surface by pumping 238bbls of 12.5ppg Lead cement slurry and 58bbls of 16ppg Tail cement slurry. The cement was displaced with 284bbls displacement fluid with full cement returns to surface. The cement plug was bumped at 1300psi and the casing was pressure tested to 2,700psi with floats holding post bleed down of pressure.

The integrity of the surface casing and cement was verified utilising various techniques and interpretations as follows: The review of the Halliburton post job report on the cementing/pumping operations demonstrated that the surface cement samples cured, and the cement was pumped per program, the casing cement plugs were bumped, and the casing pressure tested to 2,700 psi, verifying the integrity of the casing. A radial cement bond log (CBL) was run on 25 September 2018 and reviewed by independent experts. The findings for this section were that typically with cement bond logs, free pipe is in the order of 50mV (3-foot amplitude) while fully bonded casing would be +/- 1.5mV. The CBL for the Surface casing in PV13 shows that the majority of the well is below 20mV with the average (blue) trace in the 10mV range. The areas across porous sands show close to a perfect bond. It is common for the cement to set faster over porous intervals in the well due to water losses into these zones. There may be some free pipe over a 40m interval between 250m MD and 290m MD, however there is good cement bond above and below this interval.

Finally, after drilling out the shoe track, and conditioning the drilling fluid, a Formation Integrity Test (FIT) was performed to an equivalent mud weight of 14.2 ppg Estimated Mud Weight (EMW).

## **PRODUCTION LINER**

The API 5CT, 7" Liner 26ppf P-110 Liner was run to a depth of 1842 mRT and cemented back to the top of the Versaflex Liner Hanger Assembly located at 641.8 mRT. The Liner was cemented in place by pumping 92.8bbls of 13.5ppg Lead cement slurry followed by 37.6bbls of 15.8ppg Tail cement slurry. The cement was displaced with 167bbls displacement fluid. The cement plug was bumped and the Liner was pressure tested to 2,000psi with the floats holding post bleed down of casing pressure.

After releasing from the liner hanger, 30 bbls of excess cement was circulated out of the well ensuring full cement coverage from the shoe back to the liner hanger. The integrity of the Production Liner and cement was verified utilising various techniques and interpretations as follows: The review of the Halliburton post job report on the cementing/pumping operations demonstrated that the surface cement samples cured, and the cement was pumped as per program, the casing cement plugs were bumped as per program and the casing pressure tested to 1,820 psi on the Halliburton recorder (2,000 psi at the standpipe), verifying the integrity of the casing. The 7" liner hanger was run, set and pressure tested to 3,500 psi. Verifying the integrity of the liner hanger and the overlap from the 9 5/8" casing to the 7" liner. The cement bond log was run on 28 September 2018 and reviewed by independent experts and the findings for this section were: for the 7" casing, free pipe is in the order of 50mV (E1) while fully bonded casing would be +/- 1.5mV. Very good cement bond was seen over the Tail cement section from the casing shoe to the cement top of the tail located at 1500m which is distinctly seen on the CBL. When cementing the liner with a Versaflex Hanger Assembly it is a requirement and standard procedure to pump a Lead Cement heavily retarded to slow down the setting time of the cement in case of any issues with setting the Versaflex Hanger Assembly to provide a contingency. Having a heavily retarded cement requires a much longer curing/setting time. The CBL was performed approximately 70hrs after the cement job was completed, which was sufficient time for the tail cement to reach maximum strength. Though the CBL shows sporadic cement placement from 1,500m (Tail Top) – 641m (Hanger Assembly) within the Lead cement section; it is expected that further curing and strengthening time would have improved the CBL results within this section.

Finally, after drilling out the shoe track and 2m of new formation, a FIT was performed with 9.1ppg mud in the hole and a pressure of 871psi applied returning a 12.0 ppg EMW.

Table 4: PV13 Cementing details

<b>CEMENTING DETAILS</b>			
	<b>Conductor-2</b>	<b>Surface</b>	<b>Liner</b>
<b>Hole Size</b>	17-1/2"	12-1/4"	8-1/2"
<b>Casing Size</b>	13-3/8"	9-5/8"	7"
<b>Setting Depth</b>	248.9mRT (MD)	1116.5mRT (MD)	Top: 641.8mRT(MD) 641.8mRT(TVD) Shoe: 1842.0mRT(MD) 1779.6mRT(TVD)
<b>Cement Type</b>	Class G	Class G	Class G
<b>Cement Top</b>	Lead - Surface Tail – 200.0mRT	Lead - Surface Tail – 916.5mRT	Lead – 641.8mRT(MD) Tail – 1500.0mRT(MD) 1488.5mRT(TVD)
<b>Yield</b>	Lead - 2.155 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk Tail – 1.165 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk	Lead - 2.15 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk Tail – 1.13 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk	Lead – 1.71 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk Tail – 1.163 ft <sup>3</sup> /sk
<b>Volume</b>	Lead – 122.1bbbls Tail – 41.5bbbls	Lead – 238.0bbbls Tail – 58.0bbbls	Lead – 92.8bbbls Tail – 37.6bbbls
<b>Slurry Density</b>	Lead - 12.5 ppg Tail - 15.8 ppg	Lead - 12.5 ppg Tail – 16.0 ppg	Lead - 13.5 ppg Tail – 15.8 ppg
<b>Bump Plug</b>	330psi	1300psi	1320psi
<b>Casing Pressure Test</b>	1,500psi	2,700psi	1,820 & 6000psi
<b>Additives</b>	D-Air 3000L Calcium Chloride Bentonite	D-Air 3000L Calcium Chloride Bentonite Halad-344 CFR-3	D-Air 3000L Barite Barazan Halad-344 Halad-413 CFR-3 Tunes Spacer V

## 2.6 BIT RECORD

For the bit record, see appendix B

**Table 5: PV13 BHA details**

<b>BHA-CONDUCTOR-2</b> <i>Hole Size - 17-1/2"</i>		
<b>TOOL</b>	<b>QTY</b>	<b>LENGTH(m)</b>
Bit - Tri-cone	1	0.44
Bit Sub	1	0.76
NOV Fluid Hammer - 9-5/8"	1	10.99
Stabilizer	1	1.66
Crossover Sub	1	0.76
Drill Collar - 9-1/2"	3	27.48
Crossover Sub	1	1.09
Drill Collar - 8"	4	37.86
Crossover Sub	1	0.89
Drill Collar - 6-1/2"	19	176.18
Crossover Sub	1	0.49
Crossover Sub	1	0.73
Heavy Weight DP	4	37.54

<b>BHA-INTERMEDIATE</b> <i>Hole Size - 8-1/2"</i>		
<b>TOOL</b>	<b>QTY</b>	<b>LENGTH(m)</b>
Bit - PDC	1	0.25
7" Geoforce Motor w/ Stabilizer	1	7.76
Float Sub	1	0.68
8-1/8" Integral Blade Stabilizer	1	1.69
Non Magnetic DC - 6-1/2"	1	7.03
MWD - Sperry EM Index Sub	1	0.96
MWD - Sperry EM Antenna Sub	1	0.99
Crossover Sub	1	0.96
Drill Collar - 6-1/2"	3	28.33
Crossover Sub	1	0.80
Heavy Weight DP	18	169.32
Crossover Sub	1	0.45
Dilling Jars - 4-3/4"	1	8.98
Crossover Sub	1	0.30
Heavy Weight DP	6	56.42

<b>BHA-SURFACE</b> <i>Hole Size - 12-1/4"</i>		
<b>TOOL</b>	<b>QTY</b>	<b>LENGTH(m)</b>
Bit - PDC	1	0.25
Near Bit Stabilizer	1	1.79
Float Sub	1	0.56
Drill Collar - 8"	2	18.62
String Stabilizer	1	1.34
Drill Collar - 8"	2	18.81
Crossover Sub	1	0.79
Drill Collar - 6-1/2"	16	149.89
Crossover Sub	1	0.80
Drilling Jars - 6-1/2"	1	9.60
Crossover Sub	1	0.58
Drill Collar - 6-1/2"	1	9.39
Crossover Sub	1	0.80
Heavy Weight DP	8	75.15

<b>BHA-PRODUCTION</b> <i>Hole Size - 6-1/8"</i>		
<b>TOOL</b>	<b>QTY</b>	<b>LENGTH(m)</b>
Bit - PDC	1	0.23
SperryDrill Lobe Motor w/Stab - 4-3/4"	1	7.67
Float Sub	1	0.70
Integral Blade Stabilizer - 5-1/2"	1	1.64
Crossover Sub	1	0.62
MWD - Sperry EM Index Sub	1	9.43
MWD - Sperry EM Antenna Sub	1	1.03
Float Sub	1	1.88
Crossover Sub	1	0.82
XT39 Drillpipe 4"	43	404.52
Crossover Sub	1	0.82
Heavy Weight DP	14	132.64
Crossover Sub	1	0.36
Drilling Jars - 4-3/4"	1	8.98
Crossover Sub	1	1.08
Heavy Weight DP	11	103.50



## 2.7 DRILLING FLUIDS

Table 6: PV13 Drilling fluids

DRILLING FLUIDS				
Interval	Hole Size	From	To	Fluid System
	[in]	[mRT]	[mRT]	
Conductor – 1	24	5.85	23.5	WBM - Gel Spud Mud
Conductor – 2	17-1/2	23.5	249.0	WBM – KCl / Polymer/Gel
Surface	12-1/4	249.0	1119.0	WBM – KCl / Polymer/Gel
Intermediate	8-1/2	1119.0(MD) 1119.0(MD)	1845.0(MD) 1782.0(TVD)	WBM – KCl / Polymer AIR/Foam
Production	6-1/8	1845.0(MD) 1782.0(TVD)	2242.0(MD) 1988.7(TVD)	AIR/Foam

### FLUID LOSSES

No fluid losses were observed during the drilling operations of PV13.

## 3 FORMATION EVALUATION

### 3.1 WELL EVALUATION LOGS

For raw and processed logging data, see appendix C

Table 7: PV13 Well evaluation logs

WELL EVALUATION LOGS		
Logging Suite	Top Logging Depth	Bottom Logging Depth
Mud logging (Total Gas and Gas Chromatograph)	0.00	2242.00
Cement bond log 9-5/8" csg	0.00	1124.31
Cement bond log 7" liner	542.96	1856.03
MWD – Gamma Ray	1842.00	2242.00
MWD - Temperature	1842.00	2242.00
MWD – Rate of Penetration	1842.00	2242.00

### 3.2 CORES AND SAMPLE DETAILS

No cores were cut in PV13. Cuttings samples were collected as follows:

Surface to 1120m MD 15m interval

1120m to 2242m MD 5m interval

12 gas samples were retrieved in Isotubes from the mud gas line while drilling with air/foam in the Lower Stairway Sandstone to Pacoota P1 Sandstone. Gas samples have not been analysed, but a subset is planned to be analysed in the future.

**Table 8: PV13 Gas samples**

GAS SAMPLES	
Depth (m MD)	Formation
1739	Lower Stairway Sandstone
1742	Lower Stairway Sandstone
1814	Horn Valley Siltstone
1820	Horn Valley Siltstone
1823	Horn Valley Siltstone
1899	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
1900	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
1903	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
1919	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
1961	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
2011	Pacoota P1 Sandstone
2022	Pacoota P1 Sandstone

### 3.3 PRODUCTION TEST DETAILS

Six production tests were carried out on PV13 while drilling with air/mist, see Table 9. The first flow test was carried out at the 8-1/2" TD section before the 7" liner was run. The flow test was from an open hole interval of 1116.5m to 1845.0m MD and the stabilized rate was 0.017MMscf/d for 60 minutes through a 2" choke. A second flow test was conducted from 1842.0 to 1946.0m MD with a stabilized rate of 0.56MMscf/d for 32 minutes through a 2" choke. Due to an increase in mud gas, a third flow test was conducted from 1845.0 to 2011m MD with a stabilized rate of 13.6MMscf/d for 14 minutes through a 3-1/2" choke. During a bit trip, a flow and build-up at different back pressures was undertaken from 1842.0 to 2022.0m MD. A final flow test was conducted at 1842.0m to 2122m MD with a stabilized rate of 12.1MMscf/d for 15 minutes on a 3-1/4" choke. See appendix D for the flow and pressure build-up data.

**Table 9: PV13 production flow tests**

Production Flow Tests					
Test number and Formation	Test Interval (m MD)	Gas Rate (MMscf/d)	Pressure (psi)	Duration (minutes)	Orifice size (inch)
1 (Lower Stairway - HVS)	1116.5 - 1845.0	0.02	1.2	60	2"
2 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 1946.0	0.56	15.0	32	2"
3 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2011.1	4.60	44.0	38	2"
4 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2020.0	13.60	29.0	6	3"
5 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2022.0	12.00	29.0	15	3.5"
5 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2022.0	11.90	95.0	30	3.5"
5 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2022.0	11.00	175.0	30	3.5"
5 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2022.0	10.70	220.0	30	3.5"
6 (HVS - Pacoota P1)	1842.0 - 2122.0	12.10	34.0	15	3.25"

### 3.4 HYDROCARBON INDICATIONS

PV13 targeted areas of modelled high natural fracture densities within the Lower Stairway and Pacoota P1 Sandstones. Gas was first observed at 1455m MD on the mud log in the Middle Stairway Sandstone. An increase in mud gas within the Lower Stairway Sandstone necessitated a flow test, the flow rate was 0.02MMscf/d. Upon further drilling into the Pacoota P1 Sandstone, gas rates of 10.7-13.6MMscf/d were recorded during open hole flow tests. The PV13 well was completed with a packer and 3-1/2' tubing and suspended until surface facility works can be completed.

## 4 GEOLOGY

### 4.1 ALONG HOLE AND TRUE VERTICAL DEPTH OF SEISMIC MARKERS

Table 10: PV13 well tops

Well tops				
Formation Name	Actual Depth MD (m)	Actual Depth TVD (m)	Actual Thickness TVT (m)	High/Low to Prognosis
Hermannsburg Sst	5.8	5.8	398.2	GL
Parke Siltstone	389	389	34	10m H
Mereenie Sandstone	423	423	575	12m H
Carmichael Sst	998	998	84	19m H
Stokes Siltstone	1082	1082	330	21m H
Upper Stairway Sst	1412	1407	25	2m H
Middle Stairway Sst	1437	1430.9	153.2	18.1m H
Lower Stairway Sst	1608	1584.1	134	17m H
Horn Valley Siltstone	1761	1714.7	82.6	24.5m H
Pacoota P1 Sst	1864	1797.3	191.3	21.7m H
TOTAL DEPTH	2242	1988.7		

### 4.2 PRELIMINARY ASSESMENT OF RESERVOIR AND PROSPECTIVE HORIZONS

Lower Stairway Sandstone

	Latitude (GDA 94)	Longitude (GDA 94)	Easting (Zone 53)	Northing (Zone 53)
Lower Stairway Reservoir intersection in PV13	23° 59' 34.2514" S	132° 43' 38.1879"	268785 m	7344700 m

The Lower Stairway Sandstone was intersected 17m higher than prognosis and upon drilling with air, limited mud gas readings of ~0.1% were observed from the fluid returns. Minor connection and trip gas were observed while drilling and for bit changes. A flow test of the zone was not completed in this well due to the low mud gas readings. However, other wells within the Palm Valley Field have produced gas from the Lower Stairway Sandstone (PV1, PV2, PV6b, PV7) via the natural fracture network. The prospectivity of the Lower Stairway Sandstone is encouraging throughout the field, however at the PV13 location, natural fracture development and/or interconnectedness has not been observed.

#### Horn Valley Siltstone

	<b>Latitude (GDA 94)</b>	<b>Longitude (GDA 94)</b>	<b>Easting (Zone 53)</b>	<b>Northing (Zone 53)</b>
Horn Valley Siltstone Reservoir intersection in PV13	23° 59' 32.0373" S	132° 43' 40.1016" E	268838	7344769

The Horn Valley Siltstone was intersected 24.5m higher than prognosis and upon drilling with air, increasing mud gas readings were observed. Minor connection and trip gas were observed while drilling and for bit changes. A flow test of the zone was completed with a 0.02MMscf/d stabilized rate recorded. However, other wells within the Palm Valley Field have produced gas from the Horn Valley Siltstone (PV1, PV2, PV7) via the natural fracture network. The prospectivity of the Horn Valley Siltstone is encouraging throughout the field, however at the PV13 location, natural fracture development and/or interconnectedness has not been observed.

#### Pacoota P1 Sandstone

	<b>Latitude (GDA 94)</b>	<b>Longitude (GDA 94)</b>	<b>Easting (Zone 53)</b>	<b>Northing (Zone 53)</b>
Pacoota P1 Reservoir intersection in PV13	23° 59' 30.2907" S	132° 43' 40.6629" E	268853	7344823

Pacoota P1 Sandstone was intersected 21.7m higher than prognosis and upon drilling with air, increasing mud gas readings were observed. Minor connection and trip gas were observed while drilling and for bit changes. An increase in mud gas rate at 1890m to 1946m MD necessitated a flow test which recorded a rate of 0.56MMscf/d. Drilling with air foam continued until a noticeable increase in the size of the flare occurred at 2011m MD with a flow test recording 4.6MMscf/d. Further drilling with air/foam resulted in another increase

in visual size of the flare at 2022m MD with multiple flow tests over this interval confirming a rate between 10.7 and 13.6MMscf/d. Drilling progressed to TD of 2242m MD without much change in flowing rates. The completion was run and the well suspended as a future producer from the Lower Stairway, Horn Valley and Pacoota P1 formations.

Please see the following appendices:

Appendix E for the PV13 Index Sheet

Appendix F for the PV13 Daily Drilling Reports

Appendix G for the PV13 Daily Geological Reports